Largest Circulation in City and County.

Evening News Review.

The Oldest Daily in Columbiana County.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Satisfied That the East Was Properly Recognized by the N. B. of O. P.

FORMATION OF A NEW LIST

To Meet Eastern Conditions Will Probably Soon Be Undertaken.

OUTLOOK FOR THE TRADE

From a Staff Correspondent.

Trenton, N. J., May 16.—The Trenton delegates to the convention of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters returned home yesterday from Wheeling, apparently well pleased with the results accomplished by the convention. All unite in saying that the session was the most notable in the history of the organization, especially from an eastern standpoint, and that Trenton received more recognition than at any time since it became a part of the national organization.

Most of the delegates went to Wheeling laden with petitions for reforms in the trade, and although many were not favorably considered, those which had a vital bearing upon the future of the trade in this city were adjusted to meet the views of all eastern men. This is particularly true with the adoption of a uniform price list over which the east and the west have been at swords points for the past three years.

While some branches of the trade, in particular the kilnmen, would have been pleased with an increase in wages, the feeling of the majority of the operatives is that the trade in its present condition is in no position to stand for an advance in wages. It seems, as a result of conversations with several of the delegates, that uniformity was the important question at issue with the conservative delegates who held that such a condition should first be reached before any attempt is made to advance wages. Now that a uniform list has been adopted, the attention of the national officers and the members of the several locals will be devoted largely toward putting it into effect. From present appearances this will be no easy matter. The list is not fully understood either by the eastern manufacturer or the operatives at large and each point will have to be clearly defined before the men as a body consent to work according to its provisions.

The attitude of the manufacturers toward the list remains to be seen. It will be remembered that when former President Hughes came here for the purpose of installing the list he was met with so much opposition by the manufacturers, not allowing him inside of their plants that dissatisfaction rose up in the ranks and that official had to return to East Liverpool, leaving behind him an organization of insurgent jiggermen who were supporting the manufacturers. It is likely that a meeting of the executive board will be called within the next few weeks for the purpose of formulating a list to correspond with eastern conditions. The potters here are generally elated because of the fact that the national convention is to be held here next year. The addition of more than 1,000 members during the year has had the effect of compelling the Brotherhood to appreciate the claims coming from this section of the country. The convention meeting in this city will have the effect of giving the delegates a better chance to study eastern conditions should any changes be recommended in the present scale of prices. Now while the organization here has made marked progress during the past year there is still much to be accomplished. There are still a large number of potters who are out of the organization but the national officers hope to have the trade in this city thoroughly organized before the next convention. From present appearances the potteries are likely to continue without any interruption for another year, and although trade in the general ware shops is at present very poor, manufacturers look for better prospects at the approach of fall.

The scare resulting from the report that the Brotherhood intended to petition for a general increase in wages has had a very disastrous effect upon the trade in New York. A local man holding a responsible position with the New York Crockery and Glass Journal discussing the condition of the pottery trade yesterday said: "Trade is very poor. The large buyers I have visited during the past week complain because of the lack of orders. It appears that the people are not buying crockery, although English made goods here find a ready market. Large wholesale houses dealing in crockery for the past three weeks were a trifle skeptical in placing Trenton orders for fear that a strike might tie up the plants and it would be a long while before they could get them killed."

Manufacturers throughout New Jersey are complaining of the action of the commission to the Louisiana Purchase exposition in failing to offer assistance to New Jersey firms to become represented. A prominent local manufacturer in discussing the work of the committee, said: "With a state so full of manufacturing interests, with such a vast diversity of manufacturers, it would seem as though part of the $75,000 appropriated for the use of the commission might be well expended in the encouraging of Jersey men to send their products there.

"The pottery interests of this state easily take rank over anything of the kind in the country and compare very favorably with the very best that

Continued on Eighth Page

VIGOROUS BLOWS DEALT BY NEGRESS

Colored Woman Violently Assaulted Mrs. Mark Gribben at Her Home.

TROUBLE OVER TOY WAGON

A knot on her forehead and a swollen optic with black and blue marks underneath were considered prima facie evidence by Mayor Weaver this morning that the allegations made by Mrs. Mark Gribben were true when she said that she had been assaulted and beaten by a colored woman by the name of Lockhart.

The appearance of Mrs. Gribben, who runs a boarding house on Sixth street, was certainly not an enviable one when she applied to the mayor with her story. She was accompanied by her husband, and the latter gallantly corroborated her every statement. She said that the foundation of the story starts with the purchasing of a little toy wagon, over a year ago, for which she paid $1.95. It is now worth only 15 cents, she said. Several days ago one of her children left the wagon in an alley near their home and when he sent after it discovered that some one had removed it.

The family had about given up hopes of recovering the toy when, as they were all sitting on the front porch last evening, a little colored youth started past with the same identical wagon in his possession. Mrs. Gribben accosted him and compelled the lad to put the wagon in the yard. There was but little commotion over this procedure, and the Gribben family were all rejoiced over the safe return of the wagon. Mr. Gribben was so happy that he decided to take in the dog show and wanted his wife to go, too. She was sorry this morning that she didn't comply with the request.

Mr. Gribben had been away from home but a short time when a big, stout colored woman wrapped at the front door. Mrs. Gribben responded and a heated conversation followed. The visitor said that the wagon taken from the little boy was his rightful property and that she wanted it. Mrs. Gribben protested and both began talking in a loud voice.

Finally Mrs. Gribben became tired of the trouble, seeing that it was attracting a crowd and raising the neighborhood, and gently shoved her visitor off the steps. Infuriated beyond control at such rude treatment, the colored woman jumped back upon the steps, directed a blow with her fist that landed squarely on the forehead of Mrs. Gribben, and before the latter had time to make any defense, landed another directly under the right eye.

Frank Little, who had witnessed the affair, ran in and prevented further blows. He also prevented the irate colored woman from throwing a brick at Mrs. Gribben and succeeded in getting her to leave.

Mrs. Gribben, after relating the story, had a warrant issued for Mrs. Lockhart, charging her with assault and battery, and she will be arrested as soon as an officer can locate her. It is said that she lives on the Calcutta road.

ANNUAL OUTING OF THE POTTERS

Arrangements to Be Completed Tonight for Big Picnic on June 1.

NEW N. B. OF O. P. OFFICIALS

Settling Down to Their Duties With Plenty of Work Ahead.

SHOP IMPROVEMENTS ASKED

William Elder, second vice president of the N. B. of O. P., and as such, chairman of the picnic committee, has called a meeting of the committee for 7:30 o'clock tonight at Brotherhood headquarters in the Exchange building. The other members of the committee are S. W. Moore, Major William Adams and Aaron Coleman. President Duffy and Secretary Menge are also members by virtue of their positions.

The place and date for the annual outing of the potters has already been selected. It will be held in Rock Springs park, Monday, June 1. Tonight the committee will take up the matter of a program for the day and decide upon the amusements. It is the intention to make the occasion one long to be remembered and no pains will be spared toward this end.

All members of the N. B. of O. P. no matter where they live, are invited to be present and they are assured in advance of a good time. The committee will take up the matter tonight of arranging for excursion trains or rates to the city from all the pottery towns in the west and they expect the attendance to be swelled by several thousand visitors.

Several minor changes and improvements will be made in Brotherhood headquarters by the new officials, one of the first being to install a toll telephone so that long distance connections can be obtained. Secretary Menge could not reach here this week as had been expected, but has sent word that he will arrive Monday. He will move his family here as soon as he can find a suitable dwelling.

Delegate John W. Morgan, of Trenton, is being shown through the local potteries by Second Vice President Elder and is gathering statistics which will be incorporated in his report to local union No. 40, jiggermen and dish makers. It was demonstrated in the convention that the eastern jiggermen could not make a living with the uniform scale under the present conditions and as a separate list for them was not deemed advisable no measures affecting them were transacted. The greatest handicap to them, it is stated, is the antiquated machinery and methods. Some of the jiggers have been in operation since 1877. An effort will be made to have the manufacturers install modern machinery and adopt some of the western methods, which can be done at a reasonable cost. With this accomplished the operatives will be warranted in accepting the uniform list.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT IN THIS COUPLE'S CASE

Courtship of One Day Ended in Wedding of Local Couple.

Joseph McKee, of Wellsville, came to East Liverpool on Thursday, and while here met Mrs. Elizabeth Mosey. It was a case of love at first sight. The couple left the city at once for Youngstown, where they were married yesterday. From Youngstown they went to Pittsburg and returned to Wellsville last evening.

McKee is very happy and is now around treating his friends.

NO LAMENTATION

Tears of Joy Greet the News of Gourleys' and Zip Farmer's Departure.

Mayor Weaver and Chief Wyman wept this morning—tears of joy, however. A couple of the Gourleys and "Zip" Farmer resigned their positions with the noble organization, the Sons of Rest, at a late hour last evening and accepted jobs with the Gentry Bros.' circus. They left with the circus this morning.

Officer Dawson, it is said, was instrumental in getting the boys their jobs.

QUIET REIGNS AMONG WORKERS

THE PAINTERS AND PLUMBERS ARE STILL ON STRIKE.

Formers' Difficulty Likely Soon to Be Ended—Plumbers' Situation More Difficult.

The present week has been uneventful in East Liverpool industrial circles, so far as two trades now on strike are concerned. The only incident which occurred to vary the monotony was the swinging into line of the contracting painters who signed the scale and immediately put a large force to work.

No conferences have been held by the painters for two weeks, and though the journeymen have been steadily employed, the situation has remained much the same as it was in the beginning.

The local has held its meetings with regularity, and the bosses have been meeting at regular intervals ever since the strike commenced. It has been understood that during the last two weeks the master painters were weakening, the principal reason being that they have been compelled to give up several large contracts. The contracting firm of T. O. Timmons & Son signed the scale Wednesday, and have been increasing their force of men ever since to meet the demands made upon it.

At the meeting of the master painters held Thursday evening the situation was thoroughly discussed and the fact that the ranks of the bosses were broken was not lost sight of. It is not known that any action was taken at that time with reference to the settlement of the strike, but it has been stated by prominent members of the Builders' exchange that the master painters would sign the scale within the next few days. Some of the bosses go so far as to say they will be compelled to settle in self defense.

No situation has been noted in the plumbers' situation and no move has been made nor is one in contemplation by either side. The feeling is intense, but no hint of it has been permitted to reach the public. It would be hard to make a prediction as to the outcome, but it is the opinion of many of the best posted unionists in the city that unless some influence is brought to bear from an outside source, the dispute will be prolonged. Both employer and employed refuse to be interviewed, and neither will admit that they are suffering any inconvenience by reason of the strike.

The teamsters succeeded in having all of the team owners of consequence in the city sign the new scale, and nearly every member of the teamsters' union has returned to work for his former employer. Great credit is due President William Dickey for the quiet and conservative manner in which the whole affair was conducted.

INSURANCE MEN WANT RECOGNITION

Local Association of Underwriters Will Ask Trades Council to Admit Its Delegates.

At the meeting of the East Liverpool Association of Underwriters, held yesterday afternoon in the Elks' parlors, it was decided to apply to the Trades and Labor Council for recognition. If the request is granted delegates will be selected at the next regular meeting. This recognition cannot be granted by Trades Council unless the association is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The association has about 20 members.

The Association of Underwriters for Columbiana County, which also met yesterday, decided to hold the next session at Leetonia in August.

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF IN THE STROWE CASE

Jury Awards $160 Damages in the Suit Against Park Leach.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The week in common pleas court was finished last evening with a night session at which the jury brought in a verdict of $160 damages for the plaintiff in the Wellsville case of Charles and Margaret Strowe against Park Leach. The amount sued for was $250. Court adjourned until Monday at 1 p. m. Judge Ralph S. Ambler, who presided this week, returned to Canton this morning.

Case Dismissed.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of C. P. Leonard, sheriff, vs. Christy A. Rich et al. has been dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

THE HYPNOTIST AGAIN APPEARS

Returns With the Supposed Mrs. Hill But Finds Door Closed Against Him.

HUSBAND GIVEN THE SHAKE

And the Troublesome Couple Obliged to Seek New Apartments.

MISSING ACT IN COMEDY

Mrs. George Hill, the woman who figured so prominently in the domestic comedy-drama Thursday at the Davis home on Vine street, reappeared in the city yesterday and another chapter has been added to the story. It will be remembered that Mrs. Hill, the companion and alleged hypnotist, Rafael Tomosco, and the husband left here together for Wellsville Friday morning.

The happy home of Signor Tomosco and Mrs. Hill had been so rudely and unexpectedly disturbed that they did not have time to dispose of the furnishings of their rooms. What took place Thursday in Wellsville comprises a missing chapter, but it is alleged that the husband was "given the shake," or became lost in the shuffle. Mrs. Hill appeared at the Davis home yesterday afternoon and demanded admittance, claiming she had been roughly ejected. Mrs. Davis refused point blank and then had to listen to a tongue lashing from the irate woman, who as she left threatened to invoke the aid of the law. She did apply to 'Squire McCarron for advice and was told that she could not be legally removed from the house. He gave her a written statement of his decision and Mrs. Hill returned to the Davis home.

A few moments later the 'squire had another visitor in the person of Mrs. Davis, who also wanted legal advice on the controversy. She was told that she could get rid of the unwelcome tenants by preferring a serious charge, but was advised to return them the money they had advance for rent and insist upon them leaving. Mrs. Davis acted upon this advice and as a result Mrs. Hill has been looking for quarters in another section of the city.

Apparently Tomosco still exerts his hypnotic influence over the woman, or at any rate, it is alleged that he is close at hand.

NEW OIL WELL RUINED BY FIRE

Destructive Blaze Opposite Wellsville This Morning Destroyed Valuable Property.

An oil well recently drilled in on leases held by A. B. Smith, opposite Wellsville, was completely ruined by flames this morning, entailing a loss that can scarcely be estimated. The drillers were at work cleaning the hole when a large blaze ignited from the case.

There was a fierce blaze and the derrick was soon consumed. Many people watched the spectacle from this side of the river.

The well came in a few days ago with a good showing of oil and a strong pressure of gas. It would have paid handsomely, but for the unfortunate accident this morning.

Besides the ruin of the well and the destruction of the derrick, the drillers lost several hundred dollars worth of tools.

WARDEN DARBY QUITS

Resigns the Management of the Ohio Penitentiary Owing to Friction.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special.)—Warden Darby, of the penitentiary, has resigned as the result of friction between the board of managers and himself.

ROBBED OF JEWELS

Mrs. Pierre Lorillard Loses $50,000 Worth of Valuables in London.

London, May 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels at the Berkley hotel. No clue.

First in news, first in everything—the News Review.

A PRETTY GIRL UNDER ARREST

Her Home Is in Steubenville, But She Is Likely to Go to the Workhouse.

Miss Belle Mozingo, who claims that she is 18 years of age, but whom it is believed by Chief Wyman is not more than 15, was placed under arrest last evening by Officer Saulsberry and lodged in the city jail. There was no charge filed against her. The officer had simply been instructed to pick her up on sight and did so. She has been acting in a manner unbecoming a lady and many complaints have been registered against her.

Her home is in Steubenville. She came to this city about three months ago and worked for a time in a pottery. She states that she will not go back to her father for certain reasons and it is not likely that she will be compelled to. The chief is attempting to get her to an aunt living in the West End, but she says her aunt slaps her and in many ways mistreats her.

She is very pretty, with black hair, blue eyes and rosk cheeks, but shows every sign of dementia. If her relatives do not take some interest she will be sent to the workhouse.

AS FAST AS EVER VOTES COME IN

Hot Weather Does Not Keep Candidates and Their Friends From Working.

HOW THE LIST STANDS

Candidates in the News Review's popularity contest have not been deterred in the work of gathering coupons by the warm wave which has had the city in its torrid grasp for the past few days. In fact, they are working harder than ever "in the good old summer time." There have been no unusual developments since the result was announced yesterday and about the usual number of votes, distributed among the leading candidates, have been cast. The interest continues unabated and the standing of the candidates is as eagerly sought as the results of the ball games.

The following candidates have received 100 votes or more:

Thomas Neal, Riverside Park	21,544
Thomas Lownds, Fourth street	15,015
J. E. Anderson, Lincoln avenue	13,234
Matthew Curran, Jethro street	8,575
Walter S. Crewson, Sebring	5,275
George Millward, city	2,518
Wash Williams, city	1,919
J. A. Morrow, city	872
William Mayer, Bank street	607
Major Adams, city	293
John Cowey, city	248
George Smith, Fourth street	207
John O'Shea, Fourth street	205
Michael Callahan, Sunnyside	150
T. J. Duffy	103
Andrew Brannen, Wellsville	100

JURY COMMISSIONS NAMED BY JUDGES

Appointments for Columbiana, Stark and Carroll Counties Have Been Made.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Judge W. W. Hole, of this county, and Judges Henry Harker and R. S. Ambler, of Stark county, a majority of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the first subdivision of the Ninth judicial district, have appointed the following jury commissioners:

For Carroll county, Thomas J. Saltsman, J. J. McCoy, Albert R. Haines and William B. Crawford; Columbiana county, Galen A. Sheets, S. D. Longshore, J. C. Billingsley and Thomas J. Walton; Stark county, Ephraim Sprinkle, William Volkman, B. Frank Mercer and Anthony Howells.

CARS CLASH NEAR A CURVE

One Loaded With Passengers Collides Head-On With An Extra.

FOUR PERSONS ARE INJURED

The Motormen Stick to Their Posts and One Has His Leg Broken.

OTHERS SLIGHTLY HURT

Two street cars, No. 8, eastbound, and No. 16, westbound, met in a head-on collision near the eastern end of the Thompson pottery at 4:21 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The accident happened at a point about 100 feet west of a sharp curve, and the blame for it has not been fixed. Motorman L. R. Coddle, on No. 8, and Motorman Harry Trover, on No. 16, were painfully injured. Both of thse men remained at their posts and used their best efforts to avert the crash.

No. 8, it is stated, was an extra car and was following one on the regular schedule. Additional cars had been added during the afternoon owing to the presence in the city of the visiting railroad men and an unusual stress of other traffic. Motormen Coddle and Congrove are extra men.

No. 8 had left the Second street switch, at the foot of Broadway and was running at a fast rate of speed to meet the westbound car at the switch near the National China company. No. 16 had left the last named point to pass the eastbound car on Second street. The scene of the wreck is midway between the two switches. Which, if either of the cars was off time could not be learned. It was stated yesterday that No. 8 had left the Second street switch one minute ahead of time, but this is not borne out by the conductor's statement. Both of the conductors, Herbert Congrove on No. 8, and Charles Wellington, on No. 16, claimed their cars were running in accordance with the schedule.

No. 8 had but one passenger, a man, whose name was not learned, and he escaped unhurt. On No. 16 there were 24 passengers, all of whom were considerably shaken up and badly frightened. Of the passengers, Mrs. N. J. Ormes, colored, of Church alley, was the most severely injured, she sustaining painful cuts about the face. Another passenger, a lady on No. 16, was slightly injured.

When the westbound car rounded the curve onto the straight track Motorman Trover was horrified to see No. 8 coming at a full rate of speed and only a short distance away. There was great excitement, particularly among the women passengers. Both motormen kept their heads and applied the brakes in desperate haste to avoid a collision, but their efforts served only to lessen the compact. Their bravery is to be commended, for had they left their posts the results would have been much more serious. The vestibules of both cars were badly smashed and the controller boxes ruined, but otherwise they were not badly damaged.

Motorman Coddle had his left leg broken below the knee and was taken to the office of Dr. Hobbs in the patrol. Drs. Hobbs, Ikirt and Calhoun attended him, after which he was removed to his home in Gardendale.

Motorman Trover was painfully cut about the face by crashing glass, but did not require medical attention.

W. J. Douglas, a passenger on No. 16, was bruised about the legs.

Taken to the Asylum.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Henry Hescett, of Center township, was taken to the Massillon asylum yesterday.

ORGANIZED LABOR COUPON CONTEST

CLOSES JULY 31, 6 p. m.

"SERIES E"

This ballot, to be counted, must be received at the News Review office before June 15.

I hereby register my ballot for .....

of (place).....

In the News Review's Organized Labor Contest.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

white goods

More in demand than ever this season, Our stock is larger and more complete than heretofore.

Excellent values in India Linens—6¼c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c.

Persian Lawns, fine sheer goods, wash well, wear well, 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c.

Swiss Mulls, fine thin goods, 46 inches wide, 50c and 75c.

Cotton Wash Chiffons, 46 inches wide, 50c.

Mercerized Cotton Damasks, in a great variety of patterns, 25c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c

Plain White P. K., 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c.

Embroidered and figured P. K., 60c, 65c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Plain White Linens for waists or shirt waist suits, 36, 45 and 54 inches wide, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, $1.00.

laces

Real Cluny Lace, narrow, medium and wide, 40c to $1.75.

Immitation Cluny Lace, 10c to 20c.

French and German Val Laces, narrow and wide, edges and insertions to match.

Embroideries—Swiss and Nainsook in match sets, wide, medium and narrow widths.

Embroidery for corset covers, 50c, 65c up to $1.25.

sheets and pillow cases

Ready made, laundered and ready for use, well made, torn so as to be straight and at so little advance over the price of muslin that it hardly pays to bother making them.

Bleached Sheets, 81x90, 50c and 65c.

Bleached Sheets, 90x90, 65c, 70c and 75c.

Bleached Hem-stitched Sheets, 81x90, 68c and 70c.

Same in 90x90, 75c and 80c.

Bleached Hemmed Pillow Cases, 42x36, 10c, 12½c, 15c. Same 45x36, 12½c and 15c.

Bleached Hemstitched Pillow Cases, 42x36, 15c, 17½c and 20c. Same 45x36, 18c, 20c and 25c.

50x38 Hemmed Cases, 20c.

Same Hemstitched, 25c.

Bolster Cases, 42x72, hemmed, 30c. Hem-stitched, 40c and 45c.

parasols

White, plain or ruffled; black, black and white, white and black and colors, plain and combined, in a great variety of new up-to-date styles, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 $3.00, $4.00, $5, up to $10.

Children's Parasols—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.25

fans

New fresh goods and such a variety and range of prices and styles as we have never shown before. Bone and wood handles, lace or spangle trimmed, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $5.00.

Paper Fans, 5c to 30c.

children's white dresses

Sizes one year to six years, embroidery or lace trimmed, well made, good styles, good fitting and good materials used, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.50.

Children's White French Dresses, sizes two to six, $1.50 to $6.00.

Infant's Lawn Caps, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Infants' Bootees, Wool Sacques, Bibs, Hose and Vests, fine goods at reasonable prices.

ribbons

New Sash Ribbons, fancy or plain, satin or silk, white, light blue, pink, Nile green, 45c, 50c, 65c and $1.00 per yard.

Special lot fancy Neck Ribbons, 19c.

sale of tailor-made suits

All at reduced prices. Some very nice ones left.

Lot of Suits, broken sizes, $5.00.

Reduced prices on Children's Black Silk Coats, sizes one to six years.

new voile skirts

A few new styles in this week, some of the very latest styles, $12.50 to $15.00.

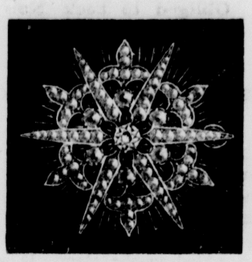
gloves

Silk and suede lisle, white black, gray, mode, 50c and 75c.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO

Don't neglect reading the... **WANT COLUMN** If you want to rent or buy

COMMENCEMENT AND WEDDING PRESENTS



This is a puzzle and worry to many to know what to buy, that will make a nice acceptable present for Lady or Gent. We have done that for you by putting in a larger stock of everything, from fine large Diamonds down to inexpensive but very handsome gifts.

We have the most handsome Watch stock we have ever been able to purchase, also Diamonds, Rings, Brooches, Stick Pins, Cuff Buttons, Bracelets, Lockets and Locket Chains, Watch Charms and Fobs, Souvenir Spoons and Forks, Belt and Sash Pins, Thimbles, Sewing Sets, Scissors, Manicure and Desk Sets, Gold Clocks, Pens, Inkwells and many other articles too numerous to mention. Engraving free of charge, and every article put up in a neat box or case, which adds much to the appearance.

Do not forget that we also have a beautiful line of Wedding Presents, such as Clocks, Silver Ware—in both sterling and Plate. Very nice line of Cut Glass, and many other articles suitable for wedding presents.

Don't fail to call early and make your selection or see what we have.

G. R. PATTISON'S JEWELRY STORE, IN THE DIAMOND.

WITH THE WORKMEN IN THE CLAY PLANTS

INTERESTING MEETINGS.

Much interest will be manifested in the meetings of the several Brotherhood locals the coming two weeks. The delegates who attended the Wheeling convention will make their reports and discussion of the measures adopted by the convention will be indulged in. The attendance at these meetings promise to be very large, as the membership is much interested in the procedings of the conventiba. There will be many matters for the delegates to report on which the newspapers were not permitted to handle. It is understood several propositions of vital importance were passed upon at the Wheeling meeting of which the public knows nothing.

JACK DELANEY FOUND.

Jack Delaney, who disappeared from this city several months ago, has been located in Peria, Ill. Delaney is a well-known kilnhand and has been employed in the East Liverpool potteries for several years. He disappeared not long ago, telling no one of his intentions. His brother, Jere Delaney, who has been in the east, made diligent inquiry, but was unable to locate him. Friends took up the search and he was found in the Illinois pottery town this week.

A PROMINENT DELEGATE.

John W. Morgan, who represented the Trenton jiggermen and dishmakers at the recent national convention in Wheeling, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Harrison, 102 Pennsylvania avenue. He will remain here until Monday before returning to his eastern home. Mr. Harrison was a conspicuous figure in the convention, as the welfare of the eastern clay workers was one of the most important matters up for consideration.

OF INTEREST TO THE TRADE.

Victor C. Cadieux, New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy.

The stock of the Purple Trading Stamp company, handling crockery, etc., at Pawtucket, R. I., was recently damaged by fire to the extent of about $800.

It is rumored that Weller Bros., Madison, Mich., are closing out to retire from business.

A petition has been filed by the Spokane Glassware & Crockery company, Spokane, Wash., to dissolve the corporation.

E. D. Youngs, dealing in crockery at Pewamo, Mich., has been succeeded by John Koster.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Isaac Birnbaum, Boston.

J. C. Adams, who has been conducting a retail crockery business at Winchester, Mass., for several years, recently made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Armstrong & Curran, Springfield, Mass., have sold out their furniture and crockery business.

Abram Jacobson has removed his variety business from Waterville, Me., to Boston, where he will continue the same line.

Solomon Stein, proprietor of the "Chicago Store," Columbia City, Ind., recently sold out and will retire from this line of business.

The People's Furniture & Carpet company, Omaha, Neb., is a new corporation organized under the laws of Nebraska with an authorized capital stock of $200,000 to deal in house furnishings of all kinds. The incorporators are Benjamin and Harry Rosenthal.

COMBINE WORK AND PLEASURE

Delegates Visit Potteries at East Liverpool—Topeka Wants 1905 Convention.

Pittsburg, May 16.—Business and pleasure were commingled in the fourth day's proceedings of the convention of the Order of Railway Conductors. The daily business meeting of the organization was occupied with the consideration of a number of questions which have come up since the opening of the convention. One of the most important of the changes proposed in the rules of the order is the proposition to decrease from 313 days to 156 days the time which a conductor must serve before he can be eligible to membership in the organization. This proposition was brought before the jurisprudence committee and was affirmatively recommended. It is thought the work of the convention will be finished by Wednesday.

A number of cities have presented invitations for the next convention and it is possible that this number will be increased. The latest to make a bid for the meeting of 1905 is Topeka, Kan.

One of the chief features of the day was the excursion of the delegates to East Liverpool, O., to inspect the Homer Laughlin potteries at that place. About 1,200 persons took advantage of the trip.

Killed by His Son.

Hamilton, O., May 16.—John Moebus, a well-known business man, is dying from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by his son, Edward Moebus. Bitter feeling had existed in the family about the division of Mrs. Moebus' estate, and when the father entered his son's store a quarrel ensued, resulting in Edward shooting his father.

Appropriation Bills Approved.

Harrisburg, May 16.—Governor Pennypacker approved the remaining appropriation bills left with him by the last legislature.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

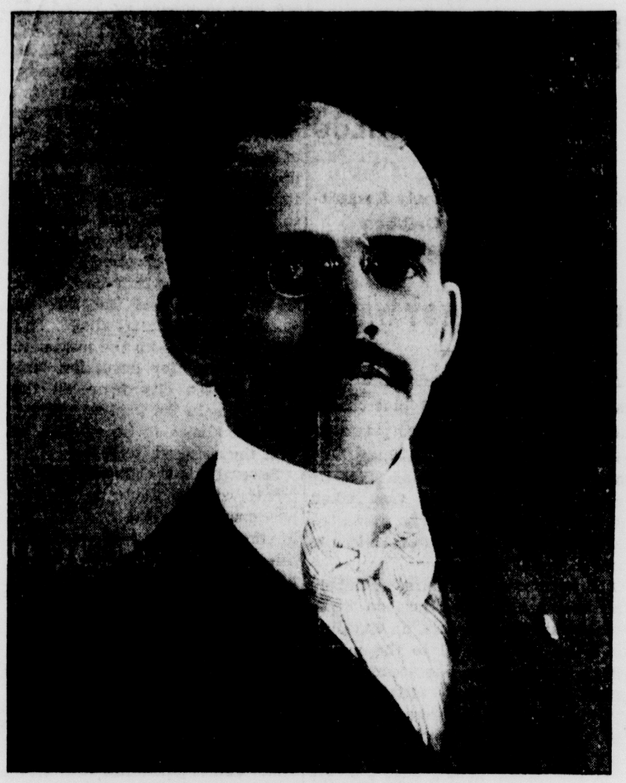
A tract of about 90,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Gardner, Kan., has been withdrawn from settlement for the purpose of making experiments in tree culture.

Christopher H. Payne has been appointed United States consul at St. Thomas. He is a colored man who has taken an active port in West Virginia politics and has been in the internal revenue service.

Assistant Secretary Armstrong and Mrs. Armstrong left for Chicago, where they will attend the Vanderlip-Cox wedding on the 19th, and then go to Iowa to visit Mr. Armstrong's parents. They will return to Washington next Thursday.

Uncle Reuben's Opinion.

"They may say what they please, but listen—hear me: I've taken all kinds of laxatives, purgatives and cathartics but when it comes to one that is easy and pleasant to take, mild and gentle in its action, and that makes one want an extra slice of bacon for breakfast, just give me Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and you may have all the laxative syrups, dyspepsia medicines and pills, little or big, there is in this country. Them Tablets surely do make one feel joyful." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.



RECEPTION TO NEW COMMANDER.

Colonel John J. Rose, the new division commander of the Ohio Sons of Veterans, returned from Marietta last evening and was a guest of honor at a reception by the W. R. C. in the G. A. R. hall. Addresses were made by Justice J. N. Rose, Capt J. A. Myers, and the new division commander. Refreshments were served, songs sung, and there was a good time generally.

Crocodiles In Water.

The crocodiles are thoroughly aquatic in their habits, and their peculiar conformation enables them to attack and seize their prey unawares. Their nostrils, which lead by a long canal to the back part of their throats, their eyes and their ears are placed on the upper part of the head, so that when in the water they can breathe, see and hear, while they are themselves practically invisible. When they dive, their nostrils and ears are closed by lids or valves, and their eyes are covered by a transparent nictitating membrane. They are further furnished with an arrangement which prevents the water from getting down their own throats when they are holding large animals under the water to drown them.

The dentition of these reptiles is peculiar. The teeth are sharp and conical and are hollow at the base, and each tooth serves as the sheath of another, which will in time replace it. The tongue—for notwithstanding the ancient belief the crocodile does possess a tongue—is fleshy and is attached to the bottom of the mouth. And finally the lower jaw is hinged at the very back of the skull, thus giving the animal its extraordinary gape and also the peculiar appearance which caused the notion that it moved its upper jaw.

Changed His Mind.

Jinks, like other men, has a horror of infant prodigies as exploited by their proud papas. Recently Binks met him with:

"Hello, Jinks! What do you think my girl said this morning? She's the brightest four-year-old in town. She said"—

Jinks shied. "Excuse me, old man!" he exclaimed. "I'm on my way to keep an engagement. Some other time"—

"She said, 'Papa, that Mr. Jinks is the handsomest man I know.' Haw, haw, haw! How's that for precocity, eh?"

And Jinks replied: "Binks, I'm a little early for my engagement. That youngster certainly is a bright one. Come into this toy store and help me select a few things that will please a girl of her taste, and I'll send them to her, if you don't mind."—New York Times.

Vegetables That Think.

The tiny roots of vegetables in their work of piercing a path through the soil to the surface and the light act in a manner which tends to show that they are capable of thinking. If a stone lie in their upward path, they turn aside without touching it and make a path parallel with the obstacle, and if there is a worm burrow near by they will turn aside and make use of the excavation which is to make their task the more easy. If they do not think, how do they discover the unseen obstacle and the equally invisible aid? There must be certain indications of the presence of both, and these indications act upon some strange form of mental organism.

There are vegetables whose roots move from one place to another, and plants which do the same above ground. Place some poisonous substance directly in their way, and they will take a different direction to avoid it; but if something nourishing is set on one side they will go round after that.

Mental Health In Friendship.

Friendship cannot be too often nor too much extolled. It not only is the heart's food, but nourishes the understanding. Mere comradeship and even the company of one's enemies do the latter, and one will whet his intellect on them as a boar whets his tusks against a tree. Men of themselves and solitary are but unintelligent little things and would be mentally scarce superior to dogs and apes were it not for what is offered by those about them. Your man is like a match which must find some hard quality without itself against which it must strike before it will burn. He has no power of self ignition. Yet while simple company and even that of a foe will strengthen and teach growth to one's understanding, just as a wrestler toughens and waxes strong while he exerts himself against an adversary, there is a virtue to be drawn from friendship and a health in kindly confidence which will owe itself to no other origin or source.—Onlooker.

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Saturday in north portion; light, variable winds, becoming fresh south.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer in north portion; Sunday, fair; light, variable winds, becoming south.

West Virginia—Fair, except showers in east portion; Sunday, showers.

ANOTHER REST FOR ROOSEVELT

President Now in Big Tree Country, Where Party Will Remain Until Monday.

Wawona, Cal., May 16.—President Roosevelt, for the second time since he left Washington on his present trip, is cut off from communication with the outside world. He is camping in the big tree country and will remain secluded until Monday morning. His special train arrived at Raymond early in the morning. As soon as the president had breakfasted he left his car and made a short speech to the large crowd that had collected. He thanked them for greeting him and mentioned the good time he expected to have during his four days' stay in the Yosemite valley. The president and his party then boarded stages and started on their 44-mile ride to the big tree country.

Luncheon was eaten at Ahwahnee, which place had been reached in record time. An exciting incident occurred during the ride from Ahwahnee to the big tree grove. A small forest fire was raging close to the trail, causing a heavy pall of smoke to obscure the road. The trail at this place runs along a steep side of the mountain. The driver lashed the horses and the president was soon out of the fire zone.

It was about 4 o'clock when the party reached the big tree grove and the president spent two hours admiring these wonders of nature. He then mounted a horse and with John Muir, the naturalist, and Guides Leonard and Leidigh, members of the forest rangers, started for camp. He spent the night in the big tree grove, sleeping in the open air wrapped in blankets. The president is pretty well tired out after his strenuous program in San Francisco and is looking forward with much pleasure to the quietude of the next two days.

The Colossus of Rhodes.

The Colossus of Rhodes, a bronze statue, was 105 feet high. It was made by Chares, who, aided by an army of workmen, consumed twelve years in its construction. It remained in position in the harbor of Rhodes for sixty-six years and was thrown down by an earthquake B. C. 224. It lay on the ground 894 years and was sold to a Jew for old metal. He carried away 900 camel loads, or about 720,000 pounds, of bronze.

EAST END

DRILLING FIRST WELL

Stockholders of Rock Run Company Were at Knoxville to Witness the Start.

The stockholders in the Rock Run Oil & Gas company, all of whom are residents of the East End, are becoming more and more pleased with their holdings in the Knoxville field. Recently two big wells were drilled in on a line with the property of the company and they are much encouraged over the prospect of striking it rich.

Contracts have been made for the immediate development of the company's holdings and the first well was started yesterday. Messrs. Truman McKane, Frank Allabaugh, E. A. Smith, Will Andrews, Joseph Laughlin and Frank Andrews were down to the field yesterday to witness the commencement of the operations.

Foot Cut With an Adze.

Spence Risden, of Helena, was painfully injured yesterday afternoon while at work in the S. C. Williams cooper shop on Second street. While using an adze Mr. Risden let it fall from his hands, the blade striking him across the left foot, inflicting a very painful wound. He was taken to his home in an automobile by Otis Webb, a member of the firm, and was given medical attention.

Had Money to Spend.

The outing of the railroad men and their ladies in the East End yesterday afternoon proved very profitable to the restaurants, hotels and grocery stores, and all of these tradesmen were in a good humor this morning. The railroad men had plenty of money and were not a bit backward about letting go of it. It is estimated that they spent about $1,000 during their short stay. The East End people have only good words to speak of them and are hoping they will come again.

Will Visit Ireland.

Will Stuart, one of the youngest and most popular conductors on the East Liverpool line, has made arrangements with the company for a two-months' leave of absence, which he will spend visiting his mother and other relatives in Darry county, Ireland. Mr. Stuart has been in this country seven years and this will be his first visit home. He expects to depart about the first of next month.

HAVE YOUR
PAPER HANGING
Done by
F. L. Weikert,
The Expert Paper Hanger.
C. C. Phone 584.
Virginia ave., - - East End.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Even children drink Grain-O because they like it and the doctors say it is good for them. Why not? It contains all of the nourishment of the pure grain and none of the poisons of coffee.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

At grocers everywhere; 15c. and 25c. per package.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

George Neicewonger's little son Lester is reported seriously ill.

Avery Hirchner, of St. George street, is confined to his home with the mumps.

Mrs. Wade Wolf, of First avenue, who has been very critically ill of typhoid fever, is now convalescent.

The baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hargreaves, of Pennsylvania avenue, is reported among the sick.

Marshall, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White, of Erie street, continues very seriously ill from an attack of typhoid fever.

Dr. W. E. Mowen's 16-year-old daughter Blanche, who has been seriously ill of typhoid fever, has shown a marked improvement in the past few days.

Mrs. William Calhoun, of Railroad street, left at noon today for East Palestine, in response to a message stating that her mother, Mrs. A. D. Reed, is very critically ill.

Dolores, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Hailes, of Globe street, is quite ill with measles. Dewey, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Mercer, is also suffering with the mumps.

Mrs. J. H. McCarrell, of Lawrence, Kan., is visiting in the home of Rev. D. W. McQuiston, of Pennsylvania avenue. Lawrence was Rev. Mr. McQuiston's first charge and Mrs. McCarrell was a member of his congregation.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Are your clothes faded? Use Red Cross Bag Blue and make them white again. Large package, only 5c.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

RETAIL TRADE GOOD

Warmer Weather Booms Business and Quotations Are Well Sustained.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Improvement in Mercantile Collections—Large Crops Anticipated. Steel Industry Shows Wholesome Condition.

New York, May 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Warmer weather has made it possible for the retail trade to regain part of the earlier losses in volume of transactions, and the level of quotations for staple lines of merchandise is well maintained. Wholesale trade in seasonable goods is quiet, although there is more or less supplementary business and jobbers report increased activity in several lines of wearing apparel. Clothing manufacturers are busy on fall samples, which are unusually late. Furniture and harness factories are notably well supplied with orders and there is no evidence of dullness in machinery or hardware. At most points there are indications of improvement in mercantile collections, the favorable progress of farm work having a good influence at the interior, while heavy sales of fertilizers testify to the extensive preparation for large crops. Industrial conditions would be exceptionally encouraging were it not for the vast army of men voluntarily idle. Railway earnings continue to show the usual gain, May figures thus far surpassing last year's by 13.4 per cent and those of 1901 by 29.3 per cent.

An unprecedented production of pig iron in April was accompanied by a decrease in furnace stocks, testifying to the vigorous consumption and wholesome conditions in the steel industry. It is not surprising that a somewhat easier tone is noticed, however, because the scarcity of fuel earlier in the season had retarded output and forced quotations above normal, especially on prompt shipments.

Failures this week were 196 in the United States, against 228 last year, and 13 in Canada, compared with 17 a year ago.

Displeased With Judge.

Cincinnati, May 16.—Displeased over the outcome of a case in police court, Mrs. A. E. Leland, aged 38 years, tried to blind Judge William H. Lueders in his office by throwing cayenne pepper into his eyes. Physicians state that no serious injury has been done.

PURSUE REPRESSIVE MEASURES

Unauthorized Congregations Cause Government Much Trouble—Arrests Being Made.

Paris, May 16.—The government is pursuing actively the repressive measures against unauthorized congregations. These measures are now principally confined to judicial action. The opposition to them seems practically to have ended, although the manifestations caused by the trials continue. Owing to the precautions taken these manifestations do not assume a serious character.

The trial of 10 Capuchins at Lemans drew a crowd of 3,000 sympathizers around the court house. The monks were cheered, many women strewing flowers in their pathway. In court the superior of the Capuchins made an eloquent defense. They were sentenced to pay a minimum fine of $3.20 each.

Seven Redemptionists were arrested at Valence-Sur-Rhone for refusing to leave their convent.

Amid many manifestations of sympathy several Capuchins were tried at Blois, convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $6 each.

Denver Strike Situation.

Denver, May 16.—An order issued by the general executive commission of organized labor calling out 1,000 union men in various trades and crafts in addition to 3,000 already on strike afterwards was rescinded and an amendment made that further additions to the strikers shall not be made until after the mass meeting of delegates of the unions. It is declared that if some plan of settlement shall not be reached by that time a general order to call out all the union men in the city will be issued. The state board of arbitration has tendered its services to the unions' committee and the citizens' alliance, which have been accepted. A proposition was made to the labor leaders to submit the grievances to the state board of arbitration and they have it under consideration.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

Owensboro, Ky., May 16.—A northbound Illinois Central passenger train was wrecked at McHenry, Ky. The train jumped the track while going at high speed, the engine and six coaches leaving the rails. Engineer Matthews and Fireman Curry were killed, the baggagemaster and express messengers severely injured. A dozen or more passengers are reported injured.

Race War Costs Several Lives.

Laurel, Miss., May 16.—The fiercest kind of a race war occurred near Burns, in the northern part of Smith county. Parties in Laurel from near that section state that the whites are up in arms and are whipping and killing negroes wherever they find them. One white man has been mortally wounded and several negroes killed.

HOW A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh--Spring Fever is Spring Catarrh.

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Miss Helen Whitman, 308½ Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"There is nothing like Peruna for that tired feeling, which gives you no ambition for work or play. After a prolonged illness, about a year ago I felt unable to regain my health, but four bottles of Peruna made a wonderful change and restored me to perfect health. As long as you keep your blood in good condition you are all right, and Peruna seems to fill the veins with pure, healthful blood. I thoroughly endorse it." MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to Get Strong Nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, Secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves, and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The County Auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of your great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Lulu Larmer, Stoughton, Wis., says:

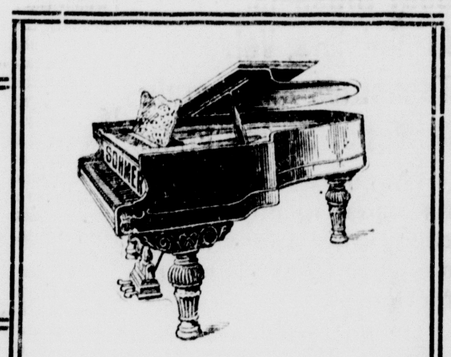
Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

"For two years I suffered with nervous trouble and stomach disorders until it seemed that there was nothing to me but a bundle of nerves. I was very irritable, could not sleep, rest or compose myself, and was certainly unfit to take care of a household. I took nerve tonics and pills without benefit. When I began taking Peruna I grew steadily better, my nerves grew stronger, my rest was no longer fitful, and to-day I consider myself in perfect health and strength. My recovery was slow but sure, but I persevered and was rewarded by perfect health."—Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

GABLER
New York.



PRICES AND QUALITY GET US THE BUSINESS

SOHMER

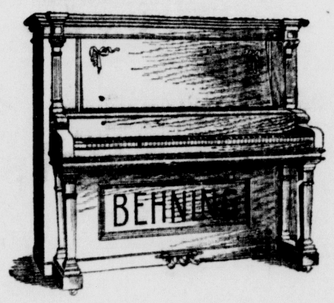
BRIGGS

No necessity of telling you that these instruments are good. They are of national and international repute. There are none better. This is proven by the fact that we give an unlimited guarantee.

You do not "buy a pig in a poke" when you buy one of these pianos.

We Have a Few Slightly Used Pianos and Organs at Prices Which Are Sure to Sell, and We Don't Sell Them for New Ones Either.

For instance Organs from $10 up. Pianos from $50 up. The chance of a lifetime.



The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,

Fourth and Washington Sts.

BEHNING

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Youngstown is to have a $100,000 Pythian Temple. It will be six stories high.

George Farmer, aged 60, a prominent resident, is dead at his home, near Tecgarden.

Coitsville township, adjoining Youngstown, is to have a local option election next Thursday.

Edward H. Dunlap had two ribs broben while working on the second degree team in Youngstown lodge of Odd Fellows.

Arthur, a young son of Patrick G. Burns, North End, Steubenville, is missing and it is feared he has been kidnapped.

Jacob Hose, aged 58 years, a veteran of the civil war, and for nine years a member of the Massillon police force, died of pneumonia.

E. A. Jones, superintendent of the Massillon public schools, has announced his candidacy for Republican nomination for state school commissioner.

A. J. Evans, formerly extra passenger conductor, but for the last year yard master, has been promoted to be general yard master of the C. & P. yards at Mingo and Steubenville with headquarters at Steubenville.

Blows Up Office and Himself.

Kossuth, Ia., May 16.—After being detected in his attempt to embezzle $125 of government money, Postmaster Richard Hedges, overcome with remorse, blew himself, his postoffice and store building to atoms with gunpowder. The explosion completely demolished the postoffice and store building. Only fragments of the man's body were recovered.

Bulgarian Cabinet Resigns.

Sofia, Bulgaria, May 16.—The Bulgarian cabinet has resigned. Prince Ferdinand accepted its resignation and summoned M. Petuoff, leader of the Stambuloff party. It is possible that a coalition cabinet may be formed.

Husband Threw Acid.

St. Louis, May 16.—Mrs. Elsie Strieb and Mrs. Sophia Wunsch were seriously burned and probably disfigured for life by acid thrown in their faces by Frank Strieb, husband of the former woman. The couple had been living apart.

Engineer Was Insane.

Berlin, May 16.—Investigation of railroad disasters which have occurred quite frequently of late upon a suburban line has shown that the locomotive engineer concerned was insane. He has been confined in an asylum.

WHEN YOU BUY
Meredith's Diamond Club Pure Rye Whiskey you get the highest grade whiskey made. That's why it's best for medicinal purposes and preferred for other uses. That's why you should try it. Send the tops to us and you will get the mug.
G. W. MEREDITH & CO.,
177 Market Street.
East Liverpool, Ohio.

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Office of the Mayor,
City of East Liverpool, Ohio.
May 15, 1903.

The qualified electors of the City of East Liverpool, O., will take notice that at a special election to be held for that purpose, in said city, on

Monday, the first day of June, 1903,

there will be submitted to them for decision the purpose to issue the bonds of said city in the sum of Fifty-nine Thousand Dollars ($59,000.00), for the purpose of meeting the deficiencies in the general fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, said election to be held at

First Ward.
Fire station.
Second Ward.
Turners' hall, Walnut street.
Third Ward.
Central fire station.
Fourth Ward.
Kinsey's plumbing shop, Sixth street.

Those who desire to vote in favor of said proposition shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the issue of bonds," and those who desire to vote against the same shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the issue of bonds."

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once.

The News Review

Daily Except Sunday.

BRUSH BROS. PROP'S.

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Publisher.

The News Review, Daily,

Established 1884. By mail, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $1.75; by carrier $5.00; ten cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly,

Established 1879. By mail one year, $1.00 in advance; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Official Papers

of the City of East Liverpool and Columbiana County

Office 196 Washington Street.

Bell Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
Editorial Room..... No. 122

Columbiana County Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
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CHARLES S. PATTESON,

Manager of Foreign Advertising, 528 Temple Court, New York

UNCHALLENGED STATEMENT.

Circulation larger than that of the two other East Liverpool daily papers combined.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW for the month of April, 1903, was 86,335.

Average for the month, 3,321.

The following are the figures for each issue:

April	1	3,231
April	2	3,203
April	3	3,204
April	4	3,224
April	5	SUNDAY.
April	6	5,737
April	7	3,263
April	8	3,211
April	9	3,212
April	10	3,354
April	11	3,213
April	12	SUNDAY.
April	13	3,208
April	14	3,207
April	15	3,215
April	16	3,206
April	17	3,207
April	18	3,210
April	19	SUNDAY.
April	20	3,209
April	21	3,203
April	22	3,273
April	23	3,203
April	24	3,264
April	25	3,212
April	26	SUNDAY.
April	27	3,213
April	28	3,212
April	29	3,221
April	30	3,215
Total		86,335
Average		3,321

Columbiana County, State of Ohio, ss.
I, Louis H. Brush, publisher of the Evening News Review, swear that the above statement is true.

LOUIS H. BRUSH.

Sworn to and subscribed to in my presence this 1st day of May, 1903.

J. S. HILBERT,
Notary Public.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL E. LIVERPOOL O

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1903.

TWELVE PAGES

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Senator, second term—C. C. CONNELL.
Representative, second term—D. W. CRIST.
Representative, first term—ELIJAH W. HILL.
Prosecuting Attorney—M. J. M'GARRY.
Sheriff—A. J. JOHNSON.
Treasurer—WM. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—ROBERT G. BOYD.
Infirmary Director—THOMAS KELLY.
Coroner—D. J. JONES.

If half that is told of the barbarities and atrocities practiced against the Jews in Russia be true it is time for the civilized world to call a halt. That the czar, who is perhaps the most enlightened and progressive ruler Russia has ever had, should permit such diabolic work to go on unrebuked and unchecked seems incredible. The czar has posed as the friend of peace and humanity, the advocate of universal disarmament. Yet in his own domains a people whose only offense has been a difference of race and religion has been relentlessly persecuted from time immemorial. In the twentieth century has come a culmination of abuse, resulting in horrors equaling those of the Spanish inquisition, bloodshed that makes savage warfare seem humane in comparison, unprovoked slaughter of innocent babes and women. Reforms, like charity, should begin at home. If the czar would not invite the doom of his government, he should see to it that deeds at which civilization stands aghast are quickly and relentlessly punished and their repetition forever made impossible. The great powers of the earth united to put down a Boxer revolution in China, and will not long tolerate greater abuse of citizens in another land, however powerful, simply because that land falsely claims to be civilized.

Hon. C. S. Speaker, of Lisbon, in an interview elsewhere printed in this issue of the News Review, eloquently and forcefully calls attention to the penalties the law provides for those who tamper with the purity of the ballot at the primary elections. Although the News Review has previously published articles covering almost every legal phase of the question it is glad to print Mr. Speaker's summary of the laws, feeling assured that the subject is one which cannot be brought too often or too prominently before the public. There is a way provided to check all forms of fraud and abuse, and the people of Columbiana county should awaken and apply it.

Some of the people over in Salem fear that numerously projected street railways, if they materialize, will take many persons away from home to do their trading. The chances are that for every one who goes out of town for that purpose a dozen will come in. East Liverpool would gladly welcome street railway connection with all neighboring towns and country districts also.

The Methodists of this city will celebrate the anniversary of the Epworth League tomorrow, while the United Presbyterians will celebrate the anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate. Both have done and are doing a noble work, and church, press and people unite in wishing them long life and continued prosperity.

The village of Amesville, O., through electing a tramp as its mayor, is getting its name in the papers quite frequently. No boom is likely to result, however, nor is the example likely to be extensively copied.

A man who was to be legally hanged in Kentucky yesterday killed himself before the hour set for his execution. He was evidently against any innovations in the Blue grass region.

Democratic editors who have labored so earnestly to prove the existence of a conflict of interests between Senator Hanna and the president will have to guess again.

Prosperity has struck the south and the price of cotton has soared until there is danger that American women will all have to wear silk.

The census bureau has estimated that in 1935 the population of the United States will be between 155,000,000 and 160,000,000.

The Democrats who have influence with their party seem disposed to put Cleveland's presidential boom upon the shelf.

East Liverpool is fast becoming a dry town. The weather man and not the Prohibition mayor is responsible.

A Jerrold Retort.

When Albert Smith grew tired of being the butt of Douglas Jerrold's wit, he one day plaintively remarked, "After all, Jerrold, we row in the same boat."

"Yes," answered the clever playwright, like a flash of lightning, "but got with the same skulls."

Human Nature.

"What are the respective ages of the father and the son?"

"Well, I judge that the former is over fifty, because I notice he likes to be called 'my boy,' and that the latter is under twenty-five, for the reason that it pleases him to be addressed as 'old man.'"—Smart Set.

A Transposition.

Margaret—No, you cannot stay, love. Your mother says it is absolutely necessary for you to come home.

Elizabeth—Oh, dear! I sometimes think that mother is the inventor of necessity instead of necessity being the mother of invention.—Kansas City Journal.

It Depended.

Judge (to witness)—You say you have known the prisoner all your life?

Witness—Yes, your honor.

Judge—Now, in your opinion, do you think he could be guilty of stealing this money?

Witness—How much was it?

TOILET REQUISITES
(All Kinds)

You cannot find a more complete and well selected list of toilet requisites than at our store. No matter what you want in toilet articles or toilet preparations, both imported and American, you can best get it of us. Anything which you do not happen to have will gladly be ordered for you. Mail orders promptly filled.

C. G. Anderson,
Druggist, Diamond.

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

Everything in Furniture, Carpets and House Furnishings Generally

Our stock is now complete and we will positively save you money on every purchase.

Our expenses are small and you get the advantage of this.

Long experience has taught us what East Liverpool people want, and our stock has been bought as low as money will buy it.

No matter what room in the house you wish to furnish we can suit you in goods and in price

Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

Our line of carpets embraces all that is best in Body Brussels, Axminsters, Velvets, Tapestries and Ingrains At Money Saving Prices.

We guarantee the quality equal to anything on the market and will demonstrate it to your satisfaction.

All patterns are fresh and new.

Ask your neighbor about it.

Lace Curtains,
Ruffled Curtains,
Window Shades,
Oil Cloths,
Linoleums,
Mattings

And everything usually sold in a Furniture Store.

See our line of Bed Room Suites, Sideboards, Rockers and Parlor Furniture.

Come and See

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

200-202 Sixth St.
Both Phones 544.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Justice J. N. Rose will deliver the Memorial day address at Rogers.

Dr. Francis R. Harrison has returned from a brief business visit to Wheeling.

Thomas Arbuckle goes to Warren Monday to attend the state convention of the O. U. A. M.

Mrs. Clifford Dawson returned at noon today from a week's visit with relatives in Sebring.

Mrs. Chal Peterson, who has been suffering from inflammatory rheumatism, is reported much worse.

Mrs. Frank Robinson and her son Joseph left this morning for Sebring, where they will visit relatives.

Claude Nease, of Thompson avenue, is entertaining as guests his father and mother, whose home is in Meigs county.

J. E. McDonald and wife left this morning for Gallipolis, where the latter will spend the summer. Mr. McDonald will return home next Tuesday.

Secretary M. C. Wright, of the Y. M. C. A., has returned from Cambridge Springs. His health was not greatly benefited by his stay at the resort, but he feels considerably refreshed and hopes for steady improvement.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. McFarland reached home yesterday from Rivesville, W. Va. Mrs. McFarland had been spending several weeks there with relatives and Mr. McFarland joined her at the conclusion of the potters' convention in Wheeling.

The Bachelor.

A western editor pays this tribute to a type which has not its fair share of song and story: "The bachelor represents the most congenial and big hearted type of our commonwealth. His name, while held in public derision by a host of people, will always remain closely interwoven in the history of pioneer life. He it was who pushed out into the wild and woolly west at a time when the buffalo, Indians and coyote were lords of the prairies and by persistent efforts and under privation and want led a heroic life by converting vast areas of the barren wilderness into fertile lands of peace and plenty. Then, without aid of feminine piety to keep vigil over his everyday acts, this sturdy empire builder remained at his post, blazing out the path of fame and introducing thrift and civilization in his wake. Like the cowboy he is slowly passing into history, but his fame is as farreaching as civilization, his name indelibly stamped on the pages of history, while the humble dugout with its original environments will appear in scenic pictures above the footlights of future generations."

Persian Athletes.

Strong and skilled as western athletes are, there are some respects in which the athletes of the east, and especially those of Persia, surpass them.

Their skill is due to the fact that they do not rely on brute strength, but on adroitness, which they have acquired after years of strenuous training. They know the function of every muscle in their bodies, and they are not regarded as experts until they are so well trained that they can perform with ease any feat which depends for success not only upon their strength, but also upon the proper play of their muscles.

They are not as bulky as some of the well known athletes of Europe and America, but, on the other hand, their bodies are wonderfully symmetrical, and all their movements are most graceful.

In wrestling and swinging clubs they especially excel, and, no matter how expert they may be, not a day passes that they do not practice for several hours.

They Were Seven.

"I see Dorkins has got all of his seven daughters married off."

"Yes, but he took advantage of his official position to effect it."

"How was that?"

"Why, he is chairman of the board of public works, and he advertised for proposals."—Pittsburg Index.

Preoccupied.

"Clara," said my aunt to her little daughter, who had been spending the day with a little neighbor, "were you a good girl during your visit today?"

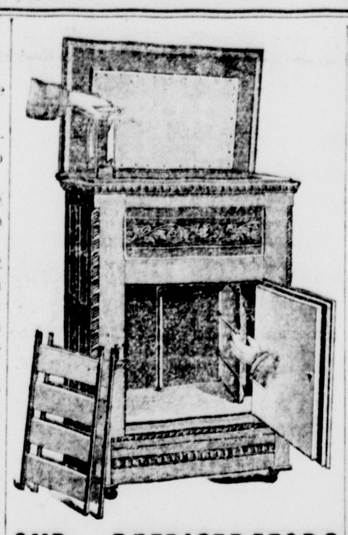
"I don't know, mamma. I just had so much fun that I forgot to pay any 'tention to myself," replied Clara.—Little Chronicle.

Clear Case.

Justice—Does the groom take this woman for better or for worse?

Bride (butting in)—He takes me fo' better, Ah reckon, sah. He's out ob work.—Chicago News.

News Review small ads. pay.



OUR REFRIGERATORS

Are ice savers, they are constructed with seven walls of non-conducting materials and are models of sanitary perfection. We would be pleased to have you inspect them.

Watson's
104 Sixth Street.

Catherine II.'s Rosebush.

The famous czarina, Catherine II. of Russia, was very fond of red roses, and one day as she walked in the gardens at Tsarkoe Selo she noticed a beautiful bud and resolved to pluck it on the morrow and present it to one of her grandsons, as it was his birthday. On the morrow, however, when she looked for the flower, it was no longer there, and when she inquired for it she was told that a pet bear had destroyed it.

Furious at being disappointed she ordered that a soldier be posted beside the rosebush, so that no harm might come to the remaining buds on it.

One hundred and fifty years later and long after the rosebush had disappeared a Russian grand duke saw a soldier standing like a statue in the gardens, and, going to the officer on duty, he asked: "What is that man doing there? There is nothing to guard in these gardens."

The officer then told him of Empress Catherine's order and said that since it was an imperial mandate he felt bound to respect it until it was rescinded.

Billion and Trillion.

There are two systems of numeration in use at the present day, commonly called the English and the French systems. In the former the billion is a million of millions, a trillion a million of billions and each denomination is a million times the one preceding. In the latter (which is the system used in the United States) the billion is a thousand millions, and each denomination is a thousand times the preceding.

Why He Was Single.

"Why don't you marry?" asked one Frenchman of another.

"Because I must do it on certain conditions."

"What conditions?"

"Well, you know, the lady must be beautiful, rich and a fool. If she isn't rich and beautiful, I won't take her, and if she isn't a fool she won't take me!"

A Giant Emperor.

Maximinus, the giant Roman emperor, could twist coins into corkscrews, powder hard rocks between his fingers and do other seemingly impossible things. When angered, he often broke the jaw of a horse or the skull of an ox with his fist. His wife's bracelet served him for a ring, and every day he ate sixty pounds of meat and drank an amphora of wine.

Retrospection.

A Scotchman had two sons, one of whom was a doctor and the other a clergyman, of whom he was very proud. "If I had kent," said he, "that ane of my sons was to be a medical man and the other a meenister, I would never hae had auld Jenny McCosh for their mither."

NEIL HOUSE
COLUMBUS, OHIO
STRICTLY EUROPEAN.
Geo. H. Hopper, Mgr.

Dr. J. F. Bumpus
Osteopathic Physician.
Graduate under Dr. A. T. Still, the founder of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., is located in the
Oyster Building, 118½ Sixth St.
East Liverpool, Ohio.
Consultation by appointment.
C. C. Phone 874.

J. M. KELLY, President. S. T. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. W. BURFORD, Vice President. N. G MAGRUM, Treasurer.

THE UNION BUILDING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
GRAND OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

6 PER CENT INTEREST Given on Paid-up Stock. Given on Savings Accounts

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates
ASSETS OVER $300,000.00.

$100 GIVEN AWAY IN PRIZES.

From May 15th to May 22nd we will have a jar of shot in the show case in front of our studio, if you guess the amount of shot in the jar you get the first price prized mentioned below:

TEN PRIZES.

1st prize, an enlargement in gold		$25
2d prize, 1 doz. Collodio		20
3d prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		15
4th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		10
5th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		6
6th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
7th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
8th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
9th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
10th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		4
		$100

This contest is open to everyone. Call and take a guess.

Mercer & Co.,
Photographers.
228 6th, Cor. Franklin St.

SCHLEGEL'S FISH MARKET

FRESH FISH

Call us on either phone. Let us know where you live and we'll send your order of Nice, Clean, Fresh Fish Promptly.

Herring, Salmon, White Fish, Lake and Ocean Fish.

SCHLEGEL'S, 165 Market Street. Both Phones 230.

Our Platform

SAFETY first, liberality next. Both are essential to successful banking.
If you are satisfied with our platform come and see us.

The Potters National Bank.

New Fish Market

The fish market formerly conducted by A. T. McEntree, on West Market street, has been purchased by J. C. Davis, everything remodeled, clean and up-to-date. You will always find a fresh line of salt, fresh water and smoked fish.

J. C. Davis,
301½ W. Market.
Col. Co. Phone 532.

MORE BUGGIES

Than was ever shown under one roof at one time between Pittsburg and Cleveland. Knowing from experience the vexations delay you may expect when ordering a vehicle at this time of the year we have stocked our Five Large Rooms to their utmost capacity with all kinds and styles of Vehicles and Harness. You have such a variety of styles and prices to select from that we certainly can please you. Remember we appreciate your call if you are only just looking.

A. Trotter & Son.

BASE BALL

Y. M. C. A.
vs.
WESTINGHOUSE
Saturday, May 16,
4 P. M.

A. Dinerstine & Co.
Contractors and Dealers in
PAINTS and PAPERHANGING
Also sole agents for the famous
Carrara Paints
in this county. This paint is sold with a written guarantee.
C. C. Phone 104. 127 Seventh St.

In Everybodys Mouth

Sooner or later—the teeth will need attention and the sooner they are attended to the less trouble and expense there will be. BUT—when you employ a dentist—employ none but an expert from a reputable college. We are experts. Let us examine your mouth and give you an expert opinion—FREE.

Red Cross Dental Parlors
Drs. Harrison and Calcott,
Diamond. Above Boston Store.

Mattress Renovating

If you have a hair or cotton mattress that is old and broken down, let Crook send it to the H. G. Bailey Renovating Works to have it thoroughly cleaned and made over nice as new.

You Will Have

Plenty of money if you save some of your wages and deposit it with

The Potters' Building & Savings Co.,

Which is now issuing PAID-UP and RUNNING STOCK.

All the Newest and Prettiest
Belt Pins and Shirt Waist Sets
25c, 50c and 75c, at the
Wade Jewelry Company.
Fifth Street.

WELLSVILLE

BY NO MEANS SETTLED

Dispute Over the Janitorship of City Hall Nearing an Interesting Stage.

At the last meeting of the city council Wednesday evening it was thought that the janitor question was settled, as council, by a unanimous vote, refused to appropriate the $45 for the salary. William T. Green, the janitor appointed by the board of public service, still continues to report each morning for duty, but does no work. He does not know where the tools are kept and Elliott will not instruct him. Green was sitting in front of the city hall yesterday when Mr. Herbert, of the board of public service, came up and asked if he was working. Green said no. Mr. Herbert said he was bound to see Green doing the work which he rightfully ought to do if he had to buy the tools himself.

Before many days there is likely to be trouble in the vicinity of the city hall. The board of public service claims control of the building. The mayor fortifies himself with an ordinance passed several years ago which says the mayor shall appoint a building policeman.

Up-to-Date Fire Department.

The board of public service, composed of E. S. Martin and B. D. Beacon, will meet this evening with the fire department for the purpose of acquainting themselves with every thing connected with the department. It is the intention to establish a fire department that will be strictly up-to-date in every particular. A team will always be ready for immediate use, a man kept at the fire station all the time and every thing in perfect order.

An Enjoyable Dance.

A large crowd attended the dance given in the Wellsville city hall last evening by Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, of Alliance. Despite the hot weather every one seemed to enjoy the evening. Several from East Liverpool were present. Mr. Bailey will hold one more dance in this city this season on next Friday evening.

Boarders Skipped.

Park Leach, proprietor of a restaurant, is mourning the loss of a $25 board bill. George White, a mill employe, and his wife, during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Leach, packed their goods and left.

WELLSVILLE SHORT STORIES.

Mrs. Lockhart is visiting friends in Cleveland.

John Young, of Center street, is on the sick list.

J. T. West, of Wheeling, was in this city yesterday.

Henry Jordan was in Pittsburg Friday on business.

City Solicitor Boyd was in Lisbon yesterday on business.

John H. Clark, of Allegheny, is visiting friends in this city.

W. G. Stewart has returned from a business trip to Lisbon.

Miss Cora Barnes is improving from a siege of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Thomas Agnew is the guest of relatives in Vanport, Pa.

Frank L. Wells will spend Sunday with his family in Lisbon.

Robert Black has returned from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Miss Erla Morrow has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

G. H. Kerr, of Martin's Ferry, is the guest of Wellsville friends.

H. M. Smiley, of Lisbon, was in this city yesterday on business.

Charles R. McGregor was in Lisbon yesterday on legal business.

Mrs. E. W. Simon, of Wheeling, is spending a few days in this city.

William R. Davidson, of Port Clinton, is in this city on business.

Miss Nettie Given, of Woodville, is the guest of her brother, Forest Given, of Front street.

Mrs. W. S. Adams, of Cleveland, is visiting friends in the West End.

Miss Minnie Cunningham, of Canton, is the guest of friends in this city.

Charles C. Alvin, of Beaver Falls, is the guest of friends in this city.

Miss Blanche Smith is spending a few days with friends in Steubenville.

J. M. Russell, of the West End, has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

Miss Ella O'Donnell returned last evening from a visit with Salineville friends.

Miss Ruby Sheets left today to spend two weeks with relatives in Pittsburg.

J. W. Wallace has returned to his home in Wheeling after spending several days in this city.

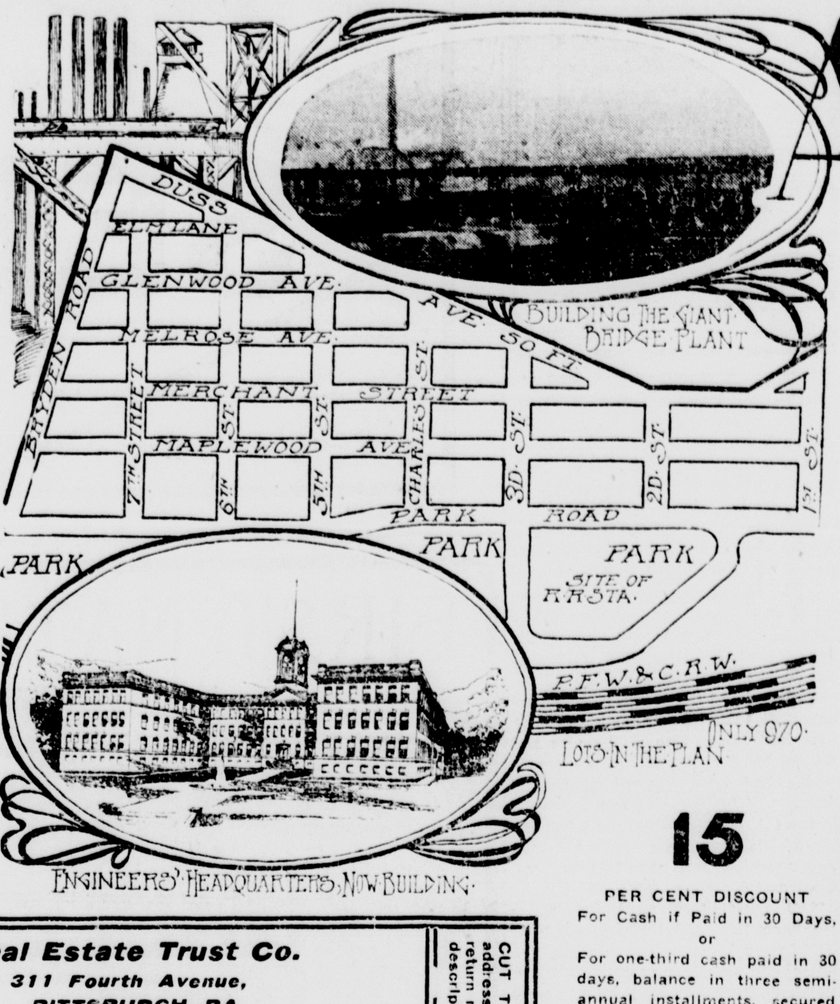
Mrs. George Thompson has returned to her home in Steubenville after visiting friends in this city.

George B. Aten has returned from Marietta, where he spent several days at the soldiers' reunion.

Charles Jennings, of McKeesport, yesterday visited friends in this city. He returned home this morning.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Best of job work at the News Review office.



Ambridge

Economy's Modern New Neighbor.
Coming Metropolis of Beaver County.
Home of the American Bridge Company.

Free Excursion to the One-Day Sale of Lots Saturday, May 23.

Free Tickets good on trains leaving Wellsville at 6:25 and 11:22 A. M.; leaving East Liverpool at 6:42 and 11:31 A. M., railroad time. Returning, leavnig Ambridge at 1:50 and 5:05 P. M., railroad time. Tickets will be supplied at convenient places.

Ambridge lies on a splendid level plateau, overlooking the Ft. Wayne Railroad and the Ohio river, on part of the old Economite tract—the most famous building site along the Upper Ohio. It adjoins the quaint old town of Economy. The plan contains only 970 lots. Streets are being graded and curbed and the principal ones paved; sewers, water and gas mains are being laid to each and every lot in the plan. A park a mile long and 100 feet wide skirts the lower side of the plan, separating the town from the railroad. Ambridge will have every modern improvement by the middle of the summer.

Lots Range in Price from $300 to $1,100.

Easy Payments: 10 per cent down; 3 per cent monthly. No Taxes or Interest until delivery of deed.

15 PER CENT DISCOUNT
For Cash if Paid in 30 Days,
or
For one-third cash paid in 30 days, balance in three semi-annual installments, secured by mortgage.

Nearly $200,000 in Improvements.

Below are given the actual contract figures for the public improvements completed or under way at Ambridge. The grading and sewering is already complete; the paving and laying of water and natural gas mains is now in progress:

Grading streets and sidewalks and leveling lots	$ 28,570 00
Sewering every street in the plan, laying connections to property line	49,420 00
Street paving	55,000 00
Setting curbs and laying fire-brick sidewalks	7,213 50
Laying water mains to reach every lot in the plan	22,000 00
Laying gas mains (in same trench with water)	12,140 00
Total	$174,593 50

This means an actual expenditure for improvements of $180 for each lot in the plan, or $6.91 for every front foot sold. Gas will be supplied from the mains of the old Fort Pitt Natural Gas Company, now the Manufacturers Light and Heat Company of Pittsburg.

10 PER CENT ADDITIONAL DISCOUNT

If new building, to cost at least double the price of lot, is under roof by January 1.

A POPULATION OF 15,000 IN TWO YEARS.

Ambridge will make the world's bridges after this year. The American Bridge Company has located there its new central plant, where eight older bridge and structural iron works are being consolidated. Part of the new plant is already in operation. By January 1 5,000 men will be employed at the one works, looking to the new town for homes. One thousand engineers, the central engineering force of the bridge company, will also be located at the new town by January 1. The engineering headquarters is now in course of construction. Most of these engineers are young men—a most desirable class of population. Homes for 15,000 people—places to eat, places to sleep—must be provided. Sites are already taken for four churches, and the new bank building is under roof.

A request to us will bring you plat and detailed description of the wonderful town, by return mail.

Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
311 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate Trust Co.
311 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Please mail me plat, price list and description of new town of **Ambridge.**

.....

.....

.....

.....

CUT THIS OUT, fill in your name and address, and mail to us, and receive by return mail plat, price list and detailed description of Ambridge.

SOUTH SIDE

TAX LEVY FIXED

The Rate for the Coming Year in Chester Will Be Eight Mills.

The most important matter disposed of by the Chester council last night was the fixing of the tax levy. The finance committee recommended eight mills and it was adopted.

A report was made by Engineer Whitacre on the widening of Fairview road, but no action was taken.

Street Commissioner Rose furnished a bond for $500 signed by the Citizens' Guaranty and Trust company. The Ohio Valley Gas company presented a bill for gas amounting to $180, which, with an account with Assessor Thompson Allison, amounting to $95.28, was ordered paid.

Engineer J. C. Kelly, of East Liverpool, was retained to do whatever surveying the city decided upon at the rate of $5 per day.

Still Unfinished.

Although the work at the park on the "mill" and the summer theatre has been pushed to the limit, it is now apparent that the contract cannot be completed within the time limit. As large a force of carpenters is now being employed as it is possible to secure, and yesterday it was decided to work two hours overtime each day. The men began yesterday on a 10-hour day, and will continue making that time until the work is finished. They receive time and one-half for the two extra hours, which makes their weekly bills rather large. It is estimated that the contract can be completed by the middle of June.

Dispute Over Lot Sale.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Cora Taylor, of Hanover, vs. Laura Y. Armstrong, came on for trial yesterday. In the petition plaintiff says defendant sold her two lots in Hanover, but had later received an offer from Taylor Temple for more. She sold to him. Plaintiff asks that the conveyance to Temple be set aside and that she be given a deed for the property.

Took Pharmacists' Examination.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special)—Dr. William J. Taylor, of East Liverpool, and Charles Mascher and John Southern, of East Palestine, took the pharmical examination before the state board in this city this week. The results will not be made known for some time.

East Liverpool Woman Insane.

Lisbon, May 16—(Special)—Probate Judge J. A. Martin was in East Liverpool examining Miss Elizabeth Graham for lunacy. She was adjudged insane. She is 44 years old, and her mental trouble has been coming on for several years.

The Carbuncle.

One of the rarest and most precious stones is the carbuncle, which is sometimes confounded with the ruby, from which it differs by the intensity of its fires, produced by an internal luster of gold, while under the purple of the ruby there only appear dottings of azure or lacquer. Ethiopia produced the most precious ancient carbuncles. The Chaldeans regarded this stone as a powerful talisman. Legend makes the eyes of dragons out of carbuncles. Garcias ab Horto, physician of one of the viceroys of India, speaks of carbuncles which he saw in the palace of that prince which were so extraordinary in their brilliancy that they seemed "like redhot coals in the midst of darkness." Louis Vertoman reports that the king of Pegu wore an enormous one, which at night appeared to be lighted up with sunbeams. The virtues of the carbuncle are resistance to fire, preservation of the eyes, promotion of pleasant dreams, creation of happy illusions and an antidote against impure air.

Hard to Please.

Brown—You don't look very happy, Dumley.

Dumley—I have just lost a fiver on a bet.

Brown—That's bad.

Dumley—Yes. I had an awful attack of rheumatism this morning, and that young squirt of a doctor, Tipsalve, bet me a fiver he could cure it before night, and I'll be hanged if he didn't win the money!

PARTNERS DISAGREE

Erwin McGee Suing E. S. Good On a Claim for $250.

The case of Erwin McGee vs. E. S. Good, in which plaintiff claims $250 as his share of a partnership in a lumber deal, will be tried in the court of Justice Pugh Monday at 1 o'clock.

Good will endeavor to show that McGee had no money invested in the deal, and that when the logs were purchased and the lumber prepared for the market it was his money that was used in paying the preliminary expenses. He will be willing to settle the partnership as soon as the expenses are liquidated and the money invested by him has been paid over.

CHESTER NOTES.

Mrs. C. T. McCutcheon, of Virginia avenue, left today for a visit with her parents near Wheeling.

Sheriff C. T. Allison arrived in Chester this afternoon and will spend Sunday with relatives.

Yesterday was the last day of school in Chester and the pupils with their teachers, Misses Ruth Baxter and Jane Stewart, are picnicking at Rock Springs park today.

Rev. Mr. Pittman will preach to the Christian church congregation at Bloom's hall tomorrow.

Rev. Hosick, of Hookstown, will occupy the pulpit at the Chester U. P. church tomorrow for the Presbyterians at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Miss Blanche Dornan is the guest of Miss Rachel Baxter in Chester today. Miss Dornan resides at New Cumberland.

ATTENTION TAXPAYERS, GRANT DISTRICT

For the benefit of all those who are in arrears for taxes, I hereby announce that I will be at the store of Allison & Hobbs, Chester, W. Va., on Saturday evening, May 16, at which time I will be glad to meet all those who may wish to pay taxes, as this will be the last chance before settlement.

C. F. ALLISON,
Sheriff of Hancock county.

A French Dog Story.

A Parisian lady went out recently for a walk in the Avenue de Clichy, taking with her a toy terrier, which she held by a string. While she was looking into a shop window two mischievous boys substituted a bone for the dog. A Great Dane then appeared on the scene, and, seeing the bone, made a dash and swallowed it, string included. The lady turned round and in despair cried out that the Great Dane had eaten her pet. The little dog was found later on, much to the joy of his mistress, who carried him off in a cab.

Bismarck's Feed of Oysters.

Bismarck on one occasion told Sidney Whitman of his well known feat in oyster eating. He was once in Liege, where he ordered some oysters in a restaurant—fifty to begin with. He saw the lady behind the counter look up in surprise; so, when he had eaten them, wishing to see what effect it might have on her, he ordered another fifty, and so on until he had eaten 170 oysters. Mr. Whitman adds that "it is only fair to remember that in all probability they were the small Ostend variety."

Naval Discipline.

The force of naval discipline is shown in this true story of the captain who, fatally smitten with cholera, was being taken ashore to the hospital. The story is told in "Sport In the Navy."

The captain's men were rowing as slowly and gently as possible in order not to disturb him. The dying captain beckoned the midshipman in charge of the boat and whispered these last words:

"Ten days' black list for the crew for not giving way!"

Reed Enjoyed It.

Thomas B. Reed was once the victim of a printer's error the unusual aptness of which, after the first flush of indignation had subsided, appealed so strongly to his sense of the comic that he never failed to refer to the matter with the keenest gusto whenever he met the man whom he, with the utmost mock solemnity, always held responsible for it.

The late Colonel John A. Cockerill's handwriting in the heat of composition was sometimes liable to lose itself in an almost interminable tangle, decipherable only with the greatest difficulty. On one occasion he undertook to say that "any one can see Tom Reed has the face of an honest man," but was horrified when he opened his paper the following morning and found that the types made him say that "any one can see Tom Reed has a face like a harvest moon."

Wonders of the Human Heart.

The workings of the human heart have been computed by a celebrated physiologist, and he has demonstrated that it is equal to the lifting of 120 tons in twenty four hours. Presuming that the blood is thrown out of the heart at each pulsation in the proportion of sixty-nine strokes of nine feet, the mileage of the blood through the body might be taken at 207 yards per minute, seven miles per hour, 168 miles per day, 61,320 miles per year, or 5,150,000 miles in a lifetime of eighty-four years. In the same period of time the heart must beat 2,869,776,000 times.

Sadiron and Tailor's Goose.

A "sadiron" is the style in which the common flatiron is spoken of in print, says the Syracuse Herald. "Sad" is an old English synonym for heavy, and Spenser wrote, "More sad than lump of lead." A "sadiron" was a heavy iron and long ago was applied to the flatiron now in common domestic use. The tailor's "goose" was so called because the handle bears a fanciful resemblance to the neck of a goose. This name because it had a reason for being still survives.

Literary Diseases.

Many occupations have diseases which are more or less incidental to them, and literature is not exempt. The two most prevalent literary maladies are writer's cramp and swelled head. The unfortunate thing about writer's cramp is that it is never cured. The unfortunate thing about swelled head is that it never kills.—Exchange.

The Trouble With Poultry.

An old woman who went into the poultry business under the expectation that she could make a fortune by selling eggs has quit it in disgust because, as she says, "the hens never 'll lay when eggs are dear, but always begin as soon as they are cheap."

Do You Eat?

LA LA COOLER WAFERS

For Making Ice Cream Sandwitches

A Dainty Bit of Coldness.

Get them at

Heddleston Bros.'

"The Home of Quality."

Fourth and Market.

For Fire Insurance
For Life Insurance
For Accident Insurance
For Cyclone Insurance
For Plate Glass Insurance
For Liability Insurance

Or if you have property for sale I can sell it, and if you desire to buy I can locate you in any part of Chester.

E. C. Baxter

Cor. Virginia Avenue and Adolphus Street.

Chester, W. Va.

The World's Greatest Spring Tonic

BEEF IRON and WINE

Prepared by C. T. M'Cutcheon, Ph. G., The Reliable Druggist.

Near Postoffice, Chester, W. Va.

I can correctly fill any prescription any doctor can write.

REALM OF SPORTS

WELLSVILLE WON IN A GOOD GAME

The East Liverpool Athletic Club Worsted to the Tune of 8 to 2.

AN INTERESTING CONTEST

The Local Boys Played Well and a Large Number of Spectators From This City Cheered Them On—The Features of the Game.

The East Liverpool Athletic club base ball team took their defeat like true ball players yesterday at Central park, Wellsville. They are good players, but they ran against a tough proposition and could not solve it.

The game started with the visitors at the bat. Gibson was thrown out at first. McAvoy hit the wind. Tyson got to first on an error. Carey did the same thing. Bennett hit to Heckathorn and never saw first, leaving the two men on bases. Lang was the first up for the home team, but went out at first. Murphy, the old reliable, soaked out a three bagger. Hamilton batted to third and was out at first, but Murphy scored. Heckathorn went out at first, retiring the side with one run. Carey got a single but died on second as the next three men went down in order, two of them hitting nothing but empty space.

In the second the home team went down one, two, three.

In the third, after two outs, Lang singled and got to second. Murphy came up and again distinguished himself by pounding out a two bagger, scoring Lang. Hamilton went out at first, which retired the side with the score standing 2 to 1 in favor of the W. A. C.

The fourth inning was not such a scoring inning, as it had been heretofore, as they went out without either hit or run. The fifth was the one which set the visitors going. Stillwell was up first, but couldn't touch it. Millwood singled and Patterson following with a single. Lang got to first on an error. Murphy got a single and scored two runs. Hamilton flied out to middle but each runner moved up a notch. Heckathorn singled and brought Lang home. Webb placed a two bagger and scored Murphy, making four runs. Daniels flied out to left, retiring the side.

The visitors in the sixth made three hits, but could only manage to bring one score in. After that they went out in one, two, three order.

In the sixth the home team made three hits and two runs. While Hamilton was batting he hit a foul toward third. G. Emmerling would have it that it was a fair ball and took off his mask and refused to play, but after a few minutes' persuasion he put on the mask and the game proceeded. After the sixth the visitors steadied down and Emmerling only gave one hit, but nobody scored.

Quite a large number from East Liverpool were at the game and how they did root at the beginning! After the fifth everything was quiet with an occasional yell, "Soak it."

The game was interesting from start to finish. Some time ago a few people in East Liverpool were willing to bet on this game, but no one saw any "long green" flashed at the park yesterday.

As he always does, Doc Howard treated both sides alike and was fair in all decisions.

The score:

E. L. A. C.—	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Gibson, 3	1	1	1	3	1
McAvoy, s	0	1	2	1	0
Tyson, 1	0	2	10	6	0
W Carey, 2	0	0	0	2	0
Bennett, r	0	1	0	0	0
E. Carey, m	0	1	4	0	0
Myler, l	1	1	2	0	0
L. Emmerling, c	0	1	4	0	0
G. Emmerling p	0	2	1	3	1
Total	2	10	24	9	2

W. A. C.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Lang, m	2	2	0	0	0
Murphy, l	2	3	1	0	0
Hamilton, 3	0	0	5	2	0
Heckathorn, 1	0	1	13	0	1
Webb, 2	0	1	1	2	0
Daniels, s	0	1	0	3	0
Stillwell, r	1	1	0	0	0
Millwood, c	2	2	7	0	0
Patterson, p	1	2	0	3	0
Total	8	15	27	10	1

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
E. L. A. C.	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	9	2
W. A. C.	1	0	1	0	4	2	0	0	x	8	12	3

Summary: Two base hits, Murphy and Webb. Three base hits, Murphy. Sacrifice hits, Hamilton. Base on balls off Patterson, 1; off Emmerling, 1. Struck out by Patterson, 7; by Emmerling, 3. Hit by pitched ball, Stillwell and Tyson. Double plays, W. Carey to McAvoy to Tyson. Umpire, Doc Howard. Time, 1:55. Attendance, 300.

Niles Team's Schedule.

John L. McDermott, secretary of the Niles Athletic association, has arranged the following games, to be played with the Niles base ball club in Niles: New Castle Athletic club, May 20; Rayen Athletic club, of Youngstown, May 23; Canton Marines, May 28; Genesee Athletic club, of Cleveland, Decoration day (two games; East Liverpool, June 3; Sebring, June 13. The players are as follows: Ortlieve, catchers, Haggerty, first; Gouzzle, second; Nagle, third; Demoss, short; Porter, Burnett, Yeagley, Glassburners, fielders.

SPORTING MISCELLANY.

Marion is at the head of the Central league race.

Pitcher Frank McPartin has been released by Columbus.

Negotiations for players are on between Louisville and Detroit.

Frank Killen declares he would like an umpire's berth after his ball playing days are over.

The West Virginia university base ball team made a record on its eastern trip of not winning a game. The team reached home and there was little shouting and tumult to greet it.

Ban Johnson, president of the American league, meted out an indefinite suspension to Napoleon Lajoie, of the Clevelands, in consequence of Larry's strong talk to Umpire Connolly.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	15	7	.682	Cincinnati	13	12	.520
Chicago	17	9	.654	Brooklyn	11	13	.458
Pittsburg	17	10	.629	St. Louis	7	19	.269
Boston	12	10	.545	Philadelphia	6	18	.250

National League Games Friday.

At Philadelphia—

										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	5	0	0	0	2	1	5	0	0	18	18	5
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	9	7

Leever and Smith; McLaughlin, Doolin and Zimmer. Attendance, 2,044.

At Boston—

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	*	10	9	1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4

Malarkey, Moran and Kittridge; Hackett and Weaver. Attendance, 2,919.

At New York—

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	5	8	2
New York	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	12	2

Suthoff and Bergen; McGinnity and Warner. Attendance, 7,135.

At Brooklyn—

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	3	2	0	0	2	0	0	7	11	1
Brooklyn	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	9	2

Taylor and Kling; Garvin, Evans and Ahern. Attendance, 2,000.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	14	7	.667	St. Louis	8	10	.444
Philadelphia	14	9	.609	Cleveland	8	10	.444
Detroit	11	10	.524	New York	9	12	.429
Boston	11	11	.500	Washington	7	13	.350

American League Games Friday.

At Cleveland—

										R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	1	8	0	0	*	5	7	8
New York	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	9	2

Wright and Bemis; Tannehill and O'Connor. Attendance, 2,870.

At Detroit—

										R.	H.	E.
Detroit	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	*	8	15	2
Boston	1	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	6	10	2

Kitson and Buelow; Hughes and Smith. Attendance, 4,298.

At Chicago—

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	1	*	7	18	2
Washington	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	4	6	2

Dunkle and Sullivan; Townsend, Lee and Drill. Attendance, 2,875.

At St. Louis—

										R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	4	11	2
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	7	0

Waddell and Schreckengost; Sievers and Kahoe. Attendance, 1,400.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN FOR THE PUBLIC SATURDAY. DON'T MISS IT. 111-j

Are You Using Allen's Foot Ease?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c 10

CHOKING CATARRH CURED

Mr. Caswell Says Hyomei Cured Him. Your Money Back If It Does Not Cure You.

"Use Hyomei and be cured of catarrh," is what all who have tried it for that disease say to their friends.

O. S. Caswell, of North Middleboro, Mass., writes: "Hyomei has relieved me from a choking catarrhal trouble and cleared my head. I am glad to recommend it to my friends."

It is the easiest thing in the world to stop catarrh or a catarrhal cold at its beginning if you use Hyomei. Just breathe the health-giving balsamic air for a few minutes and your catarrh will be cured. In the worst cases of this disease, chronic or acute, Hyomei used four or five times a day is all that is needed to soon effect a cure.

In this city and neighboring towns there are hundreds today who can testify to the remarkable powers of Hyomei to cure catarrh. Many of the staunchest friends of this remedy today began its use with little hope that they would be cured, but as Will Reed offered to refund the money if it did not cure, they decided to try it on that plan, and were soon restored to health.

The fact that in this city Will Reed has refunded the money for only two outfits out of the hundreds that he sold is the strongest proof that can be offered as to the truth of the statement that Hyomei cures catarrh and all troubles of the throat and lungs.

PARENTS' DAY CELEBRATION

A Great Event in the School Year to Be Observed Next Week.

EXTENSIVE PREPARATION

Made By Teachers and Pupils—Many Attractive Decorations Added to the School Rooms—The Work in the Various Grades.

Probably at no other time in the history of the school year will an event as auspicious and interesting take place as the Parents' day celebration, which will be observed on Friday afternoon of next week in every school room in the city.

Throughout the school year the children have been earnestly working, looking forward all the while to the day when their parents might visit the schools and see the results of their labor. The work in language, arithmetic, physiology and several other branches has been carefully kept up from day to day until each teacher has now compiled these manuscripts, which will be posted on the walls of the rooms for the parents to inspect.

Many of the teachers have commenced preparing the work, and the rooms have already a bright and gala appearance.

Prof. R. E. Rayman and his corps of teachers cordially invite the patrons and friends of the public schools to be present on the designated day and note the progress which the children are making.

The final examination throughout the schools will begin some time during next week, and all pupils are requested to be present. Prof. Rayman said in speaking of the attendance during the last two weeks of school that it was very essential for all the scholare to be in their places each day, and especially so on the last day of school, in order that they may receive their promotions and be placed in the rooms in which they will belong next year and be ready for entrance without any delay next September.

It is, therefore, urged that the parents keep the children in school all the time if possible during the few remaining days.

Horace Mann Building.

The little children of Miss Alma Croxall's first grade are very much interested in the prospects for Parents' day. Yesterday afternoon they did some very good language work. Each one was given a miniature picture of a kitten or a bird and after pasting these on the papers, began writing their stories about them. These will be used as a part of the decorations in this school.

One very pretty feature which is being planned in Miss Martin's room for the next Friday afternoon exercises will be May flower baskets.

These baskets will add greatly to the room, being filled with wild flowers. If the idea is carried out as now planned the appearance of the room will be made beautiful.

In Miss Kate Harker's school the pupils have been working diligently and cooperating with their teacher in preparing for Parents' day. No doubt this room will be one of the attractive ones in the Horace Mann school on that day. Miss Harker has also been preparing the pupils for their examination and the closing of school, and this has taken a great part of the time.

The scholars of Prof. W. J. Miller's seventh and eighth grades have been closely occupied with the reviewing of the different subjects they have been studying, but nevertheless they have done some very fine special work in the different branches of study. As for instance their nature charts have required much work and the result shows careful and creditable effort.

Map drawing and physiology drawing along with composition and writing specimens will be pasted on the board for Parents' day.

The board work and board decorations will also be a feature on that day.

East End Building.

The pupils in the first grade of the East End building are very much elated with the idea of Parents' Day. Since January 1, they have done a great deal of story writing with paper and pencil. The stories are on various subject such as the robin, sled, American flag, George Washington's hatchet, tulips, apples and cherries. All of their stories have drawings of the story which they have written about and these have all been colored by the teacher. Last week the pupils did some free hand drawing which was very good for first grade. On Friday afternoon they did some paper cutting, the boys making candles in the candlesticks out of paper in bright colors and the girls making baby dolls in bright dresses with large white sunbonnets. These have been fastened along the upper edge of the blackboard and look odd and pretty.

The pupils of Miss Janet M. Hill's room have much credit due to their second grade work. They have made free hand drawings which are very pretty. Charts on nature work, with birds and flowers and their description pasted upon manila paper are very effective. Miss Hill yesterday placed them around the edge of the blackboard and the children were very happy with the appearance of the work they had done. The pupils also had an interesting lesson on the leaves which had been pressed since last October. They were pasted on manila board. A drawing lesson on the solids which have been studied in the Speer numbers proved to be very beneficial and the drawings will be made a very useful decoration. One warm afternoon this week the pupils in Miss Hill's room became very restless. She immediately stopped regular work, for she had conceived a brilliant idea. Each child was given a square piece of paper 6x6 inches, in brilliant colors, and Miss Hill showed the pupils how to cut, fold and mount Indians on colored paper. This idea was excellent. As soon as this work was given the children overcame the restlessness and the result is that they have a bright and pretty Indian border to look at. The study of the life of the Arab on the desert has been very interesting to the children. Some language work upon the violet, dandelion and leaf, each child having his own specimen, has been a change from the regular work.

Miss Lottie Smith has compiled a large number of manuscripts and drawing done by her pupils during the year. These are very nice and reflect credit upon the work of the school in general. A large assortment of stories will be placed about the room for parents' day. Among the drawings are some very good arithmetic figures in solids. Special drawings have been done by the pupils among them being the Wakerobin, birds, dogwood, robin and others. A marked feature in all the work in Miss Smith's school is the neatness with which all of the pupils are characterized. A May calendar entitled, "An Early Breakfast" has been placed upon the blackboard and is very pretty.

Miss Margaret McConnell's fourth grade pupils yesterday morning wrote invitations to their parents to attend the parents' day exercises. Each pupil brought their own paper and envelope and wrote their own invitation to their parents. This was given as a language lesson. Besides preparing some special work in arithmetic, they have been pressing and mounting wild flowers. Yesterday afternoon clay modeling occupied the greater part of the time. Since the beginning of the year the scholars in this room have done very good composition work and drawing, which will be manifested by the appearance of the room on parents' day.

Origin of the Tomato.

The English word of direct Indian origin most frequently in use is tomato. A native of tropical or subtropical America, it was cultivated by the subjects of the Incas and Montezumas, as well as by the other semi-civilized natives, long before the advent of Europeans on this hemisphere under the name of tumatl or tomatl. Though introduced into Europe almost as early as its congener, the potato, it was many years before it made its way into popular favor. There it was first known to the English as love apple, to the French as pomme d'amour and to the Italians as pomi d'amore, and these names are still in use, perpetuating the old, widespread notion that its use as food had an influence on the amatory passions.

School Customs In China.

Many strange school customs prevail in China. The girls in that country seldom go to school unless they are the children of very rich people. School work begins before daylight, and after studying their lessons aloud for two hours the pupils recite them. They then go home to breakfast, after which they return and study again till dinner time. In the afternoon they go again to school to prepare lessons for the following day. By this time it is night. This goes on every day of the week, for there is no such thing as the Sunday holiday.

$2.00 Weekly

buys this elegant, high-grade, fully warranted

Wainwright

upright piano, made in our own factories (at New Castle, Ind., the largest piano factories in the world), the regular price of which has always been

$350, NOW $235

buys it by our new "Club Plan," no interest, no drawing. Piano delivered immediately upon signing contract, and $2 a week pays for it. Write today for free illustrated booklet explaining our new

PIANO CLUB

The B. Dreher's Sons Co.

The largest piano house in the West. Established 50 years.

THE ARCADE, CLEVELAND.

For the Field

Alsyke, Alfalfa, Medium and Mammoth Clovers. Timothy, Red Top, Orchard and Blue Grass. Field and Ensilage Corn, Canada Peas. Oats.

For the Garden.

Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Celery, Sugar Corn, Pop Corn, Cucumber, Lettuce, Musk and Water Mellons, Onion Sets and seeds, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Radish, Etc.

H. E. Moon & Co.

SEEDS

171 Fourth Street, East Liverpool, O.

Flowers.

Aster, Balsam, Batchlor's Button, Candytuft, Carnation, For-get-me-not, Morning Glory, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Verbena, etc.

Hay, Straw, Grain, Bran, Middlings, Chop, Dairy Food, Oil Meal, Flax Seed Meal, Stock Foods, Husks for Beds and Poultry Supplies.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Capital $100,000.00. Surplus and Profits, $130,000.00

DAVID BOYCE. President.
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YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

GUILTY OF CONTEMPT OF COURT

Clarence Venner, of Boston, Meets With a Nice Reception in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., May 16.—Judge Humphrey, in the United States circuit court, adjudged Clarence H. Venner, of Boston, guilty of contempt of court, fined him $1,000 and costs and in addition ordered him committed to the Sangamon county jail for a term of six months. The court denied Venner's application for an appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals and also refused to admit him to bail or to stay the execution.

Venner is president of the New England Water Works company and the Boston Water Works company, of Boston, and the Alton Water Works company, of Alton, Ill., and is a member of the banking firm of Venner & Co., of Boston.

Judge Humphrey entered an order last April commanding Venner to produce the books and other papers of the water works companies before W. M. Allen, master in chancery of the federal court in this district, in Boston in April, but Venner refused to produce the books as ordered by the court.

Venner is the person who attempted to enjoin the Pullman Palace Car company from purchasing the Wagner Car company and the latter from selling; who attempted a year ago in the New Jersey court of chancery to prevent the United States Steel company from exchanging $200,000,000 of preferred stock for 5 per cent bonds, also trying the same thing in the United States circuit court in New York; who attempted in the Massachusetts circuit court two years ago to wind up the affairs of the Amalgamated Copper company, all of which cases were thrown out of court. He now has a suit pending in the United States court in Chicago to prevent the consolidation of the Rock Island and San Francisco railroads.

Another Plot Against President.

Oakland, Cal., May 16.—The extreme diligence which was exercised by the local police in guarding President Roosevelt during his journey through and his brief visit in Oakland is now explained. Information was received of a plot which, carried out, would have meant the assassination of President Roosevelt in this city. Wednesday night Mayor Olney received a communication signed "K. N.," stating that Charles Girardo and Antonio Polivinco, the latter an Italian who tried to kill the emperor of Austria before St. Stephen's church in Vienna, May 13, 1867, had agreed to meet at Girardo's house to discuss the killing of the president.

Boy Arrested on Suspicion.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Samuel Phillips, a 17-year-old boy living near Mt. Joy, was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Isaac Stigler, the Rappo township hermit.

How To Tell A Swindle.

If a man tells you he can make 25 per ct. out of your money for you and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If he offers you something for nothing, set it down as a swindle. If he tells you he can cure you of disease, and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If you will exercise your own judgment, your own reason—just use a little **common sense** at all times, it is the safest guide. We tell you Life Plant cures Rheumatism, Eczama, Catarrh, Asthma, Scrofula and all **blood diseases**, and we tell you why. It does it because it purifies the **blood**, drives out the impurities and thus removes the **cause** of disease. There is no other way. Now that's common sense. The blood is the Life. Keep the blood pure, full of **life**, and the whole system will be renewed with new energy. Read this. It tells what Life Plant will do. It's from your neighbor:

Mr. J. C. Lukens, of Tippecanoe, Ohio, says: I have been greatly relieved of Nervousness, Stomach and Kidney trouble by the use of Life Plant. As a family medicine to keep the blood in order and tone up the system and prevent sickness, I think it stands at the head of the list.

Tippecanoe, March 1st, 1900.

Life Plant Renews Life. An excellent tonic for the aged. It keeps the blood young, and insures a healthy and ripe old age.

A whole month's treatment for $1.00.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE LIFE PLANT CO. CANTON, O.

FOR SALE BY WILL REED, CHAS CRAIG AND W. L. WILSON.

LEGAL

ORDINANCE 753.

An Ordinance to Provide a Clerk for The City Council of the City of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Be it ordained by the council of the city of East Liverpool, state of Ohio.

Section 1. That in pursuance of the authority conferred and the duty imposed upon this council by an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their powers of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit so as to prevent the use of such powers as required by the constitution of Ohio and to repeal all sections of the revised statutes inconsistent herewith" passed by the general assembly of Ohio in extraordinary session on the 22d day of October, 1902, it is hereby determined that there shall be a clerk for the city council of said city who shall receive a salary of $200 per year, payable monthly.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest:

WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

ORDINANCE 752.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Section 1. That an ordinance creating the office of clerk for the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest:

WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

RESOLUTION.

Declaring It Necessary to Issue And Sell Deficiency Bonds to the Amount of $59,000.

Be it resolved by the council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, that it is necessary to issue and sell the bonds of said city in the sum of fifty-nine thousand dollars ($59,000), for the purpose of meeting the deficiency in certain funds of said city, towit: General fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, and the question of issuing and selling of the said bonds in the amount aforesaid, be submitted to the electors of said city at a special election to be held for the purpose between the hours of 12 m. and 6 p. m., **Monday, the first day of June, 1903,** and that the mayor be directed to give notice of the holding of such election in the manner provided by law.

Adopted in adjourned session of council, this 14th day of May, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor of the City of East Liverpool.

Attest:

WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 7 p. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.

Morning: "A Remarkable Widow."

Evening:

Opening song service.

Scripture.

Anthem, "Wake the Song of Jubilee" ..... Hadgu

Prayer.

Solo, "Fear Ye Not, O Israel"...Buck
Mrs. Ada Laughlin Baird.

Offertory.

Duet, tenor and bass.....

Prof. H. F. Laughlin, Oliver Johnson.

Evening subject: "That at Which All Young Men and Women Should Aim—Finish and Beauty."

Benediction.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—The only Presbyterian church in the East End—10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 3 p. m., Junior; 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor.

11 a. m.: "Confidence in a Perfect Salvation."

8 p. m.: "Sufficient Grace."

First Methodist Episcopal.

First M. E. church, Fifth and Jackson streets, Rev. Dr. M. B. Pratt, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 12 m., 2 p. m. and 6:15 p. m., class meetings; 4 p. m., Junior league; 6:45 p. m., Senior league.

Morning: "Expansion."

Evening: Anniversary of the Formation of the Epworth League. Installation of league officers. The address will be on the subject, "An Old Friend in a New Age."

First M. E. church, Chester, Rev. F. C. Lindsey, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

11 a. m.: "Abiding in Love."

7:45 p. m.: Sermon appropriate to Epworth league anniversary. Installation of league officers.

A. M. E. church, Grant street, Rev. J. H. Mason, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian.

First U. P. church, Fifth and Market streets, Rev. J. C. Taggart, D. D., pastor—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting, 7 p. m.

Morning: "Love for God's House."

Thirty-fourth anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate.

Evening: "Having a Good Conscience."

Second United Presbyterian church, East End, Rev. D. W. McQuiston, pastor—Morning service at 11; evening service at 8; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian church, Chester, Rev. W. B. Gillis, pastor.

Protestant Episcopal.

St. Stephen's church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—Fifth Sunday after Easter—7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 9:45 a. m., bible class; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon, subject, "The Ascension." 4:30 p. m., baptismal service; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, "The Pioneers of the American Church."

Catholic.

St. Aloysius' church, corner Fifth and Jefferson streets, Rev. T. M. Smyth, pastor. Services at 8 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Third and Jackson streets, J. G. Reinartz, pastor. Morning services in German at 10:30; English evening service at 8; Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.; Luther League at 6:45 p. m.

Morning: "Jacob's Prayer and God's Nearness."

Evening: "Belshazzar's Feast, or the Doom of Sacrilege."

Methodist Protestant.

First M. P. church, Dr. David Jones, pastor. 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service; 3 p. m., class meeting; 3:30 p. m., Junior Endeaworers; 8 p. m., evening service.

First Baptist.

First Baptist church, Fifth street, Rev. H. H. Bawden, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.; preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Baptist mission school in Bloom's hall, at Chester at 2:30 p. m. Preaching service at 3:15 p. m. Tuesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30.

Christian Church.

Christian church, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Rev. J. W. Gorrell, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "The Refining Power of Affliction."

Evening: "The Spirit of Christian Service."

Second Christian church, East End, Larkins and Ferguson hall, Rev. C. A. Kleeberger, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Christian church, Chester, Rev. F. M. Pitman, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; morning service, 10:45 a. m.; evening service, 8 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 7 a. m.

Morning: "Practical Thoughts for Christians."

Evening: "The Harvest Is Past; the Summer Is Ended and We Are Not Saved."

Seventh Day Adventists.

Meetings every Sabbath (Saturday) in K. G. E. hall on Fifth street. Sabbath school at 2 p. m.; preaching at 3 p. m. Sunday evening lecture at 7:30.

Salvation Army.

Hall on Fourth street, between Market and Jackson. 10:30 holiness meeting; 1.30 p. m., Sunday school; 3 p. m., Hosanna; 8 p. m., Salvation.

Major Bonnett, of Cleveland, who is general secretary and assistant to Col. Holtz, of this district of the Salvation Army, will have charge of the services at the local barracks this evening and Sunday. Major Bonnett will be here for the purpose of making an inspection of the work of the corps in this city. The services for tomorrow will be held at 10:30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 8 p. m. All are invited to attend.

Union Chapel.

McKinley avenue Union Chapel, Rev. A. A. Steele, pastor. Preaching service at 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

Free Methodist.

Avondale street, J. W. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Chester Free Methodist.

Rev. Sarah E. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

WELLSVILLE CHURCHES.

Church of the Immaculate Conception, Rev. Father Daniel B. Crotty, rector. First mass and sermon at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 a. m.; high mass and sermon at 10 a. m.; vesper, sermon and benediction, at 7 p. m.

First Christian church, Rev. W. C. Prewitt, pastor. Preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Bible school at 9 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.

First M. E. church, Rev. C. E. Clark, pastor. Bible school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior league at 2 p. m.; Senior league, at 6 p. m.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 5 p. m.; Senior C. E. at 6. p. m.

Methodist Protestant church, Rev. Lemoine C. Wells, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 p. m.; Senior Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.

First Evangelical church, Rev. W. A. Vandersall, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m., preaching at 10:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at Third street Bethel mission at 2 p. m.; Young People's Alliance at 6:15 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal church of the Ascension, Rev. Russell R. Caulk in charge—Sunday school at 9 a. m.; morning prayer at 10:15 a. m.; evening prayer at 7 p. m.

The Annual Income

For life that you would like to leave your wife, and the amount in cash you would like to have returned to you, if you survive the period of limited payments—give these facts and the ages of both, in writing for terms on this contract, devised and introduced by The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

This Company ranks
First—In Age.
First—In Assets.
First—In Amount Paid Policy-holders.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Walter R. Gilbert, Manager, Cleveland.
THOS. P. FLEESON,
Special Representative.

ANOTHER MURDER IN STEUBENVILLE

Two Italians Shot, One Being Killed. The Shooters Escaped.

Steubenville, May 16.—Battisti Silvestre is dead at the morgue, while his brother has one bullet hole in his body and another through his arm. Three men who did the shooting escaped, and very little information of the route they took can be learned, though hills, houses and hollows have been searched.

The shooting took place in an Italian saloon on Washington street and the man killed was a partner in the saloon business.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Bag Blue. Large package, only 5c.

HUSTLING AT AMBRIDGE

United States Steel Corporation Preparing to Make Beaver County a Center of Industry.

It was announced in Pittsburg yesterday that, beginning with next week, 100 more men would be added to the pay roll of the great central plant of the American Bridge company, now building at Ambridge, near Economy, Beaver county, every week between now and the first of the year.

This sudden pushing of work on the United State Steel Corporation's hugest enterprise about Pittsburg carries out the rumor, prevalent when the entire 2,600 acre tract of the old Economy society, including the town of Economy, was sold the first of the month, that the United States Steel Corporation was preparing to extend the Ambridge improvements, and that several more great plants would follow the central bridge works in the neighborhood of Economy.

The bridge company is ambitious to see a model town made in connection with the bridge works at Ambridge. The town site is a part of the old Economy tract—the first ever to go on the market since the society, during its prosperous days, always refused to make any sub-division. There is a park, with boulevards and paved streets—all the improvements being well along toward completion. The first sale of lots at the new plan will be on Saturday of next week, when a free excursion is announced to the new town from Wellsville, East Liverpool and all points between here and Pittsburg. The points where tickets may be obtained will be announced later. The first announcement of this excursion appears in today's News Review.

A LARGE CONTRACT

What B. C. Ansley Wants Every Person in East Liverpool To Do.

When B. C. Ansley, the enterprising druggist, first offered a 50 cent package of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia at half price, and guaranteed to return the money if it did not cure, he thought it probable from his experience with other medicines for these diseases, that he would have a good many packages returned. But although he has sold hundreds of bottles, not one has been brought back.

B. C. Ansley wants every person in East Liverpool who has constipation, headaches, or liver trouble to come to his store or send him 25 cents by mail and get 60 doses of the best medicine ever made at half the regular price, with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

To those suffering with dizziness, headache, poor digestion, constipation and straining, Dr. Howard's specific ofiers quick relief. It is an invaluable boon to all who feel uncomfortable after eating, and is today the popular dinner pill in all the large cities.

Mr. Ansley is giving the people of East Liverpool a great opportunity to obtain a reliable remedy at small cost if it cures and at no expense at all if it does not cure.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Back Ache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"A gravel lodged in my bladder. After using a few bottles of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure I passed a gravel half as large as a marble. The medicine prevented further formations. I was cured.
W. T. OAKES, Orrix, Va."

Druggists 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

LETTER FROM MILES

General States He Went to Philippines in Official Character.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM PRESIDENT

Cruelties in Archipelago Not Warranted—Offenses Committed by Order of Certain Officers—Soldiers Protested Against Wanton Crimes.

New York, May 16.—The Army and Naval Journal prints a letter from General Nelson A. Miles in which the writer says that he went to the Philippine islands not as a tourist, but in an official character, and that instructions addressed to him as lieutenant general "commanding the army" came from the highest authority, viz, the president, in which he was directed to give especial attention to the instruction, discipline and supplies of the army.

In referring to his official report on the Philippines General Miles says that "no one can have a more sacred regard for the honor of the army than myself."

Coming to the subject of cruelties in the Philippines, General Miles' letter reads as follows:

"It is idle to assume that campaigning in the Philippines has conditions that warrant resort to medieval cruelty and a departure from the honorable method of conducting warfare and that such departures as have existed should be overlooked and condoned.

"It is most gratifying that the serious offenses have not been committed by the soldiers unless they were under the direct orders of certain officers who were responsible. Soldiers have withheld fire when ordered to shoot prisoners, protested against acts of cruelty, and written to relatives at home urging them to take action to put a stop to those crimes. It will ever be one of the glories of the army that such deeds, committed by whatever authority, are abhorrent to the American soldier. The officers who are responsible, using chiefly cruel macabebes, do not by any means constitute the American army and there must be a very unmistakable line drawn between the great body of honorable and faithful officers and brave soldiers, whose records have been commendable, and those of whatever station, whose acts have received and should receive the earnest condemnation of all honorable men."

COMPANIES FORM COMBINATION

Proposed Incorporation of Sixteen Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania Concerns.

Indianapolis, May 16.—A gigantic gas and oil combination to include 16 Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania concerns, and capitalized at $6,000,000, will be incorporated in Pennsylvania immediately. It will be known as the Pittsburg Gas and Oil company.

The combination includes the following companies: Manufacturers' Gas company, Indianapolis; Alexandria Gas company, Alexandria, Ind.; Marion Gas and Oil company, Marion, Ind.; Wabash Pipe Line company, Wabash, Ind.; Hartford Gas company, Hartford City, Ind.; Clinton Oil company, Clinton, Pa.; Southern Oil company, Pittsburg; Delmer Oil company, Pittsburg; Lancaster-Depew Gas company, Lancaster, O.; Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas company, Clarion, O.; Cameron Gas company, Cameron, W. Va.; River Gas company, Marietta, O.; Buckeye State Gas company, Columbus, O.; Corsicana Gas company, Corsicana, O. Two smaller concerns are also in the deal.

The deal is a continuation of the one planned several months ago, when the Manufacturers' Gas company, of this city, went out of the gas business.

Theodore N. Barnsdall, of Pittsburg, is president of the new corporation and for some time has been one of the largest independent gas and oil lease owners in the state. The present deal makes him a formidable rival of the Standard Oil company in this field.

Suicided After Trying to Kill His Wife.

Akron, O., May 16.—Lewis Dice went home under the influence of liquor and after attempting to kill his wife, went upstairs and cut his throat, dying in 10 minutes. His wife lies unconscious and it is believed that she cannot recover. Her jaw is broken and she is seriously cut about the head and face.

Burial of Richard Henry Stoddard.

New York, May 16.—Accompanied by a small party of the dead poet's most intimate friends, the body of Richard Henry Stoddard was taken to Sag Harbor, where it was interred close to the bodies of Mr. Stoddard's wife and son.

Doctors Make No Mistakes.

Patient—But, doctor, only last week you said I would surely die, and today you see I am as well as I ever was.

Doctor—Sir, I never make a mistake in a diagnosis. Your ultimate demise is only a matter of time.—Chicago News.

A Strong Hint.

Hardupp—Say, old man, I believe I owe you an apology.

Freeman—Well, I've heard it called a V, a fiver, a finuf plunks and five bones, but never an apology before!

Choosing a Wife

A Man Can't Pick His Mother, but He Can Pick His Son's Mother

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer. By permission of Small, Maynard & Co., Publishers, Boston.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged even, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married. But a twelve dollar clerk who owes $52 for roses needs a keeper more than a wife. I want to say right here that there always comes a time to the fellow who blows $52 at a lick on roses when he thinks how many staple groceries he could have bought with the money. After all, there's no fool like a young fool, because in the nature of things he's got a long time to live.

I suppose I'm fanning the air when I ask you to be guided by my judgment in this matter, because while a young fellow will consult his father about buying a horse he's cocksure of himself when it comes to picking a wife. Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor, with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's talking. While a man doesn't see much of a girl's family when he's courting he's apt to see a good deal of it when he's housekeeping, and while he doesn't marry his wife's father there's nothing in the marriage vow to prevent the old man from borrowing money from him, and you can bet if he's old Job Dashkam he'll do it. A man can't pick his own mother, but he can pick his son's mother, and when he chooses a father-in-law who plays the bucketshops he needn't be surprised if his own son plays the races.

Never marry a poor girl who's been raised like a rich one. She's simply traded the virtues of the poor for the vices of the rich without going long on their good points. To marry for money or to marry without money is a crime. There's no real objection to marrying a woman with a fortune, but there is to marrying a fortune with a woman.

While you are at it, there's nothing like picking out a good looking wife, because even the handsomest woman looks homely sometimes, and so you get a little variety. But a homely one can only look worse than usual. Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man. (I want to say right here that to get any sense out of a proverb I usually find that I have to turn it wrong side out.) Then, too, if a fellow's bound to marry a fool, and a lot of men have to if they're going to hitch up into a well matched team, there's nothing like picking a good looking one.

I believe in short engagements and long marriages. I don't see any sense in a fellow's sitting around on the mourner's bench with the sinners after he's really got religion. The time to size up the other side's strength is before the engagement.

Some fellows propose to a girl before they know whether her front and her back hair match and then holler that they're stuck when they find that she's got a cork leg and a glass eye as well.

They start out on the principle that married people have only one meal a day and that of fried oysters and tutti frutti ice cream after the theater. Naturally a girl's got her better nature and her best complexion along under those circumstances. But the really valuable thing to know is how she approaches ham and eggs at 7 o'clock a. m. and whether she brings her complexion with her to the breakfast table. And these fellows make a girl believe that they're going to spend all the time between 8 and 11 o'clock p. m. for the rest of their lives holding 140 pounds, live weight, in their lap and saying that it feels like a feather. The thing to find out is whether, when one of them gets up to holding a ten pound baby in his arms for five minutes, he's going to carry on as if it weighed a ton.

TRADING ON NOTHING

That's What "Old Gorgon Graham" Calls Speculation

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer

Now, I want to give you that tip on the market. There are several reasons why it isn't safe for you to trade on 'change just now, but the particular one is that Graham & Co. will fire you if you do. Trading on margin is a good deal like paddling around the edge of the old swimming hole—it seems safe and easy at first, but before a fellow knows it he has stepped off the edge into deep water. The wheat pit is only thirty feet across, but it reaches clear down to hell. And trading on margins means trading on the ragged edge of nothing. When a man buys, he's buying something that the other fellow hasn't got. When a man sells, he's selling something that he hasn't got. And it's been my experience that the net profit on nothing is nit. When a speculator wins, he don't stop till he loses, and when he loses he can't stop till he wins.

You have been in the packing business long enough now to know that it takes a bull thirty seconds to lose his hide; and if you'll believe me when I tell you that they can skin a bear just as quick on 'change, you won't have a board of trade Indian using your pelt for a rug during the long winter months.

Because you are the son of a pork packer you may think that you know a little more than the next fellow about paper pork. There's nothing in it. The poorest men on earth are the relations of millionaires. When I sell futures on 'change they're against hogs that are traveling into dry salt at the rate of one a second, and if the market goes up on me I've got the solid meat to deliver. But, if you lose, the only part of the hog which you can deliver is the squeal.

I wouldn't bear down so hard on this matter if money was the only thing that a fellow could lose on 'change. But if a clerk sells pork and the market goes down he's mighty apt to get a lot of ideas with holes in them and bad habits as the small change of his profits. And if the market goes up he's likely to go short his self respect to win back his money.

I dwell a little on this matter of speculation because you've got to live next door to the board of trade all your life, and it's a safe thing to know something about a neighbor's dogs before you try to pat them. Sure Things, Straight Tips and Dead Cinches will come running out to meet you, wagging their tails and looking as innocent as if they hadn't just killed a lamb, but they'll bite. The only safe road to follow in speculation leads straight away from the board of trade on the dead run.

Of course the board of trade and every other commercial exchange have their legitimate uses, but all you need to know just now is that speculation by a fellow who never owns more pork at a time than he sees on his breakfast plate isn't one of them. When you become a packer you may go on 'change as a trader; until then you can go there only as a sucker.

"OLD GORGON'S" ALPHABET

Some Modern Maxims by John Graham, Pork Packer

Compiled From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to his Son," by George Horace Lorimer

A tactful man can pull the stinger from a bee without getting stung.

Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man.

Clothes don't make the man, but they make all of him except his hands and face during business hours.

Duty means something unpleasant which the other fellow ought to do.

Easiest way to make enemies is to hire friends.

Fools will turn out fools whether they go to college or not.

Give most men a good listener and most women enough note paper, and they'll tell all they know.

Hot air can take up a balloon a long ways, but it can't keep it there.

If you give some fellows a talent wrapped in a napkin to start with in business, they would swap the talent for a gold brick and lose the napkin.

Just to be sociable some men will eat a little food now and then, but what they really live on is tobacco.

Knowing how to be humble is a heap more important than knowing how to be proud.

Loyalty is the one commodity that hasn't any market value, and it's the one you can't pay too much for.

Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's taking.

Never threaten, because a threat is a promise to pay that isn't always convenient to meet, but if you don't make it good it hurts your credit.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married.

Pulling from above and boosting from below make climbing easy.

Quick to fire, slow to hire—when you've found you've hired the wrong man you can't get rid of him too quick.

Remember that when you're right you can afford to keep your temper and that when you're wrong you can't afford to lose it.

Say less than the other fellow and listen more than you talk, for when a man's listening he isn't telling on himself, and he's flattering the fellow who is.

The fellow who has to break open the baby's bank toward the last of the week for car fare isn't going to be any Russell Sage.

Unmarried men are a good deal like a piece of unimproved real estate—they aren't of any particular use except to build on.

Vacation of two weeks enough to make a sick boy well or a lazy one lazier.

Whenever any one offers to let you in on the ground floor it's a pretty safe rule to take the elevator to the roof garden.

X-ample is only a small part of a manager's duties.

You can trust a woman's taste on everything except men, and it's mighty lucky that she slips up there or we'd pretty nigh all be bachelors.

Zulus, explained the deacon, are deprived of twenty-five helpful little tracts every time you smoke a two bit cigar.

Baby

Weighed Only Five Pounds.

Restless, Cried Day and Night.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Wonders, Cured Her.

A little over two years ago I had a little, nervous baby who weighed only five pounds at birth. At first she was restless and cross and after she was four weeks old she cried day and night, and would not sleep without narcotics. She was so nervous that we did not dare to move when she did sleep a short time, as she would wake screaming as though she was going to have a fit. We called a doctor; he called it infantile colic; said he could relieve her, could not cure her. After a short time the effect of his medicine wore off and I was in despair. I tried all known home remedies and innumerable patent medicines. At last I gave her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and she was easy and slept without narcotics. Since that time I have used a dozen bottles and would not be without it. I am now giving it to another baby and it has the same effect, immediate relief always."—Mrs. Vincent Zidek, Verona, N. D.

"Three years ago I was taken with nervous prostration, which brought on heart trouble, and my heart would palpitate at every little noise. I had smothering spells so that at times I would nearly sink away. I got one bottle each of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and I could feel good results from the first few doses. They have since effected a permanent cure. I recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies to all who suffer as I did."—Mrs. G. C. James, Fairmont, Nebraska.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HOTEL WALSH

Everything New.

Beds finest in the world. Softest and cleanest. Finest Pool Room in the State. Bar in connection. Fine line of Tobacco and Cigars.

J. C. WALSH, Prop.

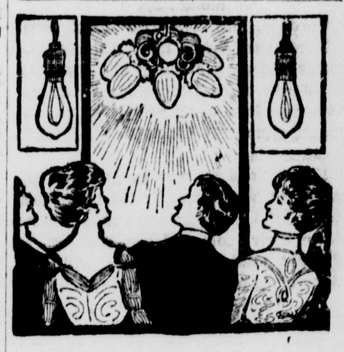
110-112 Sixth St.

"Turns Back Time in Its Flight."

HAY'S HAIR HEALTH Heals all scalp diseases. Stops itching and cures dandruff. Quickens and renews hair growth. Brings back youthful color, quantity and beauty. Not a dye. Sample, postage for FREE trial. Write to PHILO HAY CO., 229 Lafayette st., New York. If your hair is falling out or decorated CURES DANDRUFF

PATENTS Protect Your Ideas. Consultation free. Fee dependent on success. Est. 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & Co., 814 14th St., Washington, D. C.

Wanted Salesman Liberal inducements. Prices low. Address THE HAWKS NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.



They All Admire

the beauty and brilliance of a room illuminated by electricity. It saves work, too, for the room will be clean and there won't be any grease or smell. The Electric Light recommends itself by its excellence.

The Ceramic City Light Co.,

177 Washington Street.

LEGAL.

PROBATE COURT NOTICE.

The State of Ohio, Columbiana County, ss. } In the Probate Court.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in said court and will be for hearing on

May 22, 1903.

EXECUTORS.

First and final account of B. M. French, executor of the estate of Barzillai French, deceased.

First and final account of Ledge Riddle, executor of the estate of Mary E. Whitacre, deceased.

ADMINISTRATORS.

First account of Joseph Gottschalk, administrator of the estate of Stephen Gerolep, deceased.

Second and final account of Peter Y. Brown, administrator of the estate of Jacob Y. Brown, deceased.

J. A. MARTIN,
Probate Judge.

Published in the Evening News Review for three consecutive weeks, commencing May 9, 1903.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Same Old Offense—Peter Cassiday and Dave Doherty were arrested again yesterday for being drunk. Both have been before the mayor before this week and will be kept confined until Monday.

Baptismal Service — The private baptismal service of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Goodwin will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin on Pennsylvania avenue. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Dr. Pratt in the presence of the immediate relatives.

Public Service Board Met—The board of public service held a short meeting last evening. President Taylor was not present owing to his absence from the city. W. L. Smith acted as chairman and a number of bills were ordered paid. A discussion of the various questions that have arisen was indulged in, but no action was taken, and the board adjourned to meet with council, the board of public safety and the tax commission on Monday night, when matters of interest to the several boards will be taken up.

IN PROBATE COURT

Wills Filed and Orders in Relation to Various Escates Issued.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The will of the late William Bayley, of Lisbon, has been filed for probate, to be heard May 21.

Martha A. Frasier, of Inverness, as guardian of Maxwell Silsan, has filed a new bond in the sum of $1,600, and it has been approved.

Phoebe Allen, as administratrix of the estate of the late Asa W. Allen, of Perry township, has been given an order for the private sale of real estate.

The will of the late Margaret Worcester, of East Liverpool, has been admitted to probate. Thomas L. D. Worcester, her husband, is named as executor without bond.

Coopers' Meeting.

The regular meeting of local No. 71, International Union of Coopers, met in regular session last night in Fowler's hall. A majority of the members were present and business of importance was transacted.

TORONTO MINERS ARE ON A STRIKE

Cease Work Awaiting Operators' Answer to Their Demand for More Pay.

Toronto, May 16.—The local coal miners, numbering 100 men, are virtually out on a strike while awaiting a definite answer from the operators. The men last week asked for an increase from 62½ cents to 70 2-7 cents a ton for mining.

For various reasons no positive answer has been made by the operators, and in the meantime the men threw down their tools and are idle. It is thought that the operators will consider and grant the demands.

Plaintiff Gets the Money.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Ohio ex rel. Lena Carlisle against Ed. Shive was decided yesterday, Judge Ambler ordering the garnishee, L. R. Cope, to pay to the plaintiff all moneys due from Cope to the defendant on the sale of the defendant's interest in the firm of Cope & Shive, amounting to about $700.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Are You Willing to Learn.

No, the man doesn't live who "knows it all:" and if you are one of those who believes he does, we give up all hope of trying to have you think as we do about modern ways of doing business. In these days of rapid transit the firm that does the BIG BUSINESS does it on quick sales and small profits. This is just where the cash system has the advantage over the credit. We do not have to figure on losses of this kind and can afford to sell you better shoes for the same prices than stores doing a credit business.

Try the cash plan.

The Sleepless Shoe Co.

In the Diamond

SALE OF CITY BONDS MADE LAST NIGHT

ATTORNEY GEORGE GASTON BUYS FOR CLEVELANDERS.

A Premium of $200 for the $32,701 issue Offered And Accepted.

The finance committee of council, Chairman Bullock, Messrs. Johnston and Cannon, held its first meeting at the city hall last evening. Mayor Weaver, Councilman Moon and City Auditor Davidson met with them. The object of the meeting was to consider a bid on the sale of bonds of the city amounting to $32,701.11 and after a lengthy discussion it was decided to recommend to council that a Cleveland firm, represented by Attorney George A. Gaston, formerly of this city, be awarded the bonds.

Attorney Gaston was in the city last week conferring with the city auditor respecting the bonds and made known at the time that he would offer a premium of $150 for them, but before the meeting he made notification that he would give $200. In consideration of the fact that when the bonds were offered for sale a few weeks ago the highest premium offered was $77, the committee thought it advisable to accept the bid of the Cleveland company and will favor the sale to that company.

The bonds referred to are for the payment of the cost of the improvement of Sugar alley, Baldwin alley, Drury lane, Church alley, Cherry alley, Peach alley, Trentvale street, Calcutta street, College street and Summit lane. A few weeks ago bids were submitted by several firms for the purchase of the bonds, but all were turned down and it was ordered that another date be set for the receiving of bids. It is very likely that they will go to Mr. Gaston. They run for five years. Those on Calcutta street will begin to mature on June 1 and the remainder about February 1, 1904.

The committee feels that President Horwell did not appoint enough members on the committee and will recommend that he appoint one more. They argue that it is customary to have four members on the finance committee and are desirous of having the additional one appointed.

MR. PATTERSON'S NOTICE TO THE CITY SOLICITOR

Not Instigated By the United Power Company—Opposed to Any Line Up Kossuth Street.

In an interview with Monroe Patterson this morning that gentleman, in answer to an insinuation that his action against the proposed new railway was instigated by the United Power company, said:

"Before leaving for California in February last, I instructed my attorneys to begin action if an attempt was made to build a street car line up Kossuth street or Pennsylvania avenue by any one, whether Mr. Smith or Mr. Healy. My recent notice to the solicitor was in line with that instruction and to prepare the way for my action as a taxpeyer, and I certainly expect to act if any attempt is made to build the line up those streets.

"You may say for me that for the last 25 years it has never been necessary for me to be 'backed' by any one, and in all this time no article of mine has ever appeared in any newspaper under an assumed name. This is all I care to say about the matter."

Bites by rabid dogs are not frequent, but their imminent possibility was shown in New York city recently when no fewer than 20 children were bitten by a dog which ran wild on the streets. The treatment of such wounds is told, and much other useful knowledge given, in "Accidents," one of the series of medical hand books being issued by the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York. The book will be sent on request to any who address the Home Office of the company, New York city. 116-h

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—One heavy draft team with harness and three good driving horses. Sisterville horses. Apply to L. H. Logan, at Rinehart's livery, Seventh street. 116-f

WANTED—Three rubbers and three cutters at once. Steady position. Cartwright Bros. company. 116-f

WANTED—Lady agents; salary, $1 a day; pay daily. Apply at 235 St. George street Monday at 10 a. m. 116-h

WANTED—Transferers for printing machines. Apply at the Globe pottery. 116-f

WANTED—An experienced cutter for Monday morning at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery. 116-h

WANTED—Washing at 272 College street. Satisfaction guaranteed. 22c a dozen. 116-f

FOR RENT—A four room house, 373 Lincoln avenue. 116-f

SOCIAL EVENTS

STAFFORD-THOMPSON

A Wedding of Much Interest in This City to Take Place in New York.

A notable and elegant but quiet wedding which will take place in New York next Monday evening will be the marriage of Mrs. Ida Knowles Stafford and Jefferson DeMont Thompson, of New York city. This event will be of interest to many of the East Liverpool citizens, who were friends and intimate acquaintances of Mrs. Stafford when she was formerly a resident of this city.

Mr. Thompson is one of the active and well known club men in New York as well as being connected with the Equitable Life Insurance company. He was best man at the Knowles-Marshall wedding, when Mrs. Stafford's son, H. Homer Knowles, was married.

Mrs. Stafford was the daughter of the late J. T. Stockdale and was married to the late Homer Knowles, of East Liverpool, and after his death was married to Miles Stafford.

Although the wedding will be quiet, it promises to be very elaborate in design. The number of guests will be small, but from East Liverpool Mr. and Mrs. Homer Knowles will be in attendance. Following the wedding the bride and groom will tour in Europe, returning in the fall.

Shultz-Polk.

The marriage of Frederick Polk, of Pittsburg, and Miss Louise Shultz, of Ripon, Wis., will take place this evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the groom's brother, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Polk, of Thompson avenue. The ceremony will be performed in the presence of a large number of friends by Rev. J. G. Reinartz, the Lutheran ring ceremony being used. The bride and groom will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Polk, of this city, after the wedding.

Pleasant Surprise.

Fully 25 or 30 ladies of the Home and Foreign Missionary societies of the First M. E. church assembled at the home of Mrs. Almira Shaffer on Second street last evening and most agreeably surprised her. As the event was designed to be a surprise party, the ladies each took their refreshments. As a token of the esteem in which Mrs. Shaffer is held by these ladies, a purse containing $35 was presented to her. A most delightful evening was spent by all those who were present.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

H. G. Bailey, mattress renovating, Crook, agent.

The Moore Furniture company, furniture, carpets, etc.

G. R. Pattison, commencement and wedding presents.

The Boston Store, fashion letter.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co., white goods, parasols, fans, etc.

The Sleepless Shoe company, cash system.

Heddleston Bros., ice cream sandwiches.

Killed By Bolomen.

Manila, May 16.—(Special)—Capt. Clough Overton, Fifteenth Cavalry, and Private Harry Noyes are reported killed in a bolo rush at Sucullan, Mindanao.

The Great May Clothing Sale for Men and Boys.

No Old Cheap Goods Made for Fake Sales.

But all nice and reliable, clean made goods, made to our order for our trade only We can not afford to ruin our reputation with trashy goods. Remember we sell Moore & Beirs' Tailor Made Clothing that has no equal.

A. G. Minehart,

Fifth Street, Hard's Old Stand, East Liverpool, Ohio.

"No Clothing Fits Like Ours"

THE BOSTON STORE

FASHION TABLOIDS.

Weekly letter from our New York correspondent, May 14, 1903.

Women who cannot afford to indulge in many costumes should avoid novelties. It is well to keep closely to one color, and that year after year. By observing this rule one may avoid being known by the same old gown that has been appearing time and time again. Another benefit to be derived is that, being all of the same color, or different shades of the same color, two or three dresses may be mingled in one.

Of all the fabrics offered for wear during the coming Summer, it is the light wools, such as veilings and etamines—the pongees and Tussore silks, and the linens that will prove the most useful.

Better no collar at all, even in a season when the collar is indispensible to the smart blouse, than a misshapen neck or shoulder drapery. Too much pains cannot be taken in fashioning a cloth pattern before the fabric to be used is touched. If linen is used, a simple and inexpensive plan is to insert lace or embroidered medallions outlining the edges with linen soutache braid or fagotting the insets in. The edge of the collar, in this case, is usually bordered with lace let in irregularly.

Shirring in all its forms is a veritable mania and one cannot go wrong in using it freely.

The woman whom sloping shoulders suit will do well to wear a wide fichu and elbow sleeves of lace or net over blouse, in which case the lower part of the blouse sleeves should be very full.

Braids of all kinds are used on all materials this year and the woman who makes up wash gowns for herself and her children should turn her attention to the wash braids.

It is worthy of note that undergarments are partaking of modern improvement, and that every season finds undervests, corset covers and tights of moderate cost in choice woolen and silk mixed weaves that add less and less to the size of their wearers.

FRANCIS FIELD.

Store News About

Merchandise Underpriced.

On sale today 100 pieces of 5 inch wide, 50c grade of all silk Parisian Pattern Ribbons for neckwear and sashes at half price, **25¢** a yard.

Our New York representative this week made a very desirable purchase of Silk Mousseline de Soie Wash Dress Goods. The material was made for a 35c a yard retailer. He cleaned up the lot and they are now on the wash good counter at **25¢** a yard.

Special sale of all Tailor-Made Suits at big reductions.

New Neckwear, new SilkGloves, new Fans, new Waists and New Shirt Waist Suits for Saturday and Monday's selling.

2 boxes of 25c Talcum Powder—one box each of Mennen's and Colgate's—for 25c, or half price, for Saturday and Monday.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Continued from First Page.

Europe car produce. A pottery plant in working order would be a feature of the exposition and would attract world wide attention. Some of the finest pottery in the world is made right here in Trenton but outside the trade there are few who know the skill of Jersey workmen."

The Tale of a Tail.

A writer in tracing the ancestry of the dog to wolf and jackal notices typical differences in the case of their eyes, their body colors and markings, the habit of turning around before lying down and other interesting peculiarities, but he does not mention the most striking and infallible way of distinguishing them—namely, by the fashion in which they carry their tails.

Wolves and coyotes have a sneaking way of carrying their tails low, almost dragging on the ground, while dogs carry their tails up, and the farther removed they are from the feral type the higher they carry them. Shepherds and collies, which retain many of their racial characteristics, carry their tails lowest of all; setters and pointers a degree or two higher, stiffening out straight when drawing on game; terriers and hounds elevate their tails to the spinal line; St. Bernards and Newfoundlands affect a curve over the back, while pugs actually come to a full twist. An old plainsman could tell a wolf or coyote as far as he could see him, and in buffalo days this was a most useful indication of buffalo herds being not far away. These predatory creatures always followed a moving herd.—Forest and Stream.

Crabs and Earthquakes.

For some time previous to the day upon which the great Chilean earthquake of August, 1857, occurred great swarms of crabs of an unknown variety were seen in the bay of Payta. They all appeared to be greatly excited and were literally climbing over each other in their efforts to escape the impending calamity.

How they knew that the earthquake was collecting its strength to desolate the coast is more than man can say, but that they knew something unusual was about to happen there is no doubt whatever.

That there were millions of them may be inferred from the report of Dr. Forbes, who says that "ten days after the earthquake the dead crabs were thrown upon the beach in a wall-like line three or four feet wide along the whole extent of the bay."

News Review small ads. pay.

THE ACTIVE STOCKS

Quotations Showing How the Market Stood in New York Today.

The following table shows the prices of active stocks on the New York Stock Exchange up to 2 p. m. Corrected daily for the Evening News Review by the Penn Stock Exchange, Potters' National Bank building:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅛	63⅜
Atchison	78⅜	78⅜	77⅝	78⅛
B. & O.	91⅛	91⅛	90½	90¾
Canad. Pacific.	130⅝	130⅝	130⅝	129⅞
C. F. I.	67⅞	68	67½	67½
Ills. Central ..	137¼	137¼	137	137
Man.	140¾	140½	139⅝	140
Met.	129¾	130	129⅝	129⅝
L. & N.	116⅛	116⅛	114⅞	114⅞
M. P.	111⅛	111⅛	110½	110½
N. Y. Central.	127½	127½	127¼	127¼
P. R. R.	128⅞	128⅞	128½	128⅝
P. O.	101½	101½	100¾	101
R. I.	42	42	41½	41¾
Sug.	124½	124⅝	124¼	124¾
St. Paul	158½	158½	157⅝	157¾
T. C. I.	61	61	60	60
U. P.	88⅜	88⅜	87⅞	88½
U. S. S.	34	34	33¾	33¾
U. S. Pref. ...	83¾	83¾	83⅝	83⅞

BANK STATEHENT

For today, furnished by the Penn Stock Exchange:

Reserves, increase	$1,037,200
Loans, increase	5,859,000
Specie, decrease	295,300
Legals, increase	508,300
Deposits, increase	5,800,000
Circulation, increase	321,000

The Early Maine Schools.

The first schools in some Maine towns have been attended with romantic circumstances. The first school in Guilford, for want of a better place in which to fertilize the young idea, was held "in the loft over Captain Bennett's open shed." In Dexter the first gathering of urchins for instruction was in "Lieutenant Stafford's barn." In Corinth the first school was held in the open air under a large tree.

The first schoolroom in Exeter was perhaps as unique as any. Crotched poles were set in the ground back of Mr. Barker's barn and on these other poles were laid, while around the sides loose boards were set up on end to inclose the space where the school was held. Scholars of the present day would look askance at such conveniences.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

A Willful Misunderstanding.

Pitt was induced by Sir John Sinclair to constitute a board of agriculture toward the end of the eighteenth century and make him the president. Having enjoyed his office for a few years, Sinclair began to desire promotion in the social scale. "Dear Mr. Pitt," he wrote to the prime minister, "don't you think the president of the board of agriculture should be a peer?"

"Dear Sir John Sinclair," replied Pitt, "I entirely agree with you. I have therefore appointed Lord Somerville to succeed you as president of the board of agriculture."

Sir John Sinclair went about wringing his hands and exclaiming: "Dear me, dear me! It was such a willful misunderstanding!"—Fortnightly Review.

Lucidly Explained.

The colonel stopped his team before the cabin of an Arkansas squatter to say to the man sitting on a log at the door:

"When I was along here a month ago and asked you how far it was to Colfax, you said it was twelve miles. It's only nine. Why didn't you say nine?"

"It was the old woman's fault," replied the squatter. "I wasn't suah whether it was nine or twelve, and so I went in and axed her. She reckoned it was twelve, and I had to reckon the same or have a row. When I reckoned as she reckoned, she reckoned that you'd reckon it was twelve miles nigh enough, and I reckon you reckoned that way."

Why Pay 15 Cents When You Can Get X-Cel-O Flakes for 10c

ASK YOUR GROCER.

W. A. WEAVER,

Wholesale Distributor,

199 and 201 Washington Street.

CAFE

Come Any Time. Steak Just Right

THE STAG

125-127 2nd St. Next to B. R. Station

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

Phones—Bell 180, C. C. 56

Home Owning VS. House Hunting

Unfortunate,
Wasn't it that
You had to move?
You had to go,
Because you did
Not own the house.
The remedy is
Within your reach.
We have a choice
Line of properties
On Second, Third,
Fourth, Fifth,
Sixth and Seventh
Streets, in the
West End, in the
East End, North
Side, Thompson
Hill, Bradshaw,
Wucherer,
McKinnon and all
Other additions
Of the city at
Terms and prices
To suit you
Whatever your
Condition or
Income is.
A thousand
Persons own
Properties bought
Of us. We refer
You to them.
They did well,
You can do so too.
Times are
Prosperous and
Bid fair to continue
So. Grasp your
Opportunity now
And settle the
"House Hunting"
Question at once
And for all. Our
Prices run from
$750 for three-room
Houses; $800, $900
And $1000 for
Four-room houses;
$1100, $1200, $1300,
$1400 and $1500
For five-rooms;
And up, according
To size, location,
Etc. Where we
Can't suit you we
Will build for you.
We endeavor to
Faithfully serve
Our patrons
Interests.

TRY US.

Office open day and evening.

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Dealer in Real Estate.

Second Floor.

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Second Part.

Evening News Review.

Pages 9 to 12.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903. TWO CENTS.

TO GAIN AND MAINTAIN HONESTY AND PURITY AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS

Hon. Charles S. Speaker Earnestly Advocates the Strict Enforcement of the Laws of Ohio.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—When Hon. Charles S. Speaker, of this city, was called to preside temporarily over the mass convention of Republicans in the common pleas court room Tuesday afternoon during the interim between the adpournment of the old county central committee and the organization of the new, his declaration that every scoundrel who tampers with the sanctity of the ballot box should be prosecuted was vigorously applauded.

This is the keynote of Mr. Speaker's views on primary election corruption in this county, and judging from the applause his utterance evoked, Republicans throughout the county are heartily tired of the loose method which has begotten the prevailing corrupt practices and are ready to enforce honesty and purity at the primaries. Mr. Speaker favors a continuance of the present system under a strict enforcement of the law, which he has recently given much research. He had intended expressing himself at greater length than his address Tuesday, but found time would not permit. The News Review correspondent, however, had an interesting interview with Mr. Speaker on the subject and his views together with some legal citations, are well worthy the attention of every Republican voter in the county.

As the suggestion for the adoption of the delegate system has reached merely a tentative stage, it is quite appropriate that its advantages and disadvantages together with those features of the present system be given sober and intelligent consideration at this time. It is the consensus of opinion here and in most parts of the county that the delegate system will not be satisfactory to the voters as a permanent method of making nominations, and indeed is agitated only as a measure for temporary relief. In view of these facts it is the opinion of many having at heart the welfare of the party that the present system of primary elections should be continued strictly under the laws governing elections which, it is Mr. Speaker's belief, the party in this county has the moral stamina to enforce. Should a trial of this plan prove a failure, the people would doubtless be more ready to turn to the delegate system.

In the course of his conversation Mr. Speaker dwelt on the present marvelous efficiency of the Republican national organization, perfected by McKinley and sustained by Roosevelt; its fulfillment of all pledges; the keeping of its faith with the people; its grappling with the trusts; its forward and strenuous endeavor to secure equitable relations between capital and labor, as instanced in the anthracite coal strike, all of which, he said, stand unequaled in political annals. The county which President McKinley drew on so long for his pluralities in the old Eighteenth and which he honored by representing in congress, said Mr. Speaker, shared something of his glory and his life's achievement and should be kept above stain or the suspicion of corruption.

A few years ago when Mr. Speaker uttered a warning note against the growth of political chicanery in the county he called down upon himself the objurgations of those who believed the proper policy was to cloak the cancer and let it eat. It prognosticates well for the party, he says, that these conditions are now faced by the leaders and that the universal demand for their removal comes up from the mass of the party. The placing of them under the knife was ultimately better and safer party tactics than permitting them to lie under cover or denying their existence, and it is a hopeful party symptom that a universal demand now exists that corrupt conditions affecting nominations be crushed and smothered out.

Continuing, Mr. Speaker said: "I endorse almost any new method that will change present conditions, which are a growth of many years. I do not think, however, that the best way to meet the difficulty is by inaugurating the delegate system; at least, not initially, and not until less drastic measures prove failures. The Republican party policy has always properly and wisely been to leave the power as broadly as may be in the hands of the voters. The delegate system abridges their rights in this regard and would be objectionalbe for this reason. It would create two forces to be dealt with before securing a nomination; first, the Republican voters at the primary, or in a more restricted way, in caucus; and, second, the delegates, who indirectly and with the considerable loss of and obscuring of the direct mandate of the people, and in time probably would in contravention of it make the nomination.

"This complication does not tend to clearness or directness, nor would it probably ultimately prove beneficial to the mass of voters of the party whose will and mandate frequently will miscarry. It tends also to build up a strong machine as present chiefs and managers will absorb power from the voters and be jealous of its relinquishment. It is impossible that the delegate system, if tried, would prove satisfactory either to the voters or to the candidates. It is open to the party, if it has the virtue and courage to meet the situation boldly, to stab to death the danger menacing the party in selecting candidates.

"The statutes of the state provide stringent penalties for all bribery and improper influences brought to bear upon voters by candidates or others, for stuffing of the ballot box or for fraudulent returns. In the nest of offenses which have so long been hatching within the party and seem now so strong and dangerous, there is not one of the brood which is not within the purview of the statutes under which it can now be wholly uprooted, if the party had the bravery to apply the remedy, strike whom it will. By a slight and easy preliminary procedure and publication, nominations can be held within the shield and protection of the laws governing elections. This will be a wall and seven-fold shield around the ballot box and a protection as well to the candidates from corrupt enticement.

"Section 7039 of the revised statutes provides that whoever gives any money, property, fee, or reward of any kind or nature, directly or indirectly, for the vote or for the influence of any person, in favor of or against any candidate for nomination at any election held under provisions of the law relating to primary elections, or at any primary election held by any political party, whether the same be held in pursuance of the laws relating to primary elections within this state or otherwise, shall be fined not less than $100 and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than two years.

"Section 7041 provides that whoever gives directly or indirectly any reward, fee, money or property to influence the vote of any delegate or any elector in favor of or against any candidate or for any labor for service rendered to any candidate for nomination or election or for any expense incurred, shall be fined not more than $500, and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years.

"Section 7042 provides that any candidate for nomination to any office before any convention who pays or promises to pay directly or indirectly, any money or property to any delegate for the purpose of obtaining his influence for votes for such nomination in such convention shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100, and if nominated and elected to such office shall be ineligible to hold the same and shall be disqualified from voting or being nominated at any such election or convention.

"Section 7043 provides that any supervisor or judge of election who willfully omits to perform his duty as such officer, and any party voting at such election without the qualifications for so doing or who votes more than once at such election at the same or different precincts or polls shall be fined not more than $200 or less than $50 and be imprisoned in the county jail not more than 60 nor less than 10 days, or both.

"Section 7044 provides that any candidate for office using threats, violence or bribery to secure the same or to secure any influence in his behalf shall be fined not less than $100, and if elected to the office for which he is a candidate for nomination shall be disqualified to hold the same, and the commission of any such act by such person during his candidacy for nomination shall be prima facie evidence of intent to influence voters.

"Section 7045 provides that any one voting in a precinct in which he is not an actual resident under the provisions of law shall be fined not more than $500 or imprisoned not more than six or less than three months.

"Section 7048 provides that whoever votes in a county of this state in which he has not been an actual resident for 30 days preceding the election, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7049 provides that whoever votes in this state without being qualified by legal residence to do so shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7050 provides that any one voting more than once at the same election shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7051 provides that any one voting without residence of one year in the state, not being 21 years of age, not a citizen, or convicted of crime and not pardoned, shall be imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7052 provides that whoever counsels or endeavors to procure an illegal vote knowingly shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7055 provides that whoever fraudulently puts a ballot or ticket into the ballot box shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7057 provides that any judge of election who knowingly permits any ballot or ticket fradulenly placed in the ballot box to be counted shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7058 provides that a judge of election who knowingly receives or sanctions the reception of a vote from any person not having all of the qualifications of an elector prescribed by law or who does not answer the required questions or take the prescribed oath, or refuses to receive a ballot from any one whom he knows to have the requirement of an elector required by law, or who refuses, if requested, to permit the respective candidates at such election, or not exceeding three of the friends of each of such candidates to be present in the room where the judges are during the time of receiving and counting out the ballots, and a judge or clerk of election on whom any duty is enjoined by the laws of this state relating to elections, who wilfully neglects any such duty, or is guilty of any corrupt conduct in the execution of the same shall be fined not more than $1,000 nor less than $300 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than three months."

Mr. Speaker continued: "These laws cover every crime and corrupt act which may be committed by candidates, voters or judges of election. The penalties are blistering in their severity and imprisonment is an unavoidable part of the penalty in each case in addition to a heavy fine.

"It will be seen by a glance at these laws that the ballot box may be picketed round about by protection which may not be violated. Certainly these laws will not enforce themselves if not invoked and made applicable to nominations; but I believe there is abundance of courage and virtue within the organization to enforce them for the protection of the honor and life of the party. If the executive committee would take upon itself the duty of enforcing them, having given fair notice of its intention so to do and brought the nominations within their purview, the ballot box could be kept pure and crimes which corrupt the fountain of our sovereignity prevented. If the committee desires to select a committee of Republicans and call upon them to perform this duty, there is abundant material in the party to perform the duty, receive the evidence that crime is committed and prosecute the offender. A few convictions along this line would clear the air wonderfully.

"Other sections of the law provide, upon the application of 65 per cent of the voters, for the procuring of voting machines in any precinct, city or county, which makes fraud in connection with the ballot box impossible. If any of the cities of the county show symptoms of repeating or graveyard voting, a little legislative aid will provide for registry of all voters antedating the nomination, which would tend to prevent fraud of this nature."

DR. COUNCILMAN, WHO DISCOVERED THE SMALLPOX GERM.

Dr. W. C. Councilman, professor of pathology in the Harvard Medical school, is asserted by the Boston Society of Medical Science to have discovered the germ of smallpox. It is a surprise to the medical world that the germ is a micro-organism of animal life and not one of the numerous vegetable bacteria.

DAILY GAIN IN WEIGHT

Comes to Those Who Use Mi-o-na, Says Druggist Will Reed.

The poor, emaciated dyspeptic, when he becomes plump, rosy and robust after using Mi-o-na, forgets that there is such a thing as indigestion.

Mi-o-na restores the digestive tract to a natural state of health so that it will take out of the food all of those elements which makes solid bone, firm muscle, pure blood and sufficient fat to restore beautiful and symmetrical outlines to the figure.

Nine-tenths of all the sickness, of all the loss of flesh, began in some form of indigestion. Mi-o-na puts the entire digestive system in a healthy and vigorous condition. It is not an ordinary pepsin preparation but has a direct action upon the digestive organs, removes every trace of inflammation and irritation, and enables them to extract from the food all that goes to make good blood, firm muscle, steady nerves, sound flesh and a healthy body.

Prompt relief and benefit is seen from the use of Mi-o-na, and in 98 cases out of every 100 a cure will certainly follow its faithful use. If it does not cure indigestion and dyspepsia, if it does not restore you to your proper weight, if it does not give you full vigor and vitality, Druggist Will Reed will return your money. You certainly can afford to try Mi-o-na on this guarantee.

Remember that Mi-o-na is the only medicine for the cure of dyspepsia that is sold under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

RISING BREAST

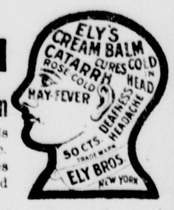
And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Penn Stock Exchange

Potters' Bank Building.

STOCKS BONDS & GRAIN

Markets Received Momentarily Over Private Wire

RBANCH PENN STOCK EXCHANGE, PITTSBURG, PA.

Telephone, Bell 36. C. C. Phone 100.

Free Trip to Europe

Free Trip to Atlantic City, or a Free Trip Up the Great Lakes.

The News Review's Unparalleled Offer to Members of

ORGANIZED LABOR

An ocean voyage of nearly three weeks, covering 6,000 miles, free transportation from East Liverpool to Philadelphia and New York and return, and a pleasant vacation on the other side of the waters, will be the prize given to the one securing the greatest number of votes in The News Review's Organized Labor Coupon Contest.

To the one securing the second largest number of votes, an outing at Atlantic City or a trip up the Great Lakes.

Who May Contest.

All members in good standing of Organized Labor living in East Liverpool, Wellsville, Lisbon, East Palestine, Salem and other towns in Columbiana County. Sebring, Ohio; Chester and New Cumberland, West Virginia.

No Conditions on Voting.

Voting is not restricted to subscribers. Anyone who brings or sends the contest coupons, properly filled out, will be entitled to vote.

How Many Can Contest.

No limit is placed on the number of contestants. Each union can furnish as many as it pleases. Should the successful candidate desire to have his wife and family accompany him, The News Review has arranged with the steamship company for special rates.

When the Contest Closes.

The contest started Saturday, March 14, and will close July 31, 6 p. m. The time for starting on the trips will be arranged as soon as possible thereafter.

Never in the history of medicine has anything been discovered to make a

COMPLETE CURE OF CHRONIC STOMACH TROUBLE

until NAU'S DYSPEPSIA CURE was found—it goes to the seat of the trouble—it removes the cause.

"I have suffered at different times during the past 10 years with the most severe attacks of indigestion and stomach trouble and until I took Nau's Dyspepsia Cure nothing really benefitted me to any extent. I consider it a great remedy and am thankful it was brought to my attention."

(Signed) Mrs. W. P. SCOTT, 155 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

For sale by druggists or direct.

PRICE $1 A BOTTLE; 6 BOTTLES, $5.

The F. Nau Company, 203 Broadway, N. Y. and Portland, Ore.
Send for booklet.

Sold at HODSON'S DRUG STORE, Cor. Fifth and Broadway.

Get the Saturday Review (weekly) to send to absent friends who want all the home news.

TO CALIFORNIA. COLONIST RATES VIA SOUTHERN PACIFIC, February 15th to June 15th, FROM

Pittsburg	$42.00
Chicago	33.00
St. Louis	30.00
New Orleans	30.00
Missouri River	25.00

California literature mailed free to any address, for full particulars apply to G. G. HERRING, Gen'l. Agt. No. 515 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, Ohio.

For Comfort and Economy USE 1903 Perfection Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves

Sold Wherever Stoves are Sold. IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HAVE THEM, WRITE TO THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY

DRINK PURE SPRING WATER I will deliver it at your door fresh every morning

R. G. BOYD

Successor to Robert Bond. Col. Phone 447. 198 Thompson Ave

THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY

C & B LINE

CONNECTING CLEVELAND and BUFFALO "WHILE YOU SLEEP"

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS "CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE"

Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Cleveland 8 P.M.	Buffalo 6:30 A.M.
Buffalo 8 "	Cleveland 6:30 "

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT. ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND.

Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.

F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent CLEVELAND, O.

BAR-BEN

THE GREAT RESTORATIVE

WILL CURE YOU.

We want all men and women who are weak to know that Bar-Ben is truly and without any exception the greatest home treatment for lost vitality and its kindred afflictions.

BAR-BEN is a true nerve tonic and blood purifier. It puts new vigor and perfect health into the weak nerves and broken down system. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and promotes refreshing sleep; body, brain and nerves are built up rapidly under its use.

BAR-BEN is the scientific, natural and positive cure for all nervous diseases, lost vitality, night emissions and excesses, the effects of over work, worry, brain fatigue, the excessive use of tobacco, opium or liquor. No matter what has caused you trouble, Bar-Ben will bring you back to health.

Don't wait another day. Get some Bar-Ben and begin taking it. The sooner you commence, the sooner your weakness will vanish.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.

THE BAR-BEN REMEDIES CO., Cleveland, O.

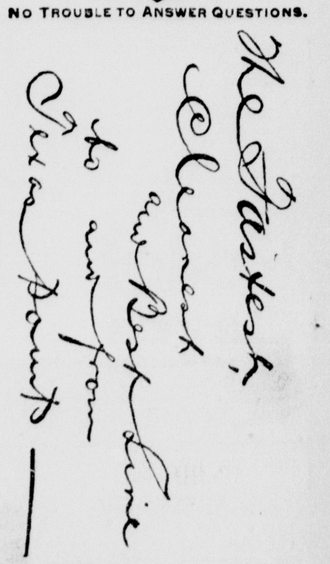
For sale by C. G. Anderson, Will Reed and at Hodson's drug store.

BEST PASSENGER SERVICE IN TEXAS.

4—IMPORTANT GATEWAYS—4

TEXARKANA SHREVEPORT THE TEXAS T AND P PACIFIC EL PASO RAILWAY NEW ORLEANS

NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS.



E. P. TURNER, GEN'L PASS'R AND TICKET AGENT, DALLAS, TEXAS

JOHN R. JAMES, General Passenger Agent. Room 905 Park Bldg Pittsburg, Pa.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order, and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London, Stanly Co., N.C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1898 I got worse than I had ever been. My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor, but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it. In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of his 'Pellets,' three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)—the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. Mrs. J. W. Coolbaugh, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

..By..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has got rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—Miss Isabel Surgin, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—Miss Janet Paine, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $30 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 257 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-e-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to E. VAN ISUSEN, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Mr. S. C. BECKLEY, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18 for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6.....2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m
No. 40.....6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m
Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon**
No. 9.....8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m
No. 45.....5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 28, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 37	6 29	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 32	7 25	7 22	am
17	V. C. C. Flyer.....	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	V. C. I. Ch. C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 00	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.....	10 10	10 07	10 00	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.....	1 25	1 21	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n. Cam. & L. C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev. Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 06	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.....	4 50	4 40	4 37	4 32	pm
9	Boston Special.....	5 06	5 02	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex....	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 24	11 21	11 15	11 12	pm

No.	GOING SOUTH.					
2	Pittsburg Accom.....	4 15	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, Fac, N. H. W. B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.....	5 30	5 32	5 41	5 44	pm
8	Pittsburg Express....	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express....	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.....	8 20	8 22	8 30	8 33	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City.	10 30	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.....	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F. C. & N. H. Rx	12 09	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.....	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh, Wash, Balti.....	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express....	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 13, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 23 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Springs and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston. Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains Carrying

In Effect January 5, 1902.
From East Liverpool
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
*802	3:45 a. m.	*801	12:30 a. m
†840	6:42 a. m.	†885	7:11 a. m
†886	11:31 a. m.	*809	9:04 a. m
†860	3:06 p. m.	†838	2:50 p. m
†816	5:38 p. m.	†889	5:11 p. m
**864	7:30 a. m.	**861	9:00 a m
**862	4:55 p. m.	**868	6:45 p. m

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	7:00 a. m.	†251	7:10 a. m.
†252	9:30 a. m.	†258	12:10 a m
†254	3:27 p. m.	†255	3:45 p m

*Runs Daily †Daily except Sunday **Sunday only

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 808 and 809 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 836 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 880 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 835 and 803 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL,

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?" but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exis because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error somewhere. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity, were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable home spun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sundsy is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and languid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I got a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CELERON'S LEADPLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular sumer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, row the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique, now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago, Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venture some traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world.

C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons, of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called, to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's property floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them repulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $2,000.00.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1923, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent., payable quarterly, principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1913.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $100.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. D. INGRAM and O. D. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners,
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The vote for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and is not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objection thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more sections, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money, and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law; and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem. of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring therein), That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three-fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order, and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London Stanly Co., N.C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1896 I got worse than I had ever been. My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor, but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it. In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of his 'Pellets,' three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)—the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it as it has cured me. MRS. J. W. COOLBAUGH, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

..By..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has got rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

"The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls Who Work

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—MISS ISABEL SURGIN, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—MISS JANET PAINE, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $20 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 357 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-e-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to E. WAS-DYKE, Gen'l Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to MR. S. C. DICKEY, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6	2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
No. 40	6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m.
	Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon**
No. 9	8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
No. 45	5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 23, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 37	6 29	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 32	7 26	7 22	am
17	Y, C, C. Flyer	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	Y, C, I, Ch, C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 00	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.	10 10	10 07	10 00	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.	1 25	1 21	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n, Cam. & L. C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev, Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 06	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.	4 50	4 46	4 37	4 32	pm
9	Boston Special	5 06	5 02	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex.	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 34	11 21	11 15	11 12	pm
	GOING SOUTH.					
2	Pittsburg Accom.	4 17	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, FaC, N. H, W. B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.	5 30	5 33	5 41	5 44	am
8	Pittsburg Express.	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express.	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.	8 20	8 22	8 30	8 33	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City.	10 30	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F. C. & N. H. Ex	12 09	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh, Wash, Balti.	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express.	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 13, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 23 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Springs and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston, Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains Carried

In Effect January 5, 1902.

From East Liverpool

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
*802	8:45 a. m.	*801	12:30 a. m.
†840	6:42 a. m.	†885	7:11 a. m.
†836	11:20 a. m.	*809	9:05 a. m.
†850	3:06 p. m.	†808	2:50 p. m.
†816	5:38 p. m.	†889	6:11 p. m.
**864	7:30 a. m.	**861	9:00 a. m.
**862	4:55 p. m.	**863	4:40 p. m.

From Chester.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	7:00 a. m.	†251	7:10 a. m.
†252	9:30 a. m.	†258	12:10 a. m.
†254	3:27 p. m.	†255	3:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily †Daily except Sunday **Sunday only

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 808 and 809 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 886 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 850 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 835 and 803 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to ADAM HILL, [illegible]

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?' but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exis because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error somewhere. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity, were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable home spun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sunday is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

CELERON'S LEAD PLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular sumer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, row the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique, now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venturesome traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world. C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons, of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called, to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's property floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them sepulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and languid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I got a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $12,000.00.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1937, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent., payable annually; principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1913.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $1000.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. D. INGRAM and O. O. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners.
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill, and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to repass said bill it shall be sent, together with said objection, to the other house, which shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The votes for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objection thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly, to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more sections, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money, and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law; and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring therein), That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three-fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly o, the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

Largest Circulation in City and County.

Evening News Review.

The Oldest Daily in Columbiana County.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Satisfied That the East Was Properly Recognized by the N. B. of O. P.

FORMATION OF A NEW LIST

To Meet Eastern Conditions Will Probably Soon Be Undertaken.

OUTLOOK FOR THE TRADE

From a Staff Correspondent.

Trenton, N. J., May 16.—The Trenton delegates to the convention of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters returned home yesterday from Wheeling, apparently well pleased with the results accomplished by the convention. All unite in saying that the session was the most notable in the history of the organization, especially from an eastern standpoint, and that Trenton received more recognition than at any time since it became a part of the national organization.

Most of the delegates went to Wheeling laden with petitions for reforms in the trade, and although many were not favorably considered, those which had a vital bearing upon the future of the trade in this city were adjusted to meet the views of all eastern men. This is particularly true with the adoption of a uniform price list over which the east and the west have been at swords points for the past three years.

While some branches of the trade, in particular the kilnmen, would have been pleased with an increase in wages, the feeling of the majority of the operatives is that the trade in its present condition is in no position to stand for an advance in wages. It seems, as a result of conversations with several of the delegates, that uniformity was the important question at issue with the conservative delegates who held that such a condition should first be reached before any attempt is made to advance wages. Now that a uniform list has been adopted, the attention of the national officers and the members of the several locals will be devoted largely toward putting it into effect. From present appearances this will be no easy matter. The list is not fully understood either by the eastern manufacturer or the operatives at large and each point will have to be clearly defined before the men as a body consent to work according to its provisions.

The attitude of the manufacturers toward the list remains to be seen. It will be remembered that when former President Hughes came here for the purpose of installing the list he was met with so much opposition by the manufacturers, not allowing him inside of their plants that dissatisfaction rose up in the ranks and that official had to return to East Liverpool, leaving behind him an organization of insurgent jiggermen who were supporting the manufacturers. It is likely that a meeting of the executive board will be called within the next few weeks for the purpose of formulating a list to correspond with eastern conditions. The potters here are generally elated because of the fact that the national convention is to be held here next year. The addition of more than 1,000 members during the year has had the effect of compelling the Brotherhood to appreciate the claims coming from this section of the country. The convention meeting in this city will have the effect of giving the delegates a better chance to study eastern conditions should any changes be recommended in the present scale of prices. Now while the organization here has made marked progress during the past year there is still much to be accomplished. There are still a large number of potters who are out of the organization but the national officers hope to have the trade in this city thoroughly organized before the next convention. From present appearances the potteries are likely to continue without any interruption for another year, and although trade in the general ware shops is at present very poor, manufacturers look for better prospects at the approach of fall.

The scare resulting from the report that the Brotherhood intended to petition for a general increase in wages has had a very disastrous effect upon the trade in New York. A local man holding a responsible position with the New York Crockery and Glass Journal discussing the condition of the pottery trade yesterday said: "Trade is very poor. The large buyers I have visited during the past week complain because of the lack of orders. It appears that the people are not buying crockery, although English made goods here find a ready mar Ket. Large wholesale houses dealing in crockery for the past three weeks were a trifle skeptical in placing Trenton orders for fear that a strike might tie up the plants and it would be a long while before they could get them killed."

Manufacturers throughout New Jersey are complaining of the action of the commission to the Louisiana Purchase exposition in failing to offer assistance to New Jersey firms to become represented. A prominent local manufacturer in discussing the work of the committee, said: "With a state so full of manufacturing interests, with such a vast diversity of manufacturers, it would seem as though part of the $75,000 appropriated for the use of the commission might be well expended in the encouraging of Jersey men to send their products there.

"The pottery interests of this state easily take rank over anything of the kind in the country and compare very favorably with the very best that

Continued on Eighth Page

VIGOROUS BLOWS DEALT BY NEGRESS

Colored Woman Violently Assaulted Mrs. Mark Gribben at Her Home.

TROUBLE OVER TOY WAGON

A knot on her forehead and a swollen optic with black and blue marks underneath were considered prima facie evidence by Mayor Weaver this morning that the allegations made by Mrs. Mark Gribben were true when she said that she had been assaulted and beaten by a colored woman by the name of Lockhart.

The appearance of Mrs. Gribben, who runs a boarding house on Sixth street, was certainly not an enviable one when she applied to the mayor with her story. She was accompanied by her husband, and the latter gallantly corroborated her every statement. She said that the foundation of the story starts with the purchasing of a little toy wagon, over a year ago, for which she paid $1.95. It is now worth only 15 cents, she said. Several days ago one of her children left the wagon in an alley near their home and when he sent after it discovered that some one had removed it.

The family had about given up hopes of recovering the toy when, as they were all sitting on the front porch last evening, a little colored youth started past with the same identical wagon in his possession. Mrs. Gribben accosted him and compelled the lad to put the wagon in the yard. There was but little commotion over this procedure, and the Gribben family were all rejoiced over the safe return of the wagon. Mr. Gribben was so happy that he decided to take in the dog show and wanted his wife to go, too. She was sorry this morning that she didn't comply with the request.

Mr. Gribben had been away from home but a short time when a big, stout colored woman wrapped at the front door. Mrs. Gribben responded and a heated conversation followed. The visitor said that the wagon taken from the little boy was his rightful property and that she wanted it. Mrs. Gribben protested and both began talking in a loud voice.

Finally Mrs. Gribben became tired of the trouble, seeing that it was attracting a crowd and raising the neighborhood, and gently shoved her visitor off the steps. Infuriated beyond control at such rude treatment, the colored woman jumped back upon the steps, directed a blow with her fist that landed squarely on the forehead of Mrs. Gribben, and before the latter had time to make any defense, landed another directly under the right eye.

Frank Little, who had witnessed the affair, ran in and prevented further blows. He also prevented the irate colored woman from throwing a brick at Mrs. Gribben and succeeded in getting her to leave.

Mrs. Gribben, after relating the story, had a warrant issued for Mrs. Lockhart, charging her with assault and battery, and she will be arrested as soon as an officer can locate her. It is said that she lives on the Calcutta road.

ANNUAL OUTING OF THE POTTERS

Arrangements to Be Completed Tonight for Big Picnic on June 1.

NEW N. B. OF O. P. OFFICIALS

Settling Down to Their Duties With Plenty of Work Ahead.

SHOP IMPROVEMENTS ASKED

William Elder, second vice president of the N. B. of O. P., and as such, chairman of the picnic committee, has called a meeting of the committee for 7:30 o'clock tonight at Brotherhood headquarters in the Exchange building. The other members of the committee are S. W. Moore, Major William Adams and Aaron Coleman. President Duffy and Secretary Menge are also members by virtue of their positions.

The place and date for the annual outing of the potters has already been selected. It will be held in Rock Springs park, Monday, June 1. Tonight the committee will take up the matter of a program for the day and decide upon the amusements. It is the intention to make the occasion one long to be remembered and no pains will be spared toward this end.

All members of the N. B. of O. P. no matter where they live, are invited to be present and they are assured in advance of a good time. The committee will take up the matter tonight of arranging for excursion trains or rates to the city from all the pottery towns in the west and they expect the attendance to be swelled by several thousand visitors.

Several minor changes and improvements will be made in Brotherhood headquarters by the new officials, one of the first being to install a toll telephone so that long distance connections can be obtained. Secretary Menge could not reach here this week as had been expected, but has sent word that he will arrive Monday. He will move his family here as soon as he can find a suitable dwelling.

Delegate John W. Morgan, of Trenton, is being shown through the local potteries by Second Vice President Elder and is gathering statistics which will be incorporated in his report to local union No. 40, jiggermen and dish makers. It was demonstrated in the convention that the eastern jiggermen could not make a living with the uniform scale under the present conditions and as a separate list for them was not deemed advisable no measures affecting them were transacted. The greatest handicap to them, it is stated, is the antiquated machinery and methods. Some of the jiggers have been in operation since 1877. An effort will be made to have the manufacturers install modern machinery and adopt some of the western methods, which can be done at a reasonable cost. With this accomplished the operatives will be warranted in accepting the uniform list.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT IN THIS COUPLE'S CASE

Courtship of One Day Ended in Wedding of Local Couple.

Joseph McKee, of Wellsville, came to East Liverpool on Thursday, and while here met Mrs. Elizabeth Mosey. It was a case of love at first sight. The couple left the city at once for Youngstown, where they were married yesterday. From Youngstown they went to Pittsburg and returned to Wellsville last evening.

McKee is very happy and is now around treating his friends.

NO LAMENTATION

Tears of Joy Greet the News of Gourleys' and Zip Farmer's Departure.

Mayor Weaver and Chief Wyman wept this morning—tears of joy, however. A couple of the Gourleys and "Zip" Farmer resigned their positions with the noble organization, the Sons of Rest, at a late hour last evening and accepted jobs with the Gentry Bros.' circus. They left with the circus this morning.

Officer Dawson, it is said, was instrumental in getting the boys their jobs.

QUIET REIGNS AMONG WORKERS

THE PAINTERS AND PLUMBERS ARE STILL ON STRIKE.

Formers' Difficulty Likely Soon to Be Ended—Plumbers' Situation More Difficult.

The present week has been uneventful in East Liverpool industrial circles, so far as two trades now on strike are concerned. The only incident which occurred to vary the monotony was the swinging into line of the contracting painters who signed the scale and immediately put a large force to work.

No conferences have been held by the painters for two weeks, and though the journeymen have been steadily employed, the situation has remained much the same as it was in the beginning.

The local has held its meetings with regularity, and the bosses have been meeting at regular intervals ever since the strike commenced. It has been understood that during the last two weeks the master painters were weakening, the principal reason being that they have been compelled to give up several large contracts. The contracting firm of T. O. Timmons & Son signed the scale Wednesday, and have been increasing their force of men ever since to meet the demands made upon it.

At the meeting of the master painters held Thursday evening the situation was thoroughly discussed and the fact that the ranks of the bosses were broken was not lost sight of. It is not known that any action was taken at that time with reference to the settlement of the strike, but it has been stated by prominent members of the Builders' exchange that the master painters would sign the scale within the next few days. Some of the bosses go so far as to say they will be compelled to settle in self defense.

No situation has been noted in the plumbers' situation and no move has been made nor is one in contemplation by either side. The feeling is intense, but no hint of it has been permitted to reach the public. It would be hard to make a prediction as to the outcome, but it is the opinion of many of the best posted unionists in the city that unless some influence is brought to bear from an outside source, the dispute will be prolonged. Both employer and employed refuse to be interviewed, and neither will admit that they are suffering any inconvenience by reason of the strike.

The teamsters succeeded in having all of the team owners of consequence in the city sign the new scale, and nearly every member of the teamsters' union has returned to work for his former employer. Great credit is due President William Dickey for the quiet and conservative manner in which the whole affair was conducted.

INSURANCE MEN WANT RECOGNITION

Local Association of Underwriters Will Ask Trades Council to Admit Its Delegates.

At the meeting of the East Liverpool Association of Underwriters, held yesterday afternoon in the Elks' parlors, it was decided to apply to the Trades and Labor Council for recognition. If the request is granted delegates will be selected at the next regular meeting. This recognition cannot be granted by Trades Council unless the association is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The association has about 20 members.

The Association of Underwriters for Columbiana County, which also met yesterday, decided to hold the next session at Leetonia in August.

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF IN THE STROWE CASE

Jury Awards $160 Damages in the Suit Against Park Leach.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The week in common pleas court was finished last evening with a night session at which the jury brought in a verdict of $160 damages for the plaintiff in the Wellsville case of Charles and Margaret Strowe against Park Leach. The amount sued for was $250. Court adjourned until Monday at 1 p. m. Judge Ralph S. Ambler, who presided this week, returned to Canton this morning.

Case Dismissed.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of C. P. Leonard, sheriff, vs. Christy A. Rich et al. has been dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

THE HYPNOTIST AGAIN APPEARS

Returns With the Supposed Mrs. Hill But Finds Door Closed Against Him.

HUSBAND GIVEN THE SHAKE

And the Troublesome Couple Obliged to Seek New Apartments.

MISSING ACT IN COMEDY

Mrs. George Hill, the woman who figured so prominently in the domestic comedy-drama Thursday at the Davis home on Vine street, reappeared in the city yesterday and another chapter has been added to the story. It will be remembered that Mrs. Hill, the companion and alleged hypnotist, Rafael Tomosco, and the husband left here together for Wellsville Friday morning.

The happy home of Signor Tomosco and Mrs. Hill had been so rudely and unexpectedly disturbed that they did not have time to dispose of the furnishings of their rooms. What took place Thursday in Wellsville comprises a missing chapter, but it is alleged that the husband was "given the shake," or became lost in the shuffle. Mrs. Hill appeared at the Davis home yesterday afternoon and demanded admittance, claiming she had been roughly ejected. Mrs. Davis refused point blank and then had to listen to a tongue lashing from the irate woman, who as she left threatened to invoke the aid of the law. She did apply to 'Squire McCarron for advice and was told that she could not be legally removed from the house. He gave her a written statement of his decision and Mrs. Hill returned to the Davis home.

A few moments later the 'squire had another visitor in the person of Mrs. Davis, who also wanted legal advice on the controversy. She was told that she could get rid of the unwelcome tenants by preferring a serious charge, but was advised to return them the money they had advance for rent and insist upon them leaving. Mrs. Davis acted upon this advice and as a result Mrs. Hill has been looking for quarters in another section of the city.

Apparently Tomosco still exerts his hypnotic influence over the woman, or at any rate, it is alleged that he is close at hand.

NEW OIL WELL RUINED BY FIRE

Destructive Blaze Opposite Wellsville This Morning Destroyed Valuable Property.

An oil well recently drilled in on leases held by A. B. Smith, opposite Wellsville, was completely ruined by flames this morning, entailing a loss that can scarcely be estimated. The drillers were at work cleaning the hole when a large blaze ignited from the case.

There was a fierce blaze and the derrick was soon consumed. Many people watched the spectacle from this side of the river.

The well came in a few days ago with a good showing of oil and a strong pressure of gas. It would have paid handsomely, but for the unfortunate accident this morning.

Besides the ruin of the well and the destruction of the derrick, the drillers lost several hundred dollars worth of tools.

WARDEN DARBY QUITS

Resigns the Management of the Ohio Penitentiary Owing to Friction.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special.)—Warden Darby, of the penitentiary, has resigned as the result of friction between the board of managers and himself.

ROBBED OF JEWELS

Mrs. Pierre Lorillard Loses $50,000 Worth of Valuables in London.

London, May 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels at the Berkley hotel. No clue.

First in news, first in everything—the News Review.

A PRETTY GIRL UNDER ARREST

Her Home Is in Steubenville, But She Is Likely to Go to the Workhouse.

Miss Belle Mozingo, who claims that she is 18 years of age, but whom it is believed by Chief Wyman is not more than 15, was placed under arrest last evening by Officer Saulsberry and lodged in the city jail. There was no charge filed against her. The officer had simply been instructed to pick her up on sight and did so. She has been acting in a manner unbecoming a lady and many complaints have been registered against her.

Her home is in Steubenville. She came to this city about three months ago and worked for a time in a pottery. She states that she will not go back to her father for certain reasons and it is not likely that she will be compelled to. The chief is attempting to get her to an aunt living in the West End, but she says her aunt slaps her and in many ways mistreats her.

She is very pretty, with black hair, blue eyes and rosk cheeks, but shows every sign of dementia. If her relatives do not take some interest she will be sent to the workhouse.

AS FAST AS EVER VOTES COME IN

Hot Weather Does Not Keep Candidates and Their Friends From Working.

HOW THE LIST STANDS

Candidates in the News Review's popularity contest have not been deterred in the work of gathering coupons by the warm wave which has had the city in its torrid grasp for the past few days. In fact, they are working harder than ever "in the good old summer time." There have been no unusual developments since the result was announced yesterday and about the usual number of votes, distributed among the leading candidates, have been cast. The interest continues unabated and the standing of the candidates is as eagerly sought as the results of the ball games.

The following candidates have received 100 votes or more:

Thomas Neal, Riverside Park	21,544
Thomas Lownds, Fourth street	15,015
J. E. Anderson, Lincoln avenue	13,234
Matthew Curran, Jethro street	8,575
Walter S. Crewson, Sebring	5,275
George Millward, city	2,518
Wash Williams, city	1,919
J. A. Morrow, city	872
William Mayer, Bank street	607
Major Adams, city	293
John Cowey, city	248
George Smith, Fourth street	207
John O'Shea, Fourth street	205
Michael Callahan, Sunnyside	150
T. J. Duffy	103
Andrew Brannen, Wellsville	100

JURY COMMISSIONS NAMED BY JUDGES

Appointments for Columbiana, Stark and Carroll Counties Have Been Made.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Judge W. W. Hole, of this county, and Judges Henry Harker and R. S. Ambler, of Stark county, a majority of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the first subdivision of the Ninth judicial district, have appointed the following jury commissioners:

For Carroll county, Thomas J. Saltsman, J. J. McCoy, Albert R. Haines and William B. Crawford; Columbiana county, Galen A. Sheets, S. D. Longshore, J. C. Billingsley and Thomas J. Walton; Stark county, Ephraim Sprinkle, William Volkman, B. Frank Mercer and Anthony Howells.

CARS CLASH NEAR A CURVE

One Loaded With Passengers Collides Head-On With An Extra.

FOUR PERSONS ARE INJURED

The Motormen Stick to Their Posts and One Has His Leg Broken.

OTHERS SLIGHTLY HURT

Two street cars, No. 8, eastbound, and No. 16, westbound, met in a head-on collision near the eastern end of the Thompson pottery at 4:21 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The accident happened at a point about 100 feet west of a sharp curve, and the blame for it has not been fixed. Motorman L. R. Coddle, on No. 8, and Motorman Harry Trover, on No. 16, were painfully injured. Both of thse men remained at their posts and used their best efforts to avert the crash.

No. 8, it is stated, was an extra car and was following one on the regular schedule. Additional cars had been added during the afternoon owing to the presence in the city of the visiting railroad men and an unusual stress of other traffic. Motormen Coddle and Congrove are extra men.

No. 8 had left the Second street switch, at the foot of Broadway and was running at a fast rate of speed to meet the westbound car at the switch near the National China company. No. 16 had left the last named point to pass the eastbound car on Second street. The scene of the wreck is midway between the two switches. Which, if either of the cars was off time could not be learned. It was stated yesterday that No. 8 had left the Second street switch one minute ahead of time, but this is not borne out by the conductor's statement. Both of the conductors, Herbert Congrove on No. 8, and Charles Wellington, on No. 16, claimed their cars were running in accordance with the schedule.

No. 8 had but one passenger, a man, whose name was not learned, and he escaped unhurt. On No. 16 there were 34 passengers, all of whom were considerably shaken up and badly frightened. Of the passengers, Mrs. N. J. Ormes, colored, of Church alley, was the most severely injured, she sustaining painful cuts about the face. Another passenger, a lady on No. 16, was slightly injured.

When the westbound car rounded the curve onto the straight track Motorman Trover was horrified to see No. 8 coming at a full rate of speed and only a short distance away. There was great excitement, particularly among the women passengers. Both motormen kept their heads and applied the brakes in desperate haste to avoid a collision, but their efforts served only to lessen the compact. Their bravery is to be commended, for had they left their posts the results would have been much more serious. The vestibules of both cars were badly smashed and the controller boxes ruined, but otherwise they were not badly damaged.

Motorman Coddle had his left leg broken below the knee and was taken to the office of Dr. Hobbs in the patrol. Drs. Hobbs, Ikirt and Calhoun attended him, after which he was removed to his home in Gardendale.

Motorman Trover was painfully cut about the face by crashing glass, but did not require medical attention.

W. J. Douglas, a passenger on No. 16, was bruised about the legs.

Taken to the Asylum.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Henry Hescett, of Center township, was taken to the Massillon asylum yesterday.

ORGANIZED LABOR COUPON CONTEST

CLOSES JULY 31, 6 p. m.

"SERIES E"

This ballot, to be counted, must be received at the News Review office before June 15.

I hereby register my ballot for .....

of (place).....

In the News Review's Organized Labor Contest.

EMIGRANTS ILL-USED

Italians Laborers in West Virginia Subjected to Brutal Treatment.

SOCIETY INVESTIGATED MATTERS

Secretary Speranza Reports to Italian Ambassador—Laborers Have Hands Tied and Then Hitched to a Mule to Force Them Back to Camp.

Washington, May 16.—Mr. Speranza, secretary of the society for the protection of Italian immigrants of New York, who has been in West Virginia for several days past investigating complaints of ill treatment made by a number of Italians who went to that state to work on a railroad, stopped in Washington on his way back to New York and acquainted Senor Mayor Des Planches, the Italian ambassador, in a general way of the facts ascertained. Mr. Speranza will prepare a statement of the facts as he found them and furnish the ambassador a copy shortly after his return to New York.

Mr. Speranza in all spent three weeks in various portions of West Virginia in which Italian laborers are employed, investigating complaints which have been received by the society, dating as far back as January last. The places visited by him included the Piney Creek district, in which the town of Beckley is located; Acme and Kayford, in the Deep Water district, and Wirt county, near Parkersburg.

In the Piney Creek district Mr. Speranza investigated allegations which have been brought to the attention of the Italian embassy at Washington to the effect that a number of Italian laborers who had been sent to work at railroad construction near Beckley had been subjected to cruel treatment. Mr. Speranza asserts that he has corroborative evidence to support the charges which have been made that six Italian laborers who had come to Beckley from the construction camp, and who refused to return there, had their hands tied and were then hitched to a mule and were about to be taken back to the camp when a justice of the peace interfered and cut the rope. He says the laborers' hands were tied in a grand jury room at Beckley and that this was done under the decision of a Mr. T. C. Harmon, a sub-contractor. The district attorney, he added, had promised to bring the matter to the attention of the grand jury.

In other places he had visited there were scattered charges of cruelty, some of them of excessive brutality, to laborers engaged in railroad construction, and Mr. Speranza says he has a number of affidavits to support the allegations that were made.

Mr. Speranza says the society in whose behalf he has been making the investigations will seek by publicity to aid intending immigrants and others who may arrive in this country. With the information he has gathered at hand they may be induced, he says, to avoid making contracts for labor in places where it is alleged brutalities prevail and seek localities where better conditions exist.

GUERILLA LEADER EXECUTED.

Lorenzo, the Indian Chief, Courtmartialed and Shot at Panama.

Panama, May 16.—Victoriano Lorenzo, the Indian chief who was a leader of the guerillas during the recent revolution and who was sentenced to death by a courtmartial on various charges of having committed serious crimes while in the field, was executed by shooting. Governor Mutis and the consular representatives petitioned General Briceno, the military commander on the Isthmus, to postpone the execution until the government at Bogota had had time to answer a cablegram sent it asking that the Indian's sentence be changed to life imprisonment. General Briceno refused this petition, saying an exemplary punishment was necessary.

The shooting of Lorenzo has created a profound impression here, as it is the first execution for a political crime to occur in Panama. Lorenzo died bravely. Before he was shot he said he had only been an accomplice and not the principal in the crimes of which he was accused.

Leiter Wants to Settle.

New York, May 16.—An attorney made the announcement that Joseph Leiter, who figured in the wheat corner of 1897 and 1898, has made a proposition to his creditors to settle their claims against him for 20 cents on the dollar. It is understod that Leiter's father will guarantee that this proposition will be carried out.

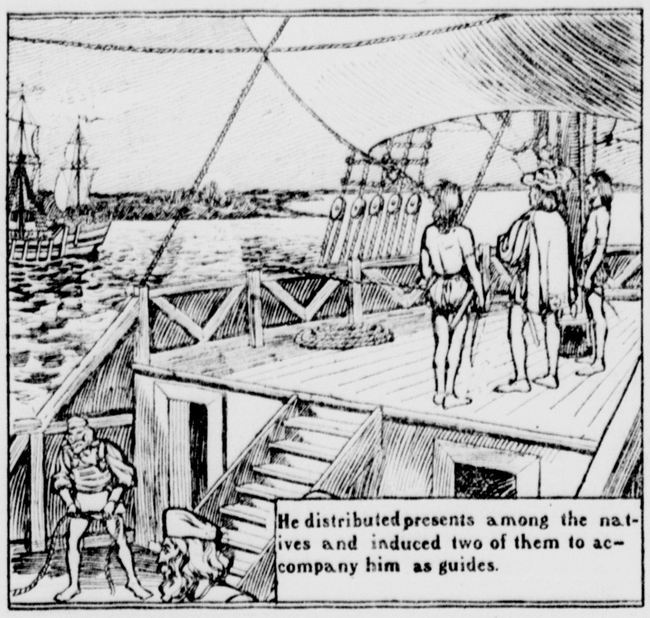
Forest Fires in Canada.

Kingston, Ont., May 16.—Destructive forest fires are raging north of here and the damage is great. The Roman Catholic church at Ardock has been burned. The buildings of the Boeurth gold mine, near Ardock, are in great danger, being surrounded by fire.

Massacre at Tirospol Denied.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The reports of a great Jewish massacre at Tirospol, Russia, are pronounced here to be without foundation.

THE TRAVELS OF COLUMBUS.



He distributed presents among the natives and induced two of them to accompany him as guides.

FIND SHIP'S BELL AND A HIDDEN SAILOR.

HARRIMAN HAS APPENDICITIS

Chicago Physicians Pronounce His Condition Not Serious—Leaves for New York.

Chicago, May 16.—Mr. Harriman arrived in Chicago and underwent an examination. Two physicians pronounced his affliction a slight attack of appendicitis. His condition was found to be not serious, but he was advised to continue his journey to New York without delay. He was said to have spent a comfortable night

E. H. HARRIMAN.

and to be free from pain. Several prominent railroad officials entered his car and consulted him upon business topics during his brief stop.

His special train was switched from the Northwestern to the Lake Shore road and the journey to New York continued.

Mr. Harriman was able to leave his car and walked leisurely about the platform while his train was being made up. He flatly refused to answer any questions regarding his condition or anything else.

Buffalo, May 16.—E. H. Harriman's special train pased through Buffalo at 12:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Harriman's secretary said Mr. Harriman was resting comfortably and would undergo an operation in New York if it was considered necessary.

New Road for Indiana County.

Philadelphia, May 16.—The Pennsylvania and the New York Central Railroad companies are interested in the construction of a new line in Indiana county. For some time conferences have been held in reference to extending their lines into the bituminous coal region and it has been decided to build one line which is to be used by both companies. Some years ago the Pennsylvania surveyed a line from Cherry Tree to Homer. From Cherry Tree to Fleming Summit, a distance of six miles, it has been graded and it is understood that the line that far is to be constructed. The New York Central, through its Beech Creek branch, has a road to Burnside. A line from that place to Cherry Tree will be constructed, where a connection will be made with the Cambria and Clearfield branch.

Excesses Continue.

Sofia, May 16.—The government will again call the attention of the powers to the terrible excesses in Macedonia. It seems that in the remoter districts the Bashi-Bazouks are being allowed to celebrate a perfect carnival of vengeance and destruction. Villages in the neighborhood of Gabrovska and Planina are burning. The bishop of Nestrokop and all the Bulgarian nobilities of that district have been arrested and transported to some unknown destination. The blockade of Bansko and other villages continues. All communication between the towns in the interior is suspended.

Victoria Railroad Strike Ends.

Melbourne, Victoria, May 16.—Premier Irvine announced in the legislative assembly that he had received a letter from the officials of the engine drivers' association declaring the strike off and submitting unconditionally. The president of the association said the surrender was due to the drastic nature of the strike bill which was sure of adoption.

Mrs. Lorrillard Robbed of Jewels.

London, May 16.—It is said that Mrs. Pierre Lorrillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels while traveling from Paris to London.

Negro Church Wrecked by Dynamite.

Chicago, May 16.—Another negro church was wrecked by dynamite, when a bomb was exploded under the pulpit of the African Methodist church at Evanston. The interior was demolished and the front of the building blown out. Two motives are ascribed. The first is that certain colored people were incensed by a sermon preached by the pastor, who said this was the white man's country and the colored man might as well make up his mind to it now and get along the best he could. The other is that the members were incensed at the position taken by the pastor and a guest from Chicago who had spoken against "policy."

Site Purchased for Federal Building.

Wheeling, May 16.—The treasury department has bought a lot at Twelfth and Chapline streets as the site for the new federal public building. The price paid is $92,500.

Killed by Fall from Ladder.

Greensburg, Pa., May 16.—By the slipping of a ladder upon which he was working, Harry T. Gress fell to the ground and died without regaining consciousness. He was a son of Alexander Gress and was 23 years old.

Blasius Yecker Dead.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Blasius Yecker, proprietor and manager of the Fulton opera house in this city from 1869 to 1898, died from cancer, aged 70 years.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get Immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 19

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment, as advocated by the "beauty doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood, which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New size trial bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. At all druggists. 1

ALVIN H. BULGER.

Very Low Rates to the West And The Health And Pleasure Resorts.

of Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California are quickly and comfortably reached via the Southern Pacific Company's SUNSET ROUTE. Daily through service from New Orleans to San Francisco via Houston, San Antonia, El Pasco, and Los Angeles. Special daily service, SUNSET LIMITED from New Orleans, composed of Buffet Smoking Car, containing Bath Room and Barber Shop, Drowing Room Compartment Car, regular Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Car (meals a la carte) all of the latest design and most luxuriously appointed. Direct connections made at New Orleans from all points North and East. Detailed information cheerfully furnished by G. G. Herring, General Agent, 515 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEW FASHIONS.

Walking Suits Most Popular—Etamine Suits.

A walking suit, ankle length, will be found indispensable this summer. Black or navy blue, either in mixed or plain goods, is the most serviceable. The jacket should be blouse and the skirt strapped or plaited.

For afternoon wear nothing can be prettier than an etamine, either in

SPRING HAT.

white, cream or pale gray with touches of satin or panne and a little white about the neck and front.

Light crushed strawberry is admirable with black and pale blue and lends itself admirably to touches of ecru lace.

For cool days there are very effective flannel shirt waists with bands of embroidery which transform them, and for warm weather very smart linens and batistes embroidered in white. There is besides, of course, a full line of dainty sheer waists.

Skirts with yokes are just now very fashionable, and this is a very becoming style for the woman whose hips incline to plumpness.

The hat in the illustration is of red straw, trimmed with poppies.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Artistic Bits of Lace and Fringe Which "Make" a Gown.

Lace collars are greatly improved by touches of embroidery, and it is quite easy to find some large wheel or scroll which can be removed or altered to admit an embroidered medallion.

The very deep collar of Richelieu shape is extremely chic for present

EVENING DRESS.

wear and will appear on all the new coatees and boleros and on evening coats and carriage wraps. Everything will be done to give an air of novelty to these collars, and velvet tabs of various designs will be used and ribbons run in and out of the more open designs.

Fringe is used to give a good effect on smart wraps, and it is seen on dressy gowns of all kinds. It is dyed to match the gown with which it is used.

Dresses with the trimmings, even to the laces, dyed to match are a fad of the hour.

Utility dresses of black and white figured and checked foulards will be much seen this year. These gowns are made without any lace as trimming, and they are decorated simply with strappings, tiny pipings and fancy buttons.

The all black gown is, as a rule, very effective, particularly if the bodice be embroidered with really good jet or silver. Black lace robes with many ruffles around the bottom are trimmed with jet stripes or detached figures.

The picture shows an evening gown of cream mull over green silk. It is trimmed with medallions of black and white lace. JUDIC CHOLLET.

To know all there is to know about a Sarsaparilla, take Ayer's. Your doctor will say so, too. He knows. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"GEE! I'M GLAD I FOUND IT." ARCHIMEDES.

Nothing on earth quite so altogether right as

EUREKA BISCUIT

Look for the Aertite Seal—Means an absolutely fresh, crisp cracker

25 CRACKERS FOR 5 CENTS

McCLURG PGH. MAKES THEM. YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Private and Sexual Diseases of Men and Women. 25 Years in Ohio.

No Names used without Written Consent. Cures Guaranteed.

Thousands of young and middle aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through early abuse or later excesses. Chas. Anderson was one of the victims, but was rescued in time. He says: "I learned an evil habit. A change soon came over me. I could feel it; my friends noticed it. I became nervous, despondent, gloomy, had no ambition, easily tired, evil forebodings, poor circulation, pimples on face, back weak, dreams and drains at night, tired and weak mornings, burning sensation. To make matters worse, I became reckless and contracted a blood disease. I tried many doctors and medical firms—all failed till Drs. Kennedy & Kergan took my case. In one week I felt better, and in a few weeks was entirely cured. They are the only reliable and honest Specialists in the country."

READER—We guarantee to cure you or no pay. You run no risk. We have a reputation and business at stake. Beware of frauds and impostors. We will pay $1,000 for any case we take that our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will not cure.

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Stricture, Weak Parts, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Consultation free. Books free. Call or write for Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN 247 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Line.

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot of Broadway, down as follows: Steamer Keystone State, Monday 9 p. m.; Queen City, Wednesday, 9 p. m.; Virginia, Saturday, 9 p. m. Up the river, Keystone State, Sunday, 2 p. m.; Queen City, Tuesday, 2 p. m.; Virginia, Friday, 2 p. m.

Fare, East Liverpool to Cincinnati, $6.50; round trip, $11 and $13, meals and berth included. For freight or passage apply to Gus Martindill, Agt., Broadway wharf. Both phones 85. Jas. A. Henderson, Gen Mgr. Pittsburg.

"The Waterway of the World"

LEGAL.

SALE OF BONDS.

Office of the City Clerk,
East Liverpool, Ohio, April 30, 1903.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m. of Monday, June 1, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, to-wit:

FOR TRENTVALE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated April 1, 1903, due April 1, 1904	Amount $1864.00
Bond No. 2,	dated April 1, 1903, due April 1, 1905	Amount 1976.00
Bond No. 3,	dated April 1, 1903, due April 1, 1906	Amount 2095.00
Bond No. 4,	dated April 1, 1903, due April 1, 1907	Amount 2220.00
Bond No. 5,	dated April 1, 1903, due April 1, 1908	Amount 2354.00

FOR PEACH ALLEY AND CHURCH ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $299.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 317.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 336.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 356.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 377.00

FOR COLLEGE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $470.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 498.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 528.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 560.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 593.00

FOR CALCUTTA STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated June 1, 1902, due June 1, 1903	Amount $2349.00
Bond No. 2,	dated June 1, 1902, due June 1, 1904	Amount 2490.00
Bond No. 3,	dated June 1, 1902, due June 1, 1905	Amount 2640.00
Bond No. 4,	dated June 1, 1902 due June 1, 1906	Amount 2798.00
Bond No. 5	dated June 1, 1902, due June 1, 1907	Amount 2966.00

FOR DRURY LANE AND CHERRY ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $398.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 422.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 447.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 474.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 503.00

FOR BALDWIN ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $ 88.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 93.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 99.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 105.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 111.11

FOR SUGAR ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $154.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 163.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 173.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 183.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 194.00

FOR SUMMIT LANE IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1904	Amount $179.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1905	Amount 188.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1906	Amount 201.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1907	Amount 213.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903, due February 1, 1908	Amount 226.00

Said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, both principal and interest being payable at the office of the treasurer of the said city.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the accrued interest at the date of delivery, and no bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest at date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on some National bank for 5 per cent of the amount of the bid, check to be made payable to the order of the clerk of said city, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for when delivered, otherwise said deposit to be forfeited to said city.

The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to

WILLIS DAVIDSON, City Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review for thirty days commencing April 30, 1903.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, Personals, not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time, 75 cents the month; clairvoyant, palmist, magnetic healers, and similar advertising, at one cent the word. Cash in advance, otherwise we charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Any one desiring a new or second hand sewing machine or wanting their machine repaired or any supplies for same will receive prompt attention by calling on T. W. Brooks, 244 Third street. 115-r

WANTED—At once, a handle maker and finisher. Apply at Standard pottery, or 212 Fifth street. 115-r

WANTED—A coat maker, sack coats $6 to $8. Steady position to right party. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring company. 115-r

WANTED—Girl to take off for dipper. Apply to French China company, Sebring, O. 111-r

WANTED—Capable girl for kitchen work. Inquire of Mrs. W. L. Thompson, No. 2 Thompson Place. 114-j

WANTED—Two steady glost kiln hands at once. Apply George Turner, Canonsburg Pottery company, Canonsburg, Pa. 113-r

WANTED—Handle maker, at Smith & McNicol pottery, Wellsville, Ohio. Inquire for John Dalton. 113-r

WANTED—A young man at Schlegle's Fish Market, 165 Market street; steady work and good pay. 112-j

WANTED—One rubber and one cutter. Inquire at Union pottery, or 284 Third street. 96-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Rare bargain to quick buyer. Six room house, nearly new, gas throughout, elegantly situated, commanding fine view, close to car line. Fine home for someone must be sold. Owner leaving town. Clifford Temple, Montgomery avenue, I. B. Pope's addition. 115-r

FOR SALE—House of six rooms and bath room; it has gas, water and heater; situated on Pleasant street; porch back and front and lawn; lot 40x118; street cars pass door; can be reached in 3 minutes from Diamond on either line. Inqure of John Reese, 290 Pleasant street, or C. C. 'phone 32.

FOR SALE—Desirable property, improved and unimproved, has been placed with me to dispose of. All in excellent locations. On easy payments. For residence or business locations; call and see what I have to offer before you buy. John J. Marshall, opposite Rock Springs park. 108-tf

FOR SALE—The well known M. M. Huston property situated on Broadway. Large brick building containing 10 rooms and a fine store room. Property in good repair. For price and terms inquire of E. D. Marshall, attorney, 183 Broadway. 106-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms suitable for light housekeeping, furnished of unfurnished. Apply at 164 Sixth street. 114-r

FOR RENT—Two houses, one of four rooms and one of five rooms. 282 Second street. Inquire of Mrs. T. W. Butler, Main street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, Wellsville. 114-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room, with privilege of bath; rent reasonable; reference required. 120 Oblique street, near Dresden pottery. 113-r

FOR RENT—Rechabite hall, for lodge purposes. For full information call at hall on Saturday evenign, or Frank Robinson, corner Lincoln avenue and Wall street. 113-r

FOR RENT—Two newly furnished rooms with privilege of bath. Best location in the city. Inquire 242 College street, between 6 and 7 in the evening. 104-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms in C. C. Thompson building, corner of Fourth and Market streets, occupied by Sirius club. Possession given May 1. Inquire of George C. Thompson. 96-tf

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. A Standard Remedy, sold for 25 years. 10,000 Testimonials. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. Ask your Druggist, or send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and Booklet for Ladies, by return Mail. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

C. T. LARKINS, Sixth and E. Market.

—: WE TEACH :—
Mechanical Drawing, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Machine Design, Structural Iron Work, Bridge Work, Architectural Drawing, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Higher Mathematics and English Branches. Individual Instruction. Day and Night Sessions.
PENN'A. CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, 1026 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURG, PA.

D. M. OGILVIE & Co.

white goods

More in demand than ever this season, Our stock is larger and more complete than heretofore.

Excellent values in India Linens—6¼c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c.

Persian Lawns, fine sheer goods, wash well, wear well, 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c.

Swiss Mulls, fine thin goods, 46 inches wide, 50c and 75c.

Cotton Wash Chiffons, 46 inches wide, 50c.

Mercerized Cotton Damasks, in a great variety of patterns, 25c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c

Plain White P. K., 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c.

Embroidered and figured P. K, 60c, 65c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Plain White Linens for waists or shirt waist suits, 36, 45 and 54 inches wide, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, $1.00.

laces

Real Cluny Lace, narrow, medium and wide, 40c to $1.75.

Immitation Cluny Lace, 10c to 20c.

French and German Val Laces, narrow and wide, edges and insertions to match.

Embroideries—Swiss and Nainsook in match sets, wide, medium and narrow widths.

Embroidery for corset covers, 50c, 65c up to $1.25.

sheets and pillow cases

Ready made, laundered and ready for use, well made, torn so as to be straight and at so little advance over the price of muslin that it hardly pays to bother making them.

Bleached Sheets, 81x90, 50c and 65c.

Bleached Sheets, 90x90, 65c, 70c and 75c.

Bleached Hem-stitched Sheets, 81x90, 68c and 70c.

Same in 90x90, 75c and 80c.

Bleached Hemmed Pillow Cases, 42x36, 10c, 12½c, 15c. Same 45x36, 12½c and 15c.

Bleached Hemstitched Pillow Cases, 42x36, 15c, 17½c and 20c. Same 45x36, 18c, 20c and 25c.

50x38 Hemmed Cases, 20c.

Same Hemstitched, 25c.

Bolster Cases, 42x72, hemmed, 30c. Hem-stitched, 40c and 45c.

parasols

White, plain or ruffled; black, black and white, white and black and colors, plain and combined, in a great variety of new up-to-date styles, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 $3.00, $4.00, $5, up to $10.

Children's Parasols—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.25

fans

New fresh goods and such a variety and range of prices and styles as we have never shown before. Bone and wood handles, lace or spangle trimmed, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $5.00.

Paper Fans, 5c to 30c.

children's white dresses

Sizes one year to six years, embroidery or lace trimmed, well made, good styles, good fitting and good materials used, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.50.

Children's White French Dresses, sizes two to six, $1.50 to $6.00.

Infant's Lawn Caps, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Infants' Bootees, Wool Sacques, Bibs, Hose and Vests, fine goods at reasonable prices.

ribbons

New Sash Ribbons, fancy or plain, satin or silk, white, light blue, pink, Nile green, 45c, 50c, 65c and $1.00 per yard.

Special lot fancy Neck Ribbons, 19c.

sale of tailor-made suits

All at reduced prices. Some very nice ones left.

Lot of Suits, broken sizes, $5.00.

Reduced prices on Children's Black Silk Coats, sizes one to six years.

new voile skirts

A few new styles in this week, some of the very latest styles, $12.50 to $15.00.

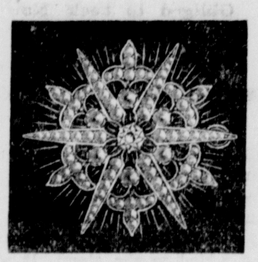
gloves

Silk and suede lisle, white black, gray, mode, 50c and 75c.

D. M. OGILVIE & Co

Don't neglect reading the... **WANT COLUMN** If you want to rent or buy

COMMENCEMENT AND WEDDING PRESENTS



This is a puzzle and worry to many to know what to buy, that will make a nice acceptable present for Lady or Gent. We have done that for you by putting in a larger stock of everything, from fine large Diamonds down to inexpensive but very handsome gifts.

We have the most handsome Watch stock we have ever been able to purchase, also Diamonds, Rings, Brooches, Stick Pins, Cuff Buttons, Bracelets, Lockets and Locket Chains, Watch Charms and Fobs, Souvenir Spoons and Forks, Belt and Sash Pins, Thimbles, Sewing Sets, Scissors, Manicure and Desk Sets, Gold Clocks, Pens, Inkwells and many other articles too numerous to mention. Engraving free of charge, and every article put up in a neat box or case, which adds much to the appearance.

Do not forget that we also have a beautiful line of Wedding Presents, such as Clocks, Silver Ware—in both sterling and Plate. Very nice line of Cut Glass, and many other articles suitable for wedding presents.

Don't fail to call early and make your selection or see what we have.

G. R. PATTISON'S JEWELRY STORE, IN THE DIAMOND.

WITH THE WORKMEN IN THE CLAY PLANTS

INTERESTING MEETINGS.

Much interest will be manifested in the meetings of the several Brotherhood locals the coming two weeks. The delegates who attended the Wheeling convention will make their reports and discussion of the measures adopted by the convention will be indulged in. The attendance at these meetings promise to be very large, as the membership is much interested in the procedings of the conventibn. There will be many matters for the delegates to report on which the newspapers were not permitted to handle. It is understood several propositions of vital importance were passed upon at the Wheeling meeting of which the public knows nothing.

JACK DELANEY FOUND.

Jack Delaney, who disappeared from this city several months ago, has been located in Peria, Ill. Delaney is a well-known kilnhand and has been employed in the East Liverpool potteries for several years. He disappeared not long ago, telling no one of his intentions. His brother, Jere Delaney, who has been in the east, made diligent inquiry, but was unable to locate him. Friends took up the search and he was found in the Illinois pottery town this week.

A PROMINENT DELEGATE.

John W. Morgan, who represented the Trenton jiggermen and dishmakers at the recent national convention in Wheeling, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Harrison, 102 Pennsylvania avenue. He will remain here until Monday before returning to his eastern home. Mr. Harrison was a conspicuous figure in the convention, as the welfare of the eastern clay workers was one of the most important matters up for consideration.

OF INTEREST TO THE TRADE.

Victor C. Cadieux, New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy.

The stock of the Purple Trading Stamp company, handling crockery, etc., at Pawtucket, R. I., was recently damaged by fire to the extent of about $800.

It is rumored that Weller Bros., Madison, Mich., are closing out to retire from business.

A petition has been filed by the Spokane Glassware & Crockery company, Spokane, Wash., to dissolve the corporation.

E. D. Youngs, dealing in crockery at Pewamo, Mich., has been succeeded by John Koster.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Isaac Birnbaum, Boston.

J. C. Adams, who has been conducting a retail crockery business at Winchester, Mass., for several years, recently made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Armstrong & Curran, Springfield, Mass., have sold out their furniture and crockery business.

Abram Jacobson has removed his variety business from Waterville, Me., to Boston, where he will continue the same line.

Solomon Stein, proprietor of the "Chicago Store," Columbia City, Ind., recently sold out and will retire from this line of business.

The People's Furniture & Carpet company, Omaha, Neb., is a new corporation organized under the laws of Nebraska with an authorized capital stock of $200,000 to deal in house furnishings of all kinds. The incorporators are Benjamin and Harry Rosenthal.

COMBINE WORK AND PLEASURE

Delegates Visit Potteries at East Liverpool—Topeka Wants 1905 Convention.

Pittsburg, May 16.—Business and pleasure were commingled in the fourth day's proceedings of the convention of the Order of Railway Conductors. The daily business meeting of the organization was occupied with the consideration of a number of questions which have come up since the opening of the convention. One of the most important of the changes proposed in the rules of the order is the proposition to decrease from 313 days to 156 days the time which a conductor must serve before he can be eligible to membership in the organization. This proposition was brought before the jurisprudence committee and was affirmatively recommended. It is thought the work of the convention will be finished by Wednesday.

A number of cities have presented invitations for the next convention and it is possible that this number will be increased. The latest to make a bid for the meeting of 1905 is Topeka, Kan.

One of the chief features of the day was the excursion of the delegates to East Liverpool, O., to inspect the Homer Laughlin potteries at that place. About 1,200 persons took advantage of the trip.

Killed by His Son.

Hamilton, O., May 16.—John Moebus, a well-known business man, is dying from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by his son, Edward Moebus. Bitter feeling had existed in the family about the division of Mrs. Moebus' estate, and when the father entered his son's store a quarrel ensued, resulting in Edward shooting his father.

Appropriation Bills Approved.

Harrisburg, May 16.—Governor Pennypacker approved the remaining appropriation bills left with him by the last legislature.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

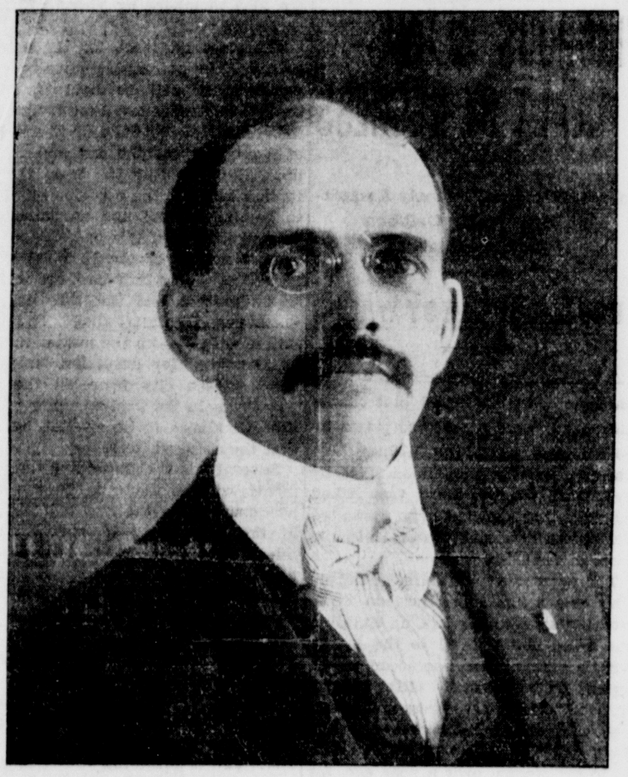
A tract of about 90,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Gardner, Kan., has been withdrawn from settlement for the purpose of making experiments in tree culture.

Christopher H. Payne has been appointed United States consul at St. Thomas. He is a colored man who has taken an active port in West Virginia politics and has been in the internal revenue service.

Assistant Secretary Armstrong and Mrs. Armstrong left for Chicago, where they will attend the Vanderlip-Cox wedding on the 19th, and then go to Iowa to visit Mr. Armstrong's parents. They will return to Washington next Thursday.

Uncle Reuben's Opinion.

"They may say what they please, but listen—hear me; I've taken all kinds of laxatives, purgatives and cathartics but when it comes to one that is easy and pleasant to take, mild and gentle in its action, and that makes one want an extra slice of bacon for breakfast, just give me Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and you may have all the laxative syrups, dyspepsia medicines and pills, little or big, there is in this country. Them Tablets surely do make one feel joyful." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.



RECEPTION TO NEW COMMANDER.

Colonel John J. Rose, the new division commander of the Ohio Sons of Veterans, returned from Marietta last evening and was a guest of honor at a reception by the W. R. C. in the G. A. R. hall. Addresses were made by Justice J. N. Rose, Capt J. A. Myers, and the new division commander. Refreshments were served, songs sung, and there was a good time generally.

Crocodiles In Water.

The crocodiles are thoroughly aquatic in their habits, and their peculiar conformation enables them to attack and seize their prey unawares. Their nostrils, which lead by a long canal to the back part of their throats, their eyes and their ears are placed on the upper part of the head, so that when in the water they can breathe, see and hear, while they are themselves practically invisible. When they dive, their nostrils and ears are closed by lids or valves, and their eyes are covered by a transparent nictitating membrane. They are further furnished with an arrangement which prevents the water from getting down their own throats when they are holding large animals under the water to drown them.

The dentition of these reptiles is peculiar. The teeth are sharp and conical and are hollow at the base, and each tooth serves as the sheath of another, which will in time replace it. The tongue—for notwithstanding the ancient belief the crocodile does possess a tongue—is fleshy and is attached to the bottom of the mouth. And finally the lower jaw is hinged at the very back of the skull, thus giving the animal its extraordinary gape and also the peculiar appearance which caused the notion that it moved its upper jaw.

Changed His Mind.

Jinks, like other men, has a horror of infant prodigies as exploited by their proud papas. Recently Binks met him with:

"Hello, Jinks! What do you think my girl said this morning? She's the brightest four-year-old in town. She said"—

Jinks shied. "Excuse me, old man!" he exclaimed. "I'm on my way to keep an engagement. Some other time"—

"She said, 'Papa, that Mr. Jinks is the handsomest man I know.' Haw, haw, haw! How's that for precocity, eh?"

And Jinks replied: "Binks, I'm a little early for my engagement. That youngster certainly is a bright one. Come into this toy store and help me select a few things that will please a girl of her taste, and I'll send them to her, if you don't mind."—New York Times.

Vegetables That Think.

The tiny roots of vegetables in their work of piercing a path through the soil to the surface and the light act in a manner which tends to show that they are capable of thinking. If a stone lie in their upward path, they turn aside without touching it and make a path parallel with the obstacle, and if there is a worm burrow near by they will turn aside and make use of the excavation which is to make their task the more easy. If they do not think, how do they discover the unseen obstacle and the equally invisible aid? There must be certain indications of the presence of both, and these indications act upon some strange form of mental organism.

There are vegetables whose roots move from one place to another, and plants which do the same above ground. Place some poisonous substance directly in their way, and they will take a different direction to avoid it; but if something nourishing is set on one side they will go round after that.

Mental Health In Friendship.

Friendship cannot be too often nor too much extolled. It not only is the heart's food, but nourishes the understanding. Mere comradeship and even the company of one's enemies do the latter, and one will whet his intellect on them as a boar whets his tusks against a tree. Men of themselves and solitary are but unintelligent little things and would be mentally scarce superior to dogs and apes were it not for what is offered by those about them. Your man is like a match which must find some hard quality without itself against which it must strike before it will burn. He has no power of self ignition. Yet while simple company and even that of a foe will strengthen and teach growth to one's understanding, just as a wrestler toughens and waxes strong while he exerts himself against an adversary, there is a virtue to be drawn from friendship and a health in kindly confidence which will owe itself to no other origin or source.—Unlocker.

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Saturday in north portion; light, variable winds, becoming fresh south.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer in north portion; Sunday, fair; light, variable winds, becoming south.

West Virginia—Fair, except showers in east portion; Sunday, showers.

ANOTHER REST FOR ROOSEVELT

President Now in Big Tree Country, Where Party Will Remain Until Monday.

Wawona, Cal., May 16.—President Roosevelt, for the second time since he left Washington on his present trip, is cut off from communication with the outside world. He is camping in the big tree country and will remain secluded until Monday morning. His special train arrived at Raymond early in the morning. As soon as the president had breakfasted he left his car and made a short speech to the large crowd that had collected. He thanked them for greeting him and mentioned the good time he expected to have during his four days' stay in the Yosemite valley. The president and his party then boarded stages and started on their 44-mile ride to the big tree country.

Luncheon was eaten at Ahwahnee, which place had been reached in record time. An exciting incident occurred during the ride from Ahwahnee to the big tree grove. A small forest fire was raging close to the trail, causing a heavy pall of smoke to obscure the road. The trail at this place runs along a steep side of the mountain. The driver lashed the horses and the president was soon out of the fire zone.

It was about 4 o'clock when the party reached the big tree grove and the president spent two hours admiring these wonders of nature. He then mounted a horse and with John Muir, the naturalist, and Guides Leonard and Leidigh, members of the forest rangers, started for camp. He spent the night in the big tree grove, sleeping in the open air wrapped in blankets. The president is pretty well tired out after his strenuous program in San Francisco and is looking forward with much pleasure to the quietude of the next two days.

The Colossus of Rhodes.

The Colossus of Rhodes, a bronze statue, was 105 feet high. It was made by Chares, who, aided by an army of workmen, consumed twelve years in its construction. It remained in position in the harbor of Rhodes for sixty-six years and was thrown down by an earthquake B. C. 224. It lay on the ground 894 years and was sold to a Jew for old metal. He carried away 900 camel loads, or about 720,000 pounds, of bronze.

EAST END

DRILLING FIRST WELL

Stockholders of Rock Run Company Were at Knoxville to Witness the Start.

The stockholders in the Rock Run Oil & Gas company, all of whom are residents of the East End, are becoming more and more pleased with their holdings in the Knoxville field. Recently two big wells were drilled in on a line with the property of the company and they are much encouraged over the prospect of striking it rich.

Contracts have been made for the immediate development of the company's holdings and the first well was started yesterday. Messrs. Truman McKane, Frank Allabaugh, E. A. Smith, Will Andrews, Joseph Laughlin and Frank Andrews were down to the field yesterday to witness the commencement of the operations.

Foot Cut With an Adze.

Spence Risden, of Helena, was painfully injured yesterday afternoon while at work in the S. C. Williams cooper shop on Second street. While using an adze Mr. Risden let it fall from his hands, the blade striking him across the left foot, inflicting a very painful wound. He was taken to his home in an automobile by Otis Webb, a member of the firm, and was given medical attention.

Had Money to Spend.

The outing of the railroad men and their ladies in the East End yesterday afternoon proved very profitable to the restaurants, hotels and grocery stores, and all of these tradesmen were in a good humor this morning. The railroad men had plenty of money and were not a bit backward about letting go of it. It is estimated that they spent about $1,000 during their short stay. The East End people have only good words to speak of them and are hoping they will come again.

Will Visit Ireland.

Will Stuart, one of the youngest and most popular conductors on the East Liverpool line, has made arrangements with the company for a two-months' leave of absence, which he will spend visiting his mother and other relatives in Darry county, Ireland. Mr. Stuart has been in this country seven years and this will be his first visit home. He expects to depart about the first of next month.

HAVE YOUR
PAPER HANGING
Done by
F. L. Weikert,
The Expert Paper Hanger.
C. C. Phone 584.
Virginia ave., - - East End.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Even children drink Grain-O because they like it and the doctors say it is good for them. Why not? It contains all of the nourishment of the pure grain and none of the poisons of coffee.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

At grocers everywhere; 15c. and 25c. per package.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

George Neicewonger's little son Lester is reported seriously ill.

Avery Hirchner, of St. George street, is confined to his home with the mumps.

Mrs. Wade Wolf, of First avenue, who has been very critically ill of typhoid fever, is now convalescent.

The baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hargreaves, of Pennsylvania avenue, is reported among the sick.

Marshall, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White, of Erie street, continues very seriously ill from an attack of typhoid fever.

Dr. W. E. Mowen's 16-year-old daughter Blanche, who has been seriously ill of typhoid fever, has shown a marked improvement in the past few days.

Mrs. William Calhoun, of Railroad street, left at noon today for East Palestine, in response to a message stating that her mother, Mrs. A. D. Reed, is very critically ill.

Dolores, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Hailes, of Globe street, is quite ill with measles. Dewey, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Mercer, is also suffering with the mumps.

Mrs. J. H. McCarrell, of Lawrence, Kan., is visiting in the home of Rev. D. W. McQuiston, of Pennsylvania avenue. Lawrence was Rev. Mr. McQuiston's first charge and Mrs. McCarrell was a member of his congregation.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Are your clothes faded? Use Red Cross Bag Blue and make them white again. Large package, only 5c.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

RETAIL TRADE GOOD

Warmer Weather Booms Business and Quotations Are Well Sustained.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Improvement in Mercantile Collections—Large Crops Anticipated. Steel Industry Shows Wholesome Condition.

New York, May 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Warmer weather has made it possible for the retail trade to regain part of the earlier losses in volume of transactions, and the level of quotations for staple lines of merchandise is well maintained. Wholesale trade in seasonable goods is quiet, although there is more or less supplementary business and jobbers report increased activity in several lines of wearing apparel. Clothing manufacturers are busy on fall samples, which are unusually late. Furniture and harness factories are notably well supplied with orders and there is no evidence of dullness in machinery or hardware. At most points there are indications of improvement in mercantile collections, the favorable progress of farm work having a good influence at the interior, while heavy sales of fertilizers testify to the extensive preparation for large crops. Industrial conditions would be exceptionally encouraging were it not for the vast army of men voluntarily idle. Railway earnings continue to show the usual gain, May figures thus far surpassing last year's by 13.4 per cent and those of 1901 by 29.3 per cent.

An unprecedented production of pig iron in April was accompanied by a decrease in furnace stocks, testifying to the vigorous consumption and wholesome conditions in the steel industry. It is not surprising that a somewhat easier tone is noticed, however, because the scarcity of fuel earlier in the season had retarded output and forced quotations above normal, especially on prompt shipments.

Failures this week were 196 in the United States, against 228 last year, and 13 in Canada, compared with 17 a year ago.

Displeased With Judge.

Cincinnati, May 16.—Displeased over the outcome of a case in police court, Mrs. A. E. Leland, aged 38 years, tried to blind Judge William H. Lueders in his office by throwing cayenne pepper into his eyes. Physicians state that no serious injury has been done.

PURSUE REPRESSIVE MEASURES

Unauthorized Congregations Cause Government Much Trouble—Arrests Being Made.

Paris, May 16.—The government is pursuing actively the repressive measures against unauthorized congregations. These measures are now principally confined to judicial action. The opposition to them seems practically to have ended, although the manifestations caused by the trials continue. Owing to the precautions taken these manifestations do not assume a serious character.

The trial of 10 Capuchins at Lemans drew a crowd of 3,000 sympathizers around the court house. The monks were cheered, many women strewing flowers in their pathway. In court the superior of the Capuchins made an eloquent defense. They were sentenced to pay a minimum fine of $3.20 each.

Seven Redemptionists were arrested at Valence-Sur-Rhone for refusing to leave their convent.

Amid many manifestations of sympathy several Capuchins were tried at Blois, convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $6 each.

Denver Strike Situation.

Denver, May 16.—An order issued by the general executive commission of organized labor calling out 1,000 union men in various trades and crafts in addition to 3,000 already on strike afterwards was rescinded and an amendment made that further additions to the strikers shall not be made until after the mass meeting of delegates of the unions. It is declared that if some plan of settlement shall not be reached by that time a general order to call out all the union men in the city will be issued. The state board of arbitration has tendered its services to the unions' committee and the citizens' alliance, which have been accepted. A proposition was made to the labor leaders to submit the grievances to the state board of arbitration and they have it under consideration.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

Owensboro, Ky., May 16.—A northbound Illinois Central passenger train was wrecked at McHenry, Ky. The train jumped the track while going at high speed, the engine and six coaches leaving the rails. Engineer Matthews and Fireman Curry were killed, the baggagemaster and express messengers severely injured. A dozen or more passengers are reported injured.

Race War Costs Several Lives.

Laurel, Miss., May 16.—The fiercest kind of a race war occurred near Burns, in the northern part of Smith county. Parties in Laurel from near that section state that the whites are up in arms and are whipping and killing negroes wherever they find them. One white man has been mortally wounded and several negroes killed.

HOW A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh--Spring Fever is Spring Catarrh.

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Miss Helen Whitman, 308½ Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"There is nothing like Peruna for that tired feeling, which gives you no ambition for work or play. After a prolonged illness, about a year ago I felt unable to regain my health, but four bottles of Peruna made a wonderful change and restored me to perfect health. As long as you keep your blood in good condition you are all right, and Peruna seems to fill the veins with pure, healthful blood. I thoroughly endorse it." MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to Get Strong Nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, Secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves, and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The County Auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of your great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Lulu Larmer, Stoughton, Wis., says:

Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

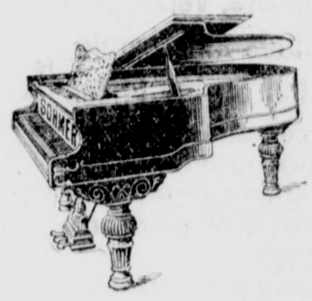
"For two years I suffered with nervous trouble and stomach disorders until it seemed that there was nothing to me but a bundle of nerves. I was very irritable, could not sleep, rest or compose myself, and was certainly unfit to take care of a household. I took nerve tonics and pills without benefit. When I began taking Peruna I grew steadily better, my nerves grew stronger, my rest was no longer fitful, and to-day I consider myself in perfect health and strength. My recovery was slow but sure, but I persevered and was rewarded by perfect health."—Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

SOHMER

GABLER
New York.



BRIGGS

PRICES AND QUALITY GET US THE BUSINESS

No necessity of telling you that these instruments are good. They are of national and international repute. There are none better. This is proven by the fact that we give an unlimited guarantee.

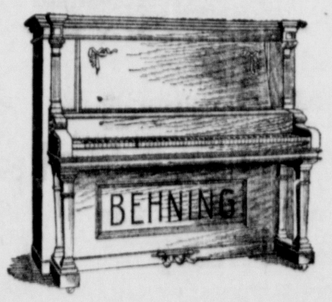
You do not "buy a pig in a poke" when you buy one of these pianos.

We Have a Few Slightly Used Pianos and Organs at Prices Which Are Sure to Sell, and We Don't Sell Them for New Ones Either.

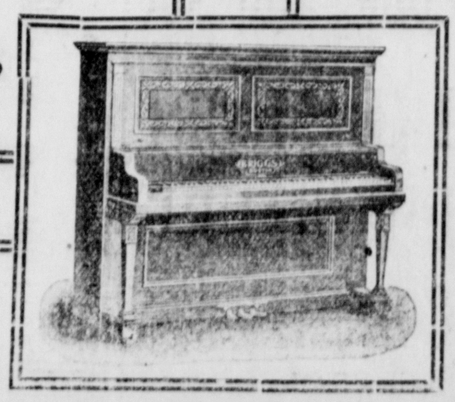
For instance Organs from $10 up. Pianos from $50 up. The chance of a lifetime.

The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,

Fourth and Washington Sts.



BEHNING



COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Youngstown is to have a $100,000 Pytaian Temple. It will be six stories high.

George Farmer, aged 60, a prominent resident, is dead at his home, near Teegarden.

Coitsville township, adjoining Youngstown, is to have a local option election next Thursday.

Edward H. Dunlap had two ribs broben while working on the second degree team in Youngstown lodge of Odd Fellows.

Arthur, a young son of Patrick G. Burns, North End, Steubenville, is missing and it is feared he has been kidnapped.

Jacob Hose, aged 58 years, a veteran of the civil war, and for nine years a member of the Massillon police force, died of pneumonia.

E. A. Jones, superintendent of the Massillon public schools, has announced his candidacy for Republican nomination for state school commissioner.

A. J. Evans, formerly extra passenger conductor, but for the last year yard master, has been promoted to be general yard master of the C. & P. yards at Mingo and Steubenville with headquarters at Steubenville.

Blows Up Office and Himself.

Kossuth, Ia., May 15.—After being detected in his attempt to embezzle $125 of government money, Postmaster Richard Hedges, overcome with remorse, blew himself, his postoffice and store building to atoms with gunpowder. The explosion completely demolished the postoffice and store building. Only fragments of the man's body were recovered.

Bulgarian Cabinet Resigns.

Sofia, Bulgaria, May 16.—The Bulgarian cabinet has resigned. Prince Ferdinand accepted its resignation and summoned M. Petuoff, leader of the Stambuloff party. It is possible that a coalition cabinet may be formed.

Husband Threw Acid.

St. Louis, May 16.—Mrs. Elsie Strieb and Mrs. Sophia Wunsch were seriously burned and probably disfigured for life by acid thrown in their faces by Frank Strieb, husband of the former woman. The couple had been living apart.

Engineer Was Insane.

Berlin, May 16.—Investigation of railroad disasters which have occurred quite frequently of late upon a suburban line has shown that the locomotive engineer concerned was insane. He has been confined in an asylum.

WHEN YOU BUY Meredith's Diamond Club Pure Rye Whiskey you get the highest grade whiskey made. That's why it's best for medicinal purposes and preferred for other uses. That's why you should try it. Send the tops to us and you will get the mug.
G. W. MEREDITH & CO.,
177 Market Street.
East Liverpool, Ohio.

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Office of the Mayor,
City of East Liverpool, Ohio.
May 15, 1903.

The qualified electors of the City of East Liverpool, O., will take notice that at a special election to be held for that purpose, in said city, on

Monday, the first day of June, 1903,

there will be submitted to them for decision the purpose to issue the bonds of said city in the sum of Fifty-nine Thousand Dollars ($59,000.00), for the purpose of meeting the deficiencies in the general fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, said election to be held at

First Ward.
Fire station.
Second Ward.
Turners' hall, Walnut street.
Third Ward.
Central fire station.
Fourth Ward.
Kinsey's plumbing shop, Sixth street.

Those who desire to vote in favor of said proposition shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the issue of bonds," and those who desire to vote against the same shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the issue of bonds."

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once

The News Review

Daily Except Sunday.

BRUSH BROS. PROP'S.

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Publisher.

The News Review, Daily,

Established 1884. By mail, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $1.75; by carrier $5.00; ten cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly,

Established 1879. By mail one year, $1.00 in advance; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Official Papers

of the City of East Liverpool and Columbiana County

Office 196 Washington Street.

Bell Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
Editorial Room..... No. 122

Columbiana County Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
Editorial Room..... No. 846

CHARLES S. PATTESON,

Manager of Foreign Advertising, 528 Temple Court, New York

UNCHALLENGED STATEMENT.

Circulation larger than that of the two other East Liverpool daily papers combined.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW for the month of April, 1903, was 86,335.

Average for the month, 3,321.

..The following are the figures for each issue:

April 1	3,231
April 2	3,203
April 3	3,204
April 4	3,224
April 5	SUNDAY.
April 6	5,737
April 7	3,263
April 8	3,211
April 9	3,212
April 10	3,354
April 11	3,213
April 12	SUNDAY.
April 13	3,208
April 14	3,207
April 15	3,215
April 16	3,206
April 17	3,207
April 18	3,210
April 19	SUNDAY.
April 20	3,209
April 21	3,203
April 22	3,273
April 23	3,203
April 24	3,264
April 25	3,212
April 26	SUNDAY.
April 27	3,213
April 28	3,212
April 29	3,221
April 30	3,215
Total	86,335
Average	3,321

Columbiana County, State of Ohio. ss. I, Louis H. Brush, publisher of the Evening News Review, swear that the above statement is true.

LOUIS H. BRUSH.

Sworn to and subscribed to in my presence this 1st day of May, 1903.

J. S. HILBERT,
Notary Public.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL E. LIVERPOOL O.

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1903.

TWELVE PAGES

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Senator, second term—C. C. CONNELL.
Representative, second term—D. W. CHRIST
Representative, first term—ELIJAH W. HILL.
Prosecuting Attorney—M. J. M'GARRY.
Sheriff—A. J. JOHNSON.
Treasurer—WM. A. THOMPSON
Commissioner—ROBERT G. BOYD.
Infirmary Director—THOMAS KELLY
Coroner—D. J. JONES.

If half that is told of the barbarities and atrocities practiced against the Jews in Russia be true it is time for the civilized world to call a halt. That the czar, who is perhaps the most enlightened and progressive ruler Russia has ever had, should permit such diabolic work to go on unrebuked and unchecked seems incredible. The czar has posed as the friend of peace and humanity, the advocate of universal disarmament. Yet in his own domains a people whose only offense has been a difference of race and religion has been relentlessly persecuted from time immemorial. In the twentieth century has come a culmination of abuse, resulting in horrors equaling those of the Spanish inquisition, bloodshed that makes savage warfare seem humane in comparison, unprovoked slaughter of innocent babes and women. Reforms, like charity, should begin at home. If the czar would not invite the doom of his government, he should see to it that deeds at which civilization stands aghast are quickly and relentlessly punished and their repetition forever made impossible. The great powers of the earth united to put down a Boxer revolution in China, and will not long tolerate greater abuse of citizens in another land, however powerful, simply because that land falsely claims to be civilized.

Hon. C. S. Speaker, of Lisbon, in an interview elsewhere printed in this issue of the News Review, eloquently and forcefully calls attention to the penalties the law provides for those who tamper with the purity of the ballot at the primary elections. Although the News Review has previously published articles covering almost every legal phase of the question it is glad to print Mr. Speaker's summary of the laws, feeling assured that the subject is one which cannot be brought too often or too prominently before the public. There is a way provided to check all forms of fraud and abuse, and the people of Columbiana county should awaken and apply it.

Some of the people over in Salem fear that numerously projected street railways, if they materialize, will take many persons away from home to do their trading. The chances are that for every one who goes out of town for that purpose a dozen will come in. East Liverpool would gladly welcome street railway connection with all neighboring towns and country districts also.

The Methodists of this city will celebrate the anniversary of the Epworth League tomorrow, while the United Presbyterians will celebrate the anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate. Both have done and are doing a noble work, and church, press and people unite in wishing them long life and continued prosperity.

The village of Amesville, O., through electing a tramp as its mayor, is getting its name in the papers quite frequently. No boom is likely to result, however, nor is the example likely to be extensively copied.

A man who was to be legally hanged in Kentucky yesterday killed himself before the hour set for his execution. He was evidently against any innovations in the Blue grass region.

Democratic editors who have labored so earnestly to prove the existence of a conflict of interests between Senator Hanna and the president will have to guess again.

Prosperity has struck the south and the price of cotton has soared until there is danger that American women will all have to wear silk.

The census bureau has estimated that in 1935 the population of the United States will be between 155,000,000 and 160,000,000.

The Democrats who have influence with their party seem disposed to put Cleveland's presidential boom upon the shelf.

East Liverpool is fast becoming a dry town. The weather man and not the Prohibition mayor is responsible.

A Jerrold Retort.

When Albert Smith grew tired of being the butt of Douglas Jerrold's wit, he one day plaintively remarked, "After all, Jerrold, we row in the same boat."

"Yes," answered the clever playwright, like a flash of lightning, "but got with the same skulls."

Human Nature.

"What are the respective ages of the father and the son?"

"Well, I judge that the former is over fifty, because I notice he likes to be called 'my boy,' and that the latter is under twenty-five, for the reason that it pleases him to be addressed as 'old man.'"—Smart Set.

A Transposition.

Margaret—No, you cannot stay, love. Your mother says it is absolutely necessary for you to come home.

Elizabeth—Oh, dear! I sometimes think that mother is the inventor of necessity instead of necessity being the mother of invention.—Kansas City Journal.

It Depended.

Judge (to witness)—You say you have known the prisoner all your life?

Witness—Yes, your honor.

Judge—Now, in your opinion, do you think he could be guilty of stealing this money?

Witness—How much was it?

TOILET REQUISITES

(All Kinds)

You cannot find a more complete and well selected list of toilet requisites than at our store. No matter what you want in toilet articles or toilet preparations, both imported and American, you can best get it of us. Anything which you do not happen to have will gladly be ordered for you. Mail orders promptly filled.

C. G. Anderson,

Druggist, Diamond.

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

Everything in Furniture, Carpets and House Furnishings Generally

Our stock is now complete and we will positively save you money on every purchase.

Our expenses are small and you get the advantage of this.

Long experience has taught us what East Liverpool people want, and our stock has been bought as low as money will buy it.

No matter what room in the house you wish to furnish we can suit you in goods and in price

Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

Our line of carpets embraces all that is best in Body Brussels, Axminsters, Velvets, Tapestries and Ingrains At Money Saving Prices.

We guarantee the quality equal to anything on the market and will demonstrate it to your satisfaction.

All patterns are fresh and new.

Ask your neighbor about it.

Lace Curtains, Ruffled Curtains, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings

And everything usually sold in a Furniture Store.

See our line of Bed Room Suites, Sideboards, Rockers and Parlor Furniture.

Come and See

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

200-202 Sixth St.

Both Phones 544.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Justice J. N. Rose will deliver the Memorial day address at Rogers.

Dr. Francis R. Harrison has returned from a brief business visit to Wheeling.

Thomas Arbuckle goes to Warren Monday to attend the state convention of the O. U. A. M.

Mrs. Clifford Dawson returned at noon today from a week's visit with relatives in Sebring.

Mrs. Chal Peterson, who has been suffering from inflammatory rheumatism, is reported much worse.

Mrs. Frank Robinson and her son Joseph left this morning for Sebring, where they will visit relatives.

Claude Nease, of Thompson avenue, is entertaining as guests his father and mother, whose home is in Meigs county.

J. E. McDonald and wife left this morning for Gallipolis, where the latter will spend the summer. Mr. McDonald will return home next Tuesday.

Secretary M. C. Wright, of the Y. M. C. A., has returned from Cambridge Springs. His health was not greatly benefited by his stay at the resort, but he feels considerably refreshed and hopes for steady improvement.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. McFarland reached home yesterday from Rivesville, W. Va. Mrs. McFarland had been spending several weeks there with relatives and Mr. McFarland joined her at the conclusion of the potters' convention in Wheeling.

The Bachelor.

A western editor pays this tribute to a type which has not its fair share of song and story: "The bachelor represents the most congenial and big hearted type of our commonwealth. His name, while held in public derision by a host of people, will always remain closely interwoven in the history of pioneer life. He it was who pushed out into the wild and woolly west at a time when the buffalo, Indians and coyote were lords of the prairies and by persistent efforts and under privation and want led a heroic life by converting vast areas of the barren wilderness into fertile lands of peace and plenty. Then, without aid of feminine piety to keep vigil over his everyday acts, this sturdy empire builder remained at his post, blazing out the path of fame and introducing thrift and civilization in his wake. Like the cowboy he is slowly passing into history, but his fame is as farreaching as civilization, his name indelibly stamped on the pages of history, while the humble dugout with its original environments will appear in scenic pictures above the footlights of future generations."

Persian Athletes.

Strong and skilled as western athletes are, there are some respects in which the athletes of the east, and especially those of Persia, surpass them.

Their skill is due to the fact that they do not rely on brute strength, but on adroitness, which they have acquired after years of strenuous training. They know the function of every muscle in their bodies, and they are not regarded as experts until they are so well trained that they can perform with ease any feat which depends for success not only upon their strength, but also upon the proper play of their muscles.

They are not as bulky as some of the well known athletes of Europe and America, but, on the other hand, their bodies are wonderfully symmetrical, and all their movements are most graceful.

In wrestling and swinging clubs they especially excel, and, no matter how expert they may be, not a day passes that they do not practice for several hours.

They Were Seven.

"I see Dorkins has got all of his seven daughters married off."

"Yes, but he took advantage of his official position to effect it."

"How was that?"

"Why, he is chairman of the board of public works, and he advertised for proposals."—Pittsburg Index.

Preoccupied.

"Clara," said my aunt to her little daughter, who had been spending the day with a little neighbor, "were you a good girl during your visit today?"

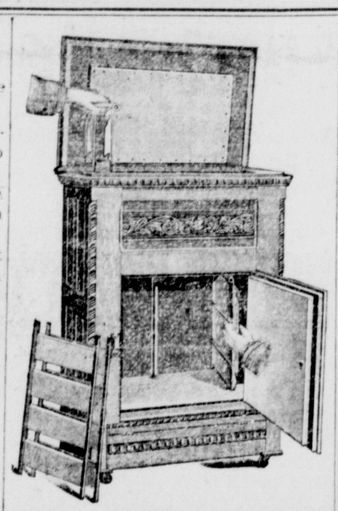
"I don't know, mamma. I just had so much fun that I forgot to pay any 'tention to myself," replied Clara.—Little Chronicle.

Clear Case.

Justice—Does the groom take this woman for better or for worse?

Bride (butting in)—He takes me fo' better, Ah reckon, sah. He's out ob work.—Chicago News.

News Review small ads. pay.



OUR REFRIGERATORS

Are ice savers, they are constructed with seven walls of non-conducting materials and are models of sanitary perfection. We would be pleased to have you inspect them.

Watson's

104 Sixth Street.

Catherine II.'s Rosebush.

The famous czarina, Catherine II. of Russia, was very fond of red roses, and one day as she walked in the gardens at Tsarkoe Selo she noticed a beautiful bud and resolved to pluck it on the morrow and present it to one of her grandsons, as it was his birthday. On the morrow, however, when she looked for the flower, it was no longer there, and when she inquired for it she was told that a pet bear had destroyed it.

Furious at being disappointed she ordered that a soldier be posted beside the rosebush, so that no harm might come to the remaining buds on it.

One hundred and fifty years later and long after the rosebush had disappeared a Russian grand duke saw a soldier standing like a statue in the gardens, and, going to the officer on duty, he asked: "What is that man doing there? There is nothing to guard in these gardens."

The officer then told him of Empress Catherine's order and said that since it was an imperial mandate he felt bound to respect it until it was rescinded.

Billion and Trillion.

There are two systems of numeration in use at the present day, commonly called the English and the French systems. In the former the billion is a million of millions, a trillion a million of billions and each denomination is a million times the one preceding. In the latter (which is the system used in the United States) the billion is a thousand millions, and each denomination is a thousand times the preceding.

Why He Was Single.

"Why don't you marry?" asked one Frenchman of another.

"Because I must do it on certain conditions."

"What conditions?"

"Well, you know, the lady must be beautiful, rich and a fool. If she isn't rich and beautiful, I won't take her, and if she isn't a fool she won't take me!"

A Giant Emperor.

Maximinus, the giant Roman emperor, could twist coins into corkscrews, powder hard rocks between his fingers and do other seemingly impossible things. When angered, he often broke the jaw of a horse or the skull of an ox with his fist. His wife's bracelet served him for a ring, and every day he ate sixty pounds of meat and drank an amphora of wine.

Retrospection.

A Scotchman had two sons, one of whom was a doctor and the other a clergyman, of whom he was very proud. "If I had kent," said he, "that ane of my sons was to be a medical man and the other a meenister, I would never hae had auld Jenny McCosh for their mither."

NEIL HOUSE

COLUMBUS, OHIO

STRICTLY EUROPEAN.

Geo. H. Hopper, Mgr.

Dr. J. F. Bumpus

Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate under Dr. A. T. Still, the founder of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., is located in the

Oyster Building, 118½ Sixth St.

East Liverpool, Ohio.

Consultation by appointment.

C. C. Phone 674.

J. M. KELLY, President. S. T. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. W. BURFORD, Vice President. N. G MACRUM, Treasurer.

THE UNION BUILDING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

6 PER CENT INTEREST Given on Paid-up Stock. Given on Savings Accounts

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates

ASSETS OVER $300,000.00.

$100 GIVEN AWAY IN PRIZES.

From May 15th to May 25th we will have a jar of shot in the show case in front of our studio, if you guess the amount of shot in the jar you get the first price prized mentioned below:

TEN PRIZES.

1st prize, an enlargement in gold	$25
2d prize, 1 doz. Collodio	20
3d prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	15
4th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	10
5th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	6
6th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	5
7th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	5
8th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	5
9th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	5
10th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino	4
	$100

This contest is open to everyone. Call and take a guess.

Mercer & Co.,

Photographers.

228 6th, Cor. Franklin St.

SCHLEGEL'S

FISH MARKET

FRESH FISH

Call us on either phone. Let us know where you live and we'll send your order of Nice, Clean, Fresh Fish Promptly.

Herring, Salmon, White Fish, Lake and Ocean Fish.

SCHLEGEL'S, 165 Market Street. Both Phones 230.

Our Platform

SAFETY first, liberality next. Both are essential to successful banking.

If you are satisfied with our platform come and see us.

The Potters National Bank.

New Fish Market

The fish market formerly conducted by A. T. McEntree, on West Market street, has been purchased by J. C. Davis, everything remodeled, clean and up-to-date. You will always find a fresh line of salt, fresh water and smoked fish.

J. C. Davis,

301½ W. Market.

Col. Co. Phone 532.

MORE BUGGIES

Than was ever shown under one roof at one time between Pittsburg and Cleveland. Knowing from experience the vexations delay you may expect when ordering a vehicle at this time of the year we have stocked our Five Large Rooms to their utmost capacity with all kinds and styles of Vehicles and Harness. You have such a variety of styles and prices to select from that we certainly can please you. Remember we appreciate your call if you are only just looking.

A. Trotter & Son.

BASE BALL

Y. M. C. A.

vs.

WESTINGHOUSE

Saturday, May 16,

4 P. M.

A. Dinerstine & Co.

Contractors and Dealers in

PAINTS and PAPERHANGING

Also sole agents for the famous

Carrara Paints

in this county. This paint is sold with a written guarantee.

C. C. Phone 104. 127 Seventh St.

In Everybodys Mouth

Sooner or later—the teeth will need attention and the sooner they are attended to the less trouble and expense there will be. BUT—when you employ a dentist—employ none but an expert from a reputable college. We are experts. Let us examine your mouth and give you an expert opinion—FREE.

Red Cross Dental Parlors

Drs. Harrison and Calcott,

Diamond. Above Boston Store.

Mattress Renovating

If you have a hair or cotton mattress that is old and broken down, let **Crook** send it to the **H. G. Bailey Renovating Works** to have it thoroughly cleaned and made over **nice** as **new.**

You Will Have

Plenty of money if you save some of your wages and deposit it with

The Potters' Building & Savings Co.,

Which is now issuing PAID-UP and RUNNING STOCK.

All the Newest and Prettiest

Belt Pins and Shirt Waist Sets

25c, 50c and 75c, at the Wade Jewelry Company.

Fifth Street.

WELLSVILLE

BY NO MEANS SETTLED

Dispute Over the Janitorship of City Hall Nearing an Interesting Stage.

At the last meeting of the city council Wednesday evening it was thought that the janitor question was settled, as council, by a unanimous vote, refused to appropriate the $45 for the salary. William T. Green, the janitor appointed by the board of public service, still continues to report each morning for duty, but does no work. He does not know where the tools are kept and Elliott will not instruct him. Green was sitting in front of the city hall yesterday when Mr. Herbert, of the board of public service, came up and asked if he was working. Green said no. Mr. Herbert said he was bound to see Green doing the work which he rightfully ought to do if he had to buy the tools himself.

Before many days there is likely to be trouble in the vicinity of the city hall. The board of public service claims control of the building. The mayor fortifies himself with an ordinance passed several years ago which says the mayor shall appoint a building policeman.

Up-to-Date Fire Department.

The board of public service, composed of E. S. Martin and B. D. Beacon, will meet this evening with the fire department for the purpose of acquainting themselves with every thing connected with the department. It is the intention to establish a fire department that will be strictly up-to-date in every particular. A team will always be ready for immediate use, a man kept at the fire station all the time and every thing in perfect order.

An Enjoyable Dance.

A large crowd attended the dance given in the Wellsville city hall last evening by Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, of Alliance. Despite the hot weather every one seemed to enjoy the evening. Several from East Liverpool were present. Mr. Bailey will hold one more dance in this city this season on next Friday evening.

Boarders Skipped.

Park Leach, proprietor of a restaurant, is mourning the loss of a $25 board bill. George White, a mill employe, and his wife, during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Leach, packed their goods and left.

WELLSVILLE SHORT STORIES.

Mrs. Lockhart is visiting friends in Cleveland.

John Young, of Center street, is on the sick list.

J. T. West, of Wheeling, was in this city yesterday.

Henry Jordan was in Pittsburg Friday on business.

City Solicitor Boyd was in Lisbon yesterday on business.

John H. Clark, of Allegheny, is visiting friends in this city.

W. G. Stewart has returned from a business trip to Lisbon.

Miss Cora Barnes is improving from a siege of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Thomas Agnew is the guest of relatives in Vanport, Pa.

Frank L. Wells will spend Sunday with his family in Lisbon.

Robert Black has returned from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Miss Erla Morrow has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

G. H. Kerr, of Martin's Ferry, is the guest of Wellsville friends.

H. M. Smiley, of Lisbon, was in this city yesterday on business.

Charles R. McGregor was in Lisbon yesterday on legal business.

Mrs. E. W. Simon, of Wheeling, is spending a few days in this city.

William R. Davidson, of Port Clinton, is in this city on business.

Miss Nettie Given, of Woodville, is the guest of her brother, Forest Given, of Front street.

Mrs. W. S. Adams, of Cleveland, is visiting friends in the West End.

Miss Minnie Cunningham, of Canton, is the guest of friends in this city.

Charles C. Alvin, of Beaver Falls, is the guest of friends in this city.

Miss Blanche Smith is spending a few days with friends in Steubenville.

J. M. Russell, of the West End, has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

Miss Ella O'Donnell returned last evening from a visit with Salineville friends.

Miss Ruby Sheets left today to spend two weeks with relatives in Pittsburg.

J. W. Wallace has returned to his home in Wheeling after spending several days in this city.

Mrs. George Thompson has returned to her home in Steubenville after visiting friends in this city.

George B. Aten has returned from Marietta, where he spent several days at the soldiers' reunion.

Charles Jennings, of McKeesport, yesterday visited friends in this city. He returned home this morning.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Best of job work at the News Review office.

Dispute Over Lot Sale.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Cora Taylor, of Hanover, vs. Laura Y. Armstrong, came on for trial yesterday. In the petition plaintiff says defendant sold her two lots in Hanover, but had later received an offer from Taylor Temple for more. She sold to him. Plaintiff asks that the conveyance to Temple be set aside and that she be given a deed for the property.

Took Pharmacists' Examination.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special)—Dr. William J. Taylor, of East Liverpool, and Charles Mascher and John Southern, of East Palestine, took the pharmical examination before the state board in this city this week. The results will not be made known for some time.

East Liverpool Woman Insane.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Probate Judge J. A. Martin was in East Liverpool examining Miss Elizabeth Graham for lunacy. She was adjudged insane. She is 44 years old, and her mental trouble has been coming on for several years.

The Carbuncle.

One of the rarest and most precious stones is the carbuncle, which is sometimes confounded with the ruby, from which it differs by the intensity of its fires, produced by an internal luster of gold, while under the purple of the ruby there only appear dottings of azure or lacquer. Ethiopia produced the most precious ancient carbuncles. The Chaldeans regarded this stone as a powerful talisman. Legend makes the eyes of dragons out of carbuncles. Garcias ab Horto, physician of one of the viceroys of India, speaks of carbuncles which he saw in the palace of that prince which were so extraordinary in their brilliancy that they seemed "like redhot coals in the midst of darkness." Louis Vertoman reports that the king of Pegu wore an enormous one, which at night appeared to be lighted up with sunbeams. The virtues of the carbuncle are resistance to fire, preservation of the eyes, promotion of pleasant dreams, creation of happy illusions and an antidote against impure air.

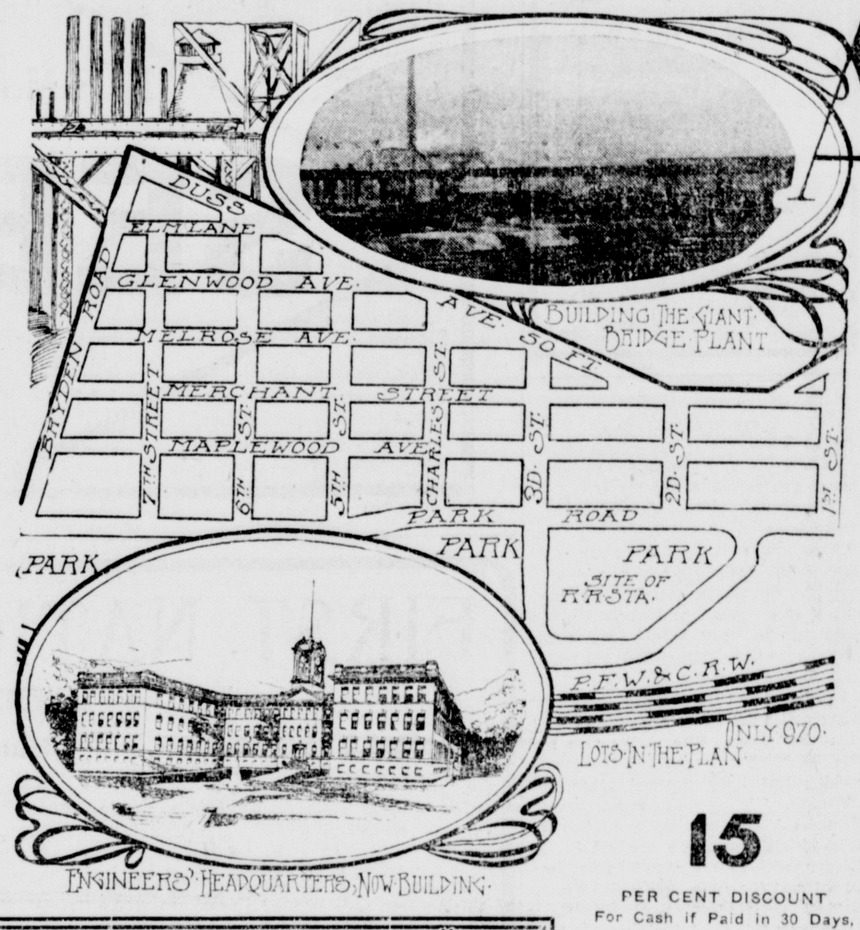
Hard to Please.

Brown—You don't look very happy, Dumley.

Dumley—I have just lost a fiver on a bet.

Brown—That's bad.

Dumley—Yes. I had an awful attack of rheumatism this morning, and that young squirt of a doctor, Tipsalve, bet me a fiver he could cure it before night, and I'll be hanged if he didn't win the money!



ENGINEERS' HEADQUARTERS, NOW BUILDING.

Ambridge

Economy's Modern New Neighbor.
Coming Metropolis of Beaver County.
Home of the American Bridge Company.

Free Excursion to the One-Day Sale of Lots Saturday, May 23.

Free Tickets good on trains leaving Wellsville at 6:25 and 11:22 A. M.; leaving East Liverpool at 6:42 and 11:31 A. M., railroad time. Returning, leavnig Ambridge at 1:50 and 5:05 P. M., railroad time. Tickets will be supplied at convenient places.

Ambridge lies on a splendid level plateau, overlooking the Ft. Wayne Railroad and the Ohio river, on part of the old Economite tract—the most famous building site along the Upper Ohio. It adjoins the quaint old town of Economy. The plan contains only 970 lots. Streets are being graded and curbed and the principal ones paved; sewers, water and gas mains are being laid to each and every lot in the plan. A park a mile long and 400 feet wide skirts the lower side of the plan, separating the town from the railroad. **Ambridge** will have every modern improvement by the middle of the summer.

Lots Range in Price from $300 to $1,100.

Easy Payments: 10 per cent down; 3 per cent monthly. No Taxes or Interest until delivery of deed.

15 PER CENT DISCOUNT For Cash if Paid in 30 Days, or For one-third cash paid in 30 days, balance in three semi-annual installments, secured by mortgage.

Nearly $200,000 in Improvements.

Below are given the actual contract figures for the public improvements completed or under way at Ambridge. The grading and sewering is already complete; the paving and laying of water and natural gas mains is now in progress:

Grading streets and sidewalks and leveling lots	$ 28,520.00
Sewering every street in the plan, laying connections to property line	49,420.00
Street paving	55,000.00
Setting curbs and laying fire-brick sidewalks	7,213.50
Laying water mains to reach every lot in the plan	22,000.00
Laying gas mains (in same trench with water)	12,419.00
Total	$174,593.50

This means an actual expenditure for improvements of $180 for each lot in the plan, or $6.91 for every front foot sold. Gas will be supplied from the mains of the old Fort Pitt Natural Gas Company, now the Manufacturers Light and Heat Company of Pittsburg.

10 PER CENT ADDITIONAL DISCOUNT If new building, to cost at least double the price of lot, is under roof by January 1.

A POPULATION OF 15,000 IN TWO YEARS.

Ambridge will make the world's bridges after this year. The American Bridge Company has located there its new central plant, where eight older bridge and structural iron works are being consolidated. Part of the new plant is already in operation. By January 1 5,000 men will be employed at the one works, looking to the new town for homes. One thousand engineers, the central engineering force of the bridge company, will also be located at the new town by January 1. The engineering headquarters is now in course of construction. Most of these engineers are young men—a most desirable class of population. Homes for 15,000 people—places to eat, places to sleep—must be provided. Sites are already taken for four churches, and the new bank building is under roof.

A request to us will bring you plat and detailed description of the wonderful town, by return mail.

Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
311 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate Trust Co.
311 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Please mail me plat, price list and description of new town of **Ambridge.**

.....

.....

.....

.....

CUT THIS OUT, fill in your name and address, and mail to us, and receive by return mail plat, price list and detailed description of Ambridge.

SOUTH SIDE

TAX LEVY FIXED

The Rate for the Coming Year in Chester Will Be Eight Mills.

The most important matter disposed of by the Chester council last night was the fixing of the tax levy. The finance committee recommended eight mills and it was adopted.

A report was made by Engineer Whitacre on the widening of Fairview road, but no action was taken.

Street Commissioner Rose furnished a bond for $500 signed by the Citizens' Guaranty and Trust company. The Ohio Valley Gas company presented a bill for gas amounting to $186, which, with an account with Assessor Thompson Allison, amounting to $95.28, was ordered paid.

Engineer J. C. Kelly, of East Liverpool, was retained to do whatever surveying the city decided upon at the rate of $5 per day.

Still Unfinished.

Although the work at the park on the "mill" and the summer theatre has been pushed to the limit, it is now apparent that the contract cannot be completed within the time limit. As large a force of carpenters is now being employed as it is possible to secure, and yesterday it was decided to work two hours overtime each day. The men began yesterday on a 10-hour day, and will continue making that time until the work is finished. They receive time and one-half for the two extra hours, which makes their weekly bills rather large. It is estimated that the contract can be completed by the middle of June.

PARTNERS DISAGREE

Erwin McGee Suing E. S. Good On a Claim for $250.

The case of Erwin McGee vs. E. S. Good, in which plaintiff claims $250 as his share of a partnership in a lumber deal, will be tried in the court of Justice Pugh Monday at 1 o'clock.

Good will endeavor to show that McGee had no money invested in the deal, and that when the logs were purchased and the lumber prepared for the market it was his money that was used in paying the preliminary expenses. He will be willing to settle the partnership as soon as the expenses are liquidated and the money invested by him has been paid over.

CHESTER NOTES.

Mrs. C. T. McCutcheon, of Virginia avenue, left today for a visit with her parents near Wheeling.

Sheriff C. T. Allison arrived in Chester this afternoon and will spend Sunday with relatives.

Yesterday was the last day of school in Chester and the pupils with their teachers, Misses Ruth Baxter and Jane Stewart, are picnicking at Rock Springs park today.

Rev. Mr. Pittman will preach to the Christian church congregation at Bloom's hall tomorrow.

Rev. Hosick, of Hookstown, will occupy the pulpit at the Chester U. P. church tomorrow for the Presbyterians at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Miss Blanche Dornan is the guest of Miss Rachel Baxter in Chester today. Miss Dornan resides at New Cumberland.

For Fire Insurance
For Life Insurance
For Accident Insurance
For Cyclone Insurance
For Plate Glass Insurance
For Liability Insurance

Or if you have property for sale I can sell it, and if you desire to buy I can locate you in any part of Chester.

E. C. Baxter
Cor. Virginia Avenue and Adolphus Street.
Chester, W. Va.

ATTENTION TAXPAYERS, GRANT DISTRICT

For the benefit of all those who are in arrears for taxes, I hereby announce that I will be at the store of Allison & Hobbs, Chester, W. Va., on Saturday evening, May 16, at which time I will be glad to meet all those who may wish to pay taxes, as this will be the last chance before settlement.

C. F. ALLISON,
Sheriff of Hancock county.

A French Dog Story.

A Parisian lady went out recently for a walk in the Avenue de Clichy, taking with her a toy terrier, which she held by a string. While she was looking into a shop window two mischievous boys substituted a bone for the dog. A Great Dane then appeared on the scene, and, seeing the bone, made a dash and swallowed it, string included. The lady turned round and in despair cried out that the Great Dane had eaten her pet. The little dog was found later on, much to the joy of his mistress, who carried him off in a cab.

Bismarck's Feed of Oysters.

Bismarck on one occasion told Sidney Whitman of his well known feat in oyster eating. He was once in Liege, where he ordered some oysters in a restaurant—fifty to begin with. He saw the lady behind the counter look up in surprise; so, when he had eaten them, wishing to see what effect it might have on her, he ordered another fifty, and so on until he had eaten 170 oysters. Mr. Whitman adds that "it is only fair to remember that in all probability they were the small Ostend variety."

Naval Discipline.

The force of naval discipline is shown in this true story of the captain who, fatally smitten with cholera, was being taken ashore to the hospital. The story is told in "Sport In the Navy."

The captain's men were rowing as slowly and gently as possible in order not to disturb him. The dying captain beckoned the midshipman in charge of the boat and whispered these last words:

"Ten days' black list for the crew for not giving way!"

Reed Enjoyed It.

Thomas B. Reed was once the victim of a printer's error the unusual aptness of which, after the first flush of indignation had subsided, appealed so strongly to his sense of the comic that he never failed to refer to the matter with the keenest gusto whenever he met the man whom he, with the utmost mock solemnity, always held responsible for it.

The late Colonel John A. Cockerill's handwriting in the heat of composition was sometimes liable to lose itself in an almost interminable tangle, decipherable only with the greatest difficulty. On one occasion he undertook to say that "any one can see Tom Reed has the face of an honest man," but was horrified when he opened his paper the following morning and found that the types made him say that "any one can see Tom Reed has a face like a harvest moon."

Wonders of the Human Heart.

The workings of the human heart have been computed by a celebrated physiologist, and he has demonstrated that it is equal to the lifting of 120 tons in twenty-four hours. Presuming that the blood is thrown out of the heart at each pulsation in the proportion of sixty-nine strokes of nine feet, the mileage of the blood through the body might be taken at 207 yards per minute, seven miles per hour, 168 miles per day, 61,320 miles per year, or 5,150,000 miles in a lifetime of eighty-four years. In the same period of time the heart must beat 2,869,776,000 times.

Sadiron and Tailor's Goose.

A "sadiron" is the style in which the common flatiron is spoken of in print, says the Syracuse Herald. "Sad" is an old English synonym for heavy, and Spenser wrote, "More sad than lump of lead." A "sadiron" was a heavy iron and long ago was applied to the flatiron now in common domestic use. The tailor's "goose" was so called because the handle bears a fanciful resemblance to the neck of a goose. This name because it had a reason for being still survives.

Literary Diseases.

Many occupations have diseases which are more or less incidental to them, and literature is not exempt. The two most prevalent literary maladies are writer's cramp and swelled head. The unfortunate thing about writer's cramp is that it is never cured. The unfortunate thing about swelled head is that it never kills.—Exchange.

The Trouble With Poultry.

An old woman who went into the poultry business under the expectation that she could make a fortune by selling eggs has quit it in disgust because, as she says, "the hens never 'll lay when eggs are dear, but always begin as soon as they are cheap."

Do You Eat?

LA LA COOLER WAFERS

For Making Ice Cream Sandwitches

A Dainty Bit of Coldness.

Get them at

Heddleston Bros.'

"The Home of Quality."
Fourth and Market.

The World's Greatest Spring Tonic

BEEF IRON and WINE

Prepared by **C. T. M'Cutcheon, Ph. G.,** The Reliable Druggist.
Near Postoffice, Chester, W. Va.
I can correctly fill any prescription any doctor can write.

REALM OF SPORTS

WELLSVILLE WON IN A GOOD GAME

The East Liverpool Athletic Club Worsted to the Tune of 8 to 2.

AN INTERESTING CONTEST

The Local Boys Played Well and a Large Number of Spectators From This City Cheered Them On—The Features of the Game.

The East Liverpool Athletic club base ball team took their defeat like true ball players yesterday at Central park, Wellsville. They are good players, but they ran against a tough proposition and could not solve it.

The game started with the visitors at the bat. Gibson was thrown out at first. McAvoy hit the wind. Tyson got to first on an error. Carey did the same thing. Bennett hit to Heckathorn and never saw first, leaving the two men on bases. Lang was the first up for the home team, but went out at first. Murphy, the old reliable, soaked out a three bagger. Hamilton batted to third and was out at first, but Murphy scored. Heckathorn went out at first, retiring the side with one run. Carey got a single but died on second as the next three men went down in order, two of them hitting nothing but empty space.

In the second the home team went down one, two, three.

In the third, after two outs, Lang singled and got to second. Murphy came up and again distinguished himself by pounding out a two bagger, scoring Lang. Hamilton went out at first, which retired the side with the score standing 2 to 1 in favor of the W. A. C.

The fourth inning was not such a scoring inning, as it had been heretofore, as they went out without either hit or run. The fifth was the one which set the visitors going. Stillwell was up first, but couldn't touch it. Millwood singled and Patterson following with a single. Lang got to first on an error. Murphy got a single and scored two runs. Hamilton flied out to middle but each runner moved up a notch. Heckathorn singled and brought Lang home. Webb placed a two bagger and scored Murphy, making four runs. Daniels flied out to left, retiring the side.

The visitors in the sixth made three hits, but could only manage to bring one score in. After that they went out in one, two, three order.

In the sixth the home team made three hits and two runs. While Hamilton was batting he hit a foul toward third. G. Emmerling would have it that it was a fair ball and took off his mask and refused to play, but after a few minutes' persuasion he put on the mask and the game proceeded. After the sixth the visitors steadied down and Emmerling only gave one hit, but nobody scored.

Quite a large number from East Liverpool were at the game and how they did root at the beginning! After the fifth everything was quiet with an occasional yell, "Soak it."

The game was interesting from start to finish. Some time ago a few people in East Liverpool were willing to bet on this game, but no one saw any "long green" flashed at the park yesterday.

As he always does, Doc Howard treated both sides alike and was fair in all decisions.

The score:

E. L. A. C.—	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Gibson, 3	1	1	1	3	1
McAvoy, s	0	1	2	1	0
Tyson, 1	0	2	10	6	0
W Carey, 2	0	0	0	2	0
Bennett, r	0	1	0	0	0
E. Carey, m	0	1	4	0	0
Myler, l	1	1	2	0	0
L. Emmerling, c	0	1	4	0	0
G. Emmerling, p	0	2	1	3	1
Total	2	10	24	9	2

W. A. C.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Lang, m	2	2	0	0	0
Murphy, l	2	3	1	0	0
Hamilton, 3	0	0	5	2	0
Heckathorn, 1	0	1	13	0	1
Webb, 2	0	1	1	2	0
Daniels, s	0	1	0	3	0
Stillwell, r	1	1	0	0	0
Millwood, c	2	2	7	0	0
Patterson, p	1	2	0	3	0
Total	8	15	27	10	1

Score by innings:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. H. E.

E. L. A. C. 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2 9 2

W. A. C. 1 0 1 0 4 2 0 0 x—8 12 3

Summary: Two base hits, Murphy and Webb. Three base hits, Murphy. Sacrifice hits, Hamilton. Base on ball off Patterson, 1; off Emmerling, 1. Struck out by Patterson, 7; by Emmerling, 3. Hit by pitched ball, Stillwell and Tyson. Double plays, W. Carey to McAvoy to Tyson. Umpire, Doc Howard. Time, 1:55. Attendance, 300.

Niles Team's Schedule.

John L. McDermott, secretary of the Niles Athletic association, has arranged the following games, to be played with the Niles base ball club in Niles: New Castle Athletic club, May 20; Rayen Athletic club, of Youngstown, May 23; Canton Marines, May 28; Genesee Athletic club, of Cleveland, Decoration day (two games; East Liverpool, June 3; Sebring, June 13. The players are as follows: Ortlieve, catchers, Haggerty, first; Gouzzle, second; Nagle, third; Demoss, short; Porter, Burnett, Yeagley, Glassburners, fielders.

SPORTING MISCELLANY.

Marion is at the head of the Central league race.

Pitcher Frank McPartin has been released by Columbus.

Negotiations for players are on between Louisville and Detroit.

Frank Killen declares he would like an umpire's berth after his ball playing days are over.

The West Virginia university base ball team made a record on its eastern trip of not winning a game. The team reached home and there was little shouting and tumult to greet it.

Ban Johnson, president of the American league, meted out an indefinite suspension to Napoleon Lajoie, of the Clevelands, in consequence of Larry's strong talk to Umpire Connolly.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN CAMES

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	15	7	.682	Cincinnati	11	12	.530
Chicago	17	9	.654	Brooklyn	11	13	.458
Pittsburg	17	10	.629	St. Louis	7	19	.269
Boston	12	10	.545	Philadelphia	6	18	.250

National League Games Friday.

At Philadelphia—

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	5	0	0 0 2 1 5 0 0—18	18	5
Philadelphia	1	0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1— 2	9	7

Leever and Smith; McLaughlin, Doolin and Zimmer. Attendance, 2,044.

At Boston—

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	2	0 2 2 0 0 0 *—10	9	1
St. Louis	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0	6	4

Malarkey, Moran and Kittridge; Hackett and Weaver. Attendance, 2,919.

At New York—

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0 0 2 0 0 1 2— 5	8	2
New York	1	0	0 0 1 0 0 0 2— 4	12	2

Suthoff and Bergen; McGinnity and Warner. Attendance, 7,135.

At Brooklyn—

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	3 2 0 0 2 0 0— 7	11	1
Brooklyn	0	2	1 0 0 0 0 0 1— 4	9	2

Taylor and Kling; Garvin, Evans and Ahern. Attendance, 2,000.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	14	7	.667	St. Louis	8	10	.444
Philadelphia	14	9	.609	Cleveland	8	10	.444
Detroit	11	10	.524	New York	9	12	.429
Boston	11	11	.500	Washington	7	13	.350

American League Games Friday.

At Cleveland—

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	1 0 1 3 0 0 *— 5	7	3
New York	0	0	0 1 1 1 0 0 0— 3	9	2

Wright and Bemis; Tannehill and O'Connor. Attendance, 2,870.

At Detroit—

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	3	1	2 0 0 1 0 1 *— 8	15	2
Boston	1	0	1 3 0 0 0 1 0— 6	10	2

Kitson and Buelow; Hughes and Smith. Attendance, 4,293.

At Chicago—

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	1	0 4 0 0 0 1 *— 7	13	2
Washington	0	0	0 1 0 2 1 0 0— 4	6	2

Dunkle and Sullivan; Townsend, Lee and Drill. Attendance, 2,875.

At St. Louis—

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	0 2 0 1 1 0 0— 4	11	2
St. Louis	1	0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 2	7	0

Waddell and Schreckengost; Sievers and Kahoe. Attendance, 1,400.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN FOR THE PUBLIC SATURDAY. DON'T MISS IT. 111-j

Are You Using Allen's Foot Ease?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and shoe stores, 25c 19

CHOKING CATARRH CURED

Mr. Caswell Says Hyomei Cured Him. Your Money Back If It Does Not Cure You.

"Use Hyomei and be cured of catarrh," is what all who have tried it for that disease say to their friends.

O. S. Caswell, of North Middleboro, Mass., writes: "Hyomei has relieved me from a choking catarrhal trouble and cleared my head. I am glad to recommend it to my friends."

It is the easiest thing in the world to stop catarrh or a catarrhal cold at its beginning if you use Hyomei. Just breathe the health-giving balsamic air for a few minutes and your catarrh will be cured. In the worst cases of this disease, chronic or acute, Hyomei used four or five times a day is all that is needed to soon effect a cure.

In this city and neighboring towns there are hundreds today who can testify to the remarkable powers of Hyomei to cure catarrh. Many of the staunchest friends of this remedy today began its use with little hope that they would be cured, but as Will Reed offered to refund the money if it did not cure, they decided to try it on that plan, and were soon restored to health.

The fact that in this city Will Reed has refunded the money for only two outfits out of the hundreds that he sold is the strongest proof that can be offered as to the truth of the statement that Hyomei cures catarrh and all troubles of the throat and lungs.

PARENTS' DAY CELEBRATION

A Great Event in the School Year to Be Observed Next Week.

EXTENSIVE PREPARATION

Made By Teachers and Pupils—Many Attractive Decorations Added to the School Rooms—The Work in the Various Grades.

Probably at no other time in the history of the school year will an event as auspicious and interesting take place as the Parents' day celebration, which will be observed on Friday afternoon of next week in every school room in the city.

Throughout the school year the children have been earnestly working, looking forward all the while to the day when their parents might visit the schools and see the results of their labor. The work in language, arithmetic, physiology and several other branches has been carefully kept up from day to day until each teacher has now compiled these manuscripts, which will be posted on the walls of the rooms for the parents to inspect.

Many of the teachers have commenced preparing the work, and the rooms have already a bright and gala appearance.

Prof. R. E. Rayman and his corps of teachers cordially invite the patrons and friends of the public schools to be present on the designated day and note the progress which the children are making.

The final examination throughout the schools will begin some time during next week, and all pupils are requested to be present. Prof. Rayman said in speaking of the attendance during the last two weeks of school that it was very essential for all the scholare to be in their places each day, and especially so on the last day of school, in order that they may receive their promotions and be placed in the rooms in which they will belong next year and be ready for entrance without any delay next September.

It is, therefore, urged that the parents keep the children in school all the time if possible during the few remaining days.

Horace Mann Building.

The little children of Miss Alma Croxall's first grade are very much interested in the prospects for Parents' day. Yesterday afternoon they did some very good language work. Each one was given a miniature picture of a kitten or a bird and after pasting these on the papers, began writing their stories about them. These will be used as a part of the decorations in this school.

One very pretty feature which is being planned in Miss Martin's room for the next Friday afternoon exercises will be May flower baskets.

These baskets will add greatly to the room, being filled with wild flowers. If the idea is carried out as now planned the appearance of the room will be made beautiful.

In Miss Kate Harker's school the pupils have been working diligently and cooperating with their teacher in preparing for Parents' day. No doubt this room will be one of the attractive ones in the Horace Mann school on that day. Miss Harker has also been preparing the pupils for their examination and the closing of school, and this has taken a great part of the time.

The scholars of Prof. W. J. Miller's seventh and eighth grades have been closely occupied with the reviewing of the different subjects they have been studying, but nevertheless they have done some very fine special work in the different branches of study. As for instance their nature charts have required much work and the result shows careful and creditable effort.

Map drawing and physiology drawing along with composition and writing specimens will be pasted on the board for Parents' day.

The board work and board decorations will also be a feature on that day.

East End Building.

The pupils in the first grade of the East End building are very much elated with the idea of Parents' Day. Since January 1, they have done a great deal of story writing with paper and pencil. The stories are on various subject such as the robin, sled, American flag, George Washington's hatchet, tulips, apples and cherries. All of their stories have drawings of the story which they have written about and these have all been colored by the teacher. Last week the pupils did some free hand drawing which was very good for first grade. On Friday afternoon they did some paper cutting, the boys making candles in the candlesticks out of paper in bright colors and the girls making baby dolls in bright dresses with large white sunbonnets. These have been fastened along the upper edge of the blackboard and look odd and pretty.

The pupils of Miss Janet M. Hill's room have much credit due to their second grade work. They have made free hand drawings which are very pretty. Charts on nature work, with birds and flowers and their description pasted upon manila paper are very effective. Miss Hill yesterday placed them around the edge of the blackboard and the children were very happy with the appearance of the work they had done. The pupils also had an interesting lesson on the leaves which had been pressed since last October. They were pasted on manila board. A drawing lesson on the solids which have been studied in the Speer numbers proved to be very beneficial and the drawings will be made a very useful decoration. One warm afternoon this week the pupils in Miss Hill's room became very restless. She immediately stopped regular work, for she had conceived a brilliant idea. Each child was given a square piece of paper 6x6 inches, in brilliant colors, and Miss Hill showed the pupils how to cut, fold and mount Indians on colored paper. This idea was excellent. As soon as this work was given the children overcame the restlessness and the result is that they have a bright and pretty Indian border to look at. The study of the life of the Arab on the desert has been very interesting to the children. Some language work upon the violet, dandelion and leaf, each child having his own specimen, has been a change from the regular work.

Miss Lottie Smith has compiled a large number of manuscripts and drawing done by her pupils during the year. These are very nice and reflect credit upon the work of the school in general. A large assortment of stories will be placed about the room for parents' day. Among the drawings are some very good arithmetic figures in solids. Special drawings have been done by the pupils among them being the Wakerobin, birds, dogwood, robin and others. A marked feature in all the work in Miss Smith's school is the neatness with which all of the pupils are characterized. A May calendar entitled, "An Early Breakfast" has been placed upon the blackboard and is very pretty.

Miss Margaret McConnell's fourth grade pupils yesterday morning wrote invitations to their parents to attend the parents' day exercises. Each pupil brought their own paper and envelope and wrote their own invitation to their parents. This was given as a language lesson. Besides preparing some special work in arithmetic, they have been pressing and mounting wild flowers. Yesterday afternoon clay modeling occupied the greater part of the time. Since the beginning of the year the scholars in this room have done very good composition work and drawing, which will be manifested by the appearance of the room on parents' day.

Origin of the Tomato.

The English word of direct Indian origin most frequently in use is tomato. A native of tropical or subtropical America, it was cultivated by the subjects of the Incas and Montezumas, as well as by the other semi-civilized natives, long before the advent of Europeans on this hemisphere under the name of tumatl or tomatl. Though introduced into Europe almost as early as its congener, the potato, it was many years before it made its way into popular favor. There it was first known to the English as love apple, to the French as pomme d'amour and to the Italians as pomi d'amore, and these names are still in use, perpetuating the old, widespread notion that its use as food had an influence on the amatory passions.

School Customs In China.

Many strange school customs prevail in China. The girls in that country seldom go to school unless they are the children of very rich people. School work begins before daylight, and after studying their lessons aloud for two hours the pupils recite them. They then go home to breakfast, after which they return and study again till dinner time. In the afternoon they go again to school to prepare lessons for the following day. By this time it is night. This goes on every day of the week, for there is no such thing as the Sunday holiday.

$2.00 Weekly

buys this elegant, high-grade, fully warranted **Wainwright** upright piano, made in our own factories (at New Castle, Ind., the largest piano factories in the world,) the regular price of which has always been

$350, NOW $235

buys it by our new "Club Plan;" no interest, no drawing. Piano delivered immediately upon signing contract, and $2 a week pays for it. Write today for free illustrated booklet explaining our new

PIANO CLUB

The B. Dreher's Sons Co.

The largest piano house in the West. Established 50 years.

THE ARCADE, CLEVELAND.

For the Field

Alsyke, Alfalfa, Medium and Mammoth Clovers. Timothy, Red Top, Orchard and Blue Grass. Field and Ensilage Corn, Canada Peas. Oats.

For the Garden.

Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Celery, Sugar Corn, Pop Corn, Cucumber, Lettuce, Musk and Water Mellons, Onion Sets and seeds, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Radish, Etc.

H. E. Moon & Co.

SEEDS

171 Fourth Street, East Liverpool, O.

Flowers.

Aster, Balsam, Batchlor's Button, Candytuft, Carnation, For-get-me-not, Morning Glory, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Verbena, etc.

Hay, Straw, Grain, Bran, Middlings, Chop, Dairy Food, Oil Meal, Flax Seed Meal, Stock Foods, Husks for Beds and Poultry Supplies.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Capital $100,000.00. Surplus and Profits, $130,000.00

DAVID BOYCE, President.
J. M. KELLY, Vice President.
N. G. MACRUM, Cashier.
THOS. H. FISHER, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

David Boyce. W. L. Thompson.
J. M. Kelly. O. C. Vodrey.
B. C. Simms. John C. Thompson
N. G. Macrum.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

GUILTY OF CONTEMPT OF COURT

Clarence Venner, of Boston, Meets With a Nice Reception in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., May 16.—Judge Humphrey, in the United States circuit court, adjudged Clarence H. Venner, of Boston, guilty of contempt of court, fined him $1,000 and costs and in addition ordered him committed to the Sangamon county jail for a term of six months. The court denied Venner's application for an appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals and also refused to admit him to bail or to stay the execution.

Venner is president of the New England Water Works company and the Boston Water Works company, of Boston, and the Alton Water Works company, of Alton, Ill., and is a member of the banking firm of Venner & Co., of Boston.

Judge Humphrey entered an order last April commanding Venner to produce the books and other papers of the water works companies before W. M. Allen, master in chancery of the federal court in this district, in Boston in April, but Venner refused to produce the books as ordered by the court.

Venner is the person who attempted to enjoin the Pullman Palace Car company from purchasing the Wagner Car company and the latter from selling; who attempted a year ago in the New Jersey court of chancery to prevent the United States Steel company from exchanging $200,000,000 of preferred stock for 5 per cent bonds, also trying the same thing in the United States circuit court in New York; who attempted in the Massachusetts circuit court two years ago to wind up the affairs of the Amalgamated Copper company, all of which cases were thrown out of court. He now has a suit pending in the United States court in Chicago to prevent the consolidation of the Rock Island and San Francisco railroads.

Another Plot Against President.

Oakland, Cal., May 16.—The extreme diligence which was exercised by the local police in guarding President Roosevelt during his journey through and his brief visit in Oakland is now explained. Information was received of a plot which, carried out, would have meant the assassination of President Roosevelt in this city. Wednesday night Mayor Olney received a communication signed "K. N.," stating that Charles Girardo and Antonio Polivinco, the latter an Italian who tried to kill the emperor of Austria before St. Stephen's church in Vienna, May 13, 1867, had agreed to meet at Girardo's house to discuss the killing of the president.

Boy Arrested on Suspicion.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Samuel Phillips, a 17-year-old boy living near Mt. Joy, was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Isaac Stigler, the Rappo township hermit.

How To Tell A Swindle.

If a man tells you he can make 25 per ct. out of your money for you and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If he offers you something for nothing, set it down as a swindle. If he tells you he can cure you of disease, and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If you will exercise your own judgment, your own reason—just use a little **common sense** at all times, it is the safest guide. We tell you Life Plant cures Rheumatism, Eczama, Catarrh, Asthma, Scrofula and all **blood diseases,** and we tell you why. It does it because it purifies the **blood,** drives out the impurities and thus removes the **cause** of disease. There is no other way. Now that's common sense. The blood is the Life. Keep the blood pure, full of life, and the whole system will be renewed with new energy. Read this. It tells what Life Plant will do. It's from your neighbor:

Mr. J. C. Lukens, of Tippecanoe, Ohio, says: I have been greatly relieved of Nervousness, Stomach and Kidney trouble by the use of Life Plant. As a family medicine to keep the blood in order and tone up the system and prevent sickness, I think it stands at the head of the list.

Tippecanoe, March 1st, 1900.

Life Plant Renews Life. An excellent tonic for the aged. It keeps the blood young, and insures a healthy and ripe old age.

A whole month's treatment for $1.00.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE LIFE PLANT CO. CANTON, O.

FOR SALE BY WILL REED, CHAS CRAIG AND W. L. WILSON.

LEGAL

ORDINANCE 753.

An Ordinance to Provide a Clerk for The City Council of the City of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Be it ordained by the council of the city of East Liverpool, state of Ohio.

Section 1. That in pursuance of the authority conferred and the duty imposed upon this council by an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their powers of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit so as to prevent the use of such powers as required by the constitution of Ohio and to repeal all sections of the revised statutes inconsistent herewith" passed by the general assembly of Ohio in extraordinary session on the 22d day of October, 1902, it is hereby determined that there shall be a clerk for the city council of said city who shall receive a salary of $290 per year, payable monthly.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

ORDINANCE 752.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Section 1. That an ordinance creating the office of clerk for the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

RESOLUTION.

Declaring It Necessary to Issue And Sell Deficiency Bonds to the Amount of $59,000.

Be it resolved by the council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, that it is necessary to issue and sell the bonds of said city in the sum of fifty-nine thousand dollars ($59,000), for the purpose of meeting the deficiency in certain funds of said city, towit: General fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, and the question of issuing and selling of the said bonds in the amount aforesaid, be submitted to the electors of said city at a special election to be held for the purpose between the hours of 12 m. and 6 p. m., **Monday, the first day of June, 1903,** and that the mayor be directed to give notice of the holding of such election in the manner provided by law.

Adopted in adjourned session of council, this 14th day of May, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor of the City of East Liverpool.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 7 p. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.

Morning: "A Remarkable Widow."

Evening:

Opening song service.

Scripture.

Anthem, "Wake the Song of Jubilee" ..... Hadgu

Prayer.

Solo, "Fear Ye Not, O Israel"...Buck
Mrs. Ada Laughlin Baird.

Offertory.

Duet, tenor and bass.....

Prof. H. F. Laughlin, Oliver Johnson.

Evening subject: "That at Which All Young Men and Women Should Aim—Finish and Beauty."

Benediction.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—The only Presbyterian church in the East End—10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 3 p. m., Junior; 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor.

11 a. m.: "Confidence in a Perfect Salvation."

8 p. m.: "Sufficient Grace."

First Methodist Episcopal.

First M. E. church, Fifth and Jackson streets, Rev. Dr. M. B. Pratt, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 12 m., 2 p. m. and 6:15 p. m., class meetings; 4 p. m., Junior league; 6:45 p. m., Senior league.

Morning: "Expansion."

Evening: Anniversary of the Formation of the Epworth League. Installation of league officers. The address will be on the subject, "An Old Friend in a New Age."

First M. E. church, Chester, Rev. F. C. Lindsey, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

11 a. m.: "Abiding in Love."

7:45 p. m.: Sermon appropriate to Epworth league anniversary. Installation of league officers.

A. M. E. church, Grant street, Rev. J. H. Mason, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian.

First U. P. church, Fifth and Market streets, Rev. J. C. Taggart, D. D., pastor—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting, 7 p. m.

Morning: "Love for God's House."

Thirty-fourth anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate.

Evening: "Having a Good Conscience."

Second United Presbyterian church, East End, Rev. D. W. McQuiston, pastor—Morning service at 11; evening service at 8; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian church, Chester, Rev. W. B. Gillis, pastor.

Protestant Episcopal.

St. Stephen's church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—Fifth Sunday after Easter—7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 9:45 a. m., bible class; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon, subject, "The Ascension." 4:30 p. m., baptismal service; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, "The Pioneers of the American Church."

Catholic.

St. Aloysius' church, corner Fifth and Jefferson streets, Rev. T. M. Smyth, pastor. Services at 8 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Third and Jackson streets, J. G. Reinartz, pastor. Morning services in German at 10:30; English evening service at 8; Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.; Luther League at 6:45 p. m.

Morning: "Jacob's Prayer and God's Nearness."

Evening: "Belshazzar's Feast, or the Doom of Sacrilege."

Methodist Protestant.

First M. P. church, Dr. David Jones, pastor. 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service; 3 p. m., class meeting; 3:30 p. m., Junior Endeavorers; 8 p. m., evening service.

First Baptist.

First Baptist church, Fifth street, Rev. H. H. Bawden, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.; preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Baptist mission school in Bloom's hall, at Chester at 2:30 p. m. Preaching service at 3:15 p. m. Tuesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30.

Christian Church.

Christian church, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Rev. J. W. Gorrell, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "The Refining Power of Affliction."

Evening: "The Spirit of Christian Service."

Second Christian church, East End, Larkins and Ferguson hall, Rev. C. A. Kleeberger, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Christian church, Chester, Rev. F. M. Pitman, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; morning service, 10:45 a. m.; evening service, 8 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 7 a. m.

Morning: "Practical Thoughts for Christians."

Evening: "The Harvest Is Past; the Summer Is Ended and We Are Not Saved."

Seventh Day Adventists.

Meetings every Sabbath (Saturday) in K. G. E. hall on Fifth street. Sabbath school at 2 p. m.; preaching at 3 p. m. Sunday evening lecture at 7:30.

Salvation Army.

Hall on Fourth street, between Market and Jackson. 10:30 holiness meeting; 1.30 p. m., Sunday school; 3 p. m., Hosanna; 8 p. m., Salvation.

Major Bonnett, of Cleveland, who is general secretary and assistant to Col. Holtz, of this district of the Salvation Army, will have charge of the services at the local barracks this evening and Sunday. Major Bonnett will be here for the purpose of making an inspection of the work of the corps in this city. The services for tomorrow will be held at 10:30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 8 p. m. All are invited to attend.

Union Chapel.

McKinley avenue Union Chapel, Rev. A. A. Steele, pastor. Preaching service at 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

Free Methodist.

Avondale street, J. W. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Chester Free Methodist.

Rev. Sarah E. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

WELLSVILLE CHURCHES.

Church of the Immaculate Conception, Rev. Father Daniel B. Crotty, rector. First mass and sermon at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 a. m.; high mass and sermon at 10 a. m.; vesper, sermon and benediction, at 7 p. m.

First Christian church, Rev. W. C. Prewitt, pastor. Preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.: Bible school at 9 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.

First M. E. church, Rev. C. E. Clark, pastor. Bible school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior league at 2 p. m.; Senior league, at 6 p. m.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 5 p. m.; Senior C. E. at 6. p. m.

Methodist Protestant church, Rev. Lemoine C. Wells, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 p. m.; Senior Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.

First Evangelical church, Rev. W. A. Vandersall, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m., preaching at 10:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at Third street Bethel mission at 2 p. m.: Young People's Alliance at 6:15 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal church of the Ascension, Rev. Russell R. Caulk in charge—Sunday school at 9 a. m.; morning prayer at 10:15 a. m.; evening prayer at 7 p. m.

The Annual Income

For life that you would like to leave your wife, and the amount in cash you would like to have returned to you, if you survive the period of limited payments—give these facts and the ages of both, in writing for terms on this contract, devised and introduced by The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

This Company ranks
First—In Age.
First—In Assets.
First—In Amount Paid Policy-holders.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Walter R. Gilbert, Manager, Cleveland.
THOS. P. FLEESON,
Special Representative.

ANOTHER MURDER IN STEUBENVILLE

Two Italians Shot, One Being Killed. The Shooters Escaped.

Steubenville, May 16.—Battisti Silvestre is dead at the morgue, while his brother has one bullet hole in his body and another through his arm. Three men who did the shooting escaped, and very little information of the route they took can be learned, though hills, houses and hollows have been searched.

The shooting took place in an Italian saloon on Washington street and the man killed was a partner in the saloon business.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Bag Blue. Large package, only 5c.

HUSTLING AT AMBRIDGE

United States Steel Corporation Preparing to Make Beaver County a Center of Industry.

It was announced in Pittsburg yesterday that, beginning with next week, 100 more men would be added to the pay roll of the great central plant of the American Bridge company, now building at Ambridge, near Economy, Beaver county, every week between now and the first of the year.

This sudden pushing of work on the United State Steel Corporation's hugest enterprise about Pittsburg carries out the rumor, prevalent when the entire 2,600 acre tract of the old Economy society, including the town of Economy, was sold the first of the month, that the United States Steel Corporation was preparing to extend the Ambridge improvements, and that several more great plants would follow the central bridge works in the neighborhood of Economy.

The bridge company is ambitious to see a model town made in connection with the bridge works at Ambridge. The town site is a part of the old Economy tract—the first ever to go on the market since the society, during its prosperous days, always refused to make any sub-division. There is a park, with boulevards and paved streets—all the improvements being well along toward completion. The first sale of lots at the new plan will be on Saturday of next week, when a free excursion is announced to the new town from Wellsville, East Liverpool and all points between here and Pittsburg. The points where tickets may be obtained will be announced later. The first announcement of this excursion appears in today's News Review.

A LARGE CONTRACT

What B. C. Ansley Wants Every Person in East Liverpool To Do.

When B. C. Ansley, the enterprising druggist, first offered a 50 cent package of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia at half price, and guaranteed to return the money if it did not cure, he thought it probable from his experience with other medicines for these diseases, that he would have a good many packages returned. But although he has sold hundreds of bottles, not one has been brought back.

B. C. Ansley wants every person in East Liverpool who has constipation, headaches, or liver trouble to come to his store or send him 25 cents by mail and get 60 doses of the best medicine ever made at half the regular price, with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

To those suffering with dizziness, headache, poor digestion, constipation and straining, Dr. Howard's specific offers quick relief. It is an invaluable boon to all who feel uncomfortable after eating, and is today the popular dinner pill in all the large cities.

Mr. Ansley is giving the people of East Liverpool a great opportunity to obtain a reliable remedy at small cost if it cures and at no expense at all if it does not cure.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Back ache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"A gravel lodged in my bladder. After using a few bottles of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure I passed a gravel half as large as a marble. The medicine prevented further formations. I was cured.
W. T. OAKES, Orrix, Va."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

LETTER FROM MILES

General States He Went to Philippines in Official Character.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM PRESIDENT

Cruelties in Archipelago Not Warranted—Offenses Committed by Order of Certain Officers—Soldiers Protested Against Wanton Crimes.

New York, May 16.—The Army and Naval Journal prints a letter from General Nelson A. Miles in which the writer says that he went to the Philippine islands not as a tourist, but in an official character, and that instructions addressed to him as lieutenant general "commanding the army" came from the highest authority, viz, the president, in which he was directed to give especial attention to the instruction, discipline and supplies of the army.

In referring to his official report on the Philippines General Miles says that "no one can have a more sacred regard for the honor of the army than myself."

Coming to the subject of cruelties in the Philippines, General Miles' letter reads as follows:

"It is idle to assume that campaigning in the Philippines has conditions that warrant resort to medieval cruelty and a departure from the honorable method of conducting warfare and that such departures as have existed should be overlooked and condoned.

"It is most gratifying that the serious offenses have not been committed by the soldiers unless they were under the direct orders of certain officers who were responsible. Soldiers have withheld fire when ordered to shoot prisoners, protested against acts of cruelty, and written to relatives at home urging them to take action to put a stop to those crimes. It will ever be one of the glories of the army that such deeds, committed by whatever authority, are abhorrent to the American soldier. The officers who are responsible, using chiefly cruel macabebes, do not by any means constitute the American army and there must be a very unmistakable line drawn between the great body of honorable and faithful officers and brave soldiers, whose records have been commendable, and those of whatever station, whose acts have received and should receive the earnest condemnation of all honorable men."

COMPANIES FORM COMBINATION

Proposed Incorporation of Sixteen Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania Concerns.

Indianapolis, May 16.—A gigantic gas and oil combination to include 16 Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania concerns, and capitalized at $6,000,000, will be incorporated in Pennsylvania immediately. It will be known as the Pittsburg Gas and Oil company.

The combination includes the following companies: Manufacturers' Gas company, Indianapolis; Alexandria Gas company, Alexandria, Ind.; Marion Gas and Oil company, Marion, Ind.; Wabash Pipe Line company, Wabash, Ind.; Hartford Gas company, Hartford City, Ind.; Clinton Oil company, Clinton, Pa.; Southern Oil company, Pittsburg; Delmer Oil company, Pittsburg; Lancaster-Depew Gas company, Lancaster, O.; Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas company, Clarion, O.; Cameron Gas company, Cameron, W. Va.; River Gas company, Marietta, O.; Buckeye State Gas company, Columbus, O.; Corsicana Gas company, Corsicana, O. Two smaller concerns are also in the deal.

The deal is a continuation of the one planned several months ago, when the Manufacturers' Gas company, of this city, went out of the gas business.

Theodore N. Barnsdall, of Pittsburg, is president of the new corporation and for some time has been one of the largest independent gas and oil lease owners in the state. The present deal makes him a formidable rival of the Standard Oil company in this field.

Suicided After Trying to Kill His Wife.

Akron, O., May 16.—Lewis Dice went home under the influence of liquor and after attempting to kill his wife, went upstairs and cut his throat, dying in 10 minutes. His wife lies unconscious and it is believed that she cannot recover. Her jaw is broken and she is seriously cut about the head and face.

Burial of Richard Henry Stoddard.

New York, May 16.—Accompanied by a small party of the dead poet's most intimate friends, the body of Richard Henry Stoddard was taken to Sag Harbor, where it was interred close to the bodies of Mr. Stoddard's wife and son.

Doctors Make No Mistakes.

Patient—But, doctor, only last week you said I would surely die, and today you see I am as well as I ever was.

Doctor—Sir, I never make a mistake in a diagnosis. Your ultimate demise is only a matter of time.—Chicago News.

A Strong Hint.

Harduppe—Say, old man, I believe I owe you an apology.

Freeman—Well, I've heard it called a V, a fiver, a finuf plunks and five bones, but never an apology before!

Choosing a Wife

A Man Can't Pick His Mother, but He Can Pick His Son's Mother

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer. By permission of Small, Maynard & Co., Publishers, Boston.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged even, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married. But a twelve dollar clerk who owes $52 for roses needs a keeper more than a wife. I want to say right here that there always comes a time to the fellow who blows $52 at a lick on roses when he thinks how many staple groceries he could have bought with the money. After all, there's no fool like a young fool, because in the nature of things he's got a long time to live.

I suppose I'm fanning the air when I ask you to be guided by my judgment in this matter, because while a young fellow will consult his father about buying a horse he's cocksure of himself when it comes to picking a wife. Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor, with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's talking. While a man doesn't see much of a girl's family when he's courting he's apt to see a good deal of it when he's housekeeping, and while he doesn't marry his wife's father there's nothing in the marriage vow to prevent the old man from borrowing money from him, and you can bet if he's old Job Dashkam he'll do it. A man can't pick his own mother, but he can pick his son's mother, and when he chooses a father-in-law who plays the bucketshops he needn't be surprised if his own son plays the races.

Never marry a poor girl who's been raised like a rich one. She's simply traded the virtues of the poor for the vices of the rich without going long on their good points. To marry for money or to marry without money is a crime. There's no real objection to marrying a woman with a fortune, but there is to marrying a fortune with a woman.

While you are at it, there's nothing like picking out a good looking wife, because even the handsomest woman looks homely sometimes, and so you get a little variety. But a homely one can only look worse than usual. Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man. (I want to say right here that to get any sense out of a proverb I usually find that I have to turn it wrong side out.) Then, too, if a fellow's bound to marry a fool, and a lot of men have to if they're going to hitch up into a well matched team, there's nothing like picking a good looking one.

I believe in short engagements and long marriages. I don't see any sense in a fellow's sitting around on the mourner's bench with the sinners after he's really got religion. The time to size up the other side's strength is before the engagement.

Some fellows propose to a girl before they know whether her front and her back hair match and then holler that they're stuck when they find that she's got a cork leg and a glass eye as well.

They start out on the principle that married people have only one meal a day and that of fried oysters and tutti frutti ice cream after the theater. Naturally a girl's got her better nature and her best complexion along under those circumstances. But the really valuable thing to know is how she approaches ham and eggs at 7 o'clock a. m. and whether she brings her complexion with her to the breakfast table. And these fellows make a girl believe that they're going to spend all the time between 8 and 11 o'clock p. m. for the rest of their lives holding 140 pounds, live weight, in their lap and saying that it feels like a feather. The thing to find out is whether, when one of them gets up to holding a ten pound baby in his arms for five minutes, he's going to carry on as if it weighed a ton.

TRADING ON NOTHING

That's What "Old Gorgon Graham" Calls Speculation

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer

Now, I want to give you that tip on the market. There are several reasons why it isn't safe for you to trade on 'change just now, but the particular one is that Graham & Co. will fire you if you do. Trading on margin is a good deal like paddling around the edge of the old swimming hole—it seems safe and easy at first, but before a fellow knows it he has stepped off the edge into deep water. The wheat pit is only thirty feet across, but it reaches clear down to hell. And trading on margins means trading on the ragged edge of nothing. When a man buys, he's buying something that the other fellow hasn't got. When a man sells, he's selling something that he hasn't got. And it's been my experience that the net profit on nothing is nit. When a speculator wins, he don't stop till he loses, and when he loses he can't stop till he wins.

You have been in the packing business long enough now to know that it takes a bull thirty seconds to lose his hide; and if you'll believe me when I tell you that they can skin a bear just as quick on 'change, you won't have a board of trade Indian using your pelt for a rug during the long winter months.

Because you are the son of a pork packer you may think that you know a little more than the next fellow about paper pork. There's nothing in it. The poorest men on earth are the relations of millionaires. When I sell futures on 'change they're against hogs that are traveling into dry salt at the rate of one a second, and if the market goes up on me I've got the solid meat to deliver. But, if you lose, the only part of the hog which you can deliver is the squeal.

I wouldn't bear down so hard on this matter if money was the only thing that a fellow could lose on 'change. But if a clerk sells pork and the market goes down he's mighty apt to get a lot of ideas with holes in them and bad habits as the small change of his profits. And if the market goes up he's likely to go short his self respect to win back his money.

I dwell a little on this matter of speculation because you've got to live next door to the board of trade all your life, and it's a safe thing to know something about a neighbor's dogs before you try to pat them. Sure Things, Straight Tips and Dead Cinches will come running out to meet you, wagging their tails and looking as innocent as if they hadn't just killed a lamb, but they'll bite. The only safe road to follow in speculation leads straight away from the board of trade on the dead run.

Of course the board of trade and every other commercial exchange have their legitimate uses, but all you need to know just now is that speculation by a fellow who never owns more pork at a time than he sees on his breakfast plate isn't one of them. When you become a packer you may go on 'change as a trader; until then you can go there only as a sucker.

"OLD GORGON'S" ALPHABET

Some Modern Maxims by John Graham, Pork Packer

Compiled From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to his Son," by George Horace Lorimer

A tactful man can pull the stinger from a bee without getting stung.

Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man.

Clothes don't make the man, but they make all of him except his hands and face during business hours.

Duty means something unpleasant which the other fellow ought to do.

Easiest way to make enemies is to hire friends.

Fools will turn out fools whether they go to college or not.

Give most men a good listener and most women enough note paper, and they'll tell all they know.

Hot air can take up a balloon a long ways, but it can't keep it there.

If you give some fellows a talent wrapped in a napkin to start with in business, they would swap the talent for a gold brick and lose the napkin.

Just to be sociable some men will eat a little food now and then, but what they really live on is tobacco.

Knowing how to be humble is a heap more important than knowing how to be proud.

Loyalty is the one commodity that hasn't any market value, and it's the one you can't pay too much for.

Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's taking.

Never threaten, because a threat is a promise to pay that isn't always convenient to meet, but if you don't make it good it hurts your credit.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married.

Pulling from above and boosting from below make climbing easy.

Quick to fire, slow to hire—when you've found you've hired the wrong man you can't get rid of him too quick.

Remember that when you're right you can afford to keep your temper and that when you're wrong you can't afford to lose it.

Say less than the other fellow and listen more than you talk, for when a man's listening he isn't telling on himself, and he's flattering the fellow who is.

The fellow who has to break open the baby's bank toward the last of the week for car fare isn't going to be any Russell Sage.

Unmarried men are a good deal like a piece of unimproved real estate—they aren't of any particular use except to build on.

Vacation of two weeks—enough to make a sick boy well or a lazy one lazier.

Whenever any one offers to let you in on the ground floor it's a pretty safe rule to take the elevator to the roof garden.

X-ample is only a small part of a manager's duties.

You can trust a woman's taste on everything except men, and it's mighty lucky that she slips up there or we'd pretty nigh all be bachelors.

Zulus, explained the deacon, are deprived of twenty-five helpful little tracts every time you smoke a two bit cigar.

Baby

Weighed Only Five Pounds.

Restless, Cried Day and Night.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Wonders, Cured Her.

A little over two years ago I had a little, nervous baby who weighed only five pounds at birth. At first she was restless and cross and after she was four weeks old she cried day and night, and would not sleep without narcotics. She was so nervous that we did not dare to move when she did sleep a short time, as she would wake screaming as though she was going to have a fit. We called a doctor; he called it infantile colic; said he could relieve her, could not cure her. After a short time the effect of his medicine wore off and I was in despair. I tried all known home remedies and innumerable patent medicines. At last I gave her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and she was easy and slept without narcotics. Since that time I have used a dozen bottles and would not be without it. I am now giving it to another baby and it has the same effect, immediate relief always."—Mrs. Vincent Zidek, Verona, N. D.

"Three years ago I was taken with nervous prostration, which brought on heart trouble, and my heart would palpitate at every little noise. I had smothering spells so that at times I would nearly sink away. I got one bottle each of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and I could feel good results from the first few doses. They have since effected a permanent cure. I recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies to all who suffer as I did."—Mrs. G. C. James, Fairmont, Nebraska.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HOTEL WALSH

Everything New.

Beds finest in the world. Softest and cleanest. Finest Pool Room in the State. Bar in connection. Fine line of Tobacco and Cigars.

J. C. WALSH, Prop.

110-112 Sixth St.

"Turns Back Time in Its Flight."

HAY'S HAIR HEALTH Heals all scalp diseases. Stops itching and cures dandruff. Quickens and renews hair growth. Brings back youthful color, quantity and beauty. Not a dye. Sendfor pamphlet to PHILO HAY CO., 229 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J. Large 50c. bottles at druggists. CURES DANDRUFF

PATENTS Protect Your Ideas. Consultation free. Fee dependent on success. Est. 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & Co., 884-14th St., Washington, D. C.

Wanted Salesman Liberal inducements. Prices low. Address THE HAWKS NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

They All Admire

the beauty and brilliance of a room illuminated by electricity. It saves work, too, for the room will be clean and there won't be any grease or smell. The Electric Light recommends itself by its excellence.

The Ceramic City Light Co.,

177 Washington Street.

LEGAL.

PROBATE COURT NOTICE.

The State of Ohio, Columbiana County, ss. } In the Probate Court.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in said court and will be for hearing on

May 22, 1903.

EXECUTORS.

First and final account of B. M. French, executor of the estate of Barzillai French, deceased.

First and final account of Lodge Riddle, executor of the estate of Mary E. Whitacre, deceased.

ADMINISTRATORS.

First account of Joseph Gottschalk, administrator of the estate of Stephen Gerolop, deceased.

Second and final account of Peter Y. Brown, administrator of the estate of Jacob Y. Brown, deceased.

J. A. MARTIN,
Probate Judge.

Published in the Evening News Review for three consecutive weeks, commencing May 9, 1903.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Same Old Offense—Peter Cassiday and Dave Doherty were arrested again yesterday for being drunk. Both have been before the mayor before this week and will be kept confined until Monday.

Baptismal Service — The private baptismal service of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Goodwin will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin on Pennsylvania avenue. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Dr. Pratt in the presence of the immediate relatives.

Public Service Board Met — The board of public service held a short meeting last evening. President Taylor was not present owing to his absence from the city. W. L. Smith acted as chairman, and a number of bills were ordered paid. A discussion of the various questions that have arisen was indulged in, but no action was taken, and the board adjourned to meet with council, the board of public safety and the tax commission on Monday night, when matters of interest to the several boards will be taken up.

IN PROBATE COURT

Wills Filed and Orders in Relation to Various Eseates Issued.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The will of the late William Bayley, of Lisbon, has been filed for probate, to be heard May 21.

Martha A. Frasier, of Inverness, as guardian of Maxwell Silsan, has filed a new bond in the sum of $1,600, and it has been approved.

Phoebe Allen, as administratrix of the estate of the late Asa W. Allen, of Perry township, has been given an order for the private sale of real estate.

The will of the late Margaret Worcester, of East Liverpool, has been admitted to probate. Thomas L. D. Worcester, her husband, is named as executor without bond.

Coopers' Meeting.

The regular meeting of local No. 71, International Union of Coopers, met in regular session last night in Fowler's hall. A majority of the members were present and business of importance was transacted.

TORONTO MINERS ARE ON A STRIKE

Cease Work Awaiting Operators' Answer to Their Demand for More Pay.

Toronto, May 16.—The local coal miners, numbering 100 men, are virtually out on a strike while awaiting a definite answer from the operators. The men last week asked for an increase from 62½ cents to 70 2-7 cents a ton for mining.

For various reasons no positive answer has been made by the operators, and in the meantime the men threw down their tools and are idle. It is thought that the operators will consider and grant the demands.

Plaintiff Gets the Money.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Ohio ex rel. Lena Carlisle against Ed. Shive was decided yesterday, Judge Ambler ordering the garnishee, L. R. Cope, to pay to the plaintiff all moneys due from Cope to the defendant on the sale of the defendant's interest in the firm of Cope & Shive, amounting to about $700.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-t

Are You Willing to Learn.

No, the man doesn't live who "knows it all;" and if you are one of those who believes he does, we give up all nope of trying to have you think as we do about modern ways of doing business. In these days of rapid transit the firm that does the BIG BUSINESS does it on quick sales and small profits. This is just where the cash system has the advantage over the credit. We do not have to figure on losses of this kind and can afford to sell you better shoes for the same prices than stores doing a credit business.

Try the cash plan.

The Sleepless Shoe Co.

In the Diamond

SALE OF CITY BONDS MADE LAST NIGHT

ATTORNEY GEORGE GASTON BUYS FOR CLEVELANDERS.

A Premium of $200 for the $32,701 Issue Offered And Accepted.

The finance committee of council, Chairman Bullock, Messrs. Johnston, and Cannon, held its first meeting at the city hall last evening. Mayor Weaver, Councilman Moon and City Auditor Davidson met with them. The object of the meeting was to consider a bid on the sale of bonds of the city amounting to $32,701.11 and after a lengthy discussion it was decided to recommend to council that a Cleveland firm, represented by Attorney George A. Gaston, formerly of this city, be awarded the bonds.

Attorney Gaston was in the city last week conferring with the city auditor respecting the bonds and made known at the time that he would offer a premium of $150 for them, but before the meeting he made notification that he would give $200. In consideration of the fact that when the bonds were offered for sale a few weeks ago the highest premium offered was $77, the committee thought it advisable to accept the bid of the Cleveland company and will favor the sale to that company.

The bonds referred to are for the payment of the cost of the improvement of Sugar alley, Baldwin alley, Drury lane, Church alley, Cherry alley, Peach alley, Trentvale street, Calcutta street, College street and Summit lane. A few weeks ago bids were submitted by several firms for the purchase of the bonds, but all were turned down and it was ordered that another date be set for the receiving of bids. It is very likely that they will go to Mr. Gaston. They run for five years. Those on Calcutta street will begin to mature on June 1 and the remainder about February 1, 1904.

The committee feels that President Horwell did not appoint enough members on the committee and will recommend that he appoint one more. They argue that it is customary to have four members on the finance committee and are desirous of having the additional one appointed.

MR. PATTERSON'S NOTICE TO THE CITY SOLICITOR

Not Instigated By the United Power Company—Opposed to Any Line Up Kossuth Street.

In an interview with Monroe Patterson this morning that gentleman, in answer to an insinuation that his action against the proposed new railway was instigated by the United Power company, said:

"Before leaving for California in February last, I instructed my attorneys to begin action if an attempt was made to build a street car line up Kossuth street or Pennsylvania avenue by any one, whether Mr. Smith or Mr. Healy. My recent notice to the solicitor was in line with that instruction and to prepare the way for my action as a taxpeyer, and I certainly expect to act if any attempt is made to build the line up those streets.

"You may say for me that for the last 25 years it has never been necessary for me to be 'backed' by any one, and in all this time no article of mine has ever appeared in any newspaper under an assumed name. This is all I care to say about the matter."

Bites by rabid dogs are not frequent, but their imminent possibility was shown in New York city recently when no fewer than 20 children were bitten by a dog which ran wild on the streets. The treatment of such wounds is told, and much other useful knowledge given, in "Accidents," one of the series of medical hand books being issued by the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York. The book will be sent on request to any who address the Home Office of the company, New York city. 116-h

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—One heavy draft team with harness and three good driving horses. Sisterville horses. Apply to L. H. Logan, at Rinehart's livery, Seventh street. 116-r

WANTED—Three rubbers and three cutters at once. Steady position. Cartwright Bros. company. 116-r

WANTED—Lady agents; salary, $1 a day; pay daily. Apply at 235 St. George street Monday at 10 a. m. 116-h

WANTED—Transferers for printing machines. Apply at the Globe pottery. 116-r

WANTED—An experienced cutter for Monday morning at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery. 116-h

WANTED—Washing at 272 College street. Satisfaction guaranteed. 22c a dozen. 116-r

FOR RENT—A four room house, 373 Lincoln avenue. 116-r

SOCIAL EVENTS

STAFFORD-THOMPSON

A Wedding of Much Interest in This City to Take Place in New York.

A notable and elegant but quiet wedding which will take place in New York next Monday evening will be the marriage of Mrs. Ida Knowles Stafford and Jefferson DeMont Thompson, of New York city. This event will be of interest to many of the East Liverpool citizens, who were friends and intimate acquaintances of Mrs. Stafford when she was formerly a resident of this city.

Mr. Thompson is one of the active and well known club men in New York as well as being connected with the Equitable Life Insurance company. He was best man at the Knowles-Marshall wedding, when Mrs. Stafford's son, H. Homer Knowles, was married.

Mrs. Stafford was the daughter of the late J. T. Stockdale and was married to the late Homer Knowles, of East Liverpool, and after his death was married to Miles Stafford.

Although the wedding will be quiet, it promises to be very elaborate in design. The number of guests will be small, but from East Liverpool Mr. and Mrs. Homer Knowles will be in attendance. Following the wedding the bride and groom will tour in Europe, returning in the fall.

Shultz-Polk.

The marriage of Frederick Polk, of Pittsburg, and Miss Louise Shultz, of Ripon, Wis., will take place this evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the groom's brother, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Polk, of Thompson avenue. The ceremony will be performed in the presence of a large number of friends by Rev. J. G. Reinartz, the Lutheran ring ceremony being used. The bride and groom will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Polk, of this city, after the wedding.

Pleasant Surprise.

Fully 25 or 30 ladies of the Home and Foreign Missionary societies of the First M. E. church assembled at the home of Mrs. Almira Shaffer on Second street last evening and most agreeably surprised her. As the event was designed to be a surprise party, the ladies each took their refreshments. As a token of the esteem in which Mrs. Shaffer is held by these ladies, a purse containing $35 was presented to her. A most delightful evening was spent by all those who were present.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

H. G. Bailey, mattress renovating, Crook, agent.

The Moore Furniture company, furniture, carpets, etc.

G. R. Pattison, commencement and wedding presents.

The Boston Store, fashion letter.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co., white goods, parasols, fans, etc.

The Sleepless Shoe company, cash system.

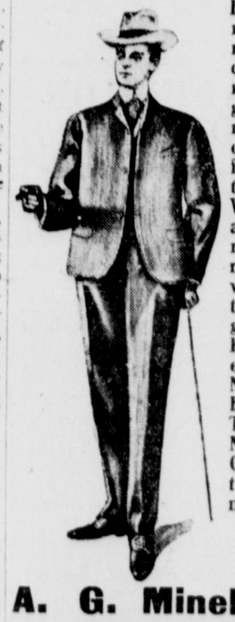
Heddleston Bros., ice cream sandwiches.

Killed By Bolomen.

Manila, May 16.—(Special)—Capt. Clough Overton, Fifteenth Cavalry, and Private Harry Noyes are reported killed in a bolo rush at Sucullan, Mindanao.

The Great May Clothing Sale for Men and Boys.

No Old Cheap Goods Made for Fake Sales.



But all nice and reliable, clean made goods, made to our order for our trade only We can not afford to ruin our reputation with trashy goods. Remember we sell Moore & Beirs' Tailor Made Clothing that has no equal.

A. G. Minehart,

Fifth Street, Hard's Old Stand, East Liverpool, Ohio.

"No Clothing Fits Like Ours"

THE BOSTON STORE

FASHION TABLOIDS.

Weekly letter from our New York correspondent, May 14, 1903.

Women who cannot afford to indulge in many costumes should avoid novelties. It is well to keep closely to one color, and that year after year. By observing this rule one may avoid being known by the same old gown that has been appearing time and time again. Another benefit to be derived is that, being all of the same color, or different shades of the same color, two or three dresses may be mingled in one.

Of all the fabrics offered for wear during the coming Summer, it is the light wools, such as veilings and etamines—the pongees and Tussore are silks, and the linens that will prove the most useful.

Better no collar at all, even in a season when the collar is indispensible to the smart blouse, than a misshapen neck or shoulder drapery. Too much pains cannot be taken in fashioning a cloth pattern before the fabric to be used is touched. If linen is used, a simple and inexpensive plan is to insert lace or embroidered medallions outlining the edges with linen soutache braid or fagotting the insets in. The edge of the collar, in this case, is usually bordered with lace let in irregularly.

Shirring in all its forms is a veritable mania and one cannot go wrong in using it freely.

The woman whom sloping shoulders suit will do well to wear a wide fichu and elbow sleeves of lace or net over blouse, in which case the lower part of the blouse sleeves should be very full.

Braids of all kinds are used on all materials this year and the woman who makes up wash gowns for herself and her children should turn her attention to the wash braids.

It is worthy of note that undergarments are partaking of modern improvement, and that every season finds undervests, corset covers and tights of moderate cost in choice woolen and silk mixed weaves that add less and less to the size of their wearers.

FRANCIS FIELD.

Store News About

Merchandise Underpriced.

On sale today 100 pieces of 5 inch wide, 50c grade of all silk Parisian Pattern Ribbons for neckwear and sashes at half price, **25c** a yard.

Our New York representative this week made a very desirable purchase of Silk Mousseline de Soie Wash Dress Goods. The material was made for a 35c a yard retailer. He cleaned up the lot and they are now on the wash good counter at **25c** a yard.

Special sale of all Tailor-Made Suits at big reductions.

New Neckwear, new SilkGloves, new Fans, new Waists and New Shirt Waist Suits for Saturday and Monday's selling.

2 boxes of 25c Talcum Powder—one box each of Mennen's and Colgate's—for 25c, or half price, for Saturday and Monday.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Continued from First Page.

Europe can produce. A pottery plant in working order would be a feature of the exposition and would attract world wide attention. Some of the finest pottery in the world is made right here in Trenton but outside the trade there are few who know the skill of Jersey workmen."

The Tale of a Tail.

A writer in tracing the ancestry of the dog to wolf and jackal notices typical differences in the case of their eyes, their body colors and markings, the habit of turning around before lying down and other interesting peculiarities, but he does not mention the most striking and infallible way of distinguishing them—namely, by the fashion in which they carry their tails.

Wolves and coyotes have a sneaking way of carrying their tails low, almost dragging on the ground, while dogs carry their tails up, and the farther removed they are from the feral type the higher they carry them. Shepherds and collies, which retain many of their racial characteristics, carry their tails lowest of all; setters and pointers a degree or two higher, stiffening out straight when drawing on game; terriers and hounds elevate their tails to the spinal line; St. Bernards and Newfoundlands affect a curve over the back, while pugs actually come to a full twist. An old plainsman could tell a wolf or coyote as far as he could see him, and in buffalo days this was a most useful indication of buffalo herds being not far away. These predatory creatures always followed a moving herd.—Forest and Stream.

Crabs and Earthquakes.

For some time previous to the day upon which the great Chilean earthquake of August, 1857, occurred great swarms of crabs of an unknown variety were seen in the bay of Payta. They all appeared to be greatly excited and were literally climbing over each other in their efforts to escape the impending calamity.

How they knew that the earthquake was collecting its strength to desolate the coast is more than man can say, but that they knew something unusual was about to happen there is no doubt whatever.

That there were millions of them may be inferred from the report of Dr. Forbes, who says that "ten days after the earthquake the dead crabs were thrown upon the beach in a wall-like line three or four feet wide along the whole extent of the bay."

News Review small ads. pay.

THE ACTIVE STOCKS

Quotations Showing How the Market Stood in New York Today.

The following table shows the prices of active stocks on the New York Stock Exchange up to 2 p. m. Corrected daily for the Evening News Review by the Penn Stock Exchange, Potters' National Bank building:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅛	63⅜
Atchison	78⅜	78⅜	77⅝	78⅛
B. & O.	91⅛	91⅛	90½	90¾
Canad. Pacific.	130⅝	130⅝	130⅝	129⅞
C. F. I.	67⅝	68	67½	67½
Ills. Central ..	137¼	137¼	137	137
Man.	140¼	140½	139⅝	140
Met.	129¾	130	129⅝	129⅝
L. & N.	116⅛	116⅛	114⅞	114⅞
M. P.	111⅛	111⅛	110½	110½
N. Y. Central.	127½	127½	127⅛	127¼
P. R. R.	128⅞	128⅞	128½	128⅝
P. O.	101½	101½	100¾	101
R. I.	42	42	41½	41¾
Sug.	124½	124⅝	124¼	124¾
St. Paul	158½	158½	157⅝	157¾
T. C. I.	61	61	60	60
U. P.	88⅜	88⅜	87⅞	88½
U. S. S.	34	34	33¾	33¾
U. S. Pref. ...	83¾	83¾	83⅝	83⅞

BANK STATEHENT

For today, furnished by the Penn Stock Exchange:

Reserves, increase	$1,037,200
Loans, increase	5,859,000
Specie, decrease	295,300
Legals, increase	508,300
Deposits, increase	5,800,000
Circulation, increase	321,000

The Early Maine Schools.

The first schools in some Maine towns have been attended with romantic circumstances. The first school in Guilford, for want of a better place in which to fertilize the young idea, was held "in the loft over Captain Bennett's open shed." In Dexter the first gathering of urchins for instruction was in "Lieutenant Stafford's barn." In Corinth the first school was held in the open air under a large tree.

The first schoolroom in Exeter was perhaps as unique as any. Crotched poles were set in the ground back of Mr. Barker's barn and on these other poles were laid, while around the sides loose boards were set up on end to inclose the space where the school was held. Scholars of the present day would look askance at such conveniences.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

A Willful Misunderstanding.

Pitt was induced by Sir John Sinclair to constitute a board of agriculture toward the end of the eighteenth century and make him the president. Having enjoyed his office for a few years, Sinclair began to desire promotion in the social scale. "Dear Mr. Pitt," he wrote to the prime minister, "don't you think the president of the board of agriculture should be a peer?"

"Dear Sir John Sinclair," replied Pitt, "I entirely agree with you. I have therefore appointed Lord Somerville to succeed you as president of the board of agriculture."

Sir John Sinclair went about wringing his hands and exclaiming: "Dear me, dear me! It was such a willful misunderstanding!"—Fortnightly Review.

Lucidly Explained.

The colonel stopped his team before the cabin of an Arkansas squatter to say to the man sitting on a log at the door:

"When I was along here a month ago and asked you how far it was to Colfax, you said it was twelve miles. It's only nine. Why didn't you say nine?"

"It was the old woman's fault," replied the squatter. "I wasn't suah whether it was nine or twelve, and so I went in and axed her. She reckoned it was twelve, and I had to reckon the same or have a row. When I reckoned as she reckoned, she reckoned that you'd reckon it was twelve miles nigh enough, and I reckon you reckoned that way."

Why Pay 15 Cents When You Can Get X-Cel-O Flakes for 10c ASK YOUR GROCER.

W. A. WEAVER,
Wholesale Distributor,
199 and 201 Washington Street.

CAFE

Come Any Time. Steak Just Right

THE STAG

125-127 2nd St. Next to R. R. Station

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

Phones—Bell 480, C. C. 66

Home Owning VS. House Hunting

Unfortunate,
Wasn't it that
You had to move?
You had to go,
Because you did
Not own the house.
The remedy is
Within your reach.
We have a choice
Line of properties
On Second, Third,
Fourth, Fifth,
Sixth and Seventh
Streets, in the
West End, in the
East End, North
Side, Thompson
Hill, Bradshaw,
Wucherer,
McKinnon and all
Other additions
Of the city at
Terms and prices
To suit you
Whatever your
Condition or
Income is.
A thousand
Persons own
Properties bought
Of us. We refer
You to them.
They did well,
You can do so too.
Times are
Prosperous and
Bid fair to continue
So. Grasp your
Opportunity now
And settle the
"House Hunting"
Question at once
And for all. Our
Prices run from
$750 for three-room
Houses; $800, $900
And $1000 for
Four-room houses;
$1100, $1200, $1300,
$1400 and $1500
For five-rooms;
And up, according
To size, location,
Etc. Where we
Can't suit you we
Will build for you.
We endeavor to
Faithfully serve
Our patrons
Interests.

TRY US.

Office open day and evening.

E. W. Hill

Dealer in Real Estate.

Second Floor.

Cor. Sixth & Washington.

Both Phones One-Seven-Six

Second Part. **Evening News Review.** Pages 9 to 12.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903. TWO CENTS.

TO GAIN AND MAINTAIN HONESTY AND PURITY AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS

Hon. Charles S. Speaker Earnestly Advocates the Strict Enforcement of the Laws of Ohio.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—When Hon. Charles S. Speaker, of this city, was called to preside temporarily over the mass convention of Republicans in the common pleas court room Tuesday afternoon during the interim between the adpournment of the old county central committee and the organization of the new, his declaration that every scoundrel who tampers with the sanctity of the ballot box should be prosecuted was vigorously applauded.

This is the keynote of Mr. Speaker's views on primary election corruption in this county, and judging from the applause his utterance evoked, Republicans throughout the county are heartily tired of the loose method which has begotten the prevailing corrupt practices and are ready to enforce honesty and purity at the primaries. Mr. Speaker favors a continuance of the present system under a strict enforcement of the law, which he has recently given much research. He had intended expressing himself at greater length than his address Tuesday, but found time would not permit. The News Review correspondent, however, had an interesting interview with Mr. Speaker on the subject and his views together with some legal citations, are well worthy the attention of every Republican voter in the county.

As the suggestion for the adoption of the delegate system has reached merely a tentative stage, it is quite appropriate that its advantages and disadvantages together with those features of the present system be given sober and intelligent consideration at this time. It is the consensus of opinion here and in most parts of the county that the delegate system will not be satisfactory to the voters as a permanent method of making nominations, and indeed is agitated only as a measure for temporary relief. In view of these facts it is the opinion of many having at heart the welfare of the party that the present system of primary elections should be continued strictly under the laws governing elections which, it is Mr. Speaker's belief, the party in this county has the moral stamina to enforce. Should a trial of this plan prove a failure, the people would doubtless be more ready to turn to the delegate system.

In the course of his conversation Mr. Speaker dwelt on the present marvelous efficiency of the Republican national organization, perfected by McKinley and sustained by Roosevelt; its fulfillment of all pledges; the keeping of its faith with the people; its grappling with the trusts; its forward and strenuous endeavor to secure equitable relations between capital and labor, as instanced in the anthracite coal strike, all of which, he said, stand unequaled in political annals. The county which President McKinley drew on so long for his pluralities in the old Eighteenth and which he honored by representing in congress, said Mr. Speaker, shared something of his glory and his life's achievement and should be kept above stain or the suspicion of corruption.

A few years ago when Mr. Speaker uttered a warning note against the growth of political chicanery in the county he called down upon himself the objurgations of those who believed the proper policy was to cloak the cancer and let it eat. It prognosticates well for the party, he says, that these conditions are now faced by the leaders and that the universal demand for their removal comes up from the mass of the party. The placing of them under the knife was ultimately better and safer party tactics than permitting them to lie under cover or denying their existence, and it is a hopeful party symptom that a universal demand now exists that corrupt conditions affecting nominations be crushed and smothered out.

Continuing, Mr. Speaker said: "I endorse almost any new method that will change present conditions, which are a growth of many years. I do not think, however, that the best way to meet the difficulty is by inaugurating the delegate system; at least, not initially, and not until less drastic measures prove failures. The Republican party policy has always properly and wisely been to leave the power as broadly as may be in the hands of the voters. The delegate system abridges their rights in this regard and would be objectionalbe for this reason. It would create two forces to be dealt with before securing a nomination; first, the Republican voters at the primary, or in a more restricted way, in caucus; and, second, the delegates, who indirectly and with the considerable loss of and obscuring of the direct mandate of the people, and in time probably would in contravention of it make the nomination.

"This complication does not tend to clearness or directness, nor would it probably ultimately prove beneficial to the mass of voters of the party whose will and mandate frequently will miscarry. It tends also to build up a strong machine as present chiefs and managers will absorb power from the voters and be jealous of its relinquishment. It is impossible that the delegate system, if tried, would prove satisfactory either to the voters or to the candidates. It is open to the party, if it has the virtue and courage to meet the situation boldly, to stab to death the danger menacing the party in selecting candidates.

"The statutes of the state provide stringent penalties for all bribery and improper influences brought to bear upon voters by candidates or others, for stuffing of the ballot box or for fraudulent returns. In the nest of offenses which have so long been hatching within the party and seem now so strong and dangerous, there is not one of the brood which is not within the purview of the statutes under which it can now be wholly uprooted, if the party had the bravery to apply the remedy, strike whom it will. By a slight and easy preliminary procedure and publication, nominations can be held within the shield and protection of the laws governing elections. This will be a wall and seven-fold shield around the ballot box and a protection as well to the candidates from corrupt enticement.

"Section 7039 of the revised statutes provides that whoever gives any money, property, fee, or reward of any kind or nature, directly or indirectly, for the vote or for the influence of any person, in favor of or against any candidate for nomination at any election held under provisions of the law relating to primary elections, or at any primary election held by any political party, whether the same be held in pursuance of the laws relating to primary elections within this state or otherwise, shall be fined not less than $100 and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than two years.

"Section 7041 provides that whoever gives directly or indirectly any reward, fee, money or property to influence the vote of any delegate or any elector in favor of or against any candidate or for any labor for service rendered to any candidate for nomination or election or for any expense incurred, shall be fined not more than $500, and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years.

"Section 7042 provides that any candidate for nomination to any office before any convention who pays or promises to pay directly or indirectly, any money or property to any delegate for the purpose of obtaining his influence for votes for such nomination in such convention shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100, and if nominated and elected to such office shall be ineligible to hold the same and shall be disqualified from voting or being nominated at any such election or convention.

"Section 7043 provides that any supervisor or judge of election who willfully omits to perform his duty as such officer, and any party voting at such election without the qualifications for so doing or who votes more than once at such election at the same or different precincts or polls shall be fined not more than $200 or less than $50 and be imprisoned in the county jail not more than 60 nor less than 10 days, or both.

"Section 7044 provides that any candidate for office using threats, violence or bribery to secure the same or to secure any influence in his behalf shall be fined not less than $100, and if elected to the office for which he is a candidate for nomination shall be disqualified to hold the same, and the commission of any such act by such person during his candidacy for nomination shall be prima facie evidence of intent to influence voters.

"Section 7045 provides that any one voting in a precinct in which he is not an actual resident under the provisions of law shall be fined not more than $500 or imprisoned not more than six or less than three months.

"Section 7048 provides that whoever votes in a county of this state in which he has not been an actual resident for 30 days preceding the election, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7049 provides that whoever votes in this state without being qualified by legal residence to do so shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7050 provides that any one voting more than once at the same election shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7051 provides that any one voting without residence of one year in the state, not being 21 years of age, not a citizen, or convicted of crime and not pardoned, shall be imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7052 provides that whoever counsels or endeavors to procure an illegal vote knowingly shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7055 provides that whoever fraudulently puts a ballot or ticket into the ballot box shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

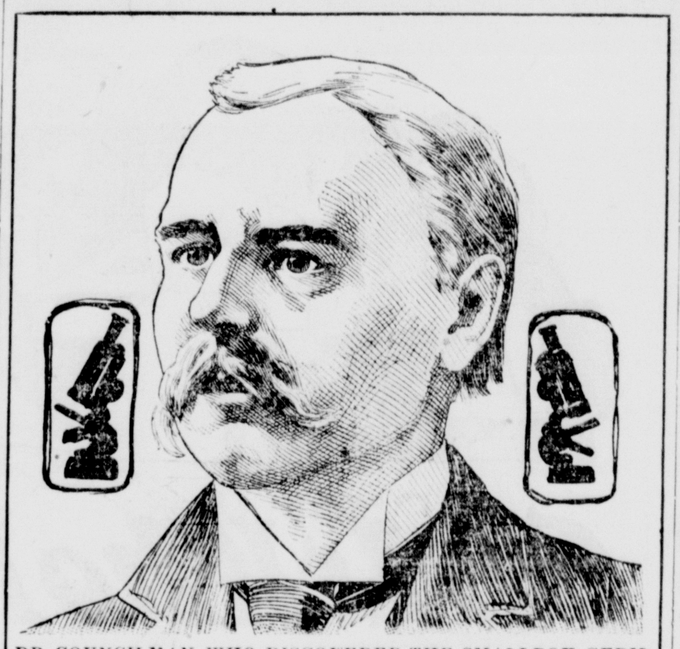
"Section 7057 provides that any judge of election who knowingly permits any ballot or ticket fradulenly placed in the ballot box to be counted shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7058 provides that a judge of election who knowingly receives or sanctions the reception of a vote from any person not having all of the qualifications of an elector prescribed by law or who does not answer the required questions or take the prescribed oath, or refuses to receive a ballot from any one whom he knows to have the requirement of an elector required by law, or who refuses, if requested, to permit the respective candidates at such election, or not exceeding three of the friends of each of such candidates to be present in the room where the judges are during the time of receiving and counting out the ballots, and a judge or clerk of election on whom any duty is enjoined by the laws of this state relating to elections, who willfully neglects any such duty, or is guilty of any corrupt conduct in the execution of the same shall be fined not more than $1,000 nor less than $300 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than three months."

Mr. Speaker continued: "These laws cover every crime and corrupt act which may be committed by candidates, voters or judges of election. The penalties are blistering in their severity and imprisonment is an unavoidable part of the penalty in each case in addition to a heavy fine

"It will be seen by a glance at these laws that the ballot box may be picketed round about by protection which may not be violated. Certainly these laws will not enforce themselves if not invoked and made applicable to nominations; but I believe there is abundance of courage and virtue within the organization to enforce them for the protection of the honor and life of the party. If the executive committee would take upon itself the duty of enforcing them, having given fair notice of its intention so to do and brought the nominations within their purview, the ballot box could be kept pure and crimes which corrupt the fountain of our sovereignty prevented. If the committee desires to select a committee of Republicans and call upon them to perform this duty, there is abundant material in the party to perform the duty, receive the evidence that crime is committed and prosecute the offender. A few convictions along this line would clear the air wonderfully.

"Other sections of the law provide, upon the application of 65 per cent of the voters, for the procuring of voting machines in any precinct, city or county, which makes fraud in connection with the ballot box impossible. If any of the cities of the county show symptoms of repeating or graveyard voting, a little legislative aid will provide for registry of all voters antedating the nomination, which would tend to prevent fraud of this nature."



DR. COUNCILMAN, WHO DISCOVERED THE SMALLPOX GERM.

Dr. W. C. Councilman, professor of pathology in the Harvard Medical school, is asserted by the Boston Society of Medical Science to have discovered the germ of smallpox. It is a surprise to the medical world that the germ is a micro-organism of animal life and not one of the numerous vegetable bacteria.

DAILY GAIN IN WEIGHT

Comes to Those Who Use Mi-o-na, Says Druggist Will Reed.

The poor, emaciated dyspeptic, when he becomes plump, rosy and robust after using Mi-o-na, forgets that there is such a thing as indigestion.

Mi-o-na restores the digestive tract to a natural state of health so that it will take out of the food all of those elements which makes solid bone, firm muscle, pure blood and sufficient fat to restore beautiful and symmetrical outlines to the figure.

Nine-tenths of all the sickness, of all the loss of flesh, began in some form of indigestion. Mi-o-na puts the entire digestive system in a healthy and vigorous condition. It is not an ordinary pepsin preparation but has a direct action upon the digestive organs, removes every trace of inflammation and irritation, and enables them to extract from the food all that goes to make good blood, firm muscle, steady nerves, sound flesh and a healthy body.

Prompt relief and benefit is seen from the use of Mi-o-na, and in 98 cases out of every 100 a cure will certainly follow its faithful use. If it does not cure indigestion and dyspepsia, if it does not restore you to your proper weight, if it does not give you full vigor and vitality, Druggist Will Reed will return your money. You certainly can afford to try Mi-o-na on this guarantee.

Remember that Mi-o-na is the only medicine for the cure of dyspepsia that is sold under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

Never in the history of medicine has anything been discovered to make a

COMPLETE CURE OF CHRONIC STOMACH TROUBLE

until NAU'S DYSPEPSIA CURE was found—it goes to the seat of the trouble—it removes the cause.

"I have suffered at different times during the past 10 years with the most severe attacks of indigestion and stomach trouble and until I took Nau's Dyspepsia Cure nothing really benefitted me to any extent. I consider it a great remedy and am thankful it was brought to my attention."

(Signed) Mrs. W. F. SCOTT,
155 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

For sale by druggists or direct.

PRICE $1 A BOTTLE; 6 BOTTLES, $5.

The F. Nau Company, 203 Broadway, N. Y. Send for booklet. and Portland, Ore.

Sold at
HODSON'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Fifth and Broadway.

Get the Saturday Review (weekly) to send to absent friends who want all the home news.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages,

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

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Free Trip to Europe

Free Trip to Atlantic City, or a Free Trip Up the Great Lakes.

The News Review's Unparalleled Offer to Members of

ORGANIZED LABOR

An ocean voyage of nearly three weeks, covering 6,000 miles, free transportation from East Liverpool to Philadelphia and New York and return, and a pleasant vacation on the other side of the waters, will be the prize given to the one securing the greatest number of votes in The News Review's Organized Labor Coupon Contest.

To the one securing the second largest number of votes, an outing at Atlantic City or a trip up the Great Lakes.

Who May Contest.

All members in good standing of Organized Labor living in East Liverpool, Wellsville, Lisbon, East Palestine, Salem and other towns in Columbiana County. Sebring, Ohio; Chester and New Cumberland, West Virginia.

No Conditions on Voting.

Voting is not restricted to subscribers. Anyone who brings or sends the contest coupons, properly filled out, will be entitled to vote.

How Many Can Contest.

No limit is placed on the number of contestants. Each union can furnish as many as it pleases. Should the successful candidate desire to have his wife and family accompany him, The News Review has arranged with the steamship company for special rates.

When the Contest Closes.

The contest started Saturday, March 14, and will close July 31, 6 p. m. The time for starting on the trips will be arranged as soon as possible thereafter.

TO
CALIFORNIA.
COLONIST RATES
VIA
SOUTHERN PACIFIC,
February 15th to June 15th,
FROM

Pittsburg	$42.00
Chicago	33.00
St. Louis	30.00
New Orleans	30.00
Missouri River	25.00

California literature mailed free to any address, for full particulars apply to
G. G. HERRING, Gen'l. Agt.
No. 515 Park Bldg.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

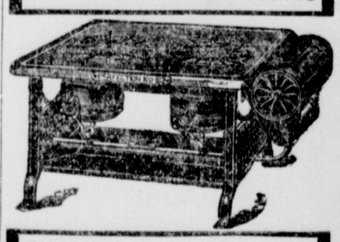
DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, Ohio.

For Comfort and Economy
USE 1903
Perfection Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves



Sold Wherever Stoves are Sold.
IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HAVE THEM, WRITE TO THE
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

DRINK PURE SPRING WATER
I will deliver it at your door fresh every morning
R. G. BOYD
Successor to Robert Bond.
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THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY
C&B LINE
CONNECTING
CLEVELAND and BUFFALO
"WHILE YOU SLEEP"
UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS
"CITY OF BUFFALO"
AND
"CITY OF ERIE"
Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.
TIME CARD
DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Cleveland 8 P.M.	Buffalo 6:30 A.M.
Buffalo 8 "	Cleveland 6:30 "

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER
Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.
SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT, ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND.
Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.
F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent
CLEVELAND, O.

BAR-BEN
THE GREAT RESTORATIVE
WILL CURE YOU.

We want all men and women who are weak to know that Bar-Ben is truly and without any exception the greatest home treatment for lost vitality and its kindred afflictions.

BAR-BEN is a true nerve tonic and blood purifier. It puts new vigor and perfect health into the weak nerves and broken down system. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and promotes refreshing sleep; body, brain and nerves are built up rapidly under its use.

BAR-BEN is the scientific, natural and positive cure for all nervous diseases, lost vitality, night emissions and excesses, the effects of over work, worry, brain fatigue, the excessive use of tobacco, opium or liquor. No matter what has caused you trouble, Bar-Ben will bring you back to health.

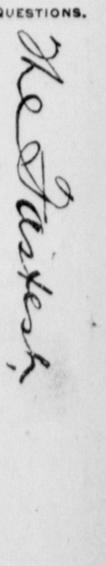
Don't wait another day. Get some Bar-Ben and begin taking it. The sooner you commence, the sooner your weakness will vanish.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.

THE BAR-BEN REMEDIES CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Will Reed and at Hodson's drug store.

BEST PASSENGER SERVICE IN TEXAS.
4—IMPORTANT GATEWAYS—4
TEXARKANA SHREVEPORT THE TEXAS T&P PACIFIC EL PASO RAILWAY NEW ORLEANS
NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS.



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GEN'L PASS'R AND TICKET AGENT,
DALLAS, TEXAS

JOHN R. JAMES,
General Passenger Agent.
Room 905 Park Bldg
Pittsburg, Pa.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order, and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London, Stanly Co., N.C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1895 I got worse than I had ever been My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor, but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of Dr. Pellets, three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)— the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. MRS. J. W. COOLBAUGH, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

.. By ..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has got rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls Who Work

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—MISS ISABEL SURGIN, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—MISS JANET PAINE, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $30 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 357 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-e-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to MR. S. C. DICKEY, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6.....	2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
No. 40.....	6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m.
	Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon**
No. 9.....	8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 23, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 87	6 22	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 32	7 27	7 27	am
17	Y. C. C. Flyer.....	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	Y. C. I. Ch. C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 02	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.....	10 10	10 07	10 02	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.....	1 25	1 27	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n. Cam. & L. C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev. Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 06	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.....	4 50	4 40	4 37	4 33	pm
9	Boston Special.....	5 06	5 02	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex....	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 54	11 21	11 15	11 12	pm
	GOING SOUTH.					
2	Pittsburg Accom.....	4 17	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, FaC, N. H, W. B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.....	5 30	5 33	5 41	5 44	am
8	Pittsburg Express....	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express....	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.....	8 30	8 29	8 30	8 33	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City	10 30	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.....	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F. C. & N.H. Ex	12 09	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.....	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh, Wash, Balti.....	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express....	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 18, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Springs and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No. 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston. Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains Cards

In Effect January 5, 1902.

From East Liverpool

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
*802	8:45 a. m.	*801	12:38 a. m
+840	6:42 a. m.	+885	7:11 a. m
+886	11:31 a. m.	*809	9:04 a. m
*880	3:06 p. m.	+808	2:50 p. m
*816	6:38 p. m.	*829	6:11 p. m
**864	7:20 a. m.	**861	9:06 a. m
**862	4:55 p. m.	**868	5:48 p. m

From Chester.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
+250	7:00 a. m.	+251	7:10 a. m.
+252	9:30 a. m.	+253	12:10 a. m
+254	3:27 p. m.	+255	3:45 p. m

*Runs Daily +Daily except Sunday **Sunday only

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 808 and 816 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 886 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 880 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 885 and 808 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to ADAM HILL, [illegible]

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always—power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is —a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?' but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exist because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error somewhere. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity, were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable homespun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sunday is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. **Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day.** In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

CELERON'S LEAD PLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular sumer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, row the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique, now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago, Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venturesome traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world.

C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons, of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called, to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's properly floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them repulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

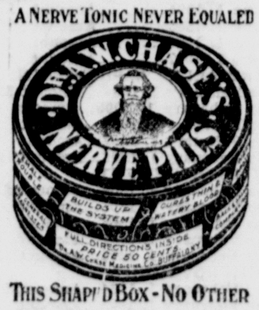
People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED



THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and lanquid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I get a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $27,000.00.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1927, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent., payable annually; principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1915.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $100.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. B. INGHAM and O. O. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners.
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to repass said bill it shall be sent, together with said objection, to the other house, which shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The votes for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and is not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objection thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly, to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more sections, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money, and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law; and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation, and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring herein.) That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three-fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly o, the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order, and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London, Stanly Co., N.C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1895 I got worse than I had ever been. My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it. In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of his 'Pellets,' three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)—the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. Mrs. J. W. Coolbaugh, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

..By..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has get rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls Who Work

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—MISS ISABEL SURGIN, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—MISS JANET PAINE, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $30 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 357 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-e-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to W. P. VAN DYKE, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to MR. S. C. DICKEY, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6	2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
No. 40	6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m.
	Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon**
No. 9	8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
No. 45	5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 23, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 37	6 29	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 32	7 26	7 22	am
17	Y, C, C, Flyer	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	Y, C, I, Ch, C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 00	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.	10 10	10 07	10 00	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.	1 25	1 21	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n, Cam. & L, C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev, Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 06	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.	4 50	4 40	4 37	4 35	pm
9	Boston Special	5 06	5 07	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex.	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 24	11 21	11 16	11 12	pm

	GOING SOUTH.					
2	Pittsburg Accom.	4 15	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, FaC, N. H, W, B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.	5 30	5 33	5 41	5 44	am
8	Pittsburg Express.	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express.	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.	8 50	8 29	8 20	8 23	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City.	10 20	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F. C. & N.H. Ex	12 09	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh. Wash, Balti.	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express.	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 13, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 23 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Springs and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston. Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains Carrying

In Effect January 5, 1902.
From East Liverpool
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND. No.	
*802	8:45 a. m.	*801	12:35 a. m
†840	6:42 a. m.	†885	7:11 a. m
*886	11:31 a. m.	*809	9:04 a. m
†860	3:06 p. m.	†808	2:50 p. m
†816	5:38 p. m.	†889	6:11 p. m
**864	7:30 a. m.	**861	9:06 a. m
**862	4:55 p. m.	**858	5:45 p. m

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND. No.	
†250	7:00 a. m.	†251	7:10 a. m.
†252	9:30 a. m.	†258	12:10 a. m
†254	3:27 p. m.	†255	3:45 p. m

*Runs Daily †Daily except Sunday **Sunday only

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 808 and 809 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 886 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 860 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 855 and 803 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, [illegible]

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always—power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is —a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?' but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exis because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error some where. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity, were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable homespun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sunday is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. **Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day.** In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and languid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I get a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CELERON'S LEADPLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular sumer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, row the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique, now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago, Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venturesome traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world. C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons, of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called, to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's property floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them sepulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $22,000.00.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1927, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent., payable annually; principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1918.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $100.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. D. INGRAM and O. D. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners,
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The votes for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and is not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objection thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly, to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more sections, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money, and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law; and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring therein), That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three-fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly o, the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

EMIGRANTS ILL-USED

Italians Laborers in West Virginia Subjected to Brutal Treatment.

SOCIETY INVESTIGATED MATTERS

Secretary Speranza Reports to Italian Ambassador—Laborers Have Hands Tied and Then Hitched to a Mule to Force Them Back to Camp.

Washington, May 16.—Mr. Speranza, secretary of the society for the protection of Italian immigrants of New York, who has been in West Virginia for several days past investigating complaints of ill treatment made by a number of Italians who went to that state to work on a railroad, stopped in Washington on his way back to New York and acquainted Senor Mayor Des Planches, the Italian ambassador, in a general way of the facts ascertained. Mr. Speranza will prepare a statement of the facts as he found them and furnish the ambassador a copy shortly after his return to New York.

Mr. Speranza in all spent three weeks in various portions of West Virginia in which Italian laborers are employed, investigating complaints which have been received by the society, dating as far back as January last. The places visited by him included the Piney Creek district, in which the town of Beckley is located; Acme and Kayford, in the Deep Water district, and Wirt county, near Parkersburg.

In the Piney Creek district Mr. Speranza investigated allegations which have been brought to the attention of the Italian embassy at Washington to the effect that a number of Italian laborers who had been sent to work at railroad construction near Beckley had been subjected to cruel treatment. Mr. Speranza asserts that he has corroborative evidence to support the charges which have been made that six Italian laborers who had come to Beckley from the construction camp, and who refused to return there, had their hands tied and were then hitched to a mule and were about to be taken back to the camp when a justice of the peace interfered and cut the rope. He says the laborers' hands were tied in a grand jury room at Beckley and that this was done under the decision of a Mr. T. C. Harmon, a sub-contractor. The district attorney, he added, had promised to bring the matter to the attention of the grand jury.

In other places he had visited there were scattered charges of cruelty, some of them of excessive brutality, to laborers engaged in railroad construction, and Mr. Speranza says he has a number of affidavits to support the allegations that were made.

Mr. Speranza says the society in whose behalf he has been making the investigations will seek by publicity to aid intending immigrants and others who may arrive in this country. With the information he has gathered at hand they may be induced, he says, to avoid making contracts for labor in places where it is alleged brutalities prevail and seek localities where better conditions exist.

GUERILLA LEADER EXECUTED.

Lorenzo, the Indian Chief, Court-martialed and Shot at Panama.

Panama, May 16.—Victoriano Lorenzo, the Indian chief who was a leader of the guerillas during the recent revolution and who was sentenced to death by a courtmartial on various charges of having committed serious crimes while in the field, was executed by shooting. Governor Mutis and the consular representatives petitioned General Briceno, the military commander on the Isthmus, to postpone the execution until the government at Bogota had had time to answer a cablegram sent it asking that the Indian's sentence be changed to life imprisonment. General Briceno refused this petition, saying an exemplary punishment was necessary.

The shooting of Lorenzo has created a profound impression here, as it is the first execution for a political crime to occur in Panama. Lorenzo died bravely. Before he was shot he said he had only been an accomplice and not the principal in the crimes of which he was accused.

Leiter Wants to Settle.

New York, May 16.—An attorney made the announcement that Joseph Leiter, who figured in the wheat corner of 1897 and 1898, has made a proposition to his creditors to settle their claims against him for 20 cents on the dollar. It is understod that Leiter's father will guarantee that this proposition will be carried out.

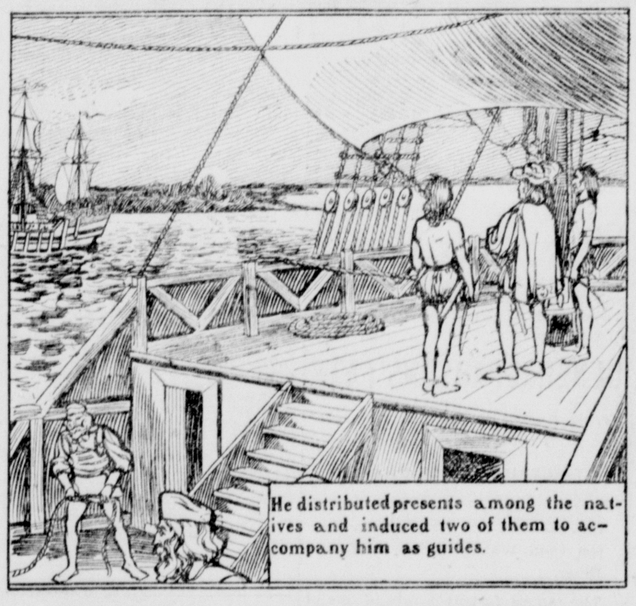
Forest Fires in Canada.

Kingston, Ont., May 16.—Destructive forest fires are raging north of here and the damage is great. The Roman Catholic church at Ardock has been burned. The buildings of the Boeurth gold mine, near Ardock, are in great danger, being surrounded by fire.

Massacre at Tirospol Denied.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The reports of a great Jewish massacre at Tirospol, Russia, are pronounced here to be without foundation.

THE TRAVELS OF COLUMBUS.



He distributed presents among the natives and induced two of them to accompany him as guides.

FIND SHIP'S BELL AND A HIDDEN SAILOR.

HARRIMAN HAS APPENDICITIS

Chicago Physicians Pronounce His Condition Not Serious—Leaves for New York.

Chicago, May 16.—Mr. Harriman arrived in Chicago and underwent an examination. The physicians pronounced his affliction a slight attack of appendicitis. His condition was found to be not serious, but he was advised to continue his journey to New York without delay. He was said to have spent a comfortable night

E. H. HARRIMAN.

and to be free from pain. Several prominent railroad officials entered his car and consulted him upon business topics during his brief stop.

His special train was switched from the Northwestern to the Lake Shore road and the journey to New York continued.

Mr. Harriman was able to leave his car and walked leisurely about the platform while his train was being made up. He flatly refused to answer any questions regarding his condition or anything else.

Buffalo, May 16.—E. H. Harriman's special train pased through Buffalo at 12:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Harriman's secretary said Mr. Harriman was resting comfortably and would undergo an operation in New York if it was considered necessary.

New Road for Indiana County.

Philadelphia, May 16.—The Pennsylvania and the New York Central Railroad companies are interested in the construction of a new line in Indiana county. For some time conferences have been held in reference to extending their lines into the bituminous coal region and it has been decided to build one line which is to be used by both companies. Some years ago the Pennsylvania surveyed a line from Cherry Tree to Homer. From Cherry Tree to Fleming Summit, a distance of six miles, it has been graded and it is understood that the line that far is to be constructed. The New York Central, through its Beech Creek branch, has a road to Burnside. A line from that place to Cherry Tree will be constructed, where a connection will be made with the Cambria and Clearfield branch.

Excesses Continue.

Sofia, May 16.—The government will again call the attention of the powers to the terrible excesses in Macedonia. It seems that in the remoter districts the Bashi-Bazouks are being allowed to celebrate a perfect carnival of vengeance and destruction. Villages in the neighborhood of Gabrovska and Planina are burning. The bishop of Nestrokop and all the Bulgarian nobilities of that district have been arrested and transported to some unknown destination. The blockade of Bansko and other villages continues. All communication between the towns in the interior is suspended.

Victoria Railroad Strike Ends.

Melbourne, Victoria, May 16.—Premier Irvine announced in the legislative assembly that he had received a letter from the officials of the engine drivers' association declaring the strike off and submitting unconditionally. The president of the association said the surrender was due to the drastic nature of the strike bill which was sure of adoption.

Mrs. Lorrillard Robbed of Jewels.

London, May 16.—It is said that Mrs. Pierre Lorrillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels while traveling from Paris to London.

Negro Church Wrecked by Dynamite.

Chicago, May 16.—Another negro church was wrecked by dynamite, when a bomb was exploded under the pulpit of the African Methodist church at Evanston. The interior was demolished and the front of the building blown out. Two motives are ascribed. The first is that certain colored people were incensed by a sermon preached by the pastor, who said this was the white man's country and the colored man might as well make up his mind to it now and get along the best he could. The other is that the members were incensed at the position taken by the pastor and a guest from Chicago who had spoken against "policy."

Site Purchased for Federal Building.

Wheeling, May 16.—The treasury department has bought a lot at Twelfth and Chapline streets as the site for the new federal public building. The price paid is $92,500.

Killed by Fall from Ladder.

Greensburg, Pa., May 16.—By the slipping of a ladder upon which he was working, Harry T. Gress fell to the ground and died without regaining consciousness. He was a son of Alexander Gress and was 23 years old.

Blasius Yecker Dead.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Blasius Yecker, proprietor and manager of the Fulton opera house in this city from 1869 to 1898, died from cancer, aged 70 years.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886

A. W. GLEASON,
SEAL
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 19

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment, as advocated by the "beauty doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood, which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New size trial bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. At all druggists. 1

ALVIN H. BULGER.

Very Low Rates to the West And The Health And Pleasure Resorts.

of Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California are quickly and comfortably reached via the Southern Pacific Company's SUNSET ROUTE. Daily through service from New Orleans to San Francisco via Houston, San Antonia, El Pasco, and Los Angeles. Special daily service, SUNSET LIMITED from New Orleans, composed of Buffet Smoking Car, containing Bath Room and Barber Shop, Drowing Room Compartment Car, regular Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Car (meals a la carte) all of the latest design and most luxuriously appointed. Direct connections made at New Orleans from all points North and East. Detailed information cheerfully furnished by G. G. Herring, General Agent, 515 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEW FASHIONS.

Walking Suits Most Popular—Etamine Suits.

A walking suit, ankle length, will be found indispensable this summer. Black or navy blue, either in mixed or plain goods, is the most serviceable. The jacket should be blouse and the skirt strapped or plaited.

For afternoon wear nothing can be prettier than an etamine, either in

SPRING HAT.

white, cream or pale gray with touches of satin or panne and a little white about the neck and front.

Light crushed strawberry is admirable with black and pale blue and lends itself admirably to touches of ecru lace.

For cool days there are very effective flannel shirt waists with bands of embroidery which transform them, and for warm weather very smart linens and batistes embroidered in white. There is besides, of course, a full line of dainty sheer waists.

Skirts with yokes are just now very fashionable, and this is a very becoming style for the woman whose hips incline to plumpness.

The hat in the illustration is of red straw, trimmed with poppies.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Artistic Bits of Lace and Fringe Which "Make" a Gown.

Lace collars are greatly improved by touches of embroidery, and it is quite easy to find some large wheel or scroll which can be removed or altered to admit an embroidered medallion.

The very deep collar of Richelieu shape is extremely chic for present

EVENING DRESS.

wear and will appear on all the new coatees and boleros and on evening coats and carriage wraps. Everything will be done to give an air of novelty to these collars, and velvet tabs of various designs will be used and ribbons run in and out of the more open designs.

Fringe is used to give a good effect on smart wraps, and it is seen on dressy gowns of all kinds. It is dyed to match the gown with which it is used.

Dresses with the trimmings, even to the laces, dyed to match are a fad of the hour.

Utility dresses of black and white figured and checked foulards will be much seen this year. These gowns are made without any lace as trimming, and they are decorated simply with strappings, tiny pipings and fancy buttons.

The all black gown is, as a rule, very effective, particularly if the bodice be embroidered with really good jet or silver. Black lace robes with many ruffles around the bottom are trimmed with jet stripes or detached figures.

The picture shows an evening gown of cream mull over green silk. It is trimmed with medallions of black and white lace. JUDIC CHOLLET.

To know all there is to know about a Sarsaparilla, take Ayer's. Your doctor will say so, too. He knows.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"GEE! I'M GLAD I FOUND IT."
ARCHIMEDES.

Nothing on earth quite so altogether right as

EUREKA BISCUIT

Look for the Aertite Seal—Means an absolutely fresh, crisp cracker

25 CRACKERS FOR 5 CENTS

McCLURG PGH. MAKES THEM YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM

AERTITE

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DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Private and Sexual Diseases of Men and Women. 25 Years in Ohio.

No Names used without Written Consent. Cures Guaranteed.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through early abuse or later excesses. Chas. Anderson was one of the victims, but was rescued in time. He says: "I learned an evil habit. A change soon came over me. I could feel it in my extremities and noticed it. I became nervous, despondent, gloomy, had no ambition, easily tired, evil forebodings, poor circulation, pimples on face, back weak, dreams and drains at night, tired and weak mornings, burning sensation. To make matters worse, I became reckless and contracted a blood disease. I tried many doctors and medical firms—all failed till Drs. Kennedy & Kergan took my case. In one week I felt better, and in a few weeks was entirely cured. They are the only reliable and honest Specialists in the country."

READER—We guarantee to cure you or no pay. You run no risk. We have a reputation and business at stake. Beware of frauds and imposiors. We will pay $1,000 for any case we take that our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will not cure.

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Stricture, Weak Parts, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Consultation free. Books free. Call or write for Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN 247 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

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Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Line.

"The Waterway of the World"

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot of Broadway, down as follows: Steamer Keystone State, Monday 9 p. m.; Queen City, Wednesday, 9 p. m.; Virginia, Saturday, 9 p. m. Up the river, Keystone State, Sunday, 2 p. m.; Queen City, Tuesday, 2 p. m.; Virginia, Friday, 2 p. m.

Fare, East Liverpool to Cincinnati, $6.50; round trip, $11 and $13, meals and berth included. For freight or passage apply to Gus Martindill, Agt., Broadway wharf. Both phones 85. Jas. A. Henderson, Gen Mgr. Pittsburg.

LEGAL.

SALE OF BONDS.

Office of the City Clerk,
East Liverpool, Ohio, April 30, 1903.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m. of Monday, June 1, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, to-wit:

FOR TRENTVALE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1904	Amount $1864.00
Bond No. 2,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1905	Amount 1976.00
Bond No. 3,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1906	Amount 2095.00
Bond No. 4,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1907	Amount 2220.00
Bond No. 5,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1908	Amount 2354.00

FOR PEACH ALLEY AND CHURCH ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $299.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 317.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 336.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 356.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 377.00

FOR COLLEGE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $470.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 498.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 528.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 560.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 593.00

FOR CALCUTTA STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1903	Amount $2349.00
Bond No. 2,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1904	Amount 2490.00
Bond No. 3,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1905	Amount 2640.00
Bond No. 4,	dated June 1, 1902	due June 1, 1906	Amount 2798.00
Bond No. 5	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1907	Amount 2966.00

FOR DRURY LANE AND CHERRY ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $398.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 422.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 447.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 474.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 503.00

FOR BALDWIN ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $ 88.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 93.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 99.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 105.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 111.11

FOR SUGAR ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $154.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 163.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 173.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 183.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 194.00

FOR SUMMIT LANE IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $179.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 189.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 201.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 213.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 226.00

Said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, both principal and interest being payable at the office of the treasurer of the said city.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the accrued interest at the date of delivery, and no bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest at date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on some National bank for 5 per cent of the amount of the bid, check to be made payable to the order of the clerk of said city, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for when delivered, otherwise said deposit to be forfeited to said city.

The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to

WILLIS DAVIDSON, City Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review for thirty days commencing April 30, 1903.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, Personals, not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time, 75 cents the month; clairvoyant, palmist, magnetic healers, and similar advertising, at one cent the word. Cash in advance, otherwise we charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Any one desiring a new or second hand sewing machine or wanting their machine repaired or any supplies for same will receive prompt attention by calling on T. W. Brooks, 244 Third street. 115-r

WANTED—At once, a handle maker and finisher. Apply at Standard pottery, or 212 Fifth street. 115-r

WANTED—A coat maker, sack coats $6 to $8. Steady position to right party. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring company. 115-r

WANTED—Girl to take off for dipper. Apply to French China company, Sebring, O. 114-r

WANTED—Capable girl for kitchen work. Inquire of Mrs. W. L. Thompson, No. 2 Thompson Place. 114-j

WANTED—Two steady glost kiln hands at once. Apply George Turner, Canonsburg Pottery company, Canonsburg, Pa. 113-r

WANTED—Handle maker, at Smith & McNicol pottery, Wellsville, Ohio. Inquire for John Dalton. 113-r

WANTED—A young man at Schlegle's Fish Market, 165 Market street; steady work and good pay. 112-j

WANTED—One rubber and one cutter. Inquire at Union pottery, or 284 Third street. 96-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Rare bargain to quick buyer. Six room house, nearly new, gas throughout, elegantly situated, commanding fine view, close to car line. Fine home for someone must be sold. Owner leaving town. Clifford Temple, Montgomery avenue, I. B. Pope's addition. 115-r

FOR SALE—House of six rooms and bath room; it has gas, water and heater; situated on Pleasant street; porch back and front and lawn; lot 40x118; street cars pass door; can be reached in 3 minutes from Diamond on either line. Inquire of John Reese, 290 Pleasant street, or C. C. 'phone 32.

FOR SALE—Desirable property, improved and unimproved, has been placed with me to dispose of. All in excellent locations. On easy payments. For residence or business locations; call and see what I have to offer before you buy. John J. Marshall, opposite Rock Springs park. 108-tf

FOR SALE—The well known M. M. Huston property situated on Broadway. Large brick building containing 10 rooms and a fine store room. Property in good repair. For price and terms inquire of E. D. Marshall, attorney, 183 Broadway. 106-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms suitable for light housekeeping, furnished of unfurnished. Apply at 164 Sixth street. 114-r

FOR RENT—Two houses, one of four rooms and one of five rooms. 282 Second street. Inquire of Mrs. T. W. Butler, Main street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, Wellsville. 114-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room, with privilege of bath; rent reasonable; reference required. 120 Oblique street, near Dresden pottery. 113-r

FOR RENT—Rechabite hall, for lodge purposes. For full information call at hall on Saturday evenign, or Frank Robinson, corner Lincoln avenue and Wall street. 113-r

FOR RENT—Two newly furnished rooms with privilege of bath. Best location in the city. Inquire 242 College street, between 6 and 7 in the evening. 104-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms in C. C. Thompson building, corner of Fourth and Market streets, occupied by Sirius club. Possession given May 1. Inquire of George C. Thompson. 96-tf

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. A Standard Remedy, sold for 25 years. 10,000 Testimonials. Ladies, ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. Ask your Druggist, or send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and Booklet for Ladies, or return Mail. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

C. T. LARKINS, Sixth and E. Market.

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Mechanical Drawing, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Machine Design, Structural Iron Work, Bridge Work, Architectural Drawing, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Higher Mathematics and English Branches. Individual Instruction.
Day and Night Sessions.
PENN'A. CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL,
1026 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURG, PA.

Largest Circulation in City and County.

Evening News Review.

The Oldest Daily in Columbiana County.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Satisfied That the East Was Properly Recognized by the N. B. of O. P.

FORMATION OF A NEW LIST

To Meet Eastern Conditions Will Probably Soon Be Undertaken.

OUTLOOK FOR THE TRADE

From a Staff Correspondent.

Trenton, N. J., May 16.—The Trenton delegates to the convention of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters returned home yesterday from Wheeling, apparently well pleased with the results accomplished by the convention. All unite in saying that the session was the most notable in the history of the organization, especially from an eastern standpoint, and that Trenton received more recognition than at any time since it became a part of the national organization.

Most of the delegates went to Wheeling laden with petitions for reforms in the trade, and although many were not favorably considered, those which had a vital bearing upon the future of the trade in this city were adjusted to meet the views of all eastern men. This is particularly true with the adoption of a uniform price list over which the east and the west have been at swords points for the past three years.

While some branches of the trade, in particular the kilnmen, would have been pleased with an increase in wages the feeling of the majority of the operatives is that the trade in its present condition is in no position to stand for an advance in wages. It seems, as a result of conversations with several of the delegates, that uniformity was the important question at issue with the conservative delegates who held that such a condition should first be reached before any attempt is made to advance wages. Now that a uniform list has been adopted, the attention of the national officers and the members of the several locals will be devoted largely toward putting it into effect. From present appearances this will be no easy matter. The list is not fully understood either by the eastern manufacturer or the operatives at large and each point will have to be clearly defined before the men as a body consent to work according to its provisions.

The attitude of the manufacturers toward the list remains to be seen. It will be remembered that when former President Hughes came here for the purpose of installing the list he was met with so much opposition by the manufacturers, not allowing him inside of their plants that dissatisfaction rose up in the ranks and that official had to return to East Liverpool, leaving behind him an organization of insurgent jiggermen who were supporting the manufacturers. It is likely that a meeting of the executive board will be called within the next few weeks for the purpose of formulating a list to correspond with eastern conditions. The potters here are generally elated because of the fact that the national convention is to be held here next year. The addition of more than 1,000 members during the year has had the effect of compelling the Brotherhood to appreciate the claims coming from this section of the country. The convention meeting in this city will have the effect of giving the delegates a better chance to study eastern conditions should any changes be recommended in the present scale of prices. Now while the organization here has made marked progress during the past year there is still much to be accomplished. There are still a large number of potters who are out of the organization but the national officers hope to have the trade in this city thoroughly organized before the next convention. From present appearances the potteries are likely to continue without any interruption for another year, and although trade in the general ware shops is at present very poor, manufacturers look for better prospects at the approach of fall.

The scare resulting from the report that the Brotherhood intended to petition for a general increase in wages has had a very disastrous effect upon the trade in New York. A local man holding a responsible position with the New York Crockery and Glass Journal discussing the condition of the pottery trade yesterday said: "Trade is very poor. The large buyers I have visited during the past week complain because of the lack of orders. It appears that the people are not buying crockery, although English made goods here find a ready market. Large wholesale houses dealing in crockery for the past three weeks were a trifle skeptical in placing Trenton orders for fear that a strike might tie up the plants and it would be a long while before they could get them killed."

Manufacturers throughout New Jersey are complaining of the action of the commission to the Louisiana Purchase exposition in failing to offer assistance to New Jersey firms to become represented. A prominent local manufacturer in discussing the work of the committee, said: "With a state so full of manufacturing interests, with such a vast diversity of manufacturers, it would seem as though part of the $75,000 appropriated for the use of the commission might be well expended in the encouraging of Jersey men to send their products there.

"The pottery interests of this state easily take rank over anything of the kind in the country and compare very favorably with the very best that

Continued on Eighth Page

VIGOROUS BLOWS DEALT BY NEGRESS

Colored Woman Violently Assaulted Mrs. Mark Gribben at Her Home.

TROUBLE OVER TOY WAGON

A knot on her forehead and a swollen optic with black and blue marks underneath were considered prima facie evidence by Mayor Weaver this morning that the allegations made by Mrs. Mark Gribben were true when she said that she had been assaulted and beaten by a colored woman by the name of Lockhart.

The appearance of Mrs. Gribben, who runs a boarding house on Sixth street, was certainly not an enviable one when she applied to the mayor with her story. She was accompanied by her husband, and the latter gallantly corroborated her every statement. She said that the foundation of the story starts with the purchasing of a little toy wagon, over a year ago, for which she paid $1.95. It is now worth only 15 cents, she said. Several days ago one of her children left the wagon in an alley near their home and when he sent after it discovered that some one had removed it.

The family had about given up hopes of recovering the toy when, as they were all sitting on the front porch last evening, a little colored youth started past with the same identical wagon in his possession. Mrs. Gribben accosted him and compelled the lad to put the wagon in the yard. There was but little commotion over this procedure, and the Gribben family were all rejoiced over the safe return of the wagon. Mr. Gribben was so happy that he decided to take in the dog show and wanted his wife to go, too. She was sorry this morning that she didn't comply with the request.

Mr. Gribben had been away from home but a short time when a big, stout colored woman wrapped at the front door. Mrs. Gribben responded and a heated conversation followed. The visitor said that the wagon taken from the little boy was his rightful property and that she wanted it. Mrs. Gribben protested and both began talking in a loud voice.

Finally Mrs. Gribben became tired of the trouble, seeing that it was attracting a crowd and raising the neighborhood, and gently shoved her visitor off the steps. Infuriated beyond control at such rude treatment, the colored woman jumped back upon the steps, directed a blow with her fist that landed squarely on the forehead of Mrs. Gribben, and before the latter had time to make any defense, landed another directly under the right eye.

Frank Little, who had witnessed the affair, ran in and prevented further blows. He also prevented the irate colored woman from throwing a brick at Mrs. Gribben and succeeded in getting her to leave.

Mrs. Gribben, after relating the story, had a warrant issued for Mrs. Lockhart, charging her with assault and battery, and she will be arrested as soon as an officer can locate her. It is said that she lives on the Calcutta road.

ANNUAL OUTING OF THE POTTERS

Arrangements to Be Completed Tonight for Big Picnic on June 1.

NEW N. B. OF O. P. OFFICIALS

Settling Down to Their Duties With Plenty of Work Ahead.

SHOP IMPROVEMENTS ASKED

William Elder, second vice president of the N. B. of O. P., and as such, chairman of the picnic committee, has called a meeting of the committee for 7:30 o'clock tonight at Brotherhood headquarters in the Exchange building. The other members of the committee are S. W. Moore, Major William Adams and Aaron Coleman. President Duffy and Secretary Menge are also members by virtue of their positions.

The place and date for the annual outing of the potters has already been selected. It will be held in Rock Springs park, Monday, June 1. Tonight the committee will take up the matter of a program for the day and decide upon the amusements. It is the intention to make the occasion one long to be remembered and no pains will be spared toward this end.

All members of the N. B. of O. P. no matter where they live, are invited to be present and they are assured in advance of a good time. The committee will take up the matter tonight of arranging for excursion trains or rates to the city from all the pottery towns in the west and they expect the attendance to be swelled by several thousand visitors.

Several minor changes and improvements will be made in Brotherhood headquarters by the new officials, one of the first being to install a toll telephone so that long distance connections can be obtained. Secretary Menge could not reach here this week as had been expected, but has sent word that he will arrive Monday. He will move his family here as soon as he can find a suitable dwelling.

Delegate John W. Morgan, of Trenton, is being shown through the local potteries by Second Vice President Elder and is gathering statistics which will be incorporated in his report to local union No. 40, jiggermen and dish makers. It was demonstrated in the convention that the eastern jiggermen could not make a living with the uniform scale under the present conditions and as a separate list for them was not deemed advisable no measures affecting them were transacted. The greatest handicap to them, it is stated, is the antiquated machinery and methods. Some of the jiggers have been in operation since 1877. An effort will be made to have the manufacturers install modern machinery and adopt some of the western methods, which can be done at a reasonable cost. With this accomplished the operatives will be warranted in accepting the uniform list.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT IN THIS COUPLE'S CASE

Courtship of One Day Ended in Wedding of Local Couple.

Joseph McKee, of Wellsville, came to East Liverpool on Thursday, and while here met Mrs. Elizabeth Mosey. It was a case of love at first sight. The couple left the city at once for Youngstown, where they were married yesterday. From Youngstown they went to Pittsburg and returned to Wellsville last evening.

McKee is very happy and is now around treating his friends.

NO LAMENTATION

Tears of Joy Greet the News of Gourleys' and Zip Farmer's Departure.

Mayor Weaver and Chief Wyman wept this morning—tears of joy, however. A couple of the Gourleys and "Zip" Farmer resigned their positions with the noble organization, the Sons of Rest, at a late hour last evening and accepted jobs with the Gentry Bros.' circus. They left with the circus this morning.

Officer Dawson, it is said, was instrumental in getting the boys their jobs.

QUIET REIGNS AMONG WORKERS

THE PAINTERS AND PLUMBERS ARE STILL ON STRIKE.

Formers' Difficulty Likely Soon to Be Ended—Plumbers' Situation More Difficult.

The present week has been uneventful in East Liverpool industrial circles, so far as two trades now on strike are concerned. The only incident which occurred to vary the monotony was the swinging into line of the contracting painters who signed the scale and immediately put a large force to work.

No conferences have been held by the painters for two weeks, and though the journeymen have been steadily employed, the situation has remained much the same as it was in the beginning.

The local has held its meetings with regularity, and the bosses have been meeting at regular intervals ever since the strike commenced. It has been understood that during the last two weeks the master painters were weakening, the principal reason being that they have been compelled to give up several large contracts. The contracting firm of T. O. Timmons & Son signed the scale Wednesday, and have been increasing their force of men ever since to meet the demands made upon it.

At the meeting of the master painters held Thursday evening the situation was thoroughly discussed and the fact that the ranks of the bosses were broken was not lost sight of. It is not known that any action was taken at that time with reference to the settlement of the strike, but it has been stated by prominent members of the Builders' exchange that the master painters would sign the scale within the next few days. Some of the bosses go so far as to say they will be compelled to settle in self defense.

No situation has been noted in the plumbers' situation and no move has been made nor is one in contemplation by either side. The feeling is intense, but no hint of it has been permitted to reach the public. It would be hard to make a prediction as to the outcome, but it is the opinion of many of the best posted unionists in the city that unless some influence is brought to bear from an outside source, the dispute will be prolonged. Both employer and employed refuse to be interviewed, and neither will admit that they are suffering any inconvenience by reason of the strike.

The teamsters succeeded in having all of the team owners of consequence in the city sign the new scale, and nearly every member of the teamsters' union has returned to work for his former employer. Great credit is due President William Dickey for the quiet and conservative manner in which the whole affair was conducted.

INSURANCE MEN WANT RECOGNITION

Local Association of Underwriters Will Ask Trades Council to Admit Its Delegates.

At the meeting of the East Liverpool Association of Underwriters, held yesterday afternoon in the Elks' parlors, it was decided to apply to the Trades and Labor Council for recognition. If the request is granted delegates will be selected at the next regular meeting. This recognition cannot be granted by Trades Council unless the association is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The association has about 20 members.

The Association of Underwriters for Columbiana County, which also met yesterday, decided to hold the next session at Leetonia in August.

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF IN THE STROWE CASE

Jury Awards $160 Damages in the Suit Against Park Leach.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The week in common pleas court was finished last evening with a night session at which the jury brought in a verdict of $160 damages for the plaintiff in the Wellsville case of Charles and Margaret Strowe against Park Leach. The amount sued for was $250. Court adjourned until Monday at 1 p. m. Judge Ralph S. Ambler, who presided this week, returned to Canton this morning.

Case Dismissed.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of C. P. Leonard, sheriff, vs. Christy A. Rich et al. has been dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

THE HYPNOTIST AGAIN APPEARS

Returns With the Supposed Mrs. Hill But Finds Door Closed Against Him.

HUSBAND GIVEN THE SHAKE

And the Troublesome Couple Obliged to Seek New Apartments.

MISSING ACT IN COMEDY

Mrs. George Hill, the woman who figured so prominently in the domestic comedy-drama Thursday at the Davis home on Vine street, reappeared in the city yesterday and another chapter has been added to the story. It will be remembered that Mrs. Hill, the companion and alleged hypnotist, Rafael Tomosco, and the husband left here together for Wellsville Friday morning.

The happy home of Signor Tomosco and Mrs. Hill had been so rudely and unexpectedly disturbed that they did not have time to dispose of the furnishings of their rooms. What took place Thursday in Wellsville comprises a missing chapter, but it is alleged that the husband was "given the shake," or became lost in the shuffle. Mrs. Hill appeared at the Davis home yesterday afternoon and demanded admittance, claiming she had been roughly ejected. Mrs. Davis refused point blank and then had to listen to a tongue lashing from the irate woman, who as she left threatened to invoke the aid of the law. She did apply to 'Squire McCarron for advice and was told that she could not be legally removed from the house. He gave her a written statement of his decision and Mrs. Hill returned to the Davis home.

A few moments later the 'squire had another visitor in the person of Mrs. Davis, who also wanted legal advice on the controversy. She was told that she could get rid of the unwelcome tenants by preferring a serious charge, but was advised to return them the money they had advance for rent and insist upon them leaving. Mrs. Davis acted upon this advice and as a result Mrs. Hill has been looking for quarters in another section of the city.

Apparently Tomosco still exerts his hypnotic influence over the woman, or at any rate, it is alleged that he is close at hand.

NEW OIL WELL RUINED BY FIRE

Destructive Blaze Opposite Wellsville This Morning Destroyed Valuable Property.

An oil well recently drilled in on leases held by A. B. Smith, opposite Wellsville, was completely ruined by flames this morning, entailing a loss that can scarcely be estimated. The drillers were at work cleaning the hole when a large blaze ignited from the case.

There was a fierce blaze and the derrick was soon consumed. Many people watched the spectacle from this side of the river.

The well came in a few days ago with a good showing of oil and a strong pressure of gas. It would have paid handsomely, but for the unfortunate accident this morning.

Besides the ruin of the well and the destruction of the derrick, the drillers lost several hundred dollars worth of tools.

WARDEN DARBY QUITS

Resigns the Management of the Ohio Penitentiary Owing to Friction.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special.)—Warden Darby, of the penitentiary, has resigned as the result of friction between the board of managers and himself.

ROBBED OF JEWELS

Mrs. Pierre Lorillard Loses $50,000 Worth of Valuables in London.

London, May 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels at the Berkley hotel. No clue.

First in news, first in everything—the News Review.

A PRETTY GIRL UNDER ARREST

Her Home Is in Steubenville, But She Is Likely to Go to the Workhouse.

Miss Belle Mozingo, who claims that she is 18 years of age, but whom it is believed by Chief Wyman is not more than 15, was placed under arrest last evening by Officer Saulsberry and lodged in the city jail. There was no charge filed against her. The officer had simply been instructed to pick her up on sight and did so. She has been acting in a manner unbecoming a lady and many complaints have been registered against her.

Her home is in Steubenville. She came to this city about three months ago and worked for a time in a pottery. She states that she will not go back to her father for certain reasons and it is not likely that she will be compelled to. The chief is attempting to get her to an aunt living in the West End, but she says her aunt slaps her and in many ways mistreats her.

She is very pretty, with black hair, blue eyes and rosk cheeks, but shows every sign of dementia. If her relatives do not take some interest she will be sent to the workhouse.

AS FAST AS EVER VOTES COME IN

Hot Weather Does Not Keep Candidates and Their Friends From Working.

HOW THE LIST STANDS

Candidates in the News Review's popularity contest have not been deterred in the work of gathering coupons by the warm wave which has had the city in its torrid grasp for the past few days. In fact, they are working harder than ever "in the good old summer time." There have been no unusual developments since the result was announced yesterday and about the usual number of votes, distributed among the leading candidates, have been cast. The interest continues unabated and the standing of the candidates is as eagerly sought as the results of the ball games.

The following candidates have received 100 votes or more:

Thomas Neal, Riverside Park	21,544
Thomas Lownds, Fourth street	15,015
J. E. Anderson, Lincoln avenue	13,234
Matthew Curran, Jethro street	8,575
Walter S. Crewson, Sebring	5,275
George Millward, city	2,518
Wash Williams, city	1,919
J. A. Morrow, city	872
William Mayer, Bank street	607
Major Adams, city	293
John Cowey, city	248
George Smith, Fourth street	207
John O'Shea, Fourth street	205
Michael Callahan, Sunnyside	150
T. J. Duffy	103
Andrew Brannen, Wellsville	100

JURY COMMISSIONS NAMED BY JUDGES

Appointments for Columbiana, Stark and Carroll Counties Have Been Made.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Judge W. W. Hole, of this county, and Judges Henry Harker and R. S. Ambler, of Stark county, a majority of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the first subdivision of the Ninth judicial district, have appointed the following jury commissioners:

For Carroll county, Thomas J. Saltsman, J. J. McCoy, Albert R. Haines and William B. Crawford; Columbiana county, Galen A. Sheets, S. D. Longshore, J. C. Billingsley and Thomas J. Walton; Stark county, Ephraim Sprinkle, William Volkman, B. Frank Mercer and Anthony Howells.

CARS CLASH NEAR A CURVE

One Loaded With Passengers Collides Head-On With An Extra.

FOUR PERSONS ARE INJURED

The Motormen Stick to Their Posts and One Has His Leg Broken.

OTHERS SLIGHTLY HURT

Two street cars, No. 8, eastbound, and No. 16, westbound, met in a head-on collision near the eastern end of the Thompson pottery at 4:21 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The accident happened at a point about 100 feet west of a sharp curve, and the blame for it has not been fixed. Motorman L. R. Coddle, on No. 8, and Motorman Harry Trover, on No. 16, were painfully injured. Both of thse men remained at their posts and used their best efforts to avert the crash.

No. 8, it is stated, was an extra car and was following one on the regular schedule. Additional cars had been added during the afternoon owing to the presence in the city of the visiting railroad men and an unusual stress of other traffic. Motormen Coddle and Congrove are extra men.

No. 8 had left the Second street switch, at the foot of Broadway and was running at a fast rate of speed to meet the westbound car at the switch near the National China company. No. 16 had left the last named point to pass the eastbound car on Second street. The scene of the wreck is midway between the two switches. Which, if either of the cars was off time could not be learned. It was stated yesterday that No. 8 had left the Second street switch one minute ahead of time, but this is not borne out by the conductor's statement. Both of the conductors, Herbert Congrove on No. 8, and Charles Wellington, on No. 16, claimed their cars were running in accordance with the schedule.

No. 8 had but one passenger, a man, whose name was not learned, and he escaped unhurt. On No. 16 there were 34 passengers, all of whom were considerably shaken up and badly frightened. Of the passengers, Mrs. N. J. Ormes, colored, of Church alley, was the most severely injured, she sustaining painful cuts about the face. Another passenger, a lady on No. 16, was slightly injured.

When the westbound car rounded the curve onto the straight track Motorman Trover was horrified to see No. 8 coming at a full rate of speed and only a short distance away. There was great excitement, particularly among the women passengers. Both motormen kept their heads and applied the brakes in desperate haste to avoid a collision, but their efforts served only to lessen the compact. Their bravery is to be commended, for had they left their posts the results would have been much more serious. The vestibules of both cars were badly smashed and the controller boxes ruined, but otherwise they were not badly damaged.

Motorman Coddle had his left leg broken below the knee and was taken to the office of Dr. Hobbs in the patrol. Drs. Hobbs, Ikirt and Calhoun attended him, after which he was removed to his home in Gardendale.

Motorman Trover was painfully cut about the face by crashing glass, but did not require medical attention.

W. J. Douglas, a passenger on No. 16, was bruised about the legs.

Taken to the Asylum.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Henry Hescett, of Center township, was taken to the Massillon asylum yesterday.

ORGANIZED LABOR COUPON CONTEST

CLOSES JULY 31, 6 p. m.

"SERIES E"

This ballot, to be counted, must be received at the News Review office before June 15.

I hereby register my ballot for .....

of (place).....

In the News Review's Organized Labor Contest.

Last Day of Our Great
PROPOSITION SALE

We propose to make

Saturday the Banner Day of the Sale.

The propositions for tomorrow will eclipse anything we have yet offered.

Read These Money Saving Opportunities

Muslin Gowns

Saturday morning only—not enough to last all day. Splendid quality Muslin Gowns, nicely made with ruffles and tucks, worth 50c. While they last

29c

Not more than two to a customer.

Corset Covers

Saturday morning only. Good quality Muslin Corset Covers, worth 15c, not more than three to a customer. While they last

8c

Men's Neckwear

500 of the New stylish Midget Bows Regular 25c kind, Saturday 15c each

Ladies' Vests

Saturday morning we place on sale 500 Ladies' Jersey Vests, worth 8c each, for

4c

Pattern Hats

About 20 of the swellest imported models and pattern hats, worth $10, $12 and $15, Saturday your choice

$6.98

Walking Skirts

50 splendid All Wool Walking Skirts, in navy blue, well worth $4.00. Our special price Saturday

$2.98

Walking Skirts

One lot of good quality Walking Skirts, mostly in dark gray, values run up to $2.98, Saturday your choice

$1.98

Etamine Dress Skirts

A few fine samples of Black and Blue Etamine Skirts, worth $7.00 and $8.00, Saturday your choice

$4.98

Only one of a kind.

Sample Silk Skirts

We have secured about 25 Fine Sample Skirts, every one different and values from $10 to $35. We have marked them for Saturday at exactly

A Third Off Regular Prices

We are showing the most superb line of Millinery in town at prices that cannot be matched elsewhere. See the new summer styles in our window.

Hats Trimmed Free of Charge

THE LEADER

Knowles Block, Washington Street.

Wm. Erlanger & Co.

Cor. Fifth & Washington St. E. Liverpool, Ohio.

East Liverpool's Juvenile Store

FEW stores in America have a better showing of Boys' and Young Men's Clothes. Few stores in America care to "bother" with Children's Clothing. Here it is a pleasure. A pleasure to buy and a pleasure to sell. Here the stocks are so complete, that what most stores call "bother" is entirely eliminated. Our advantages in buying are noticeable in the pricing. We are sole agents for East Liverpool for some justly famous lines that sell on sight.

KNEE PANT SUITS $1.95, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00

LONG PANT SUITS $4.00, $5.00, $7.75, $10

A Base Ball and Bat With Every Boys' Suit

Special Sale of Boys' Knee Pants

20 styles of Boys' Handsome Wool Knee Pants for lads from 2½ to 16 years of age. Pure woolens, finely tailored. Regular 50c qualities for

35c

Special Sale of Boys' Shirt Waists

A complete line of Madras and Percale Waists, some collars attached, others neckbands, sold for 50c and 75c, in sizes 4 to 13, choice

29c

Special Sale of Boys' Caps

100 sample dozens of Boys' Yacht and Golf Caps and Little Folks' Tam-O-Shanters. The good kind that sell for 50c generally. Half price takes them

25c

Special Sale of boys' Hose

A lot of Children's Hose in sizes 5, 5½ and 6 only, that were 10c, to close at **4c**

For boys another lot of larger sizes up to 9½, which are fast black and have been selling at 15c, now

10c

OUR BUSINESS PLATFORM

Quality is remembered long after PRICE is forgotten. If quality be ignored, price cannot be a true guide to value. We have but one price, and that a low one. We would rather miss a sale than sell you something that would not prove satisfactory.

Our Owl Brand Ladies' Shoes at **$2.00 & $2.50** are very satisfactory shoes to sell.

We solicit the first sale, it solicits the rest.

The Sleepless Shoe Co.

In the Diamond

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

A Daughter Born—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Ridgeway, of East Fourth street, yesterday.

First Swim of the Season—Pyhsical Director Stephens, of the Y. M. C. A., will give his junior class the first swim of the season tomorrow. The members will assemble at the Y. M. C. A. building at 9 o'clock in the morning and will be taken to the wilds of West Virginia. A lunch and a healthy appetite will be the only baggage. The day will be spent in the woods, the swim to be indulged in on the return trip.

Grocery Bill in Dispute—The case of James and George Hill, brothers, doing a grocery business on Fifth street, against Elmer Crawford, will come up for trial this evening in the court of 'Squire McCarron at 7 o'clock. The case is the result of a dispute over a grocery bill amounting to $55. Attorney J. H. Brookes will represent the plaintiffs and Attorney Warren the defendant.

Chic Millinery at Perry's. 115-h

Fine Cathedral Burned.

Denver, Col., May 15.—(Special)—St. Johns' Episcopal cathedral, one of the handsomeest and costliest church edifices in the city, was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss will reach $100,000.

Beautiful Summer Hats at Perry's. 115-h

Full line of vegetables and everything goot to eat at EAST LIVERPOOL'S BUSIEST STORES, GEON BROS. 115-h

We received a very handsome new style black tie this week. Come in and see them. THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 115-eod-i

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN FOR THE PUBLIC SATURDAY. DON'T MISS IT. 111-j

We received another lot of fine cool summer Trousers, with belt to match, this week. They are very handsome. THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 115-eod-i

Damages of $48.20 Awarded.

Lisbon, May 15.—(Special.)—The Washingtonville damage case of Horace G. Tetlow versus George W. Allen occupied the attention of the court all of yesterday. The jury was out from 7 to 10 o'clock last evening. It returned a verdict of $48.20. The amount sued for was $100.

The Great May Clothing Sale for Men and Boys.

No Old Cheap Goods Made for Fake Sales.

But all nice and reliable, clean made goods, made to our order for our trade only We can not afford to ruin our reputation with trashy goods. Remember we sell Moore & Beirs' Tailor Made Clothing that has no equal.

A. G. Minehart,

Fifth Street, Hard's Old Stand, East Liverpool, Ohio.

"No Clothing Fits Like Ours"

SOCIAL EVENTS

Bentley-Emmerling.

Miss Estella Bentley and Jacob Emmerling were married at 7:30 o'clock last night at the parsonage of the M. E. church, Rev. Dr. Pratt officiating. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. George Croxall as best man and bridesmaid. The full ring service, solemn and impressive, was used. The groom is a popular young pottery worker, employed at the West End plant, and the bride is a talented and winsome young lady. They will go to housekeeping on Jethro street.

Mrs. Erlanger Surprised.

Mrs. William Erlanger, Sr., was given a surprise birthday party at her home on Fifth street from 9 until 12 o'clock last night. About 15 couples were present. The ladies arranged the party and succeeded in enticing their unsuspecting hostess from the house while they were making the final preparations. The evening was given over to the enjoyment of music and cards, interrupted by the refreshments of ice cream, cake and fruits. Mrs. Erlanger was the recipient of many happy congratulations.

Arranging for Convention.

The ladies of the Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church held a business meeting last evening to complete arrangements for the convention to be held in that church early in June. This will be an occasion of unusual interest, not only to all interested in missionary work, but to the general public. A large number of delegates are expected from other churches in the Steubenville presbytery.

Missionary Society Meeting.

The Woman's Home Missionary society held a meeting of unusual interest at the First M. E. church last evening. Mrs. William Hollingshead extended an invitation to all members of the society to have a tea at her residence next Thursday afternoon. On Friday evening, Mrs. Frank Crook, president of the auxiliary of the First M. E. church, will entertain the young ladies who have recently joined the church. Dr. Pratt was present during the early part of the evening. He led the devotional exercises and gave an address on the work of the society as related to the church.

Flannel Suits, different from others. See our line. JOSEPH BROS.

Warm weather Hats at Perry's. 115-h

All silk white shirts just right for this hot weather, at THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 115-eod-i

Men's Irish linen shoes, $1.50 at FRANK. SHUMAKER & CO. 115-h

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—Rare bargain to quick buyer. Six room house, nearly new, gas throughout, elegantly situated, commanding fine view, close to car line. Fine home for someone must be sold. Owner leaving town. Clifford Temple, Montgomery avenue, I. B. Pope's addition. 115-r

WANTED—Any one desiring a new or second hand sewing machine or wanting their machine repaired or any supplies for same will receive prompt attention by calling on T. W. Brooks, 244 Third street. 115-r

WANTED—At once, a handle maker and finisher. Apply at Standard pottery, or 212 Fifth street. 115-r

WANTED—A coat maker, sack coats $6 to $8. Steady position to right party. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring company. 115-r

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

William Erlanger & Co.
The Leader.
Crook's, carpets.
Bendheim's, satisfactory shoes.
The Sleepless Shoe company, quality talks.
Stein & Sloan, summer underwear.
Steinfeld & Viney, outing suits.
Hodson's drug store, manicure sets.
The Star Bargain Store, millinery, underwear, etc.
T. B. Murphy & Son, plants and good things to eat.

Flannel Suits, different from others. See our line. JOSEPH BROS.

We have the largest line of fine fancy Hosiery in the city. See our 25 and 50 cent line. THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 115-eod-i

Cool shoes for feverish feet at FRANK. SHUMAKER & CO. 115-h

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Ask us to show you Young Bros.' Hats when you want the best $3.00 stiff hat on the market. THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 115-eod-i

CAFE

Come Any Time. Steak Just Right

THE STAG

125-127 2nd St. Next to R. R. Station

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

Phones—Bell 480, C. C. 66.

Largest Circulation in City and County.

Evening News Review.

The Oldest Daily in Columbiana County.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Satisfied That the East Was Properly Recognized by the N. B. of O. P.

FORMATION OF A NEW LIST

To Meet Eastern Conditions Will Probably Soon Be Undertaken.

OUTLOOK FOR THE TRADE

From a Staff Correspondent.

Trenton, N. J., May 16.—The Trenton delegates to the convention of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters returned home yesterday from Wheeling, apparently well pleased with the results accomplished by the convention. All unite in saying that the session was the most notable in the history of the organization, especially from an eastern standpoint, and that Trenton received more recognition than at any time since it became a part of the national organization.

Most of the delegates went to Wheeling laden with petitions for reforms in the trade, and although many were not favorably considered, those which had a vital bearing upon the future of the trade in this city were adjusted to meet the views of all eastern men. This is particularly true with the adoption of a uniform price list over which the east and the west have been at swords points for the past three years.

While some branches of the trade, in particular the kilnmen, would have been pleased with an increase in wages, the feeling of the majority of the operatives is that the trade in its present condition is in no position to stand for an advance in wages. It seems, as a result of conversations with several of the delegates, that uniformity was the important question at issue with the conservative delegates who held that such a condition should first be reached before any attempt is made to advance wages. Now that a uniform list has been adopted, the attention of the national officers and the members of the several locals will be devoted largely toward putting it into effect. From present appearances this will be no easy matter. The list is not fully understood either by the eastern manufacturer or the operatives at large and each point will have to be clearly defined before the men as a body consent to work according to its provisions.

The attitude of the manufacturers toward the list remains to be seen. It will be remembered that when former President Hughes came here for the purpose of installing the list he was met with so much opposition by the manufacturers, not allowing him inside of their plants that dissatisfaction rose up in the ranks and that official had to return to East Liverpool, leaving behind him an organization of insurgent jiggermen who were supporting the manufacturers. It is likely that a meeting of the executive board will be called within the next few weeks for the purpose of formulating a list to correspond with eastern conditions. The potters here are generally elated because of the fact that the national convention is to be held here next year. The addition of more than 1,000 members during the year has had the effect of compelling the Brotherhood to appreciate the claims coming from this section of the country. The convention meeting in this city will have the effect of giving the delegates a better chance to study eastern conditions should any changes be recommended in the present scale of prices. Now while the organization here has made marked progress during the past year there is still much to be accomplished. There are still a large number of potters who are out of the organization but the national officers hope to have the trade in this city thoroughly organized before the next convention. From present appearances the potteries are likely to continue without any interruption for another year, and although trade in the general ware shops is at present very poor, manufacturers look for better prospects at the approach of fall.

The scare resulting from the report that the Brotherhood intended to petition for a general increase in wages has had a very disastrous effect upon the trade in New York. A local man holding a responsible position with the New York Crockery and Glass Journal discussing the condition of the pottery trade yesterday said: "Trade is very poor. The large buyers I have visited during the past week complain because of the lack of orders. It appears that the people are not buying crockery, although English made goods here find a ready market. Large wholesale houses dealing in crockery for the past three weeks were a trifle skeptical in placing Trenton orders for fear that a strike might tie up the plants and it would be a long while before they could get them killed."

Manufacturers throughout New Jersey are complaining of the action of the commission to the Louisiana Purchase exposition in failing to offer assistance to New Jersey firms to become represented. A prominent local manufacturer in discussing the work of the committee, said: "With a state so full of manufacturing interests, with such a vast diversity of manufacturers, it would seem as though part of the $75,000 appropriated for the use of the commission might be well expended in the encouraging of Jersey men to send their products there.

"The pottery interests of this state easily take rank over anything of the kind in the country and compare very favorably with the very best that

Continued on Eighth Page

VIGOROUS BLOWS DEALT BY NEGRESS

Colored Woman Violently Assaulted Mrs. Mark Gribben at Her Home.

TROUBLE OVER TOY WAGON

A knot on her forehead and a swollen optic with black and blue marks underneath were considered prima facie evidence by Mayor Weaver this morning that the allegations made by Mrs. Mark Gribben were true when she said that she had been assaulted and beaten by a colored woman by the name of Lockhart.

The appearance of Mrs. Gribben, who runs a boarding house on Sixth street, was certainly not an enviable one when she applied to the mayor with her story. She was accompanied by her husband, and the latter gallantly corroborated her every statement. She said that the foundation of the story starts with the purchasing of a little toy wagon, over a year ago, for which she paid $1.95. It is now worth only 15 cents, she said. Several days ago one of her children left the wagon in an alley near their home and when he sent after it discovered that some one had removed it.

The family had about given up hopes of recovering the toy when, as they were all sitting on the front porch last evening, a little colored youth started past with the same identical wagon in his possession. Mrs. Gribben accosted him and compelled the lad to put the wagon in the yard. There was but little commotion over this procedure, and the Gribben family were all rejoiced over the safe return of the wagon. Mr. Gribben was so happy that he decided to take in the dog show and wanted his wife to go, too. She was sorry this morning that she didn't comply with the request.

Mr. Gribben had been away from home but a short time when a big, stout colored woman wrapped at the front door. Mrs. Gribben responded and a heated conversation followed. The visitor said that the wagon taken from the little boy was his rightful property and that she wanted it. Mrs. Gribben protested and both began talking in a loud voice.

Finally Mrs. Gribben became tired of the trouble, seeing that it was attracting a crowd and raising the neighborhood, and gently shoved her visitor off the steps. Infuriated beyond control at such rude treatment, the colored woman jumped back upon the steps, directed a blow with her fist that landed squarely on the forehead of Mrs. Gribben, and before the latter had time to make any defense, landed another directly under the right eye.

Frank Little, who had witnessed the affair, ran in and prevented further blows. He also prevented the irate colored woman from throwing a brick at Mrs. Gribben and succeeded in getting her to leave.

Mrs. Gribben, after relating the story, had a warrant issued for Mrs. Lockhart, charging her with assault and battery, and she will be arrested as soon as an officer can locate her. It is said that she lives on the Calcutta road.

ANNUAL OUTING OF THE POTTERS

Arrangements to Be Completed Tonight for Big Picnic on June 1.

NEW N. B. OF O. P. OFFICIALS

Settling Down to Their Duties With Plenty of Work Ahead.

SHOP IMPROVEMENTS ASKED

William Elder, second vice president of the N. B. of O. P., and as such, chairman of the picnic committee, has called a meeting of the committee for 7:30 o'clock tonight at Brotherhood headquarters in the Exchange building. The other members of the committee are S. W. Moore, Major William Adams and Aaron Coleman. President Duffy and Secretary Menge are also members by virtue of their positions.

The place and date for the annual outing of the potters has already been selected. It will be held in Rock Springs park, Monday, June 1. Tonight the committee will take up the matter of a program for the day and decide upon the amusements. It is the intention to make the occasion one long to be remembered and no pains will be spared toward this end.

All members of the N. B. of O. P. no matter where they live, are invited to be present and they are assured in advance of a good time. The committee will take up the matter tonight of arranging for excursion trains or rates to the city from all the pottery towns in the west and they expect the attendance to be swelled by several thousand visitors.

Several minor changes and improvements will be made in Brotherhood headquarters by the new officials, one of the first being to install a toll telephone so that long distance connections can be obtained. Secretary Menge could not reach here this week as had been expected, but has sent word that he will arrive Monday. He will move his family here as soon as he can find a suitable dwelling.

Delegate John W. Morgan, of Trenton, is being shown through the local potteries by Second Vice President Elder and is gathering statistics which will be incorporated in his report to local union No. 40, jiggermen and dish makers. It was demonstrated in the convention that the eastern jiggermen could not make a living with the uniform scale under the present conditions and as a separate list for them was not deemed advisable no measures affecting them were transacted. The greatest handicap to them, it is stated, is the antiquated machinery and methods. Some of the jiggers have been in operation since 1877. An effort will be made to have the manufacturers install modern machinery and adopt some of the western methods, which can be done at a reasonable cost. With this accomplished the operatives will be warranted in accepting the uniform list.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT IN THIS COUPLE'S CASE

Courtship of One Day Ended in Wedding of Local Couple.

Joseph McKee, of Wellsville, came to East Liverpool on Thursday, and while here met Mrs. Elizabeth Mosey. It was a case of love at first sight. The couple left the city at once for Youngstown, where they were married yesterday. From Youngstown they went to Pittsburg and returned to Wellsville last evening.

McKee is very happy and is now around treating his friends.

NO LAMENTATION

Tears of Joy Greet the News of Gourleys' and Zip Farmer's Departure.

Mayor Weaver and Chief Wyman wept this morning—tears of joy, however. A couple of the Gourleys and "Zip" Farmer resigned their positions with the noble organization, the Sons of Rest, at a late hour last evening and accepted jobs with the Gentry Bros.' circus. They left with the circus this morning.

Officer Dawson, it is said, was instrumental in getting the boys their jobs.

QUIET REIGNS AMONG WORKERS

THE PAINTERS AND PLUMBERS ARE STILL ON STRIKE.

Formers' Difficulty Likely Soon to Be Ended—Plumbers' Situation More Difficult.

The present week has been uneventful in East Liverpool industrial circles, so far as two trades now on strike are concerned. The only incident which occurred to vary the monotony was the swinging into line of the contracting painters who signed the scale and immediately put a large force to work.

No conferences have been held by the painters for two weeks, and though the journeymen have been steadily employed, the situation has remained much the same as it was in the beginning.

The local has held its meetings with regularity, and the bosses have been meeting at regular intervals ever since the strike commenced. It has been understood that during the last two weeks the master painters were weakening, the principal reason being that they have been compelled to give up several large contracts. The contracting firm of T. O. Timmons & Son signed the scale Wednesday, and have been increasing their force of men ever since to meet the demands made upon it.

At the meeting of the master painters held Thursday evening the situation was thoroughly discussed and the fact that the ranks of the bosses were broken was not lost sight of. It is not known that any action was taken at that time with reference to the settlement of the strike, but it has been stated by prominent members of the Builders' exchange that the master painters would sign the scale within the next few days. Some of the bosses go so far as to say they will be compelled to settle in self defense.

No situation has been noted in the plumbers' situation and no move has been made nor is one in contemplation by either side. The feeling is intense, but no hint of it has been permitted to reach the public. It would be hard to make a prediction as to the outcome, but it is the opinion of many of the best posted unionists in the city that unless some influence is brought to bear from an outside source, the dispute will be prolonged. Both employer and employed refuse to be interviewed, and neither will admit that they are suffering any inconvenience by reason of the strike.

The teamsters succeeded in having all of the team owners of consequence in the city sign the new scale, and nearly every member of the teamsters' union has returned to work for his former employer. Great credit is due President William Dickey for the quiet and conservative manner in which the whole affair was conducted.

INSURANCE MEN WANT RECOGNITION

Local Association of Underwriters Will Ask Trades Council to Admit Its Delegates.

At the meeting of the East Liverpool Association of Underwriters, held yesterday afternoon in the Elks' parlors, it was decided to apply to the Trades and Labor Council for recognition. If the request is granted delegates will be selected at the next regular meeting. This recognition cannot be granted by Trades Council unless the association is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The association has about 20 members.

The Association of Underwriters for Columbiana County, which also met yesterday, decided to hold the next session at Leetonia in August.

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF IN THE STROWE CASE

Jury Awards $160 Damages in the Suit Against Park Leach.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The week in common pleas court was finished last evening with a night session at which the jury brought in a verdict of $160 damages for the plaintiff in the Wellsville case of Charles and Margaret Strowe against Park Leach. The amount sued for was $250. Court adjourned until Monday at 1 p. m. Judge Ralph S. Ambler, who presided this week, returned to Canton this morning.

Case Dismissed.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of C. P. Leonard, sheriff, vs. Christy A. Rich et al. has been dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

THE HYPNOTIST AGAIN APPEARS

Returns With the Supposed Mrs. Hill But Finds Door Closed Against Him.

HUSBAND GIVEN THE SHAKE

And the Troublesome Couple Obliged to Seek New Apartments.

MISSING ACT IN COMEDY

Mrs. George Hill, the woman who figured so prominently in the domestic comedy-drama Thursday at the Davis home on Vine street, reappeared in the city yesterday and another chapter has been added to the story. It will be remembered that Mrs. Hill, the companion and alleged hypnotist, Rafael Tomosco, and the husband left here together for Wellsville Friday morning.

The happy home of Signor Tomosco and Mrs. Hill had been so rudely and unexpectedly disturbed that they did not have time to dispose of the furnishings of their rooms. What took place Thursday in Wellsville comprises a missing chapter, but it is alleged that the husband was "given the shake," or became lost in the shuffle. Mrs. Hill appeared at the Davis home yesterday afternoon and demanded admittance, claiming she had been roughly ejected. Mrs. Davis refused point blank and then had to listen to a tongue lashing from the irate woman, who as she left threatened to invoke the aid of the law. She did apply to 'Squire McCarron for advice and was told that she could not be legally removed from the house. He gave her a written statement of his decision and Mrs. Hill returned to the Davis home.

A few moments later the 'squire had another visitor in the person of Mrs. Davis, who also wanted legal advice on the controversy. She was told that she could get rid of the unwelcome tenants by preferring a serious charge, but was advised to return them the money they had advance for rent and insist upon them leaving. Mrs. Davis acted upon this advice and as a result Mrs. Hill has been looking for quarters in another section of the city.

Apparently Tomosco still exerts his hypnotic influence over the woman, or at any rate, it is alleged that he is close at hand.

NEW OIL WELL RUINED BY FIRE

Destructive Blaze Opposite Wellsville This Morning Destroyed Valuable Property.

An oil well recently drilled in on leases held by A. B. Smith, opposite Wellsville, was completely ruined by flames this morning, entailing a loss that can scarcely be estimated. The drillers were at work cleaning the hole when a large blaze ignited from the case.

There was a fierce blaze and the derrick was soon consumed. Many people watched the spectacle from this side of the river.

The well came in a few days ago with a good showing of oil and a strong pressure of gas. It would have paid handsomely, but for the unfortunate accident this morning.

Besides the ruin of the well and the destruction of the derrick, the drillers lost several hundred dollars worth of tools.

WARDEN DARBY QUITS

Resigns the Management of the Ohio Penitentiary Owing to Friction.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special.)—Warden Darby, of the penitentiary, has resigned as the result of friction between the board of managers and himself.

ROBBED OF JEWELS

Mrs. Pierre Lorillard Loses $50,000 Worth of Valuables in London.

London, May 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels at the Berkley hotel. No clue.

First in news, first in everything—the News Review.

A PRETTY GIRL UNDER ARREST

Her Home Is in Steubenville, But She Is Likely to Go to the Workhouse.

Miss Belle Mozingo, who claims that she is 18 years of age, but whom it is believed by Chief Wyman is not more than 15, was placed under arrest last evening by Officer Saulsberry and lodged in the city jail. There was no charge filed against her. The officer had simply been instructed to pick her up on sight and did so. She has been acting in a manner unbecoming a lady and many complaints have been registered against her.

Her home is in Steubenville. She came to this city about three months ago and worked for a time in a pottery. She states that she will not go back to her father for certain reasons and it is not likely that she will be compelled to. The chief is attempting to get her to an aunt living in the West End, but she says her aunt slaps her and in many ways mistreats her.

She is very pretty, with black hair, blue eyes and rosk cheeks, but shows every sign of dementia. If her relatives do not take some interest she will be sent to the workhouse.

AS FAST AS EVER VOTES COME IN

Hot Weather Does Not Keep Candidates and Their Friends From Working.

HOW THE LIST STANDS

Candidates in the News Review's popularity contest have not been deterred in the work of gathering coupons by the warm wave which has had the city in its torrid grasp for the past few days. In fact, they are working harder than ever "in the good old summer time." There have been no unusual developments since the result was announced yesterday and about the usual number of votes, distributed among the leading candidates, have been cast. The interest continues unabated and the standing of the candidates is as eagerly sought as the results of the ball games.

The following candidates have received 100 votes or more:

Thomas Neal, Riverside Park	21,544
Thomas Lownds, Fourth street	15,015
J. E. Anderson, Lincoln avenue	13,234
Matthew Curran, Jethro street	8,575
Walter S. Crewson, Sebring	5,275
George Millward, city	2,518
Wash Williams, city	1,919
J. A. Morrow, city	872
William Mayer, Bank street	607
Major Adams, city	293
John Cowey, city	248
George Smith, Fourth street	207
John O'Shea, Fourth street	205
Michael Callahan, Sunnyside	150
T. J. Duffy	103
Andrew Brannen, Wellsville	100

JURY COMMISSIONS NAMED BY JUDGES

Appointments for Columbiana, Stark and Carroll Counties Have Been Made.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Judge W. W. Hole, of this county, and Judges Henry Harker and R. S. Ambler, of Stark county, a majority of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the first subdivision of the Ninth judicial district, have appointed the following jury commissioners:

For Carroll county, Thomas J. Saltsman, J. J. McCoy, Albert R. Haines and William B. Crawford; Columbiana county, Galen A. Sheets, S. D. Longshore, J. C. Billingsley and Thomas J. Walton; Stark county, Ephraim Sprinkle, William Volkman, B. Frank Mercer and Anthony Howells.

CARS CLASH NEAR A CURVE

One Loaded With Passengers Collides Head-On With An Extra.

FOUR PERSONS ARE INJURED

The Motormen Stick to Their Posts and One Has His Leg Broken.

OTHERS SLIGHTLY HURT

Two street cars, No. 8, eastbound, and No. 16, westbound, met in a head-on collision near the eastern end of the Thompson pottery at 4:21 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The accident happened at a point about 100 feet west of a sharp curve, and the blame for it has not been fixed. Motorman L. R. Coddle, on No. 8, and Motorman Harry Trover, on No. 16, were painfully injured. Both of thse men remained at their posts and used their best efforts to avert the crash.

No. 8, it is stated, was an extra car and was following one on the regular schedule. Additional cars had been added during the afternoon owing to the presence in the city of the visiting railroad men and an unusual stress of other traffic. Motormen Coddle and Congrove are extra men.

No. 8 had left the Second street switch, at the foot of Broadway and was running at a fast rate of speed to meet the westbound car at the switch near the National China company. No. 16 had left the last named point to pass the eastbound car on Second street. The scene of the wreck is midway between the two switches. Which, if either of the cars was off time could not be learned. It was stated yesterday that No. 8 had left the Second street switch one minute ahead of time, but this is not borne out by the conductor's statement. Both of the conductors, Herbert Congrove on No. 8, and Charles Wellington, on No. 16, claimed their cars were running in accordance with the schedule.

No. 8 had but one passenger, a man, whose name was not learned, and he escaped unhurt. On No. 16 there were 24 passengers, all of whom were considerably shaken up and badly frightened. Of the passengers, Mrs. N. J. Ormes, colored, of Church alley, was the most severely injured, she sustaining painful cuts about the face. Another passenger, a lady on No. 16, was slightly injured.

When the westbound car rounded the curve onto the straight track Motorman Trover was horrified to see No. 8 coming at a full rate of speed and only a short distance away. There was great excitement, particularly among the women passengers. Both motormen kept their heads and applied the brakes in desperate haste to avoid a collision, but their efforts served only to lessen the compact. Their bravery is to be commended, for had they left their posts the results would have been much more serious. The vestibules of both cars were badly smashed and the controller boxes ruined, but otherwise they were not badly damaged.

Motorman Coddle had his left leg broken below the knee and was taken to the office of Dr. Hobbs in the patrol. Drs. Hobbs, Ikirt and Calhoun attended him, after which he was removed to his home in Gardendale.

Motorman Trover was painfully cut about the face by crashing glass, but did not require medical attention.

W. J. Douglas, a passenger on No. 16, was bruised about the legs.

Taken to the Asylum.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Henry Hescett, of Center township, was taken to the Massillon asylum yesterday.

ORGANIZED LABOR COUPON CONTEST

CLOSES JULY 31, 6 p. m.

"SERIES E"

This ballot, to be counted, must be received at the News Review office before June 15.

I hereby register my ballot for .....

of (place).....

In the News Review's Organized Labor Contest.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

white goods

More in demand than ever this season, Our stock is larger and more complete than heretofore.

Excellent values in India Linens—6¼c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c.

Persian Lawns, fine sheer goods, wash well, wear well, 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c.

Swiss Mulls, fine thin goods, 46 inches wide, 50c and 75c.

Cotton Wash Chiffons, 46 inches wide, 50c.

Mercerized Cotton Damasks, in a great variety of patterns, 25c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c

Plain White P. K., 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c.

Embroidered and figured P K, 60c, 65c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Plain White Linens for waists or shirt waist suits, 36, 45 and 54 inches wide, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, $1.00.

laces

Real Cluny Lace, narrow, medium and wide, 40c to $1.75.

Immitation Cluny Lace, 10c to 20c.

French and German Val Laces, narrow and wide, edges and insertions to match.

Embroideries—Swiss and Nainsook in match sets, wide, medium and narrow widths.

Embroidery for corset covers, 50c, 65c up to $1.25.

sheets and pillow cases

Ready made, laundered and ready for use, well made, torn so as to be straight and at so little advance over the price of muslin that it hardly pays to bother making them.

Bleached Sheets, 81x90, 50c and 65c.

Bleached Sheets, 90x90, 65c, 70c and 75c.

Bleached Hem-titched Sheets, 81x90, 68c and 70c.

Same in 90x90, 75c and 80c.

Bleached Hemmed Pillow Cases, 42x36, 10c, 12½c, 15c. Same 45x36, 12½c and 15c.

Bleached Hem-stitched Pillow Cases, 42x36, 15c, 17½c and 20c. Same 45x36, 18c, 20c and 25c.

50x38 Hemmed Cases, 20c.

Same Hemstitched, 25c.

Bolster Cases, 42x72, hemmed, 30c. Hem-stitched, 40c and 45c.

parasols

White, plain or ruffled; black, black and white, white and black and colors, plain and combined, in a great variety of new up-to-date styles, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 $3.00, $4.00, $5, up to $10.

Children's Parasols—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.25

fans

New fresh goods and such a variety and range of prices and styles as we have never shown before. Bone and wood handles, lace or spangle trimmed, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $5.00.

Paper Fans, 5c to 30c.

children's white dresses

Sizes one year to six years, embroidery or lace trimmed, well made, good styles, good fitting and good materials used, 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.50.

Children's White French Dresses, sizes two to six, $1.50 to $6.00.

Infant's Lawn Caps, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Infants' Bootees, Wool Sacques, Bibs, Hose and Vests, fine goods at reasonable prices.

ribbons

New Sash Ribbons, fancy or plain, satin or silk, white, light blue, pink, Nile green, 45c, 50c, 65c and $1.00 per yard.

Special lot fancy Neck Ribbons, 19c.

sale of tailor-made suits

All at reduced prices. Some very nice ones left.

Lot of Suits, broken sizes, $5.00.

Reduced prices on Children's Black Silk Coats, sizes one to six years.

new voile skirts

A few new styles in this week, some of the very latest styles, $12.50 to $15.00.

gloves

Silk and suede lisle, white black, gray, mode, 50c and 75c.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

COMMENCEMENT AND WEDDING PRESENTS

This is a puzzle and worry to many to know what to buy, that will make a nice acceptable present for Lady or Gent. We have done that for you by putting in a larger stock of everything, from fine large Diamonds down to inexpensive but very handsome gifts.

We have the most handsome Watch stock we have ever been able to purchase, also Diamonds, Rings, Brooches, Stick Pins, Cuff Buttons, Bracelets, Lockets and Locket Chains, Watch Charms and Fobs, Souvenir Spoons and Forks, Belt and Sash Pins, Thimbles, Sewing Sets, Scissors, Manicure and Desk Sets, Gold Clocks, Pens, Inkwells and many other articles too numerous to mention. Engraving free of charge, and every article put up in a neat box or case, which adds much to the appearance.

Do not forget that we also have a beautiful line of Wedding Presents, such as Clocks, Silver Ware—in both sterling and Plate. Very nice line of Cut Glass, and many other articles suitable for wedding presents.

Don't fail to call early and make your selection or see what we have.

G. R. PATTISON'S JEWELRY STORE, IN THE DIAMOND.

WITH THE WORKMEN IN THE CLAY PLANTS

INTERESTING MEETINGS.

Much interest will be manifested in the meetings of the several Brotherhood locals the coming two weeks. The delegates who attended the Wheeling convention will make their reports and discussion of the measures adopted by the convention will be indulged in. The attendance at these meetings promise to be very large, as the membership is much interested in the procedings of the conventiba. There will be many matters for the delegates to report on which the newspapers were not permitted to handle. It is understood several propositions of vital importance were passed upon at the Wheeling meeting of which the public knows nothing.

JACK DELANEY FOUND.

Jack Delaney, who disappeared from this city several months ago, has been located in Peria, Ill. Delaney is a well-known kilnhand and has been employed in the East Liverpool potteries for several years. He disappeared not long ago, telling no one of his intentions. His brother, Jere Delaney, who has been in the east, made diligent inquiry, but was unable to locate him. Friends took up the search and he was found in the Illinois pottery town this week.

A PROMINENT DELEGATE.

John W. Morgan, who represented the Trenton jiggermen and dishmakers at the recent national convention in Wheeling, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Harrison, 102 Pennsylvania avenue. He will remain here until Monday before returning to his eastern home. Mr. Harrison was a conspicuous figure in the convention, as the welfare of the eastern clay workers was one of the most important matters up for consideration.

OF INTEREST TO THE TRADE.

Victor C. Cadieux, New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy.

The stock of the Purple Trading Stamp company, handling crockery, etc., at Pawtucket, R. I., was recently damaged by fire to the extent of about $800.

It is rumored that Weller Bros., Madison, Mich., are closing out to retire from business.

A petition has been filed by the Spokane Glassware & Crockery company, Spokane, Wash., to dissolve the corporation.

E. D. Youngs, dealing in crockery at Pewamo, Mich., has been succeeded by John Koster.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Isaac Birnbaum, Boston.

J. C. Adams, who has been conducting a retail crockery business at Winchester, Mass., for several years, recently made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Armstrong & Curran, Springfield, Mass., have sold out their furniture and crockery business.

Abram Jacobson has removed his variety business from Waterville, Me., to Poston, where he will continue the same line.

Solomon Stein, proprietor of the "Chicago Store," Columbia City, Ind., recently sold out and will retire from this line of business.

The People's Furniture & Carpet company, Omaha, Neb., is a new corporation organized under the laws of Nebraska with an authorized capital stock of $200,000 to deal in house furnishings of all kinds. The incorporators are Benjamin and Harry Rosenthal.

COMBINE WORK AND PLEASURE

Delegates Visit Potteries at East Liverpool—Topeka Wants 1905 Convention.

Pittsburg, May 16.—Business and pleasure were commingled in the fourth day's proceedings of the convention of the Order of Railway Conductors. The daily business meeting of the organization was occupied with the consideration of a number of questions which have come up since the opening of the convention. One of the most important of the changes proposed in the rules of the order is the proposition to decrease from 313 days to 156 days the time which a conductor must serve before he can be eligible to membership in the organization. This proposition was brought before the jurisprudence committee and was affirmatively recommended. It is thought the work of the convention will be finished by Wednesday.

A number of cities have presented invitations for the next convention and it is possible that this number will be increased. The latest to make a bid for the meeting of 1905 is Topeka, Kan.

One of the chief features of the day was the excursion of the delegates to East Liverpool, O., to inspect the Homer Laughlin potteries at that place. About 1,200 persons took advantage of the trip.

Killed by His Son.

Hamilton, O., May 16.—John Moebus, a well-known business man, is dying from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by his son, Edward Moebus. Bitter feeling had existed in the family about the division of Mrs. Moebus' estate, and when the father entered his son's store a quarrel ensued, resulting in Edward shooting his father.

Appropriation Bills Approved.

Harrisburg, May 16.—Governor Pennypacker approved the remaining appropriation bills left with him by the last legislature.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

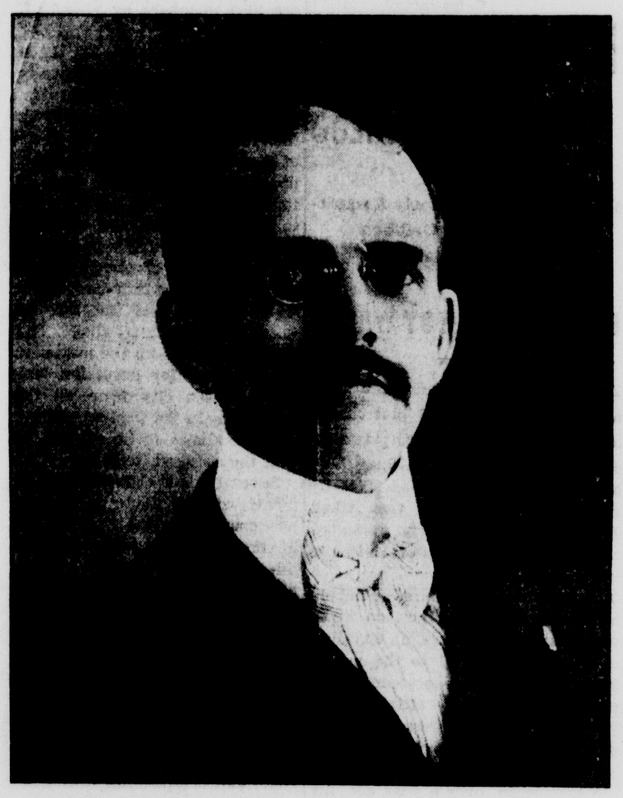
A tract of about 90,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Gardner, Kan., has been withdrawn from settlement for the purpose of making experiments in tree culture.

Christopher H. Payne has been appointed United States consul at St. Thomas. He is a colored man who has taken an active port in West Virginia politics and has been in the internal revenue service.

Assistant Secretary Armstrong and Mrs. Armstrong left for Chicago, where they will attend the Vanderlip-Cox wedding on the 19th, and then go to Iowa to visit Mr. Armstrong's parents. They will return to Washington next Thursday.

Uncle Reuben's Opinion.

"They may say what they please, but listen—hear me; I've taken all kinds of laxatives, purgatives and cathartics but when it comes to one that is easy and pleasant to take, mild and gentle in its action, and that makes one want an extra slice of bacon for breakfast, just give me Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and you may have all the laxative syrups, dyspepsia medicines and pills, little or big, there is in this country. Them Tablets surely do make one feel joyful." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.



RECEPTION TO NEW COMMANDER.

Colonel John J. Rose, the new division commander of the Ohio Sons of Veterans, returned from Marietta last evening and was a guest of honor at a reception by the W. R. C. in the G. A. R. hall. Addresses were made by Justice J. N. Rose, Capt J. A. Myers, and the new division commander. Refreshments were served, songs sung, and there was a good time generally.

Crocodiles In Water.

The crocodiles are thoroughly aquatic in their habits, and their peculiar conformation enables them to attack and seize their prey unawares. Their nostrils, which lead by a long canal to the back part of their throats, their eyes and their ears are placed on the upper part of the head, so that when in the water they can breathe, see and hear, while they are themselves practically invisible. When they dive, their nostrils and ears are closed by lids or valves, and their eyes are covered by a transparent nictitating membrane. They are further furnished with an arrangement which prevents the water from getting down their own throats when they are holding large animals under the water to drown them.

The dentition of these reptiles is peculiar. The teeth are sharp and conical and are hollow at the base, and each tooth serves as the sheath of another, which will in time replace it. The tongue—for notwithstanding the ancient belief the crocodile does possess a tongue—is fleshy and is attached to the bottom of the mouth. And finally the lower jaw is hinged at the very back of the skull, thus giving the animal its extraordinary gape and also the peculiar appearance which caused the notion that it moved its upper jaw.

Changed His Mind.

Jinks, like other men, has a horror of infant prodigies as exploited by their proud papas. Recently Binks met him with:

"Hello, Jinks! What do you think my girl said this morning? She's the brightest four-year-old in town. She said"—

Jinks shied. "Excuse me, old man!" he exclaimed. "I'm on my way to keep an engagement. Some other time"—

"She said, 'Papa, that Mr. Jinks is the handsomest man I know.' Haw, haw, haw! How's that for precocity, eh?"

And Jinks replied: "Binks, I'm a little early for my engagement. That youngster certainly is a bright one. Come into this toy store and help me select a few things that will please a girl of her taste, and I'll send them to her, if you don't mind."—New York Times.

Vegetables That Think.

The tiny roots of vegetables in their work of piercing a path through the soil to the surface and the light act in a manner which tends to show that they are capable of thinking. If a stone lie in their upward path, they turn aside without touching it and make a path parallel with the obstacle, and if there is a worm burrow near by they will turn aside and make use of the excavation which is to make their task the more easy. If they do not think, how do they discover the unseen obstacle and the equally invisible aid? There must be certain indications of the presence of both, and these indications act upon some strange form of mental organism.

There are vegetables whose roots move from one place to another, and plants which do the same above ground. Place some poisonous substance directly in their way, and they will take a different direction to avoid it; but if something nourishing is set on one side they will go round after that.

Mental Health In Friendship.

Friendship cannot be too often nor too much extolled. It not only is the heart's food, but nourishes the understanding. Mere comradeship and even the company of one's enemies do the latter, and one will whet his intellect on them as a boar whets his tusks against a tree. Men of themselves and solitary are but unintelligent little things and would be mentally scarce superior to dogs and apes were it not for what is offered by those about them. Your man is like a match which must find some hard quality without itself against which it must strike before it will burn. He has no power of self ignition. Yet while simple company and even that of a foe will strengthen and teach growth to one's understanding, just as a wrestler toughens and waxes strong while he exerts himself against an adversary, there is a virtue to be drawn from friendship and a health in kindly confidence which will owe itself to no other origin or source.—Unlooker.

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Saturday in north portion; light, variable winds, becoming fresh south.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer in north portion; Sunday, fair; light, variable winds, becoming south.

West Virginia—Fair, except showers in east portion; Sunday, showers.

ANOTHER REST FOR ROOSEVELT

President Now in Big Tree Country, Where Party Will Remain Until Monday.

Wawona, Cal., May 16.—President Roosevelt, for the second time since he left Washington on his present trip, is cut off from communication with the outside world. He is camping in the big tree country and will remain secluded until Monday morning. His special train arrived at Raymond early in the morning. As soon as the president had breakfasted he left his car and made a short speech to the large crowd that had collected. He thanked them for greeting him and mentioned the good time he expected to have during his four days' stay in the Yosemite valley. The president and his party then boarded stages and started on their 44-mile ride to the big tree country.

Luncheon was eaten at Ahwahnee, which place had been reached in record time. An exciting incident occurred during the ride from Ahwahnee to the big tree grove. A small forest fire was raging close to the trail, causing a heavy pall of smoke to obscure the road. The trail at this place runs along a steep side of the mountain. The driver lashed the horses and the president was soon out of the fire zone.

It was about 4 o'clock when the party reached the big tree grove and the president spent two hours admiring these wonders of nature. He then mounted a horse and with John Muir, the naturalist, and Guides Leonard and Leidigh, members of the forest rangers, started for camp. He spent the night in the big tree grove, sleeping in the open air wrapped in blankets. The president is pretty well tired out after his strenuous program in San Francisco and is looking forward with much pleasure to the quietude of the next two days.

The Colossus of Rhodes.

The Colossus of Rhodes, a bronze statue, was 105 feet high. It was made by Chares, who, aided by an army of workmen, consumed twelve years in its construction. It remained in position in the harbor of Rhodes for sixty-six years and was thrown down by an earthquake B. C. 224. It lay on the ground 894 years and was sold to a Jew for old metal. He carried away 900 camel loads, or about 720,000 pounds, of bronze.

Don't neglect reading the... **WANT COLUMN** If you want to rent or buy

EAST END

DRILLING FIRST WELL

Stockholders of Rock Run Company Were at Knoxville to Witness the Start.

The stockholders in the Rock Run Oil & Gas company, all of whom are residents of the East End, are becoming more and more pleased with their holdings in the Knoxville field. Recently two big wells were drilled in on a line with the property of the company and they are much encouraged over the prospect of striking it rich.

Contracts have been made for the immediate development of the company's holdings and the first well was started yesterday. Messrs. Truman McKane, Frank Allabaugh, E. A. Smith, Will Andrews, Joseph Laughlin and Frank Andrews were down to the field yesterday to witness the commencement of the operations.

Foot Cut With an Adze.

Spence Risden, of Helena, was painfully injured yesterday afternoon while at work in the S. C. Williams cooper shop on Second street. While using an adze Mr. Risden let it fall from his hands, the blade striking him across the left foot, inflicting a very painful wound. He was taken to his home in an automobile by Otis Webb, a member of the firm, and was given medical attention.

Had Money to Spend.

The outing of the railroad men and their ladies in the East End yesterday afternoon proved very profitable to the restaurants, hotels and grocery stores, and all of these tradesmen were in a good humor this morning. The railroad men had plenty of money and were not a bit backward about letting go of it. It is estimated that they spent about $1,000 during their short stay. The East End people have only good words to speak of them and are hoping they will come again.

Will Visit Ireland.

Will Stuart, one of the youngest and most popular conductors on the East Liverpool line, has made arrangements with the company for a two-months' leave of absence, which he will spend visiting his mother and other relatives in Darry county, Ireland. Mr. Stuart has been in this country seven years and this will be his first visit home. He expects to depart about the first of next month.

HAVE YOUR
PAPER HANGING
Done by
F. L. Weikert,
The Expert Paper Hanger.
C. C. Phone 584.
Virginia ave., - - East End.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Even children drink Grain-O because they like it and the doctors say it is good for them. Why not? It contains all of the nourishment of the pure grain and none of the poisons of coffee.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

At grocers everywhere; 15c. and 25c. per package.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

George Neicewonger's little son Lester is reported seriously ill.

Avery Hirchner, of St. George street, is confined to his home with the mumps.

Mrs. Wade Wolf, of First avenue, who has been very critically ill of typhoid fever, is now convalescent.

The baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hargreaves, of Pennsylvania avenue, is reported among the sick.

Marshall, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White, of Erie street, continues very seriously ill from an attack of typhoid fever.

Dr. W. E. Mowen's 16-year-old daughter Blanche, who has been seriously ill of typhoid fever, has shown a marked improvement in the past few days.

Mrs. William Calhoun, of Railroad street, left at noon today for East Palestine, in response to a message stating that her mother, Mrs. A. D. Reed, is very critically ill.

Dolores, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Hailes, of Globe street, is quite ill with measles. Dewey, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Mercer, is also suffering with the mumps.

Mrs. J. H. McCarrell, of Lawrence, Kan., is visiting in the home of Rev. D. W. McQuiston, of Pennsylvania avenue. Lawrence was Rev. Mr. McQuiston's first charge and Mrs. McCarrell was a member of his congregation.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Are your clothes faded? Use Red Cross Bag Blue and make them white again. Large package, only 5c.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

RETAIL TRADE GOOD

Warmer Weather Booms Business and Quotations Are Well Sustained.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Improvement in Mercantile Collections—Large Crops Anticipated. Steel Industry Shows Wholesome Condition.

New York, May 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Warmer weather has made it possible for the retail trade to regain part of the earlier losses in volume of transactions, and the level of quotations for staple lines of merchandise is well maintained. Wholesale trade in seasonable goods is quiet, although there is more or less supplementary business and jobbers report increased activity in several lines of wearing apparel. Clothing manufacturers are busy on fall samples, which are unusually late. Furniture and harness factories are notably well supplied with orders and there is no evidence of dullness in machinery or hardware. At most points there are indications of improvement in mercantile collections, the favorable progress of farm work having a good influence at the interior, while heavy sales of fertilizers testify to the extensive preparation for large crops. Industrial conditions would be exceptionally encouraging were it not for the vast army of men voluntarily idle. Railway earnings continue to show the usual gain, May figures thus far surpassing last year's by 13.4 per cent and those of 1901 by 29.3 per cent.

An unprecedented production of pig iron in April was accompanied by a decrease in furnace stocks, testifying to the vigorous consumption and wholesome conditions in the steel industry. It is not surprising that a somewhat easier tone is noticed, however, because the scarcity of fuel earlier in the season had retarded output and forced quotations above normal, especially on prompt shipments.

Failures this week were 196 in the United States, against 228 last year, and 13 in Canada, compared with 17 a year ago.

Displeased With Judge.

Cincinnati, May 16.—Displeased over the outcome of a case in police court, Mrs. A. E. Leland, aged 38 years, tried to blind Judge William H. Lueders in his office by throwing cayenne pepper into his eyes. Physicians state that no serious injury has been done.

PURSUE REPRESSIVE MEASURES

Unauthorized Congregations Cause Government Much Trouble—Arrests Being Made.

Paris, May 16.—The government is pursuing actively the repressive measures against unauthorized congregations. These measures are now principally confined to judicial action. The opposition to them seems practically to have ended, although the manifestations caused by the trials continue. Owing to the precautions taken these manifestations do not assume a serious character.

The trial of 10 Capuchins at Lemans drew a crowd of 3,000 sympathizers around the court house. The monks were cheered, many women strewing flowers in their pathway. In court the superior of the Capuchins made an eloquent defense. They were sentenced to pay a minimum fine of $3.20 each.

Seven Redemptionists were arrested at Valence-Sur-Rhone for refusing to leave their convent.

Amid many manifestations of sympathy several Capuchins were tried at Blois, convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $6 each.

Denver Strike Situation.

Denver, May 16.—An order issued by the general executive commission of organized labor calling out 1,000 union men in various trades and crafts in addition to 3,000 already on strike afterwards was rescinded and an amendment made that further additions to the strikers shall not be made until after the mass meeting of delegates of the unions. It is declared that if some plan of settlement shall not be reached by that time a general order to call out all the union men in the city will be issued. The state board of arbitration has tendered its services to the unions' committee and the citizens' alliance, which have been accepted. A proposition was made to the labor leaders to submit the grievances to the state board of arbitration and they have it under consideration.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

Owensboro, Ky., May 16.—A northbound Illinois Central passenger train was wrecked at McHenry, Ky. The train jumped the track while going at high speed, the engine and six coaches leaving the rails. Engineer Matthews and Fireman Curry were killed, the baggagemaster and express messengers severely injured. A dozen or more passengers are reported injured.

Race War Costs Several Lives.

Laurel, Miss., May 16.—The fiercest kind of a race war occurred near Burns, in the northern part of Smith county. Parties in Laurel from near that section state that the whites are up in arms and are whipping and killing negroes wherever they find them. One white man has been mortally wounded and several negroes killed.

HOW A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh--Spring Fever is Spring Catarrh.

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Miss Helen Whitman, 308½ Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"There is nothing like Peruna for that tired feeling, which gives you no ambition for work or play. After a prolonged illness, about a year ago I felt unable to regain my health, but four bottles of Peruna made a wonderful change and restored me to perfect health. As long as you keep your blood in good condition you are all right, and Peruna seems to fill the veins with pure, healthful blood. I thoroughly endorse it."

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to Get Strong Nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, Secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves, and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The County Auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of your great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

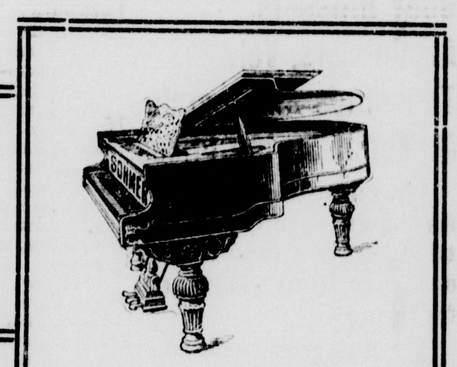
Mrs. Lulu Larmer, Stoughton, Wis., says:

Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

"For two years I suffered with nervous trouble and stomach disorders until it seemed that there was nothing to me but a bundle of nerves. I was very irritable, could not sleep, rest or compose myself, and was certainly unfit to take care of a household. I took nerve tonics and pills without benefit. When I began taking Peruna I grew steadily better, my nerves grew stronger, my rest was no longer fitful, and to-day I consider myself in perfect health and strength. My recovery was slow but sure, but I persevered and was rewarded by perfect health."—Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.



SOHMER

BRIGGS

GABLER
New York.

PRICES AND QUALITY GET US THE BUSINESS

No necessity of telling you that these instruments are good. They are of national and international repute. There are none better. This is proven by the fact that we give an unlimited guarantee.

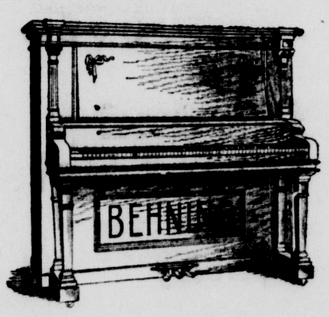
You do not "buy a pig in a poke" when you buy one of these pianos.

We Have a Few Slightly Used Pianos and Organs at Prices Which Are Sure to Sell, and We Don't Sell Them for New Ones Either.

For instance Organs from $10 up. Pianos from $50 up. The chance of a lifetime.

The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,

Fourth and Washington Sts.



BEHNING

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Youngstown is to have a $100,000 Pythian Temple. It will be six stories high.

George Farmer, aged 60, a prominent resident, is dead at his home, near Teegarden.

Coitsville township, adjoining Youngstown, is to have a local option election next Thursday.

Edward H. Dunlap had two ribs broben while working on the second degree team in Youngstown lodge of Odd Fellows.

Arthur, a young son of Patrick G. Burns, North End, Steubenville, is missing and it is feared he has been kidnapped.

Jacob Hose, aged 58 years, a veteran of the civil war, and for nine years a member of the Massillon police force, died of pneumonia.

E. A. Jones, superintendent of the Massillon public schools, has announced his candidacy for Republican nomination for state school commissioner.

A. J. Evans, formerly extra passenger conductor, but for the last year yard master, has been promoted to be general yard master of the C. & P. yards at Mingo and Steubenville with headquarters at Steubenville.

Blows Up Office and Himself.

Kossuth, Ia., May 16.—After being detected in his attempt to embezzle $125 of government money, Postmaster Richard Hedges, overcome with remorse, blew himself, his postoffice and store building to atoms with gunpowder. The explosion completely demolished the postoffice and store building. Only fragments of the man's body were recovered.

Bulgarian Cabinet Resigns.

Sofia, Bulgaria, May 16.—The Bulgarian cabinet has resigned. Prince Ferdinand accepted its resignation and summoned M. Petuoff, leader of the Stambuloff party. It is possible that a coalition cabinet may be formed.

Husband Threw Acid.

St. Louis, May 16.—Mrs. Elsie Strieb and Mrs. Sophia Wunsch were seriously burned and probably disfigured for life by acid thrown in their faces by Frank Strieb, husband of the former woman. The couple had been living apart.

Engineer Was Insane.

Berlin, May 16.—Investigation of railroad disasters which have occurred quite frequently of late upon a suburban line has shown that the locomotive engineer concerned was insane. He has been confined in an asylum.

WHEN YOU BUY
Meredith's Diamond Club Pure Rye Whiskey you get the highest grade whiskey made. That's why it's best for medicinal purposes and preferred for other uses. That's why you should try it. Send the tops to us and you will get the mug.
G. W. MEREDITH & CO.,
177 Market Street.
East Liverpool, Ohio.

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Office of the Mayor,
City of East Liverpool, Ohio.
May 15, 1903.

The qualified electors of the City of East Liverpool, O., will take notice that at a special election to be held for that purpose, in said city, on

Monday, the first day of June, 1903,

there will be submitted to them for decision the purpose to issue the bonds of said city in the sum of Fifty-nine Thousand Dollars ($59,000.00), for the purpose of meeting the deficiencies in the general fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, said election to be held at

First Ward.
Fire station.
Second Ward.
Turners' hall, Walnut street.
Third Ward.
Central fire station.
Fourth Ward.
Kinsey's plumbing shop, Sixth street.

Those who desire to vote in favor of said proposition shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the issue of bonds," and those who desire to vote against the same shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the issue of bonds."

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once

The News Review

Daily Except Sunday.

BRUSH BROS. PROP'S.

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Publisher.

The News Review, Daily,

Established 1884. By mail, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $1.50; by carrier $5.00; ten cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly,

Established 1879. By mail one year, $1.00 in advance; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Official Papers

of the City of East Liverpool and Columbiana County

Office 196 Washington Street

Bell Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
Editorial Room..... No. 122

Columbiana County Telephone.

Business Office..... No. 122
Editorial Room..... No. 846

CHARLES S. PATTESON,

Manager of Foreign Advertising, 620 Temple Court, New York

UNCHALLENGED STATEMENT.

Circulation larger than that of the two other East Liverpool daily papers combined.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW for the month of April, 1903, was 86,335.

Average for the month, 3,321.

..The following are the figures for each issue:

April	1	3,231
April	2	3,203
April	3	3,204
April	4	3,224
April	5	SUNDAY.
April	6	5,737
April	7	3,263
April	8	3,211
April	9	3,212
April	10	3,354
April	11	3,213
April	12	SUNDAY.
April	13	3,208
April	14	3,207
April	15	3,215
April	16	3,206
April	17	3,207
April	18	3,210
April	19	SUNDAY.
April	20	3,209
April	21	3,203
April	22	3,273
April	23	3,203
April	24	3,264
April	25	3,212
April	26	SUNDAY.
April	27	3,213
April	28	3,212
April	29	3,221
April	30	3,215
Total		86,335
Average		3,321

Columbiana County, State of Ohio. ss. I, Louis H. Brush, publisher of the Evening News Review, swear that the above statement is true.

LOUIS H. BRUSH.

Sworn to and subscribed to in my presence this 1st day of May, 1903.

J. S. HILBERT, Notary Public.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL EAST LIVERPOOL O.

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1903.

TWELVE PAGES

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Senator, second term—C. C. CONNELL.
Representative, second term—D. W. CHIET.
Representative, first term—ELIJAH W. HILL.
Prosecuting Attorney—M. J. M'GARRY.
Sheriff—A. J. JOHNSON.
Treasurer—WM. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—ROBERT G. BOYD.
Infirmary Director—TH. MASKELLY.
Coroner—D. J. JONES.

If half that is told of the barbarities and atrocities practiced against the Jews in Russia be true it is time for the civilized world to call a halt. That the czar, who is perhaps the most enlightened and progressive ruler Russia has ever had, should permit such diabolic work to go on unrebuked and unchecked seems incredible. The czar has posed as the friend of peace and humanity, the advocate of universal disarmament. Yet in his own domains a people whose only offense has been a difference of race and religion has been relentlessly persecuted from time immemorial. In the twentieth century has come a culmination of abuse, resulting in horrors equaling those of the Spanish inquisition, bloodshed that makes savage warfare seem humane in comparison, unprovoked slaughter of innocent babes and women. Reforms, like charity, should begin at home. If the czar would not invite the doom of his government, he should see to it that deeds at which civilization stands aghast are quickly and relentlessly punished and their repetition forever made impossible. The great powers of the earth united to put down a Boxer revolution in China, and will not long tolerate greater abuse of citizens in another land, however powerful, simply because that land falsely claims to be civilized.

Hon. C. S. Speaker, of Lisbon, in an interview elsewhere printed in this issue of the News Review, eloquently and forcefully calls attention to the penalties the law provides for those who tamper with the purity of the ballot at the primary elections. Although the News Review has previously published articles covering almost every legal phase of the question it is glad to print Mr. Speaker's summary of the laws, feeling assured that the subject is one which cannot be brought too often or too prominently before the public. There is a way provided to check all forms of fraud and abuse, and the people of Columbiana county should awaken and apply it.

Some of the people over in Salem fear that numerously projected street railways, if they materialize, will take many persons away from home to do their trading. The chances are that for every one who goes out of town for that purpose a dozen will come in. East Liverpool would gladly welcome street railway connection with all neighboring towns and country districts also.

The Methodists of this city will celebrate the anniversary of the Epworth League tomorrow, while the United Presbyterians will celebrate the anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate. Both have done and are doing a noble work, and church, press and people unite in wishing them long life and continued prosperity.

The village of Amesville, O., through electing a tramp as its mayor, is getting its name in the papers quite frequently. No boom is likely to result, however, nor is the example likely to be extensively copied.

A man who was to be legally hanged in Kentucky yesterday killed himself before the hour set for his execution. He was evidently against any innovations in the Blue grass region.

Democratic editors who have labored so earnestly to prove the existence of a conflict of interests between Senator Hanna and the president will have to guess again.

Prosperity has struck the south and the price of cotton has soared until there is danger that American women will all have to wear silk.

The census bureau has estimated that in 1935 the population of the United States will be between 155,000,000 and 160,000,000.

The Democrats who have influence with their party seem disposed to put Cleveland's presidential boom upon the shelf.

East Liverpool is fast becoming a dry town. The weather man and not the Prohibition mayor is responsible.

A Jerrold Retort.

When Albert Smith grew tired of being the butt of Douglas Jerrold's wit, he one day plaintively remarked, "After all, Jerrold, we row in the same boat."

"Yes," answered the clever playwright, like a flash of lightning, "but got with the same skulls."

Human Nature.

"What are the respective ages of the father and the son?"

"Well, I judge that the former is over fifty, because I notice he likes to be called 'my boy,' and that the latter is under twenty-five, for the reason that it pleases him to be addressed as 'old man.'"—Smart Set.

A Transposition.

Margaret—No, you cannot stay, love. Your mother says it is absolutely necessary for you to come home.

Elizabeth—Oh, dear! I sometimes think that mother is the inventor of necessity instead of necessity being the mother of invention.—Kansas City Journal.

It Depended.

Judge (to witness)—You say you have known the prisoner all your life?

Witness—Yes, your honor.

Judge—Now, in your opinion, do you think he could be guilty of stealing this money?

Witness—How much was it?

TOILET REQUISITES

(All Kinds)

You cannot find a more complete and well selected list of toilet requisites than at our store. No matter what you want in toilet articles or toilet preparations, both imported and American, you can best get it of us. Anything which you do not happen to have will gladly be ordered for you. Mail orders promptly filled.

C. G. Anderson,

Druggist, Diamond.

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

Everything in Furniture, Carpets and House Furnishings Generally

Our stock is now complete and we will positively save you money on every purchase.

Our expenses are small and you get the advantage of this.

Long experience has taught us what East Liverpool people want, and our stock has been bought as low as money will buy it.

No matter what room in the house you wish to furnish we can suit you in goods and in price

Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

Our line of carpets embraces all that is best in Body Brussels, Axminsters, Velvets, Tapestries and Ingrains At Money Saving Prices.

We guarantee the quality equal to anything on the market and will demonstrate it to your satisfaction.

All patterns are fresh and new.

Ask your neighbor about it.

Lace Curtains, Ruffled Curtains, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings

And everything usually sold in a Furniture Store.

See our line of Bed Room Suites, Sideboards, Rockers and Parlor Furniture.

Come and See

THE MOORE FURNITURE CO.

200-202 Sixth St.
Both Phones 544.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Justice J. N. Rose will deliver the Memorial day address at Rogers.

Dr. Francis R. Harrison has returned from a brief business visit to Wheeling.

Thomas Arbuckle goes to Warren Monday to attend the state convention of the O. U. A. M.

Mrs. Clifford Dawson returned at noon today from a week's visit with relatives in Sebring.

Mrs. Chal Peterson, who has been suffering from inflammatory rheumatism, is reported much worse.

Mrs. Frank Robinson and her son Joseph left this morning for Sebring, where they will visit relatives.

Claude Nease, of Thompson avenue, is entertaining as guests his father and mother, whose home is in Meigs county.

J. E. McDonald and wife left this morning for Gallipolis, where the latter will spend the summer. Mr. McDonald will return home next Tuesday.

Secretary M. C. Wright, of the Y. M. C. A., has returned from Cambridge Springs. His health was not greatly benefited by his stay at the resort, but he feels considerably refreshed and hopes for steady improvement.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. McFarland reached home yesterday from Rivesville, W. Va. Mrs. McFarland had been spending several weeks there with relatives and Mr. McFarland joined her at the conclusion of the potters' convention in Wheeling.

The Bachelor.

A western editor pays this tribute to a type which has not its fair share of song and story: "The bachelor represents the most congenial and big hearted type of our commonwealth. His name, while held in public derision by a host of people, will always remain closely interwoven in the history of pioneer life. He it was who pushed out into the wild and woolly west at a time when the buffalo, Indians and coyote were lords of the prairies and by persistent efforts and under privation and want led a heroic life by converting vast areas of the barren wilderness into fertile lands of peace and plenty. Then, without aid of feminine piety to keep vigil over his everyday acts, this sturdy empire builder remained at his post, blazing out the path of fame and introducing thrift and civilization in his wake. Like the cowboy he is slowly passing into history, but his fame is as farreaching as civilization, his name indelibly stamped on the pages of history, while the humble dugout with its original environments will appear in scenic pictures above the footlights of future generations."

Persian Athletes.

Strong and skilled as western athletes are, there are some respects in which the athletes of the east, and especially those of Persia, surpass them.

Their skill is due to the fact that they do not rely on brute strength, but on adroitness, which they have acquired after years of strenuous training. They know the function of every muscle in their bodies, and they are not regarded as experts until they are so well trained that they can perform with ease any feat which depends for success not only upon their strength, but also upon the proper play of their muscles.

They are not as bulky as some of the well known athletes of Europe and America, but, on the other hand, their bodies are wonderfully symmetrical, and all their movements are most graceful.

In wrestling and swinging clubs they especially excel, and, no matter how expert they may be, not a day passes that they do not practice for several hours.

They Were Seven.

"I see Dorkins has got all of his seven daughters married off."

"Yes, but he took advantage of his official position to effect it."

"How was that?"

"Why, he is chairman of the board of public works, and he advertised for proposals."—Pittsburg Index.

Preoccupied.

"Clara," said my aunt to her little daughter, who had been spending the day with a little neighbor, "were you a good girl during your visit today?"

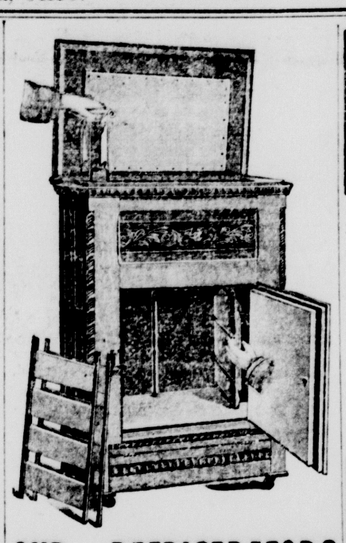
"I don't know, mamma. I just had so much fun that I forgot to pay any 'tention to myself," replied Clara.—Little Chronicle.

Clear Case.

Justice—Does the groom take this woman for better or for worse?

Bride (butting in)—He takes me fo' better, Ah reckon, sah. He's out ob work.—Chicago News.

News Review small ads. pay.



OUR REFRIGERATORS

Are ice savers, they are constructed with seven walls of non-conducting materials and are models of sanitary perfection. We would be pleased to have you inspect them.

Watson's

104 Sixth Street.

Catherine II.'s Rosebush.

The famous czarina, Catherine II. of Russia, was very fond of red roses, and one day as she walked in the gardens at Tsarkoe Selo she noticed a beautiful bud and resolved to pluck it on the morrow and present it to one of her grandsons, as it was his birthday. On the morrow, however, when she looked for the flower, it was no longer there, and when she inquired for it she was told that a pet bear had destroyed it.

Furious at being disappointed she ordered that a soldier be posted beside the rosebush, so that no harm might come to the remaining buds on it.

One hundred and fifty years later and long after the rosebush had disappeared a Russian grand duke saw a soldier standing like a statue in the gardens, and, going to the officer on duty, he asked: "What is that man doing there? There is nothing to guard in these gardens."

The officer then told him of Empress Catherine's order and said that since it was an imperial mandate he felt bound to respect it until it was rescinded.

Billion and Trillion.

There are two systems of numeration in use at the present day, commonly called the English and the French systems. In the former the billion is a million of millions, a trillion a million of billions and each denomination is a million times the one preceding. In the latter (which is the system used in the United States) the billion is a thousand millions, and each denomination is a thousand times the preceding.

Why He Was Single.

"Why don't you marry?" asked one Frenchman of another.

"Because I must do it on certain conditions."

"What conditions?"

"Well, you know, the lady must be beautiful, rich and a fool. If she isn't rich and beautiful, I won't take her, and if she isn't a fool she won't take me!"

A Giant Emperor.

Maximinus, the giant Roman emperor, could twist coins into corkscrews, powder hard rocks between his fingers and do other seemingly impossible things. When angered, he often broke the jaw of a horse or the skull of an ox with his fist. His wife's bracelet served him for a ring, and every day he ate sixty pounds of meat and drank an amphora of wine.

Retrospection.

A Scotchman had two sons, one of whom was a doctor and the other a clergyman, of whom he was very proud. "If I had kent," said he, "that ane of my sons was to be a medical man and the other a meenister, I would never hae had auld Jenny McCosh for their mither."

NEIL HOUSE

COLUMBUS, OHIO
STRICTLY EUROPEAN.
Geo. H. Hopper, Mgr.

Dr. J. F. Bumpus

Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate under Dr. A. T. Still, the founder of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., is located in the

Oyster Building, 118½ Sixth St.

East Liverpool, Ohio.
Consultation by appointment.
C. C. Phone 674.

J. M. KELLY, President. S. T. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. W. BURFORD, Vice President. N. G MACRUM, Treasurer.

THE UNION BUILDING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

6 PER CENT INTEREST Given on Paid-up Stock. Given on Savings Accounts

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates

ASSETS OVER $300,000.00.

$100 GIVEN AWAY IN PRIZES.

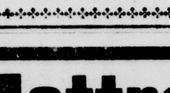
From May 15th to May 23rd we will have a jar of shot in the show case in front of our studio, if you guess the amount of shot in the jar you get the first price prized mentioned below:

TEN PRIZES.

1st prize, an enlargement in gold		$25
2d prize, 1 doz. Collodio		20
3d prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		15
4th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		10
5th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		6
6th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
7th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
8th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
9th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		5
10th prize, 1 doz. Aristo Platino		4
		$100

This contest is open to everyone. Call and take a guess.

Mercer & Co.,
Photographers.
228 6th, Cor. Franklin St.

SCHLEGEL'S
FISH MARKET
FRESH  **FISH**

Call us on either phone. Let us know where you live and we'll send your order of Nice, Clean, Fresh Fish Promptly.

Herring, Salmon, White Fish, Lake and Ocean Fish.

SCHLEGEL'S, 165 Market Street. Both Phones 230.

Our Platform

SAFETY first, liberality next. Both are essential to successful banking.
If you are satisfied with our platform come and see us.

The Potters National Bank.

New Fish Market

The fish market formerly conducted by A. T. McEntree, on West Market street, has been purchased by J. C. Davis, everything remodeled, clean and up-to-date. You will always find a fresh line of salt, fresh water and smoked fish.

J. C. Davis,
301½ W. Market.
Col. Co. Phone 532.

MORE BUGGIES

Than was ever shown under one roof at one time between Pittsburg and Cleveland. Knowing from experience the vexations delay you may expect when ordering a vehicle at this time of the year we have stocked our Five Large Rooms to their utmost capacity with all kinds and styles of Vehicles and Harness. You have such a variety of styles and prices to select from that we certainly can please you. Remember we appreciate your call if you are only just looking.

A. Trotter & Son.

BASE BALL

Y. M. C. A.
vs.
WESTINGHOUSE
Saturday, May 16,
4 P. M.

A. Dinerstine & Co.

Contractors and Dealers in
PAINTS and PAPERHANGING
Also sole agents for the famous
Carrara Paints
in this county. This paint is sold with a written guarantee.
C. C. Phone 104. 127 Seventh St.

In Everybodys Mouth

Sooner or later—the teeth will need attention and the sooner they are attended to the less trouble and expense there will be. BUT—when you employ a dentist—employ none but an expert from a reputable college. We are experts. Let us examine your mouth and give you an expert opinion—FREE.

Red Cross Dental Parlors
Drs. Harrison and Calcott,
Diamond. Above Boston Store.

Mattress Renovating

If you have a hair or cotton mattress that is old and broken down, let **Crook** send it to the **H. G. Bailey Renovating Works** to have it thoroughly cleaned and made over **nice** as **new.**

You Will Have

Plenty of money if you save some of your wages and deposit it with

The Potters' Building & Savings Co.,

Which is now issuing **PAID-UP** and **RUNNING STOCK.**

All the Newest and Prettiest

Belt Pins and Shirt Waist Sets

25c, 50c and 75c, at the Wade Jewelry Company.

Fifth Street.

WELLSVILLE

BY NO MEANS SETTLED

Dispute Over the Janitorship of City Hall Nearing an Interesting Stage.

At the last meeting of the city council Wednesday evening it was thought that the janitor question was settled, as council, by a unanimous vote, refused to appropriate the $45 for the salary. William T. Green, the janitor appointed by the board of public service, still continues to report each morning for duty, but does no work. He does not know where the tools are kept and Elliott will not instruct him. Green was sitting in front of the city hall yesterday when Mr. Herbert, of the board of public service, came up and asked if he was working. Green said no. Mr. Herbert said he was bound to see Green doing the work which he rightfully ought to do if he had to buy the tools himself.

Before many days there is likely to be trouble in the vicinity of the city hall. The board of public service claims control of the building. The mayor fortifies himself with an ordinance passed several years ago which says the mayor shall appoint a building policeman.

Up-to-Date Fire Department.

The board of public service, composed of E. S. Martin and B. D. Beacon, will meet this evening with the fire department for the purpose of acquainting themselves with every thing connected with the department. It is the intention to establish a fire department that will be strictly up-to-date in every particular. A team will always be ready for immediate use, a man kept at the fire station all the time and every thing in perfect order.

An Enjoyable Dance.

A large crowd attended the dance given in the Wellsville city hall last evening by Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, of Alliance. Despite the hot weather every one seemed to enjoy the evening. Several from East Liverpool were present. Mr. Bailey will hold one more dance in this city this season on next Friday evening.

Boarders Skipped.

Park Leach, proprietor of a restaurant, is mourning the loss of a $25 board bill. George White, a mill employe, and his wife, during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Leach, packed their goods and left.

WELLSVILLE SHORT STORIES.

Mrs. Lockhart is visiting friends in Cleveland.

John Young, of Center street, is on the sick list.

J. T. West, of Wheeling, was in this city yesterday.

Henry Jordan was in Pittsburg Friday on business.

City Solicitor Boyd was in Lisbon yesterday on business.

John H. Clark, of Allegheny, is visiting friends in this city.

W. G. Stewart has returned from a business trip to Lisbon.

Miss Cora Barnes is improving from a siege of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Thomas Agnew is the guest of relatives in Vanport, Pa.

Frank L. Wells will spend Sunday with his family in Lisbon.

Robert Black has returned from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Miss Erla Morrow has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

G. H. Kerr, of Martin's Ferry, is the guest of Wellsville friends.

H. M. Smiley, of Lisbon, was in this city yesterday on business.

Charles R. McGregor was in Lisbon yesterday on legal business.

Mrs. E. W. Simon, of Wheeling, is spending a few days in this city.

William R. Davidson, of Port Clinton, is in this city on business.

Miss Nettie Given, of Woodville, is the guest of her brother, Forest Given, of Front street.

Mrs. W. S. Adams, of Cleveland, is visiting friends in the West End.

Miss Minnie Cunningham, of Canton, is the guest of friends in this city.

Charles C. Alvin, of Beaver Falls, is the guest of friends in this city.

Miss Blanche Smith is spending a few days with friends in Steubenville.

J. M. Russell, of the West End, has returned from a short visit in Pittsburg.

Miss Ella O'Donnell returned last evening from a visit with Salineville friends.

Miss Ruby Sheets left today to spend two weeks with relatives in Pittsburg.

J. W. Wallace has returned to his home in Wheeling after spending several days in this city.

Mrs. George Thompson has returned to her home in Steubenville after visiting friends in this city.

George B. Aten has returned from Marietta, where he spent several days at the soldiers' reunion.

Charles Jennings, of McKeesport, yesterday visited friends in this city. He returned home this morning.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Best of job work at the News Review office.

Dispute Over Lot Sale.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Cora Taylor, of Hanover, vs. Laura Y. Armstrong, came on for trial yesterday. In the petition plaintiff says defendant sold her two lots in Hanover, but had later received an offer from Taylor Temple for more. She sold to him. Plaintiff asks that the conveyance to Temple be set aside and that she be given a deed for the property.

Took Pharmacists' Examination.

Columbus, May 16.—(Special)—Dr. William J. Taylor, of East Liverpool, and Charles Mascher and John Southern, of East Palestine, took the pharmical examination before the state board in this city this week. The results will not be made known for some time.

East Liverpool Woman Insane.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—Probate Judge J. A. Martin was in East Liverpool examining Miss Elizabeth Graham for lunacy. She was adjudged insane. She is 44 years old, and her mental trouble has been coming on for several years.

The Carbuncle.

One of the rarest and most precious stones is the carbuncle, which is sometimes confounded with the ruby, from which it differs by the intensity of its fires, produced by an internal luster of gold, while under the purple of the ruby there only appear dottings of azure or lacquer. Ethiopia produced the most precious ancient carbuncles. The Chaldeans regarded this stone as a powerful talisman. Legend makes the eyes of dragons out of carbuncles. Garcias ab Horto, physician of one of the viceroys of India, speaks of carbuncles which he saw in the palace of that prince which were so extraordinary in their brilliancy that they seemed "like redhot coals in the midst of darkness." Louis Vertoman reports that the king of Pegu wore an enormous one, which at night appeared to be lighted up with sunbeams. The virtues of the carbuncle are resistance to fire, preservation of the eyes, promotion of pleasant dreams, creation of happy illusions and an antidote against impure air.

Hard to Please.

Brown—You don't look very happy, Dumley.

Dumley—I have just lost a fiver on a bet.

Brown—That's bad.

Dumley—Yes. I had an awful attack of rheumatism this morning, and that young squirt of a doctor, Tipsalve, bet me a fiver he could cure it before night, and I'll be hanged if he didn't win the money!

ENGINEERS' HEADQUARTERS, NOW BUILDING.

Ambridge

Economy's Modern New Neighbor.
Coming Metropolis of Beaver County.
Home of the American Bridge Company.

Free Excursion to the One-Day Sale of Lots Saturday, May 23.

Free Tickets good on trains leaving Wellsville at 6:25 and 11:22 A. M.; leaving East Liverpool at 6:42 and 11:31 A. M., railroad time. Returning, leavnig Ambridge at 1:50 and 5:05 P. M., railroad time. Tickets will be supplied at convenient places.

Ambridge lies on a splendid level plateau, overlooking the Ft. Wayne Railroad and the Ohio river, on part of the old Economite tract—the most famous building site along the Upper Ohio. It adjoins the quaint old town of Economy. The plan contains only 970 lots. Streets are being graded and curbed and the principal ones paved; sewers, water and gas mains are being laid to each and every lot in the plan. A park a mile long and 400 feet wide skirts the lower side of the plan, separating the town from the railroad. **Ambridge** will have every modern improvement by the middle of the summer.

Lots Range in Price from $300 to $1,100.

Easy Payments: 10 per cent down; 3 per cent monthly. No Taxes or Interest until delivery of deed.

15 PER CENT DISCOUNT

For Cash if Paid in 30 Days,

or

For one-third cash paid in 30 days, balance in three semi-annual installments, secured by mortgage.

Nearly $200,000 in Improvements.

Below are given the actual contract figures for the public improvements completed or under way at Ambridge. The grading and sewering is already complete; the paving and laying of water and natural gas mains is now in progress:

Grading streets and sidewalks and leveling lots	$ 28,520.00
Sewering every street in the plan, laying connections to property line	49,420.00
Street paving	55,000.00
Setting curbs and laying fire-brick sidewalks	7,213.50
Laying water mains to reach every lot in the plan	22,000.00
Laying gas mains (in same trench with water)	12,440.00
Total	$174,593.50

This means an actual expenditure for improvements of $180 for each lot in the plan, or $6.91 for every front foot sold. Gas will be supplied from the mains of the old Fort Pitt Natural Gas Company, now the Manufacturers Light and Heat Company of Pittsburg.

10 PER CENT ADDITIONAL DISCOUNT

If new building, to cost at least double the price of lot, is under roof by January 1.

A POPULATION OF 15,000 IN TWO YEARS.

Ambridge will make the world's bridges after this year. The American Bridge Company has located there its new central plant, where eight older bridge and structural iron works are being consolidated. Part of the new plant is already in operation. By January 1 5,000 men will be employed at the one works, looking to the new town for homes. One thousand engineers, the central engineering force of the bridge company, will also be located at the new town by January 1. The engineering headquarters is now in course of construction. Most of these engineers are young men—a most desirable class of population. Homes for 15,000 people—places to eat, places to sleep—must be provided. Sites are already taken for four churches, and the new bank building is under roof.

A request to us will bring you plat and detailed description of the wonderful town, by return mail.

Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
311 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate Trust Co.
311 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Please mail me plat, price list and description of new town of **Ambridge.**

.....

.....

.....

.....

CUT THIS OUT, fill in your name and address, and mail to us, and receive by return mail plat, price list and detailed description of Ambridge.

SOUTH SIDE

TAX LEVY FIXED

The Rate for the Coming Year in Chester Will Be Eight Mills.

The most important matter disposed of by the Chester council last night was the fixing of the tax levy. The finance committee recommended eight mills and it was adopted.

A report was made by Engineer Whitacre on the widening of Fairview road, but no action was taken.

Street Commissioner Rose furnished a bond for $500 signed by the Citizens' Guaranty and Trust company. The Ohio Valley Gas company presented a bill for gas amounting to $180, which, with an account with Assessor Thompson Allison, amounting to $95.28, was ordered paid.

Engineer J. C. Kelly, of East Liverpool, was retained to do whatever surveying the city decided upon at the rate of $5 per day.

Still Unfinished.

Although the work at the park on the "mill" and the summer theatre has been pushed to the limit, it is now apparent that the contract cannot be completed within the time limit. As large a force of carpenters is now being employed as it is possible to secure, and yesterday it was decided to work two hours overtime each day. The men began yesterday on a 10-hour day, and will continue making that time until the work is finished. They receive time and one-half for the two extra hours, which makes their weekly bills rather large. It is estimated that the contract can be completed by the middle of June.

PARTNERS DISAGREE

Erwin McGee Suing E. S. Good On a Claim for $250.

The case of Erwin McGee vs. E. S. Good, in which plaintiff claims $250 as his share of a partnership in a lumber deal, will be tried in the court of Justice Pugh Monday at 1 o'clock.

Good will endeavor to show that McGee had no money invested in the deal, and that when the logs were purchased and the lumber prepared for the market it was his money that was used in paying the preliminary expenses. He will be willing to settle the partnership as soon as the expenses are liquidated and the money invested by him has been paid over.

CHESTER NOTES.

Mrs. C. T. McCutcheon, of Virginia avenue, left today for a visit with her parents near Wheeling.

Sheriff C. T. Allison arrived in Chester this afternoon and will spend Sunday with relatives.

Yesterday was the last day of school in Chester and the pupils with their teachers, Misses Ruth Baxter and Jane Stewart, are picnicking at Rock Springs park today.

Rev. Mr. Pittman will preach to the Christian church congregation at Bloom's hall tomorrow.

Rev. Hosick, of Hookstown, will occupy the pulpit at the Chester U. P. church tomorrow for the Presbyterians at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Miss Blanche Dornan is the guest of Miss Rachel Baxter in Chester today. Miss Dornan resides at New Cumberland.

For Fire Insurance
For Life Insurance
For Accident Insurance
For Cyclone Insurance
For Plate Glass Insurance
For Liability Insurance

Or if you have property for sale I can sell it, and if you desire to buy I can locate you in any part of Chester.

E. C. Baxter
Cor. Virginia Avenue and Adolphus Street.
Chester, W. Va.

ATTENTION TAXPAYERS, GRANT DISTRICT

For the benefit of all those who are in arrears for taxes, I hereby announce that I will be at the store of Allison & Hobbs, Chester, W. Va., on Saturday evening, May 16, at which time I will be glad to meet all those who may wish to pay taxes, as this will be the last chance before settlement.

C. F. ALLISON,
Sheriff of Hancock county.

A French Dog Story.

A Parisian lady went out recently for a walk in the Avenue de Clichy, taking with her a toy terrier, which she held by a string. While she was looking into a shop window two mischievous boys substituted a bone for the dog. A Great Dane then appeared on the scene, and, seeing the bone, made a dash and swallowed it, string included. The lady turned round and in despair cried out that the Great Dane had eaten her pet. The little dog was found later on, much to the joy of his mistress, who carried him off in a cab.

Bismarck's Feed of Oysters.

Bismarck on one occasion told Sidney Whitman of his well known feat in oyster eating. He was once in Liege, where he ordered some oysters in a restaurant—fifty to begin with. He saw the lady behind the counter look up in surprise; so, when he had eaten them, wishing to see what effect it might have on her, he ordered another fifty, and so on until he had eaten 170 oysters. Mr. Whitman adds that "it is only fair to remember that in all probability they were the small Ostend variety."

Naval Discipline.

The force of naval discipline is shown in this true story of the captain who, fatally smitten with cholera, was being taken ashore to the hospital. The story is told in "Sport In the Navy."

The captain's men were rowing as slowly and gently as possible in order not to disturb him. The dying captain beckoned the midshipman in charge of the boat and whispered these last words:

"Ten days' black list for the crew for not giving way!"

Reed Enjoyed It.

Thomas B. Reed was once the victim of a printer's error the unusual aptness of which, after the first flush of indignation had subsided, appealed so strongly to his sense of the comic that he never failed to refer to the matter with the keenest gusto whenever he met the man whom he, with the utmost mock solemnity, always held responsible for it.

The late Colonel John A. Cockerill's handwriting in the heat of composition was sometimes liable to lose itself in an almost interminable tangle, decipherable only with the greatest difficulty. On one occasion he undertook to say that "any one can see Tom Reed has the face of an honest man," but was horrified when he opened his paper the following morning and found that the types made him say that "any one can see Tom Reed has a face like a harvest moon."

Wonders of the Human Heart.

The workings of the human heart have been computed by a celebrated physiologist, and he has demonstrated that it is equal to the lifting of 120 tons in twenty-four hours. Presuming that the blood is thrown out of the heart at each pulsation in the proportion of sixty-nine strokes of nine feet, the mileage of the blood through the body might be taken at 207 yards per minute, seven miles per hour, 168 miles per day, 61,320 miles per year, of 5,150,000 miles in a lifetime of eighty-four years. In the same period of time the heart must beat 2,869,776,000 times.

Sadiron and Tailor's Goose.

A "sadiron" is the style in which the common flatiron is spoken of in print, says the Syracuse Herald. "Sad" is an old English synonym for heavy, and Spenser wrote, "More sad than lump of lead." A "sadiron" was a heavy iron and long ago was applied to the flatiron now in common domestic use. The tailor's "goose" was so called because the handle bears a fanciful resemblance to the neck of a goose. This name because it had a reason for being still survives.

Literary Diseases.

Many occupations have diseases which are more or less incidental to them, and literature is not exempt. The two most prevalent literary maladies are writer's cramp and swelled head. The unfortunate thing about writer's cramp is that it is never cured. The unfortunate thing about swelled head is that it never kills.—Exchange.

The Trouble With Poultry.

An old woman who went into the poultry business under the expectation that she could make a fortune by selling eggs has quit it in disgust because, as she says, "the hens never 'll lay when eggs are dear, but always begin as soon as they are cheap."

Do You Eat?

LA LA COOLER WAFERS

For Making Ice Cream Sandwitches

A Dainty Bit of Coldness.

Get them at

Heddleston Bros.'

"The Home of Quality."
Fourth and Market.

The World's Greatest Spring Tonic

BEEF IRON and WINE

Prepared by C. T. M'Cutcheon, Ph. G., The Reliable Druggist.
Near Postoffice, Chester, W. Va.
I can correctly fill any prescription any doctor can write.

REALM OF SPORTS

WELLSVILLE WON IN A GOOD GAME

The East Liverpool Athletic Club Worsted to the Tune of 8 to 2.

AN INTERESTING CONTEST

The Local Boys Played Well and a Large Number of Spectators From This City Cheered Them On—The Features of the Game.

The East Liverpool Athletic club base ball team took their defeat like true ball players yesterday at Central park, Wellsville. They are good players, but they ran against a tough proposition and could not solve it.

The game started with the visitors at the bat. Gibson was thrown out at first. McAvoy hit the wind. Tyson got to first on an error. Carey did the same thing. Bennett hit to Heckathorn and never saw first, leaving the two men on bases. Lang was the first up for the home team, but went out at first. Murphy, the old reliable, soaked out a three bagger. Hamilton batted to third and was out at first, but Murphy scored. Heckathorn went out at first, retiring the side with one run. Carey got a single but died on second as the next three men went down in order, two of them hitting nothing but empty space.

In the second the home team went down one, two, three.

In the third, after two outs, Lang singled and got to second. Murphy came up and again distinguished himself by pounding out a two bagger, scoring Lang. Hamilton went out at first, which retired the side with the score standing 2 to 1 in favor of the W. A. C.

The fourth inning was not such a scoring inning, as it had been heretofore, as they went out without either hit or run. The fifth was the one which set the visitors going. Stillwell was up first, but couldn't touch it. Millwood singled and Patterson following with a single. Lang got to first on an error. Murphy got a single and scored two runs. Hamilton flied out to middle but each runner moved up a notch. Heckathorn singled and brought Lang home. Webb placed a two bagger and scored Murphy, making four runs. Daniels flied out to left, retiring the side.

The visitors in the sixth made three hits, but could only manage to bring one score in. After that they went out in one, two, three order.

In the sixth the home team made three hits and two runs. While Hamilton was batting he hit a foul toward third. G. Emmerling would have it that it was a fair ball and took off his mask and refused to play, but after a few minutes' persuasion he put on the mask and the game proceeded. After the sixth the visitors steadied down and Emmerling only gave one hit, but nobody scored.

Quite a large number from East Liverpool were at the game and how they did root at the beginning! After the fifth everything was quiet with an occasional yell, "Soak it."

The game was interesting from start to finish. Some time ago a few people in East Liverpool were willing to bet on this game, but no one saw any "long green" flashed at the park yesterday.

As he always does, Doc Howard treated both sides alike and was fair in all decisions.

The score:

E. L. A. C.—	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Gibson, 3	1	1	1	3	1
McAvoy, s	0	1	2	1	0
Tyson, 1	0	2	10	6	0
W Carey, 2	0	0	0	2	0
Bennett, r	0	1	0	0	0
E. Carey, m	0	1	1	0	0
Myler, l	1	1	2	0	0
L. Emmerling, c	0	1	4	0	0
G. Emmerling, p	0	2	1	3	1
Total	2	10	24	9	2

W. A. C.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Lang, m	2	2	0	0	0
Murphy, l	2	3	1	0	0
Hamilton, 3	0	0	5	2	0
Heckathorn, 1	0	1	13	0	1
Webb, 2	0	1	1	2	0
Daniels, s	0	1	0	3	0
Stillwell, r	1	1	0	0	0
Millwood, c	2	2	7	0	0
Patterson, p	1	2	0	3	0
Total	8	15	27	10	1

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—	R.	H.	E.
E. L. A. C.	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—	2	9	2
W. A. C.	1	0	1	0	4	2	0	0	x—	8	12	3

Summary: Two base hits, Murphy and Webb. Three base hits, Murphy. Sacrifice hits, Hamilton. Base on ball off Patterson, 1; off Emmerling, 1. Struck out by Patterson, 7; by Emmerling, 3. Hit by pitched ball, Stillwell and Tyson. Double plays, W. Carey to McAvoy to Tyson. Umpire, Doc Howard. Time, 1:55. Attendance, 300.

Niles Team's Schedule.

John L. McDermott, secretary of the Niles Athletic association, has arranged the following games, to be played with the Niles base ball club in Niles: New Castle Athletic club, May 20; Rayen Athletic club, of Youngstown, May 23; Canton Marines, May 28; Genesee Athletic club, of Cleveland, Decoration day (two games; East Liverpool, June 3; Sebring, June 13. The players are as follows: Ortlieve, catchers, Haggerty, first; Gouzzle, second; Nagle, third; Demoss, short; Porter, Burnett, Yeagley, Glassburners, fielders.

SPORTING MISCELLANY.

Marion is at the head of the Central league race.

Pitcher Frank McPartin has been released by Columbus.

Negotiations for players are on between Louisville and Detroit.

Frank Killen declares he would like an umpire's berth after his ball playing days are over.

The West Virginia university base ball team made a record on its eastern trip of not winning a game. The team reached home and there was little shouting and tumult to greet it.

Ban Johnson, president of the American league, meted out an indefinite suspension to Napoleon Lajoie, of the Clevelands, in consequence of Larry's strong talk to Umpire Connolly.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	15	7	.682	Cincinnati	13	12	.520
Chicago	17	9	.654	Brooklyn	11	13	.458
Pittsburg	17	10	.629	St. Louis	7	19	.269
Boston	12	10	.545	Philadelphia	6	18	.250

National League Games Friday.

At Philadelphia—

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	5	9	2
Philadelphia	0	1	1

0 0 0 2 1 5 0 0—10 18 5
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 9 7

Leever and Smith; McLaughlin, Doolin and Zimmer. Attendance, 2,044.

At Boston—

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	10	9	1
St. Louis	0	6	4

4 2 0 2 2 0 0 0 *
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Malarkey, Moran and Kittridge; Hackett and Weaver. Attendance, 2,919.

At New York—

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	5	8	2
New York	4	12	2

0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 2—
1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—

Suthoff and Bergen; McGinnity and Warner. Attendance, 7,135.

At Brooklyn—

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	7	11	1
Brooklyn	4	9	2

0 0 3 2 0 0 2 0 0—
0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—

Taylor and Kling; Garvin, Evans and Ahern. Attendance, 2,000.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	14	7	.667	St. Louis	8	10	.444
Philadelphia	14	9	.609	Cleveland	8	10	.444
Detroit	11	10	.524	New York	9	12	.429
Boston	11	11	.500	Washington	7	13	.350

American League Games Friday.

At Cleveland—

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	5	7	3
New York	7	9	2

0 0 1 0 1 3 0 0 *
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Wright and Bemis; Tannehill and O'Connor. Attendance, 2,870.

At Detroit—

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	8	15	2
Boston	6	10	2

3 1 2 0 0 1 0 1 *
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Kitson and Buelow; Hughes and Smith. Attendance, 4,293.

At Chicago—

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	7	18	2
Washington	4	6	2

1 1 0 4 0 0 0 1 *
0 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0—

Donlin and Sullivan; Townsend, Lee and Drill. Attendance, 2,875.

At St. Louis—

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	11	3
St. Louis	2	7	0

0 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0—
1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—

Waddell and Schreckengost; Sievers and Kahoe. Attendance, 1,400.

THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK WILL BE OPEN FOR THE PUBLIC SATURDAY. DON'T MISS IT. 111-j

Are You Using Allen's Foot Ease?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c 19

PARENTS' DAY CELEBRATION

A Great Event in the School Year to Be Observed Next Week.

EXTENSIVE PREPARATION

Made By Teachers and Pupils—Many Attractive Decorations Added to the School Rooms—The Work in the Various Grades.

Probably at no other time in the history of the school year will an event as auspicious and interesting take place as the Parents' day celebration, which will be observed on Friday afternoon of next week in every school room in the city.

Throughout the school year the children have been earnestly working, looking forward all the while to the day when their parents might visit the schools and see the results of their labor. The work in language, arithmetic, physiology and several other branches has been carefully kept up from day to day until each teacher has now compiled these manuscripts, which will be posted on the walls of the rooms for the parents to inspect.

Many of the teachers have commenced preparing the work, and the rooms have already a bright and gala appearance.

Prof. R. E. Rayman and his corps of teachers cordially invite the patrons and friends of the public schools to be present on the designated day and note the progress which the children are making.

The final examination throughout the schools will begin some time during next week, and all pupils are requested to be present. Prof. Rayman said in speaking of the attendance during the last two weeks of school that it was very essential for all the scholars to be in their places each day, and especially so on the last day of school, in order that they may receive their promotions and be placed in the rooms in which they will belong next year and be ready for entrance without any delay next September.

It is, therefore, urged that the parents keep the children in school all the time if possible during the few remaining days.

Horace Mann Building.

The little children of Miss Alma Croxall's first grade are very much interested in the prospects for Parents' day. Yesterday afternoon they did some very good language work. Each one was given a miniature picture of a kitten or a bird and after pasting these on the papers, began writing their stories about them. These will be used as a part of the decorations in this school.

One very pretty feature which is being planned in Miss Martin's room for the next Friday afternoon exercises will be May flower baskets.

These baskets will add greatly to the room, being filled with wild flowers. If the idea is carried out as now planned the appearance of the room will be made beautiful.

In Miss Kate Harker's school the pupils have been working diligently and cooperating with their teacher in preparing for Parents' day. No doubt this room will be one of the attractive ones in the Horace Mann school on that day. Miss Harker has also been preparing the pupils for their examination and the closing of school, and this has taken a great part of the time.

The scholars of Prof. W. J. Miller's seventh and eighth grades have been closely occupied with the reviewing of the different subjects they have been studying, but nevertheless they have done some very fine special work in the different branches of study. As for instance their nature charts have required much work and the result shows careful and creditable effort.

Map drawing and physiology drawing along with composition and writing specimens will be pasted on the board for Parents' day.

The board work and board decorations will also be a feature on that day.

East End Building.

The pupils in the first grade of the East End building are very much elated with the idea of Parents' Day. Since January 1, they have done a great deal of story writing with paper and pencil. The stories are on various subject such as the robin, sled, American flag, George Washington's hatchet, tulips, apples and cherries. All of their stories have drawings of the story which they have written about and these have all been colored by the teacher. Last week the pupils did some free hand drawing which was very good for first grade. On Friday afternoon they did some paper cutting, the boys making candles in the candlesticks out of paper in bright colors and the girls making baby dolls in bright dresses with large white sunbonnets. These have been fastened along the upper edge of the blackboard and look odd and pretty.

The pupils of Miss Janet M. Hill's room have much credit due to their second grade work. They have made free hand drawings which are very pretty. Charts on nature work, with birds and flowers and their description pasted upon manila paper are very effective. Miss Hill yesterday placed them around the edge of the blackboard and the children were very happy with the appearance of the work they had done. The pupils also had an interesting lesson on the leaves which had been pressed since last October. They were pasted on manila board. A drawing lesson on the solids which have been studied in the Speer numbers proved to be very beneficial and the drawings will be made a very useful decoration. One warm afternoon this week the pupils in Miss Hill's room became very restless. She immediately stopped regular work, for she had conceived a brilliant idea. Each child was given a square piece of paper 6x6 inches, in brilliant colors, and Miss Hill showed the pupils how to cut, fold and mount Indians on colored paper. This idea was excellent. As soon as this work was given the children overcame the restlessness and the result is that they have a bright and pretty Indian border to look at. The study of the life of the Arab on the desert has been very interesting to the children. Some language work upon the violet, dandelion and leaf, each child having his own specimen, has been a change from the regular work.

Miss Lottie Smith has compiled a large number of manuscripts and drawing done by her pupils during the year. These are very nice and reflect credit upon the work of the school in general. A large assortment of stories will be placed about the room for parents' day. Among the drawings are some very good arithmetic figures in solids. Special drawings have been done by the pupils among them being the Wakerobin, birds, dogwood, robin and others. A marked feature in all the work in Miss Smith's school is the neatness with which all of the pupils are characterized. A May calendar entitled, "An Early Breakfast" has been placed upon the blackboard and is very pretty.

Miss Margaret McConnell's fourth grade pupils yesterday morning wrote invitations to their parents to attend the parents' day exercises. Each pupil brought their own paper and envelope and wrote their own invitation to their parents. This was given as a language lesson. Besides preparing some special work in arithmetic, they have been pressing and mounting wild flowers. Yesterday afternoon clay modeling occupied the greater part of the time. Since the beginning of the year the scholars in this room have done very good composition work and drawing, which will be manifested by the appearance of the room on parents' day.

Origin of the Tomato.

The English word of direct Indian origin most frequently in use is tomato. A native of tropical or subtropical America, it was cultivated by the subjects of the Incas and Montezumas, as well as by the other semi-civilized natives, long before the advent of Europeans on this hemisphere under the name of tumatl or tomatl. Though introduced into Europe almost as early as its congener, the potato, it was many years before it made its way into popular favor. There it was first known to the English as love apple, to the French as pomme d'amour and to the Italians as pomi d'amore, and these names are still in use, perpetuating the old, widespread notion that its use as food had an influence on the amatory passions.

School Customs In China.

Many strange school customs prevail in China. The girls in that country seldom go to school unless they are the children of very rich people. School work begins before daylight, and after studying their lessons aloud for two hours the pupils recite them. They then go home to breakfast, after which they return and study again till dinner time. In the afternoon they go again to school to prepare lessons for the following day. By this time it is night. This goes on every day of the week, for there is no such thing as the Sunday holiday.

$2.00 Weekly

buys this elegant, high-grade, fully warranted

Wainwright

upright piano, made in our own factories at New Castle, Ind., the largest piano factories in the world; the regular price of which has always been

$350, NOW $235

buys it by our new "Club Plan," no interest, no drawing. Piano delivered immediately upon signing contract, and $2 a week pays for it. Write today for free illustrated booklet explaining our new

PIANO CLUB

The B. Dreher's Sons Co.

The largest piano house in the West. Established 50 years.

THE ARCADE, CLEVELAND.

For the Field

Alsyke, Alfalfa, Medium and Mammoth Clovers. Timothy, Red Top, Orchard and Blue Grass. Field and Ensilage Corn, Canada Peas. Oats.

For the Garden.

Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Celery, Sugar Corn, Pop Corn, Cucumber, Lettuce, Musk and Water Mellons, Onion Sets and seeds, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Radish, Etc.

H. E. Moon & Co.

SEEDS

171 Fourth Street, East Liverpool, O.

Flowers.

Aster, Balsam, Batchlor's Button, Candytuft, Carnation, For-get-me-not, Morning Glory, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Verbena, etc.

Hay, Straw, Grain, Bran, Middlings, Chop, Dairy Food, Oil Meal, Flax Seed Meal, Stock Foods, Husks for Beds and Poultry Supplies.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Capital $100,000.00. Surplus and Profits, $130,000.00

DAVID BOYCE, President.
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DIRECTORS.

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J. M. Kelly. O. C. Vodrey.
B. C. Simms. John C. Thompson
N. G. Macrum.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

GUILTY OF CONTEMPT OF COURT

Clarence Venner, of Boston, Meets With a Nice Reception in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., May 16.—Judge Humphrey, in the United States circuit court, adjudged Clarence H. Venner, of Boston, guilty of contempt of court, fined him $1,000 and costs and in addition ordered him committed to the Sangamon county jail for a term of six months. The court denied Venner's application for an appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals and also refused to admit him to bail or to stay the execution.

Venner is president of the New England Water Works company and the Boston Water Works company, of Boston, and the Alton Water Works company, of Alton, Ill., and is a member of the banking firm of Venner & Co., of Boston.

Judge Humphrey entered an order last April commanding Venner to produce the books and other papers of the water works companies before W. M. Allen, master in chancery of the federal court in this district, in Boston in April, but Venner refused to produce the books as ordered by the court.

Venner is the person who attempted to enjoin the Pullman Palace Car company from purchasing the Wagner Car company and the latter from selling; who attempted a year ago in the New Jersey court of chancery to prevent the United States Steel company from exchanging $200,000,000 of preferred stock for 5 per cent bonds, also trying the same thing in the United States circuit court in New York; who attempted in the Massachusetts circuit court two years ago to wind up the affairs of the Amalgamated Copper company, all of which cases were thrown out of court. He now has a suit pending in the United States court in Chicago to prevent the consolidation of the Rock Island and San Francisco railroads.

Another Plot Against President.

Oakland, Cal., May 16.—The extreme diligence which was exercised by the local police in guarding President Roosevelt during his journey through and his brief visit in Oakland is now explained. Information was received of a plot which, carried out, would have meant the assassination of President Roosevelt in this city. Wednesday night Mayor Olney received a communication signed "K. N." stating that Charles Girardo and Antonio Polivinco, the latter an Italian who tried to kill the emperor of Austria before St. Stephen's church in Vienna, May 13, 1867, had agreed to meet at Girardo's house to discuss the killing of the president.

Boy Arrested on Suspicion.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Samuel Phillips, a 17-year-old boy living near Mt. Joy, was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Isaac Stigler, the Rappo township hermit.

How To Tell A Swindle.

If a man tells you he can make 25 per ct. out of your money for you and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If he offers you something for nothing, set it down as a swindle. If he tells you he can cure you of disease, and don't tell you how, set it down as a swindle. If you will exercise your own judgment, your own reason—just use a little **common sense** at all times, it is the safest guide. We tell you Life Plant cures Rheumatism, Eczama, Catarrh, Asthma, Scrofula and all **blood diseases,** and we tell you why. It does it because it purifies the **blood,** drives out the impurities and thus removes the **cause** of disease. There is no other way. Now that's common sense. The blood is the Life. Keep the blood pure, full of **life,** and the whole system will be renewed with new energy. Read this. It tells what Life Plant will do. It's from your neighbor:

Mr. J. C. Lukens, of Tippecanoe, Ohio, says: I have been greatly relieved of Nervousness, Stomach and Kidney trouble by the use of Life Plant. As a family medicine to keep the blood in order and tone up the system and prevent sickness, I think it stands at the head of the list.

Tippecanoe, March 1st, 1900.

Life Plant Renews Life. An excellent tonic for the aged. It keeps the blood young, and insures a healthy and ripe old age.

A whole month's treatment for $1.00.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE LIFE PLANT CO. CANTON, O.

FOR SALE BY WILL REED, CHAS CRAIG AND W. L. WILSON.

LEGAL

ORDINANCE 753.

An Ordinance to Provide a Clerk for The City Council of the City of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Be it ordained by the council of the city of East Liverpool, state of Ohio.

Section 1. That in pursuance of the authority conferred and the duty imposed upon this council by an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their powers of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit so as to prevent the use of such powers as required by the constitution of Ohio and to repeal all sections of the revised statutes inconsistent herewith" passed by the general assembly of Ohio in extraordinary session on the 22d day of October, 1902, it is hereby determined that there shall be a clerk for the city council of said city who shall receive a salary of $200 per year, payable monthly.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

ORDINANCE 752.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio.

Section 1. That an ordinance creating the office of clerk for the mayor of the city of East Liverpool, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed May 14, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

RESOLUTION.

Declaring It Necessary to Issue And Sell Deficiency Bonds to the Amount of $59,000.

Be it resolved by the council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, that it is necessary to issue and sell the bonds of said city in the sum of fifty-nine thousand dollars ($59,000), for the purpose of meeting the deficiency in certain funds of said city, towit: General fund, street fund, fire fund, police fund, light fund, sanitary fund and interest fund, and the question of issuing and selling of the said bonds in the amount aforesaid, be submitted to the electors of said city at a special election to be held for the purpose between the hours of 12 m. and 6 p. m., **Monday, the first day of June, 1903,** and that the mayor be directed to give notice of the holding of such election in the manner provided by law.

Adopted in adjourned session of council, this 14th day of May, 1903.

W. A. WEAVER, Mayor of the City of East Liverpool.

Attest: WILLIS DAVIDSON, Clerk.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review May 16 and 23, 1903.

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 7 p. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.

Morning: "A Remarkable Widow."

Evening:

Opening song service.

Scripture.

Anthem, "Wake the Song of Jubilee" ..... Hadgu

Prayer.

Solo, "Fear Ye Not, O Israel"...Buck
Mrs. Ada Laughlin Baird.

Offertory.

Duet, tenor and bass.....

Prof. H. F. Laughlin, Oliver Johnson.

Evening subject: "That at Which All Young Men and Women Should Aim—Finish and Beauty."

Benediction.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—The only Presbyterian church in the East End—10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 3 p. m., Junior; 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor.

11 a. m.: "Confidence in a Perfect Salvation."

8 p. m.: "Sufficient Grace."

First Methodist Episcopal.

First M. E. church, Fifth and Jackson streets, Rev. Dr. M. B. Pratt, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., preaching; 12 m., 2 p. m. and 6:15 p. m., class meetings; 4 p. m., Junior league; 6:45 p. m., Senior league.

Morning: "Expansion."

Evening: Anniversary of the Formation of the Epworth League. Installation of league officers. The address will be on the subject, "An Old Friend in a New Age."

First M. E. church, Chester, Rev. E. C. Lindsey, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

11 a. m.: "Abiding in Love."

7:45 p. m.: Sermon appropriate to Epworth league anniversary. Installation of league officers.

A. M. E. church, Grant street, Rev. J. H. Mason, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian.

First U. P. church, Fifth and Market streets, Rev. J. C. Taggart, D. D., pastor—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school, 3:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting, 7 p. m.

Morning: "Love for God's House."

Thirty-fourth anniversary of Dr. Taggart's pastorate.

Evening: "Having a Good Conscience."

Second United Presbyterian church, East End, Rev. D. W. McQuiston, pastor—Morning service at 11; evening service at 8; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

United Presbyterian church, Chester, Rev. W. B. Gillis, pastor.

Protestant Episcopal.

St. Stephen's church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—Fifth Sunday after Easter—7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 9:45 a. m., bible class; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon, subject, "The Ascension." 4:30 p. m., baptismal service; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, "The Pioneers of the American Church."

Catholic.

St. Aloysius' church, corner Fifth and Jefferson streets, Rev. T. M. Smyth, pastor. Services at 8 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Third and Jackson streets, J. G. Reinartz, pastor. Morning services in German at 10:30; English evening service at 8; Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.; Luther League at 6:45 p. m.

Morning: "Jacob's Prayer and God's Nearness."

Evening: "Belshazzar's Feast, or the Doom of Sacrilege."

Methodist Protestant.

First M. P. church, Dr. David Jones, pastor. 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service; 3 p. m., class meeting; 3:30 p. m., Junior Endeavorers; 8 p. m., evening service.

First Baptist.

First Baptist church, Fifth street, Rev. H. H. Bawden, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.; preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Baptist mission school in Bloom's hall, at Chester at 2:30 p. m. Preaching service at 3:15 p. m. Tuesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30.

Christian Church.

Christian church, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Rev. J. W. Gorrell, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "The Refining Power of Affliction."

Evening: "The Spirit of Christian Service."

Second Christian church, East End, Larkins and Ferguson hall, Rev. C. A. Kleeberger, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Christian church, Chester, Rev. F. M. Pitman, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; morning service, 10:45 a. m.; evening service, 8 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 7 a. m.

Morning: "Practical Thoughts for Christians."

Evening: "The Harvest Is Past; the Summer Is Ended and We Are Not Saved."

Seventh Day Adventists.

Meetings every Sabbath (Saturday) in K. G. E. hall on Fifth street. Sabbath school at 2 p. m.; preaching at 3 p. m. Sunday evening lecture at 7 30.

Salvation Army.

Hall on Fourth street, between Market and Jackson. 10:30 holiness meeting; 1.30 p. m., Sunday school; 3 p. m., Hosanna; 8 p. m., Salvation.

Major Bonnett, of Cleveland, who is general secretary and assistant to Col. Holtz, of this district of the Salvation Army, will have charge of the services at the local barracks this evening and Sunday. Major Bonnett will be here for the purpose of making an inspection of the work of the corps in this city. The services for tomorrow will be held at 10:30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 8 p. m. All are invited to attend.

Union Chapel.

McKinley avenue Union Chapel, Rev. A. A. Steele, pastor. Preaching service at 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

Free Methodist.

Avondale street, J. W. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Chester Free Methodist.

Rev. Sarah E. Howard, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

WELLSVILLE CHURCHES.

Church of the Immaculate Conception, Rev. Father Daniel B. Crotty, rector. First mass and sermon at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 a. m.; high mass and sermon at 10 a. m.; vesper, sermon and benediction, at 7 p. m.

First Christian church, Rev. W. C. Prewitt, pastor. Preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Bible school at 9 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.

First M. E. church, Rev. C. E. Clark, pastor. Bible school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior league at 2 p. m.; Senior league, at 6 p. m.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 5 p. m.; Senior C. E. at 6. p. m.

Methodist Protestant church, Rev. Lemoine C. Wells, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 p. m.; Senior Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.

First Evangelical church, Rev. W. A. Vandersall, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m., preaching at 10:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at Third street Bethel mission at 2 p. m.; Young People's Alliance at 6:15 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal church of the Ascension, Rev. Russell R. Caulk in charge—Sunday school at 9 a. m.; morning prayer at 10:15 a. m.; evening prayer at 7 p. m.

The Annual Income

For life that you would like to leave your wife, and the amount in cash you would like to have returned to you, if you survive the period of limited payments—give these facts and the ages of both, in writing for terms on this contract, devised and introduced by The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

This Company ranks
First—In Age.
First—In Assets.
First—In Amount Paid Policy-holders.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Walter R. Gilbert, Manager, Cleveland.
THOS. P. FLEESON,
Special Representative.

A LARGE CONTRACT

What B. C. Ansley Wants Every Person in East Liverpool To Do.

When B. C. Ansley, the enterprising druggist, first offered a 50 cent package of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia at half price, and guaranteed to return the money if it did not cure, he thought it probable from his experience with other medicines for these diseases, that he would have a good many packages returned. But although he has sold hundreds of bottles, not one has been brought back.

B. C. Ansley wants every person in East Liverpool who has constipation, headaches, or liver trouble to come to his store or send him 25 cents by mail and get 60 doses of the best medicine ever made at half the regular price, with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

To those suffering with dizziness, headache, poor digestion, constipation and straining, Dr. Howard's specific offers quick relief. It is an invaluable boon to all who feel uncomfortable after eating, and is today the popular dinner pill in all the large cities.

Mr. Ansley is giving the people of East Liverpool a great opportunity to obtain a reliable remedy at small cost if it cures and at no expense at all if it does not cure.

ANOTHER MURDER IN STEUBENVILLE

Two Italians Shot, One Being Killed. The Shooters Escaped.

Steubenville, May 16.—Battisti Silvestre is dead at the morgue, while his brother has one bullet hole in his body and another through his arm. Three men who did the shooting escaped, and very little information of the route they took can be learned, though hills, houses and hollows have been searched.

The shooting took place in an Italian saloon on Washington street and the man killed was a partner in the saloon business.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Bag Blue. Large package, only 5c.

HUSTLING AT AMBRIDGE

United States Steel Corporation Preparing to Make Beaver County a Center of Industry.

It was announced in Pittsburg yesterday that, beginning with next week, 100 more men would be added to the pay roll of the great central plant of the American Bridge company, now building at Ambridge, near Economy, Beaver county, every week between now and the first of the year.

This sudden pushing of work on the United State Steel Corporation's hugest enterprise about Pittsburg carries out the rumor, prevalent when the entire 2,600 acre tract of the old Economy society, including the town of Economy, was sold the first of the month, that the United States Steel Corporation was preparing to extend the Ambridge improvements, and that several more great plants would follow the central bridge works in the neighborhood of Economy.

The bridge company is ambitious to see a model town made in connection with the bridge works at Ambridge. The town site is a part of the old Economy tract—the first ever to go on the market since the society, during its prosperous days, always refused to make any sub-division. There is a park, with boulevards and paved streets—all the improvements being well along toward completion. The first sale of lots at the new plan will be on Saturday of next week, when a free excursion is announced to the new town from Wellsville, East Liverpool and all points between here and Pittsburg. The points where tickets may be obtained will be announced later. The first announcement of this excursion appears in today's News Review.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Back Ache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"A gravel lodged in my bladder. After using a few bottles of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure I passed a gravel half as large as a marble. The medicine prevented further formations. I was cured.
W. T. OAKES, Orrix, Va."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS'DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

LETTER FROM MILES

General States He Went to Philippines in Official Character.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM PRESIDENT

Cruelties in Archipelago Not Warranted—Offenses Committed by Order of Certain Officers—Soldiers Protested Against Wanton Crimes.

New York, May 16.—The Army and Naval Journal prints a letter from General Nelson A. Miles in which the writer says that he went to the Philippine islands not as a tourist, but in an official character, and that instructions addressed to him as lieutenant general "commanding the army" came from the highest authority, viz, the president, in which he was directed to give especial attention to the instruction, discipline and supplies of the army.

In referring to his official report on the Philippines General Miles says that "no one can have a more sacred regard for the honor of the army than myself."

Coming to the subject of cruelties in the Philippines, General Miles' letter reads as follows:

"It is idle to assume that campaigning in the Philippines has conditions that warrant resort to medieval cruelty and a departure from the honorable method of conducting warfare and that such departures as have existed should be overlooked and condoned.

"It is most gratifying that the serious offenses have not been committed by the soldiers unless they were under the direct orders of certain officers who were responsible. Soldiers have withheld fire when ordered to shoot prisoners, protested against acts of cruelty, and written to relatives at home urging them to take action to put a stop to those crimes. It will ever be one of the glories of the army that such deeds, committed by whatever authority, are abhorrent to the American soldier. The officers who are responsible, using chiefly cruel macabebes, do not by any means constitute the American army and there must be a very unmistakable line drawn between the great body of honorable and faithful officers and brave soldiers, whose records have been commendable, and those of whatever station, whose acts have received and should receive the earnest condemnation of all honorable men."

COMPANIES FORM COMBINATION

Proposed Incorporation of Sixteen Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania Concerns.

Indianapolis, May 16.—A gigantic gas and oil combination to include 16 Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania concerns, and capitalized at $6,000,000, will be incorporated in Pennsylvania immediately. It will be known as the Pittsburg Gas and Oil company.

The combination includes the following companies: Manufacturers' Gas company, Indianapolis; Alexandria Gas company, Alexandria, Ind.; Marion Gas and Oil company, Marion, Ind.; Wabash Pipe Line company, Wabash, Ind.; Hartford Gas company, Hartford City, Ind.; Clinton Oil company, Clinton, Pa.; Southern Oil company, Pittsburg; Delmer Oil company, Pittsburg; Lancaster-Depew Gas company, Lancaster, O.; Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas company, Clarion, O.; Cameron Gas company, Cameron, W. Va.; River Gas company, Marietta, O.; Buckeye State Gas company, Columbus, O.; Corsicana Gas company, Corsicana, O. Two smaller concerns are also in the deal.

The deal is a continuation of the one planned several months ago, when the Manufacturers' Gas company, of this city, went out of the gas business.

Theodore N. Barnsdall, of Pittsburg, is president of the new corporation and for some time has been one of the largest independent gas and oil lease owners in the state. The present deal makes him a formidable rival of the Standard Oil company in this field.

Suicided After Trying to Kill His Wife.

Akron, O., May 16.—Lewis Dice went home under the influence of liquor and after attempting to kill his wife, went upstairs and cut his throat, dying in 10 minutes. His wife lies unconscious and it is believed that she cannot recover. Her jaw is broken and she is seriously cut about the head and face.

Burial of Richard Henry Stoddard.

New York, May 16.—Accompanied by a small party of the dead poet's most intimate friends, the body of Richard Henry Stoddard was taken to Sag Harbor, where it was interred close to the bodies of Mr. Stoddard's wife and son.

Doctors Make No Mistakes.

Patient—But, doctor, only last week you said I would surely die, and today you see I am as well as I ever was.

Doctor—Sir, I never make a mistake in a diagnosis. Your ultimate demise is only a matter of time.—Chicago News.

A Strong Hint.

Hardduppe—Say, old man, I believe I owe you an apology.

Freeman—Well, I've heard it called a V, a fiver, a finuf plunks and five bones, but never an apology before!

Choosing a Wife

A Man Can't Pick His Mother, but He Can Pick His Son's Mother

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer. By permission of Small, Maynard & Co., Publishers, Boston.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged even, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married. But a twelve dollar clerk who owes $52 for roses needs a keeper more than a wife. I want to say right here that there always comes a time to the fellow who blows $52 at a lick on roses when he thinks how many staple groceries he could have bought with the money. After all, there's no fool like a young fool, because in the nature of things he's got a long time to live.

I suppose I'm fanning the air when I ask you to be guided by my judgment in this matter, because while a young fellow will consult his father about buying a horse he's cocksure of himself when it comes to picking a wife. Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor, with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's talking. While a man doesn't see much of a girl's family when he's courting he's apt to see a good deal of it when he's housekeeping, and while he doesn't marry his wife's father there's nothing in the marriage vow to prevent the old man from borrowing money from him, and you can bet if he's old Job Dashkam he'll do it. A man can't pick his own mother, but he can pick his son's mother, and when he chooses a father-in-law who plays the bucketshops he needn't be surprised if his own son plays the races.

Never marry a poor girl who's been raised like a rich one. She's simply traded the virtues of the poor for the vices of the rich without going long on their good points. To marry for money or to marry without money is a crime. There's no real objection to marrying a woman with a fortune, but there is to marrying a fortune with a woman.

While you are at it, there's nothing like picking out a good looking wife, because even the handsomest woman looks homely sometimes, and so you get a little variety. But a homely one can only look worse than usual. Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man. (I want to say right here that to get any sense out of a proverb I usually find that I have to turn it wrong side out.) Then, too, if a fellow's bound to marry a fool, and a lot of men have to if they're going to hitch up into a well matched team, there's nothing like picking a good looking one.

I believe in short engagements and long marriages. I don't see any sense in a fellow's sitting around on the mourner's bench with the sinners after he's really got religion. The time to size up the other side's strength is before the engagement.

Some fellows propose to a girl before they know whether her front and her back hair match and then holler that they're stuck when they find that she's got a cork leg and a glass eye as well.

They start out on the principle that married people have only one meal a day and that of fried oysters and tutti frutti ice cream after the theater. Naturally a girl's got her better nature and her best complexion along under those circumstances. But the really valuable thing to know is how she approaches ham and eggs at 7 o'clock a. m. and whether she brings her complexion with her to the breakfast table. And these fellows make a girl believe that they're going to spend all the time between 8 and 11 o'clock p. m. for the rest of their lives holding 140 pounds, live weight, in their lap and saying that it feels like a feather. The thing to find out is whether, when one of them gets up to holding a ten pound baby in his arms for five minutes, he's going to carry on as if it weighed a ton.

TRADING ON NOTHING

That's What "Old Gorgon Graham" Calls Speculation

From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to His Son," by George Horace Lorimer

Now, I want to give you that tip on the market. There are several reasons why it isn't safe for you to trade on 'change just now, but the particular one is that Graham & Co. will fire you if you do. Trading on margin is a good deal like paddling around the edge of the old swimming hole—it seems safe and easy at first, but before a fellow knows it he has stepped off the edge into deep water. The wheat pit is only thirty feet across, but it reaches clear down to hell. And trading on margins means trading on the ragged edge of nothing. When a man buys, he's buying something that the other fellow hasn't got. When a man sells, he's selling something that he hasn't got. And it's been my experience that the net profit on nothing is nit. When a speculator wins, he don't stop till he loses, and when he loses he can't stop till he wins.

You have been in the packing business long enough now to know that it takes a bull thirty seconds to lose his hide; and if you'll believe me when I tell you that they can skin a bear just as quick on 'change, you won't have a board of trade Indian using your pelt for a rug during the long winter months.

Because you are the son of a pork packer you may think that you know a little more than the next fellow about paper pork. There's nothing in it. The poorest men on earth are the relations of millionaires. When I sell futures on 'change they're against hogs that are traveling into dry salt at the rate of one a second, and if the market goes up on me I've got the solid meat to deliver. But, if you lose, the only part of the hog which you can deliver is the squeal.

I wouldn't bear down so hard on this matter if money was the only thing that a fellow could lose on 'change. But if a clerk sells pork and the market goes down he's mighty apt to get a lot of ideas with holes in them and bad habits as the small change of his profits. And if the market goes up he's likely to go short his self respect to win back his money.

I dwell a little on this matter of speculation because you've got to live next door to the board of trade all your life, and it's a safe thing to know something about a neighbor's dogs before you try to pat them. Sure Things, Straight Tips and Dead Cinches will come running out to meet you, wagging their tails and looking as innocent as if they hadn't just killed a lamb, but they'll bite. The only safe road to follow in speculation leads straight away from the board of trade on the dead run.

Of course the board of trade and every other commercial exchange have their legitimate uses, but all you need to know just now is that speculation by a fellow who never owns more pork at a time than he sees on his breakfast plate isn't one of them. When you become a packer you may go on 'change as a trader; until then you can go there only as a sucker.

"OLD GORGON'S" ALPHABET

Some Modern Maxims by John Graham, Pork Packer

Compiled From "Letters From a Self Made Merchant to his Son," by George Horace Lorimer

A tactful man can pull the stinger from a bee without getting stung.

Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man.

Clothes don't make the man, but they make all of him except his hands and face during business hours.

Duty means something unpleasant which the other fellow ought to do.

Easiest way to make enemies is to hire friends.

Fools will turn out fools whether they go to college or not.

Give most men a good listener and most women enough note paper, and they'll tell all they know.

Hot air can take up a balloon a long ways, but it can't keep it there.

If you give some fellows a talent wrapped in a napkin to start with in business, they would swap the talent for a gold brick and lose the napkin.

Just to be sociable some men will eat a little food now and then, but what they really live on is tobacco.

Knowing how to be humble is a heap more important than knowing how to be proud.

Loyalty is the one commodity that hasn't any market value, and it's the one you can't pay too much for.

Marriages may be made in heaven, but most engagements are made in the back parlor with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's taking.

Never threaten, because a threat is a promise to pay that isn't always convenient to meet, but if you don't make it good it hurts your credit.

Of course you're in no position yet to think of being engaged, and that's why I'm a little afraid that you may be planning to get married.

Pulling from above and boosting from below make climbing easy.

Quick to fire, slow to hire—when you've found you've hired the wrong man you can't get rid of him too quick.

Remember that when you're right you can afford to keep your temper and that when you're wrong you can't afford to lose it.

Say less than the other fellow and listen more than you talk, for when a man's listening he isn't telling on himself, and he's flattering the fellow who is.

The fellow who has to break open the baby's bank toward the last of the week for car fare isn't going to be any Russell Sage.

Unmarried men are a good deal like a piece of unimproved real estate—they aren't of any particular use except to build on.

Vacation of two weeks enough to make a sick boy well or a lazy one lazier.

Whenever any one offers to let you in on the ground floor it's a pretty safe rule to take the elevator to the roof garden.

Example is only a small part of a manager's duties.

You can trust a woman's taste on everything except men, and it's mighty lucky that she slips up there or we'd pretty nigh all be bachelors.

Zulus, explained the deacon, are deprived of twenty-five helpful little tracts every time you smoke a two bit cigar.

Baby

Weighed Only Five Pounds.

Restless, Cried Day and Night.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Wonders, Cured Her.

A little over two years ago I had a little, nervous baby who weighed only five pounds at birth. At first she was restless and cross and after she was four weeks old she cried day and night, and would not sleep without narcotics. She was so nervous that we did not dare to move when she did sleep a short time, as she would wake screaming as though she was going to have a fit. We called a doctor; he called it infantile colic; said he could relieve her, could not cure her. After a short time the effect of his medicine wore off and I was in despair. I tried all known home remedies and innumerable patent medicines. At last I gave her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and she was easy and slept without narcotics. Since that time I have used a dozen bottles and would not be without it. I am now giving it to another baby and it has the same effect, immediate relief always."—Mrs. Vincent Zidek, Verona, N. D.

"Three years ago I was taken with nervous prostration, which brought on heart trouble, and my heart would palpitate at every little noise. I had smothering spells so that at times I would nearly sink away. I got one bottle each of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and I could feel good results from the first few doses. They have since effected a permanent cure. I recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies to all who suffer as I did."—Mrs. G. C. James, Fairmont, Nebraska.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HOTEL WALSH

Everything New.

Beds finest in the world. Softest and cleanest. Finest Pool Room in the State. Bar in connection. Fine line of Tobacco and Cigars.

J. C. WALSH, Prop.

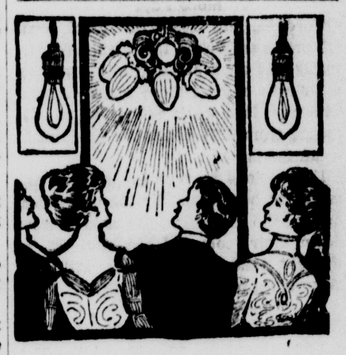
110-112 Sixth St.

"Turns Back Time in Its Flight."

HAY'S HAIR HEALTH Heals all scalp diseases. Stops itching and cures dandruff. Quickens and renews hair growth. Brings back youthful color, quantity and beauty. Not a dye. Sealed postage for FREE trial to PHILO HAY CO., 229 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J. Sold by Harris & Hamilton. CURES DANDRUFF

PATENTS Protect Your Ideas. Consultation free. Fee dependent on success. Est. 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & Co., 884 14th St., Washington, D. C.

Wanted Salesman Liberal inducements. Prices low. Address THE HAWKS NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.



They All Admire

the beauty and brilliance of a room illuminated by electricity. It saves work, too, for the room will be clean and there won't be any grease or smell. The Electric Light recommends itself by its excellence.

The Ceramic City Light Co.,

177 Washington Street.

LEGAL.

PROBATE COURT NOTICE.

The State of Ohio, Columbiana County, ss. } In the Probate Court.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in said court and will be for hearing on

May 22, 1903.

EXECUTORS.

First and final account of B. M. French, executor of the estate of Barzillai French, deceased.

First and final account of Lodge Riddle, executor of the estate of Mary E. Whitacre, deceased.

ADMINISTRATORS.

First account of Joseph Gottschalk, administrator of the estate of Stephen Gerolep, deceased.

Second and final account of Peter Y. Brown, administrator of the estate of Jacob Y. Brown, deceased.

J. A. MARTIN,
Probate Judge.

Published in the Evening News Review for three consecutive weeks, commencing May 9, 1903.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Same Old Offense—Peter Cassiday and Dave Doherty were arrested again yesterday for being drunk. Both have been before the mayor before this week and will be kept confined until Monday.

Baptismal Service — The private baptismal service of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Goodwin will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin on Pennsylvania avenue. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Dr. Pratt in the presence of the immediate relatives.

Public Service Board Met — The board of public service held a short meeting last evening. President Taylor was not present owing to his absence from the city. W. L. Smith acted as chairman and a number of bills were ordered paid. A discussion of the various questions that have arisen was indulged in, but no action was taken, and the board adjourned to meet with council, the board of public safety and the tax commission on Monday night, when matters of interest to the several boards will be taken up.

IN PROBATE COURT

Wills Filed and Orders in Relation to Various Eseates Issued.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The will of the late William Bayley, of Lisbon, has been filed for probate, to be heard May 21.

Martha A. Frasier, of Inverness, as guardian of Maxwell Silsan, has filed a new bond in the sum of $1,600, and it has been approved.

Phoebe Allen, as administratrix of the estate of the late Asa W. Allen, of Perry township, has been given an order for the private sale of real estate.

The will of the late Margaret Worcester, of East Liverpool, has been admitted to probate. Thomas L. D. Worcester, her husband, is named as executor without bond.

Coopers' Meeting.

The regular meeting of local No. 71, International Union of Coopers, met in regular session last night in Fowler's hall. A majority of the members were present and business of importance was transacted.

TORONTO MINERS ARE ON A STRIKE

Cease Work Awaiting Operators' Answer to Their Demand for More Pay.

Toronto, May 16.—The local coal miners, numbering 100 men, are virtually out on a strike while awaiting a definite answer from the operators. The men last week asked for an increase from 62½ cents to 70 2-7 cents a ton for mining.

For various reasons no positive answer has been made by the operators, and in the meantime the men threw down their tools and are idle. It is thought that the operators will consider and grant the demands.

Plaintiff Gets the Money.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—The case of Ohio ex rel. Lena Carlisle against Ed. Shive was decided yesterday, Judge Ambler ordering the garnishee, L. R. Cope, to pay to the plaintiff all moneys due from Cope to the defendant on the sale of the defendant's interest in the firm of Cope & Shive, amounting to about $700.

DON'T MISS THE LAUGHING GALLERY AT ROCK SPRINGS PARK SATURDAY NIGHT. 111-j

Are You Willing to Learn.

No, the man doesn't live who "knows it all;" and if you are one of those who believes he does, we give up all hope of trying to have you think as we do about modern ways of doing business. In these days of rapid transit the firm that does the BIG BUSINESS does it on quick sales and small profits. This is just where the cash system has the advantage over the credit. We do not have to figure on losses of this kind and can afford to sell you better shoes for the same prices than stores doing a credit business.

Try the cash plan.

The Sleepless Shoe Co.

In the Diamond

SALE OF CITY BONDS MADE LAST NIGHT

ATTORNEY GEORGE GASTON BUYS FOR CLEVELANDERS.

A Premium of $200 for the $32,701 issue Offered And Accepted.

The finance committee of council, Chairman Bullock, Messrs. Johnston and Cannon, held its first meeting at the city hall last evening. Mayor Weaver, Councilman Moon and City Auditor Davidson met with them. The object of the meeting was to consider a bid on the sale of bonds of the city amounting to $32,701.11 and after a lengthy discussion it was decided to recommend to council that a Cleveland firm, represented by Attorney George A. Gaston, formerly of this city, be awarded the bonds.

Attorney Gaston was in the city last week conferring with the city auditor respecting the bonds and made known at the time that he would offer a premium of $150 for them, but before the meeting he made notification that he would give $200. In consideration of the fact that when the bonds were offered for sale a few weeks ago the highest premium offered was $77, the committee thought it advisable to accept the bid of the Cleveland company and will favor the sale to that company.

The bonds referred to are for the payment of the cost of the improvement of Sugar alley, Baldwin alley, Drury lane, Church alley, Cherry alley, Peach alley, Trentvale street, Calcutta street, College street and Summit lane. A few weeks ago bids were submitted by several firms for the purchase of the bonds, but all were turned down and it was ordered that another date be set for the receiving of bids. It is very likely that they will go to Mr. Gaston. They run for five years. Those on Calcutta street will begin to mature on June 1 and the remainder about February 1, 1904.

The committee feels that President Horwell did not appoint enough members on the committee and will recommend that he appoint one more. They argue that it is customary to have four members on the finance committee and are desirous of having the additional one appointed.

MR. PATTERSON'S NOTICE TO THE CITY SOLICITOR

Not Instigated By the United Power Company—Opposed to Any Line Up Kossuth Street.

In an interview with Monroe Patterson this morning that gentleman, in answer to an insinuation that his action against the proposed new railway was instigated by the United Power company, said:

"Before leaving for California in February last, I instructed my attorneys to begin action if an attempt was made to build a street car line up Kossuth street or Pennsylvania avenue by any one, whether Mr. Smith or Mr. Healy. My recent notice to the solicitor was in line with that instruction and to prepare the way for my action as a taxpeyer, and I certainly expect to act if any attempt is made to build the line up those streets.

"You may say for me that for the last 25 years it has never been necessary for me to be 'backed' by any one, and in all this time no article of mine has ever appeared in any newspaper under an assumed name. This is all I care to say about the matter."

Bites by rabid dogs are not frequent, but theth immirent possibility was shown in New York city recently when no fewer than 20 children were bitten by a dog which ran wild on the streets. The treatment of such wounds is told, and much other useful knowledge given, in "Accidents," one of the series of medical hand books being issued by the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York. The book will be sent on request to any who address the Home Office of the company, New York city. f16-h

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—One heavy draft team with harness and three good driving horses. Sisterville horses. Apply to L. H. Logan, at Rinchart's livery, Seventh street. 116-r

WANTED—Three rubbers and three cutters at once. Steady position. Cartwright Bros. company. 116-r

WANTED—Lady agents; salary, $1 a day; pay daily. Apply at 235 St. George street Monday at 10 a. m. 116-h

WANTED—Transferers for printing machines. Apply at the Globe pottery. 116-r

WANTED—An experienced cutter for Monday morning at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery. 116-h

WANTED—Washing at 272 College street. Satisfaction guaranteed. 22c a dozen. 116-r

FOR RENT—A four room house, 373 Lincoln avenue. 116-r

SOCIAL EVENTS

STAFFORD-THOMPSON

A Wedding of Much Interest in This City to Take Place in New York.

A notable and elegant but quiet wedding which will take place in New York next Monday evening will be the marriage of Mrs. Ida Knowles Stafford and Jefferson DeMont Thompson, of New York city. This event will be of interest to many of the East Liverpool citizens, who were friends and intimate acquaintances of Mrs. Stafford when she was formerly a resident of this city.

Mr. Thompson is one of the active and well known club men in New York as well as being connected with the Equitable Life Insurance company. He was best man at the Knowles-Marshall wedding, when Mrs. Stafford's son, H. Homer Knowles, was married.

Mrs. Stafford was the daughter of the late J. T. Stockdale and was married to the late Homer Knowles, of East Liverpool, and after his death was married to Miles Stafford.

Although the wedding will be quiet, it promises to be very elaborate in design. The number of guests will be small, but from East Liverpool Mr. and Mrs. Homer Knowles will be in attendance. Following the wedding the bride and groom will tour in Europe, returning in the fall.

Shultz-Polk.

The marriage of Frederick Polk, of Pittsburg, and Miss Louise Shultz, of Ripon, Wis., will take place this evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the groom's brother, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Polk, of Thompson avenue. The ceremony will be performed in the presence of a large number of friends by Rev. J. G. Reinartz, the Lutheran ring ceremony being used. The bride and groom will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Polk, of this city, after the wedding.

Pleasant Surprise.

Fully 25 or 30 ladies of the Home and Foreign Missionary societies of the First M. E. church assembled at the home of Mrs. Almira Shaffer on Second street last evening and most agreeably surprised her. As the event was designed to be a surprise party, the ladies each took their refreshments. As a token of the esteem in which Mrs. Shaffer is held by these ladies, a purse containing $35 was presented to her. A most delightful evening was spent by all those who were present.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

H. G. Bailey, mattress renovating, Crook, agent.

The Moore Furniture company, furniture, carpets, etc.

G. R. Pattison, commencement and wedding presents.

The Boston Store, fashion letter.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co., white goods, parasols, fans, etc.

The Sleepless Shoe company, cash system.

Heddleston Bros., ice cream sandwiches.

Killed By Bolomen.

Manila, May 16.—(Special)—Capt. Clough Overton, Fifteenth Cavalry, and Private Harry Noyes are reported killed in a bolo rush at Sucullan, Mindanao.

The Great May Clothing Sale for Men and Boys.

No Old Cheap Goods Made for Fake Sales.

But all nice and reliable, clean made goods, made to our order for our trade only We can not afford to ruin our reputation with trashy goods. Remember we sell Moore & Beirs' Tailor Made Clothing that has no equal.

A. G. Minehart,

Fifth Street, Hard's Old Stand,

East Liverpool, Ohio.

"No Clothing Fits Like Ours"

THE BOSTON STORE

FASHION TABLOIDS.

Weekly letter from our New York correspondent, May 14, 1903.

Women who cannot afford to indulge in many costumes should avoid novelties. It is well to keep closely to one color, and that year after year. By observing this rule one may avoid being known by the same old gown that has been appearing time and time again. Another benefit to be derived is that, being all of the same color, or different shades of the same color, two or three dresses may be mingled in one.

Of all the fabrics offered for wear during the coming Summer, it is the light wools, such as veilings and etamines—the pongees and Tussore are silks, and the linens that will prove the most useful.

Better no collar at all, even in a season when the collar is indispensible to the smart blouse, than a misshapen neck or shoulder drapery. Too much pains cannot be taken in fashioning a cloth pattern before the fabric to be used is touched. If linen is used, a simple and inexpensive plan is to insert lace or embroidered medallions outlining the edges with linen soutache braid or fagotting the insets in. The edge of the collar, in this case, is usually bordered with lace let in irregularly.

Shirring in all its forms is a veritable mania and one cannot go wrong in using it freely.

The woman whom sloping shoulders suit will do well to wear a wide fichu and elbow sleeves of lace or net over blouse, in which case the lower part of the blouse sleeves should be very full.

Braids of all kinds are used on all materials this year and the woman who makes up wash gowns for herself and her children should turn her attention to the wash braids.

It is worthy of note that undergarments are partaking of modern improvement, and that every season finds undervests, corset covers and tights of moderate cost in choice woolen and silk mixed weaves that add less and less to the size of their wearers.

FRANCIS FIELD.

Store News About

Merchandise Underpriced.

On sale today 100 pieces of 5 inch wide, 50c grade of all silk Parisian Pattern Ribbons for neckwear and sashes at half price, **25¢** a yard.

Our New York representative this week made a very desirable purchase of Silk Mousseline de Soie Wash Dress Goods. The material was made for a 75c a yard retailer. He cleaned up the lot and they are now on the wash good counter at **25¢** a yard.

Special sale of all Tailor-Made Suits at big reductions.

New Neckwear, new SilkGloves, new Fans, new Waists and New Shirt Waist Suits for Saturday and Monday's selling.

2 boxes of 25c Talcum Powder—one box each of Mennen's and Colgate's—for 25c, or half price, for Saturday and Monday.

TRENTON MEN WELL PLEASED

Continued from First Page.

Europe car produce. A pottery plant in working order would be a feature of the exposition and would attract world wide attention. Some of the finest pottery in the world is made right here in Trenton but outside the trade there are few who know the skill of Jersey workmen."

The Tale of a Tail.

A writer in tracing the ancestry of the dog to wolf and jackal notices typical differences in the case of their eyes, their body colors and markings, the habit of turning around before lying down and other interesting peculiarities, but he does not mention the most striking and infallible way of distinguishing them—namely, by the fashion in which they carry their tails.

Wolves and coyotes have a sneaking way of carrying their tails low, almost dragging on the ground, while dogs carry their tails up, and the farther removed they are from the feral type the higher they carry them. Shepherds and collies, which retain many of their racial characteristics, carry their tails lowest of all; setters and pointers a degree or two higher, stiffening out straight when drawing on game; terriers and hounds elevate their tails to the spinal line; St. Bernards and Newfoundlands affect a curve over the back, while pugs actually come to a full twist. An old plainsman could tell a wolf or coyote as far as he could see him, and in buffalo days this was a most useful indication of buffalo herds being not far away. These predatory creatures always followed a moving herd.—Forest and Stream.

Crabs and Earthquakes.

For some time previous to the day upon which the great Chilean earthquake of August, 1857, occurred great swarms of crabs of an unknown variety were seen in the bay of Payta. They all appeared to be greatly excited and were literally climbing over each other in their efforts to escape the impending calamity.

How they knew that the earthquake was collecting its strength to desolate the coast is more than man can say, but that they knew something unusual was about to happen there is no doubt whatever.

That there were millions of them may be inferred from the report of Dr. Forbes, who says that "ten days after the earthquake the dead crabs were thrown upon the beach in a wall-like line three or four feet wide along the whole extent of the bay."

News Review small ads. pay.

THE ACTIVE STOCKS

Quotations Showing How the Market Stood in New York Today.

The following table shows the prices of active stocks on the New York Stock Exchange up to 2 p. m. Corrected daily for the Evening News Review by the Penn Stock Exchange, Potters' National Bank building:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅛	63⅜
Atchison	78⅜	78⅜	77⅝	78⅛
B. & O.	91⅛	91⅛	90½	90¾
Canad. Pacific.	130⅝	130⅝	130⅝	129⅞
C. F. I.	67⅞	68	67½	67½
Ills. Central ..	137¼	137¼	137	137
Man.	140¼	140½	139⅝	140
Met.	129¾	130	129⅝	129⅝
L. & N.	116⅛	116⅛	114⅞	114⅞
M. P.	111⅛	111⅛	110½	110½
N. Y. Central.	127½	127½	127⅛	127¼
P. R. R.	128⅞	128⅞	128½	128⅝
P. O.	101½	101½	100¾	101
R. I.	42	42	41½	41¾
Sug.	124½	124⅝	124¼	124¾
St. Paul	158½	158½	157⅝	157¾
T. C. I.	61	61	60	60
U. P.	88⅞	88⅞	87⅞	88½
U. S. S.	34	34	33¾	33¾
U. S. Pref. ...	83¾	83¾	83⅝	83⅞

BANK STATEHENT

For today, furnished by the Penn Stock Exchange:

Reserves, increase.....	$1,037,200
Loans, increase	5,859,000
Specie, decrease	295,300
Legals, increase	508,300
Deposits, increase.....	5,800,000
Circulation, increase	321,000

The Early Maine Schools.

The first schools in some Maine towns have been attended with romantic circumstances. The first school in Guilford, for want of a better place in which to fertilize the young idea, was held "in the loft over Captain Bennett's open shed." In Dexter the first gathering of urchins for instruction was in "Lieutenant Stafford's barn." In Corinth the first school was held in the open air under a large tree.

The first schoolroom in Exeter was perhaps as unique as any. Crotched poles were set in the ground back of Mr. Barker's barn and on these other poles were laid, while around the sides loose boards were set up on end to inclose the space where the school was held. Scholars of the present day would look askance at such conveniences.

The news first and most complete in the News Review.

A Willful Misunderstanding.

Pitt was induced by Sir John Sinclair to constitute a board of agriculture toward the end of the eighteenth century and make him the president. Having enjoyed his office for a few years, Sinclair began to desire promotion in the social scale. "Dear Mr. Pitt," he wrote to the prime minister, "don't you think the president of the board of agriculture should be a peer?"

"Dear Sir John Sinclair," replied Pitt, "I entirely agree with you. I have therefore appointed Lord Somerville to succeed you as president of the board of agriculture."

Sir John Sinclair went about wringing his hands and exclaiming: "Dear me, dear me! It was such a willful misunderstanding!"—Fortnightly Review.

Lucidly Explained.

The colonel stopped his team before the cabin of an Arkansas squatter to say to the man sitting on a log at the door:

"When I was along here a month ago and asked you how far it was to Colfax, you said it was twelve miles. It's only nine. Why didn't you say nine?"

"It was the old woman's fault," replied the squatter. "I wasn't suah whether it was nine or twelve, and so I went in and axed her. She reckoned it was twelve, and I had to reckon the same or have a row. When I reckoned as she reckoned, she reckoned that you'd reckon it was twelve miles nigh enough, and I reckon you reckoned that way."

Why Pay 15 Cents When You Can Get X-Cel-O Flakes for 10c

ASK YOUR GROCER.

W. A. WEAVER,

Wholesale Distributor,

199 and 201 Washington Street.

CAFE

Come Any Time. Steak Just Right

THE STAG

125-127 2nd St. Next to R. R. Station

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

Phones—Bell 48, C. C. 56

Home Owning VS. House Hunting

Unfortunate,
Wasn't it that
You had to move?
You had to go,
Because you did
Not own the house.
The remedy is
Within your reach.
We have a choice
Line of properties
On Second, Third,
Fourth, Fifth,
Sixth and Seventh
Streets, in the
West End, in the
East End, North
Side, Thompson
Hill, Bradshaw,
Wucherer,
McKinnon and all
Other additions
Of the city at
Terms and prices
To suit you
Whatever your
Condition or
Income is.
A thousand
Persons own
Properties bought
Of us. We refer
You to them.
They did well,
You can do so too.
Times are
Prosperous and
Bid fair to continue
So. Grasp your
Opportunity now
And settle the
"House Hunting"
Question at once
And for all. Our
Prices run from
$750 for three-room
Houses; $800, $900
And $1000 for
Four-room houses;
$1100, $1200, $1300,
$1400 and $1500
For five-rooms;
And up, according
To size, location,
Etc. Where we
Can't suit you we
Will build for you.
We endeavor to
Faithfully serve
Our patrons
Interests.

TRY US.

Office open day and evening.

E. W. Hill

Dealer in Real Estate.

Second Floor.

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Both Phones One-Seven-Six

Second Part.

Evening News Review.

Pages 9 to 12.

20TH YEAR. NO. 116. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1903. TWO CENTS.

TO GAIN AND MAINTAIN HONESTY AND PURITY AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS

Hon. Charles S. Speaker Earnestly Advocates the Strict Enforcement of the Laws of Ohio.

Lisbon, May 16.—(Special)—When Hon. Charles S. Speaker, of this city, was called to preside temporarily over the mass convention of Republicans in the common pleas court room Tuesday afternoon during the interim between the adpournment of the old county central committee and the organization of the new, his declaration that every scoundrel who tampers with the sanctity of the ballot box should be prosecuted was vigorously applauded.

This is the keynote of Mr. Speaker's views on primary election corruption in this county, and judging from the applause his utterance evoked, Republicans throughout the county are heartily tired of the loose method which has begotten the prevailing corrupt practices and are ready to enforce honesty and purity at the primaries. Mr. Speaker favors a continuance of the present system under a strict enforcement of the law, which he has recently given much research. He had intended expressing himself at greater length than his address Tuesday, but found time would not permit. The News Review correspondent, however, had an interesting interview with Mr. Speaker on the subject and his views together with some legal citations, are well worthy the attention of every Republican voter in the county.

As the suggestion for the adoption of the delegate system has reached merely a tentative stage, it is quite appropriate that its advantages and disadvantages together with those features of the present system be given sober and intelligent consideration at this time. It is the consensus of opinion here and in most parts of the county that the delegate system will not be satisfactory to the voters as a permanent method of making nominations, and indeed is agitated only as a measure for temporary relief. In view of these facts it is the opinion of many having at heart the welfare of the party that the present system of primary elections should be continued strictly under the laws governing elections which, it is Mr. Speaker's belief, the party in this county has the moral stamina to enforce. Should a trial of this plan prove a failure, the people would doubtless be more ready to turn to the delegate system.

In the course of his conversation Mr. Speaker dwelt on the present marvelous efficiency of the Republican national organization, perfected by McKinley and sustained by Roosevelt; its fulfillment of all pledges; the keeping of its faith with the people; its grappling with the trusts; its forward and strenuous endeavor to secure equitable relations between capital and labor, as instanced in the anthracite coal strike, all of which, he said, stand unequaled in political annals. The county which President McKinley drew on so long for his pluralities in the old Eighteenth and which he honored by representing in congress, said Mr. Speaker, shared something of his glory and his life's achievement and should be kept above stain or the suspicion of corruption.

A few years ago when Mr. Speaker uttered a warning note against the growth of political chicanery in the county he called down upon himself the objurgations of those who believed the proper policy was to cloak the cancer and let it eat. It prognosticates well for the party, he says, that these conditions are now faced by the leaders and that the universal demand for their removal comes up from the mass of the party. The placing of them under the knife was ultimately better and safer party tactics than permitting them to lie under cover or denying their existence, and it is a hopeful party symptom that a universal demand now exists that corrupt conditions affecting nominations be crushed and smothered out.

Continuing, Mr. Speaker said: "I endorse almost any new method that will change present conditions, which are a growth of many years. I do not think, however, that the best way to meet the difficulty is by inaugurating the delegate system; at least, not initially, and not until less drastic measures prove failures. The Republican party policy has always properly and wisely been to leave the power as broadly as may be in the hands of the voters. The delegate system abridges their rights in this regard and would be objectionalbe for this reason. It would create two forces to be dealt with before securing a nomination; first, the Republican voters at the primary, or in a more restricted way, in caucus; and, second, the delegates, who indirectly and with the considerable loss of and obscuring of the direct mandate of the people, and in time probably would in contravention of it make the nomination.

"This complication does not tend to clearness or directness, nor would it probably ultimately prove beneficial to the mass of voters of the party whose will and mandate frequently will miscarry. It tends also to build up a strong machine as present chiefs and managers will absorb power from the voters and be jealous of its relinquishment. It is impossible that the delegate system, if tried, would prove satisfactory either to the voters or to the candidates. It is open to the party, if it has the virtue and courage to meet the situation boldly, to stab to death the danger menacing the party in selecting candidates.

"The statutes of the state provide stringent penalties for all bribery and improper influences brought to bear upon voters by candidates or others for stuffing of the ballot box or for fraudulent returns. In the nest of offenses which have so long been hatching within the party and seem now so strong and dangerous, there is not one of the brood which is not within the purview of the statutes under which it can now be wholly uprooted, if the party had the bravery to apply the remedy, strike whom it will. By a slight and easy preliminary procedure and publication, nominations can be held within the shield and protection of the laws governing elections. This will be a wall and seven-fold shield around the ballot box and a protection as well to the candidates from corrupt enticement.

"Section 7039 of the revised statutes provides that whoever gives any money, property, fee, or reward of any kind or nature, directly or indirectly, for the vote or for the influence of any person, in favor of or against any candidate for nomination at any election held under provisions of the law relating to primary elections, or at any primary election held by any political party, whether the same be held in pursuance of the laws relating to primary elections within this state or otherwise, shall be fined not less than $100 and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than two years.

"Section 7041 provides that whoever gives directly or indirectly any reward, fee, money or property to influence the vote of any delegate or any elector in favor of or against any candidate or for any labor for service rendered to any candidate for nomination or election or for any expense incurred, shall be fined not more than $500, and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years.

"Section 7042 provides that any candidate for nomination to any office before any convention who pays or promises to pay directly or indirectly, any money or property to any delegate for the purpose of obtaining his influence for votes for such nomination in such convention shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100, and if nominated and elected to such office shall be ineligible to hold the same and shall be disqualified from voting or being nominated at any such election or convention.

"Section 7043 provides that any supervisor or judge of election who willfully omits to perform his duty as such officer, and any party voting at such election without the qualifications for so doing or who votes more than once at such election at the same or different precincts or polls shall be fined not more than $200 or less than $50 and be imprisoned in the county jail not more than 60 nor less than 10 days, or both.

"Section 7044 provides that any candidate for office using threats, violence or bribery to secure the same or to secure any influence in his behalf shall be fined not less than $100, and if elected to the office for which he is a candidate for nomination shall be disqualified to hold the same, and the commission of any such act by such person during his candidacy for nomination shall be prima facie evidence of intent to influence voters.

"Section 7045 provides that any one voting in a precinct in which he is not an actual resident under the provisions of law shall be fined not more than $500 or imprisoned not more than six or less than three months.

"Section 7048 provides that whoever votes in a county of this state in which he has not been an actual resident for 30 days preceding the election, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7049 provides that whoever votes in this state without being qualified by legal residence to do so shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7050 provides that any one voting more than once at the same election shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than five years nor less than one year.

"Section 7051 provides that any one voting without residence of one year in the state, not being 21 years of age, not a citizen, or convicted of crime and not pardoned, shall be imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7052 provides that whoever counsels or endeavors to procure an illegal vote knowingly shall be fined not more than $500 nor less than $100 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than one month.

"Section 7055 provides that whoever fraudulently puts a ballot or ticket into the ballot box shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7057 provides that any judge of election who knowingly permits any ballot or ticket fradulenly placed in the ballot box to be counted shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not more than three years nor less than one year.

"Section 7058 provides that a judge of election who knowingly receives or sanctions the reception of a vote from any person not having all of the qualifications of an elector prescribed by law or who does not answer the required questions or take the prescribed oath, or refuses to receive a ballot from any one whom he knows to have the requirement of an elector required by law, or who refuses, if requested, to permit the respective candidates at such election, or not exceeding three of the friends of each of such candidates to be present in the room where the judges are during the time of receiving and counting out the ballots, and a judge or clerk of election on whom any duty is enjoined by the laws of this state relating to elections, who wilfully neglects any such duty, or is guilty of any corrupt conduct in the execution of the same shall be fined not more than $1,000 nor less than $300 and imprisoned not more than six months nor less than three months."

Mr. Speaker continued: "These laws cover every crime and corrupt act which may be committed by candidates, voters or judges of election. The penalties are blistering in their severity and imprisonment is an unavoidable part of the penalty in each case in addition to a heavy fine.

"It will be seen by a glance at these laws that the ballot box may be picketed round about by protection which may not be violated. Certainly these laws will not enforce themselves if not invoked and made applicable to nominations; but I believe there is abundance of courage and virtue within the organization to enforce them for the protection of the honor and life of the party. If the executive committee would take upon itself the duty of enforcing them, having given fair notice of its intention so to do and brought the nominations within their purview, the ballot box could be kept pure and crimes which corrupt the fountain of our sovereignity prevented. If the committee desires to select a committee of Republicans and call upon them to perform this duty, there is abundant material in the party to perform the duty, receive the evidence that crime is committed and prosecute the offender. A few convictions along this line would clear the air wonderfully.

"Other sections of the law provide, upon the application of 65 per cent of the voters, for the procuring of voting machines in any precinct, city or county, which makes fraud in connection with the ballot box impossible. If any of the cities of the county show symptoms of repeating or graveyard voting, a little legislative aid will provide for registry of all voters antedating the nomination, which would tend to prevent fraud of this nature."

DR. COUNCILMAN, WHO DISCOVERED THE SMALLPOX GERM.

Dr. W. C. Councilman, professor of pathology in the Harvard Medical school, is asserted by the Boston Society of Medical Science to have discovered the germ of smallpox. It is a surprise to the medical world that the germ is a micro-organism of animal life and not one of the numerous vegetable bacteria.

DAILY GAIN IN WEIGHT

Comes to Those Who Use Mi-o-na, Says Druggist Will Reed.

The poor, emaciated dyspeptic, when he becomes plump, rosy and robust after using Mi-o-na, forgets that there is such a thing as indigestion.

Mi-o-na restores the digestive tract to a natural state of health so that it will take out of the food all of those elements which makes solid bone, firm muscle, pure blood and sufficient fat to restore beautiful and symmetrical outlines to the figure.

Nine-tenths of all the sickness, of all the loss of flesh, began in some form of indigestion. Mi-o-na puts the entire digestive system in a healthy and vigorous condition. It is not an ordinary pepsin preparation but has a direct action upon the digestive organs, removes every trace of inflammation and irritation, and enables them to extract from the food all that goes to make good blood, firm muscle, steady nerves, sound flesh and a healthy body.

Prompt relief and benefit is seen from the use of Mi-o-na, and in 98 cases out of every 100 a cure will certainly follow its faithful use. If it does not cure indigestion and dyspepsia, if it does not restore you to your proper weight, if it does not give you full vigor and vitality, Drugglist Will Reed will return your money. You certainly can afford to try Mi-o-na on this guarantee.

Remember that Mi-o-na is the only medicine for the cure of dyspepsia that is sold under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

Never in the history of medicine has anything been discovered to make a

COMPLETE CURE OF CHRONIC STOMACH TROUBLE

until NAU'S DYSPEPSIA CURE was found—it goes to the seat of the trouble—it removes the cause.

"I have suffered at different times during the past 10 years with the most severe attacks of indigestion and stomach trouble and until I took Nau's Dyspepsia Cure nothing really benefitted me to any extent. I consider it a great remedy and am thankful it was brought to my attention."
(Signed) Mrs. W. P. SCOTT,
155 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

For sale by druggists or direct.

PRICE $1 A BOTTLE; 6 BOTTLES, $5.
The F. Nau Company, 203 Broadway, N. Y. and Portland, Ore.
Send for booklet.

Sold at
HODSON'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Fifth and Broadway.

Get the Saturday Review (weekly) to send to absent friends who want all the home news.

RISING BREAST

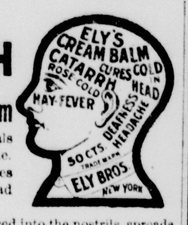
And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages,

Ely's Cream Balm



cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Penn Stock Exchange
Potters' Bank Building.
STOCKS BONDS & GRAIN
Markets Received Momentarily
Over Private Wire
RBANCH PENN STOCK EXCHANGE,
PITTSBURG, PA.
Telephone, Bell 36.
C. C. Phone 100.

Free Trip to Europe

Free Trip to Atlantic City, or a Free Trip Up the Great Lakes.

The News Review's Unparalleled Offer to Members of

ORGANIZED LABOR

An ocean voyage of nearly three weeks, covering 6,000 miles, free transportation from East Liverpool to Philadelphia and New York and return, and a pleasant vacation on the other side of the waters, will be the prize given to the one securing the greatest number of votes in The News Review's Organized Labor Coupon Contest.

To the one securing the second largest number of votes, an outing at Atlantic City or a trip up the Great Lakes.

Who May Contest.

All members in good standing of Organized Labor living in East Liverpool, Wellsville, Lisbon, East Palestine, Salem and other towns in Columbiana County. Sebring, Ohio; Chesterland New Cumberland, West Virginia.

No Conditions on Voting.

Voting is not restricted to subscribers. Anyone who brings or sends the contest coupons, properly filled out, will be entitled to vote.

How Many Can Contest.

No limit is placed on the number of contestants. Each union can furnish as many as it pleases. Should the successful candidate desire to have his wife and family accompany him, The News Review has arranged with the steamship company for special rates.

When the Contest Closes.

The contest started Saturday, March 14, and will close July 31, 6 p. m. The time for starting on the trips will be arranged as soon as possible thereafter.

TO
CALIFORNIA.
COLONIST RATES
VIA
SOUTHERN PACIFIC,
February 15th to June 15th,
FROM

Pittsburg	$42.00
Chicago	33.00
St. Louis	30.00
New Orleans	30.00
Missouri River	25.00

California literature mailed free to any address, for full particulars apply to
G. G. HERRING, Gen'l. Agt.
No. 515 Park Bldg.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, Ohio.

For Comfort and Economy
USE 1903
Perfection Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves

Sold Wherever Stoves are Sold.
IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HAVE THEM, WRITE TO THE
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

DRINK PURE SPRING WATER
I will deliver it at your door fresh every morning
R. G. BOYD
Successor to Robert Bond.
Col. Phone 447. 198 Thompson Ave

THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY
C&B LINE
CONNECTING
CLEVELAND and BUFFALO
"WHILE YOU SLEEP"
UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS
"CITY OF BUFFALO"
AND
"CITY OF ERIE"
Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.
TIME CARD
DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Cleveland	8 P.M.	Buffalo	6:30 A.M.
Buffalo	8 "	Cleveland	6:30 "

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER
Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.
SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT. ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND.
Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.
F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent
CLEVELAND, O.

BAR-BEN
THE GREAT RESTORATIVE
WILL CURE YOU.

We want all men and women who are weak to know that Bar-Ben is truly and without any exception the greatest home treatment for lost vitality and its kindred afflictions.

BAR-BEN is a true nerve tonic and blood purifier. It puts new vigor and perfect health into the weak nerves and broken down system. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and promotes refreshing sleep; body, brain and nerves are built up rapidly under its use.

BAR-BEN is the scientific, natural and positive cure for all nervous diseases, lost vitality, night emissions and excesses, the effects of over work, worry, brain fatigue, the excessive use of tobacco, opium or liquor. No matter what has caused you trouble, Bar-Ben will bring you back to health.

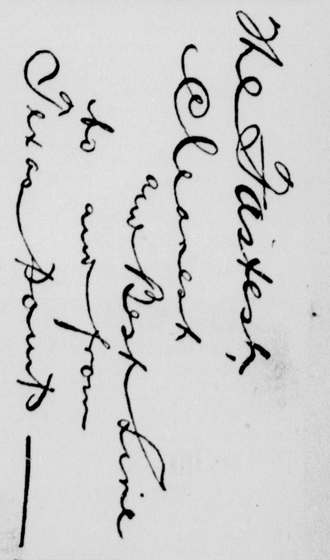
Don't wait another day. Get some Bar-Ben and begin taking it. The sooner you commence, the sooner your weakness will vanish.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.

THE BAR-BEN REMEDIES CO., Cleveland, O

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Will Reed and at Hodson's drug store.

BEST PASSENGER SERVICE IN TEXAS.
4—IMPORTANT GATEWAYS—4
TEXARKANA, SHREVEPORT, TEXAS, T AND P RAILWAY, PACIFIC, EL PASO, NEW ORLEANS
NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS.



E. P. TURNER,
GEN'L PASS'R AND TICKET AGENT,
DALLAS, TEXAS

JOHN R. JAMES,
General Passenger Agent.
Room 905 Park Bldg
Pittsburg, Pa.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order, and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London Stanly Co., N. C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1895 I got worse than I had ever been. My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor, but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it. In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of his 'Pellets,' three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)—the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. Mrs. J. W. Coolbaugh, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

..By..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has got rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—Miss Isabel Surgin, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—Miss Janet Paine, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $30 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 357 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-s-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to D. Van Buskirk, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Mr. S. C. Dickey, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6	2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
No. 40	6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m.
	Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon.**
No. 9	8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
No. 45	5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 23, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 57	7 28	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 52	7 28	7 22	am
17	Y, C, C. Flyer	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	Y, C, I, Ch, C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 00	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.	10 10	10 07	10 03	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.	1 25	1 21	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n. Cam. & L. C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev. Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 08	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.	4 50	4 40	4 37	4 32	pm
9	Boston Special	5 05	5 02	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex.	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 24	11 21	11 15	11 12	pm
	GOING SOUTH.					
2	Pittsburg Accom.	4 17	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, FaC, N. H, W, B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.	5 30	5 33	5 41	5 44	am
8	Pittsburg Express.	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express.	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.	8 20	8 22	8 30	8 33	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City.	10 30	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F, C & N. H. Ex	12 06	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh, Wash, Balti.	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express.	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 18, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 23 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Springs and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston. Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

In Effect January 5, 1902.

From East Liverpool

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
*802	3:45 a. m.	*801	12:36 a. m
†840	6:42 a. m.	†805	7:11 a. m
†886	11:21 a. m.	*809	9:05 a. m
†860	3:06 p. m.	†806	2:50 p m
†816	5:38 p. m.	†889	6:11 p. m
**864	7:30 a. m.	**861	9:00 a m
**862	4:55 p. m.	**863	4:45 p. m

From Chester.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	7:00 a. m.	†251	7:10 a m.
†252	9:30 a. m.	†256	12:10 a m
†254	3:27 p. m.	†255	3:45 p m

*Runs Daily. †Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 808 and 816 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 886 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 860 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 835 and 803 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger Agent, Pittsburg.

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?" but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exis because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error somewhere. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable home spun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sunday is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

CELERON'S LEAD PLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular summer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, row the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venture some traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world. C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons, of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's property floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them sepulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and languid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I got a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX-NO OTHER

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $20,000.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1907, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent., payable annually; principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1913.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $1000.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. BINGHAM and O. O. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners.
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to repass said bill it shall be sent, together with said objection, to the other house, which shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The votes for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and is not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objections thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly, to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more section, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law; and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. MCKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. MCKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. MCKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring therein), That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three-fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. MCKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly o, the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. MCKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

OSTRICH LOGIC.

"When I can't *see* danger there is no danger." That's the logic of the ostrich which hides its head and exposes its body to the hunter. There are not a few people who seem to have gone to the ostrich to learn logic. The most dangerous enemies of humanity are the enemies which can't be seen, the disease breeding microbes which infect the blood. It is harder to get the microbe out of the blood than to keep it out, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does both, by purifying the blood and then keeping it pure.

If there are eruptions on the skin, boils, pimples, sores or other signs of impure blood, use Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which will purify the blood and cure the eruptions which come from it.

"My blood was all out of order and I had to go to the doctor," writes Mrs. James R. Moss, New London, Stanly Co., N.C. "He gave me medicine which helped me for a short time. In the winter of 1895 I got worse than I had ever been. My tonsils were enlarged and my neck swollen all out of shape; my throat was sore and I could not cure it. My husband went for the doctor, but he gave me no encouragement. He helped me a little, but it did not last long. He attended me for twelve months, when I heard of a lady whose condition was like mine, who was taking your medicine, and was getting well. So I secured some of the medicine and began taking it. In one week I was able to do my cooking. When I began taking the medicine I could sit up only a few minutes at a time, and I could rest or sleep only a little while at a time. My throat was so sore at times I could not even swallow sweet milk, and my tonsils were full of little eating sores. My left side was swollen out of shape and I could hardly get my breath. The doctor said I would not get well, but three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, three bottles of his 'Pellets,' three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and the use of salt water did the work and cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

WITH SPRING comes that ever-present lack of vital force.

It seems to open wide the door-way to innumerable disorders. Languor and lassitude consume energy and life; appetite fails, indigestion, lung and bronchial troubles appear, blood is bad, and a dragging sensation seems to be carrying you to a total collapse.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of lime and soda)—the favorite spring remedy used by thousands of physicians, builds up run-down conditions quicker than anything known to medical science. Contains all the good of cod liver oil *without the grease.*

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Katharmon Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. Mrs. J. W. COOLBAUGH, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Sold by A. H. BULGER

HOME STUDY COURSE

Self Education Through *the* Medium *of* Specially Prepared Articles by Prominent Instructors

Practical Politics

..By..

WILLIAM H. HINRICHSEN

XII.—Review of Work.

AFTER a few days' rest and after the returns of the election are known and printed the student should arrange all his data and make a review of his political work and experience during the year.

He should compare his predictions with the results and determine the causes of the variations between them. He should endeavor to estimate in votes the value of each class of work, and should also endeavor to estimate the relative value of the different classes of literature, of the different kinds of speeches, of the different kinds of meetings.

Comparing Methods With Results.

The effectiveness of all special features should be considered and he should also compare the effectiveness of the different schemes for vote getting.

The errors and defects of the organization should be written out for future use. In short, he should, by comparing the work of the campaign with the results in different localities, endeavor to ascertain what should have been done that was not done to increase the strength of his party.

In this connection he should study with great care conditions and results in his home precinct and should try to solve the question as to whether he could have done anything to increase the vote of his party in that territory.

What the Student Has Learned.

The student has now concluded this course of study in practical politics. It has lasted about a year, and if he has been intelligent and industrious it has not interfered seriously with the ordinary business in which he has been engaged. Just here it is well to inquire what knowledge he has acquired during that period.

While pursuing his political studies and performing his political labors he has seen and learned many things of which no mention has been made. Impressions and information not to be found otherwise have been forced upon him, and he has learned more of practical value than he could have learned in three years in an ordinary school.

He has become well acquainted with the history of his country, the manner in which it is governed and by whom.

He knows the geography of the country, and its map in all its details is so thoroughly impressed upon his memory that it can never be erased.

He has become well acquainted with all the people in his immediate locality and has formed the acquaintance of hundreds of others in his county and state and from other states.

He has learned to write and talk intelligently and logically.

He has learned to handle details, to grasp broad questions and to obey and give orders.

He has learned men and the springs that move them and has got rid of many false and sentimental notions which old age sometimes fails to eradicate.

He has learned to think broadly, to respect the opinions of others and to average up a man for his real worth.

In addition to all this his knowledge of theoretical and practical politics has equipped him for leadership in political life, if he desires it, and if he should decide to enter the field as an aspirant for political honors he can do so without embarrassment and without fear of the many dangers which threaten the new candidate. If he should be called to fill a public position of honor or trust, he will find himself well equipped for the duties he is to perform and will be able to avoid the rocks upon which so many officials have been broken.

If he should not care to hold office, his acquirements will make him a valued citizen in matters other than those political, and he will almost immediately occupy a position in state and civic affairs which many men spend twenty years in obtaining.

General Observations.

There is a popular notion that active participation in politics injures a business man. This is not necessarily true. Of course, a man who never studies political questions and who does not recognize the courtesies of politics, but through prejudice, blind partisanship and ignorance embraces the belief of a certain party, can see no good in any other and never misses an opportunity to abuse the members and candidates of other parties, must injure his business and destroy his natural influence in the community.

On the other hand, the man who acts on honest conviction, who can successfully defend his principles and who practices the courtesies which a study of politics inculcates will enjoy the respect and confidence of his neighbors, no matter what their political faith.

In the case of the student the acquaintances he has formed during his year's experience in politics will prove of immense value. As a lawyer, doctor, merchant, mechanic, insurance agent, clerk or even laborer, the people he has met and become acquainted with will furnish a certain number of patrons which could not be secured by any other plans. If he seeks a clerkship in a store, the fact that he knows 400 families in his precinct and many other people in the county and state will enable him to obtain a higher salary than he otherwise could. Active participation in politics hurts no man unless he neglects to be a gentleman.

The student need not be ashamed of the term "politician." It is a title which every citizen ought to bear, for under our form of government a general knowledge of practical politics is necessary to the safety of the republic. So long as the management of political affairs and the control of party machinery are left in the hands of a few men our vaunted republic is in effect an oligarchy.

Final Suggestions.

In your year of political work and study you have come in contact with all sorts of men. You have formed friendships and created enmities. Cherish such friendships, but forget the enmities. You cannot live long enough to get even with all those who have injured you politically.

On the other hand, in politics never trust a man who has once willfully deceived you.

Never attempt to placate an enemy at the expense of a friend.

Always respect honest opposition and remember that he who is in opposition to you this year may be with you next year.

A political platform should contain not the opinions of each member of the convention, but a consensus of the opinions of the entire body.

Any political theory carried out to its logical conclusion may under certain circumstances become ridiculous.

The majority will generally do right if it is fully educated on the issues before the country.

In a candidate common sense is more to be desired than genius.

Never forget that no man can be greater than the party which nominates him, for, though he may secure votes from the opposition, yet the bulk of his strength comes from his own party.

No man has ever proved successful in politics unless he possessed the ability to choose proper agents to carry out his plans. Cultivate this ability.

A vote does not count until it is in the ballot box.

It is easier to get a dozen of your own party to the polls than it is to convert one member of the opposition.

In politics you can usually count on the opposition doing just what you do not want it to do.

Plan carefully and execute promptly, but do not bind yourself down to cast iron rules.

Never assume for expediency's sake a position you cannot maintain. When you feel that you are right, you can endure defeat with equanimity.

Do not trust your own opinion on important matters, but consult with those in whom you have confidence.

Personal interest is always a powerful political factor.

[Copyright, 1902, by Lewis D. Sampson.]

Oriental View of Womanhood.

The oriental idea of the freedom which American women enjoy does not accord with that of Americans. One Hindoo lady expressed herself as greatly shocked that American men should compel their women to go about in public unprotected, their faces exposed to the gaze of strangers, and a Hindoo gentleman with whom we talked thus expressed himself on the subject of oriental treatment of women:

"You say that we do not honor our women. Why, let me tell you that all Hindoo boys, till they are ready to learn the ways of men, are taught by their mothers. We are subject to our mothers, and we know what you occidentals do not yet seem to realize—that to have good men and good citizens we must have good mothers. You will hardly find a Hindoo man, whatever his caste, daring to go against the counsel of his mother. Can you say as much for American men?"

Could as much, do our readers think, be said for American men? There are no asylums for helpless fathers and mothers in the orient. So long as there is a corner and a crust to be shared the parents in the oriental family have the lion's share.—Household.

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female ills, especially when obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night.

Day in and day out, month in and month out, the year through, the working girl toils; she is often the bread winner of the family, and must work that others may live; whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, whether it is warm or cold she must get to her place of employment and perform the duties exacted from her.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach; in consequence of frequent wetting of the feet monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden and it is hard work to drag about. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism, and if taken in time can be easily and permanently cured.

A Cordial Invitation to Every Sick and Ailing Working Girl.

It is to these girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand, and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her unrivalled record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing her until your health is wrecked.

Grateful Words from Working Girls Who Have Been Helped.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to thank you for what you have done for me. I was dreadfully tired, I stand over my work all day, and no one who hasn't tried it knows how it makes your back and sides ache. I couldn't sleep, and had no appetite, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I feel entirely different now; it is a wonderful medicine. I do not feel that my work is hard now, and I recommend your medicine to other girls who are always tired."—MISS ISABEL SURGIN, 293 Willis Ave., New York City.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done so much good for me that I wish to recommend it to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet all day in a hot store. The doctor said I could not live and I must give up work, and stay out of doors; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor and I could not sleep; menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and it helped me, I soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; now my health is fine, and every one is surprised at the change in me, and I cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—MISS JANET PAINE, 530 West 125th Street, New York City.—*$5000.00 forfeit if originals of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

WISE IS THE WOMAN WHO HAS FAITH IN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Learned to Cipher.

Aunty—So this was your first term at school? What did you learn?

Little Girl—I learned how to cipher.

Aunty—You learned arithmetic?

Little Girl—No'm. I learned how to write cipher notes to little boys wot nobody else could read. A little girl taught me.

He Got It.

Caller—Is the editor in?

Office Boy—No; he's ill.

Caller—I wonder if—er, he got the poem I sent him?

Office Boy—I told yer he was ill, didn't I?

Finguist.

"That deaf and dumb woman is quite a finguist."

"A what?"

"Finguist; she speaks four languages on her fingers."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SPECIAL RATES

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY. will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

CALIFORNIA and THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST every day until June 15, at $30 from ST. LOUIS.

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, and return, from July 1st to 10th at $21 from ST. LOUIS. Also to CALIFORNIA points at proportionately low rates on same dates.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5 to 14, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Dressing It Up.

A Jasper county farmer paid a high tribute to the literary talents of a Carthage real estate agent the other day. He decided to sell his place and got a real estate agent to write a notice. When the agent read the notice to him, he said, "Read that again." After the second reading he said: "I believe I'll not sell. I've been looking for a place of that kind all my life and didn't know I had it until you described it to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Amateur Might Do as Well.

"Tell the truth, now. You are a professional beggar, are you not?" said the keen faced individual who had been approached.

"I used to think I was," replied the weary wayfarer, "but since 13 cents is all I have to show for a day's work I am forced to the conclusion that I am merely an amateur."—Stray Stories.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Alvin & Bulger.

P. & L. E. R. R.

$60.50—LOS ANGELES, CAL.—$60.50

On account of General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, May 21-June 2, 1903, the above low rate is offered.

A special party under the direction of Rev. W. A. Jones will be organized. Write for illustrated booklet telling all about the trip.

A party will also be organized by Raymond & Whitcomb company, particulars of which can be had on application to Raymond & Whitcomb, 357 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

L. A. ROBISON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

G. H. THOMPSON,
G. P. & T. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

73-e-o-d-14td

A Lucky Big Winning.

"In the old days," said a Colorado man, "Senator Tom Bowen came to Denver from Arkansas down on his luck. Steve Dorsey had just defeated him for the United States senate.

"Tom didn't seem to catch on in Denver, though he was a good lawyer. He was run down at the heel, and he took to pin pool to kill time. The stakes were usually a round of drinks and a bunch of mining stocks, the par value of the stocks represented being entirely consistent with the cost of paper and the price of printing. It was always a real hardship on Tom when he lost. The drinks had to be paid for in cash, you know. But he seldom lost, and, do you know, the little woman at home used to go through his pockets every night for mining stocks.

"Well, one day there was a high strike in a prospect not so very far from Denver, and in telling his wife about it the future senator sighed that he wished he owned a few shares. 'I think you do, dear,' answered the little woman, and then to make sure she went and looked over her possessions. To make a long story short, Tom Bowen went downtown that afternoon with securities worth half a million in his pocket, and he remembered that he had won them all in a single half day not long before."—New York Telegram.

The Public Spirited Father.

"Sir," said the proud mother to the popular author, "my son, who is now fourteen years old, admires you greatly. He also is an author. He has written a number of stories, and I would have so liked to have you read and criticise them."

"Ah!" said the popular author, breathing hard.

"But his father put all of them into the stove."

"I should like to make the acquaintance of such a man," said the author with enthusiasm. "He has the spirit of a Roman father."—Indianapolis News.

The Unexpected Reunion.

St. Peter—Which wife do you want to live with?

Shade—Are they all here?

St. Peter—Yes.

Shade—I thought you said this was heaven!—Detroit Free Press.

WINONA LAKE, INDIANA

Delightful Summer Resort on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Indiana's famous summer resort, Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive place for persons desiring to combine devotion, rest and recreation. This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons from all parts of the United States.

Beginning May 15th, the opening of the season at Winona Lake, excursion tickets to that resort will be placed on sale via Pennsylvania Lines.

For particular information about fares and time of trains apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to MR. SOL. CHICKERY, Secretary and General Manager, Winona Lake, Ind.

Reduced Fares via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as follows:

To California and Intermediate Territory One-Way Second Class Colonists' Tickets April 18th to June 15th.

To Points in the West, Northwest and South, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d and 16th for Home-Seekers' Excursion.

To Points in South and Southwest Territory, April 21st, May 5th, 19th, June 2d, 16, July 7th and 21st. One-Way Second Class Settlers' Ticket.

To Los Angeles, Cal., and San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account Presbyterian General Assembly and National Association of Master Plumbers of the United States.

To San Francisco, Cal., May 2d and May 11th to 17th, inclusive; also May 3d and 18th for certain trains account National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics.

To St. Louis, Mo., June 16th and 17th, account Thirty-first Saengerfest of North American Saengerbund.

To Boston, Mass., July 2d to 5th, inclusive, account National Educational Association.

For particulars consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

THE PITTSBURG, LISBON & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

Time table effective Nov. 25, 1901. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee
No. 6.....2:35 p. m.	3:40 p. m
No. 40.....6:00 a. m.	7:05 a. m
Lv. N. Galilee.	**Ar. Lisbon**
No. 9.....8:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m
No. 45.....5:10 p. m.	6:08 p. m.

Connections at New Galilee.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania company trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER,
General Passenger Agent

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE R. R TIME TABLE.

In Effect Nov. 28, 1902.

No.	GOING NORTH.	Beaver Falls	New Brighton	Beaver	Monaca	
1	B. Falls & Ygn's Ac.	6 40	6 37	6 29	6 22	am
15	Beaver Falls Accom.	7 35	7 32	7 25	7 22	am
17	Y. C. C. Flyer.....	7 45	7 42	7 35		am
7	Y. C. I. Ch. C & Buff	9 10	9 07	9 00	9 00	am
11	Beaver Falls Ac.....	10 10	10 07	10 03	9 55	am
3	Beaver Falls Ac.....	1 25	1 21	1 13	1 10	pm
13	Y'n. Cam. & L. C. Ex	1 35	1 32	1 26	1 24	pm
23	Clev. Cin. & Chi. Ex	3 15	3 12	3 06	3 04	pm
5	Beaver Falls Ac.....	4 50	4 40	4 37	4 32	pm
9	Boston Special.....	5 06	5 02	4 56	4 53	pm
41	Beaver Valley Ex....	6 30	6 26	6 20	6 17	pm
25	Clev. Det. & C. Flyer	6 45	6 42	6 36		pm
21	Clev. Buff. Night Ex	1 24	11 21	11 15	11 12	pm

GOING SOUTH.

2	Pittsburg Accom.....	4 17	4 17	4 24	4 27	am
18	Pgh, FaC, N. H, W. B	5 10	5 12	5 17	5 20	am
4	Pittsburg Accom.....	5 30	5 28	5 41	5 44	am
8	Pittsburg Express....	6 47	6 49	6 54	6 56	am
14	Pittsburg Express....	8 08	8 10	8 17	8 20	am
40	Pittsburg Accom.....	8 20	8 22	8 30	8 33	am
24	Pgh. & Fayette City.	10 20	10 32	10 38		am
12	Pittsburg Accom.....	11 10	11 13	11 19	11 22	am
22	Pgh, F. C. & N. H. Ex	12 09	12 11	12 18	12 21	pm
6	Pittsburg Accom.....	3 00	3 03	3 11	3 14	pm
10	P. Wash. B. & F. City	4 10	4 13	4 19	4 22	pm
20	Pgh, Wash, Balti.....	5 46	5 48	5 58		pm
28	Pittsburg Express....	8 55	8 57	9 02	9 05	pm

Nos. 17, 7, 13, 23, 25, 21, 18, 14, 10, 20, 28 daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars are run between Pittsburg and Cleveland on the following trains: Nos. 17 23 and 25. Pittsburg, Cambridge Spring, and Jamestown, No. 13. Sleeping cars between Pittsburg and Boston on No. 9; Pittsburg, Buffalo and Cleveland, No. 21; Pittsburg and Chicago, No. 25; (Sundays only No. 23.)

Parlor cars are run between Cleveland and Pittsburg on Nos. 24, 20 and 28; Jamestown Cambridge Springs and Pittsburg on No 22. Sleeping cars between Chicago and Pittsburg on No. 24; (Sundays only No. 22) Jamestown, Cleveland, Boston, Buffalo and Pittsburg on No. 18.

New P. & L. E. cab service, Pittsburg 25c, down-town district 50c an hour.

J. B. YOHE, Gen'l Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen'l Pass Agt

Pennsylvania Lines

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Standard Time.

In Effect January 5, 1902.
From East Liverpool
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
*802	3:45 a. m.	*801	12:36 a. m
†840	6:42 a. m.	†885	7:11 a. m
†886	11:21 a. m.	†809	9:05 a. m
†890	3:06 p. m.	†808	2:50 p. m
†816	5:38 p. m.	†889	6:11 p. m
**864	7:20 a. m.	**861	9:00 a m
**862	4:55 p. m.	**863	[illegible] p. m

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	7:00 a. m.	†251	7:10 a m
†252	9:30 a. m.	†258	12:10 a m
†254	3:27 p. m.	†255	5:45 p m

*Runs Daily †Daily except Sunday **Sunday only

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 801 and 802 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 808 and 809 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 886 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 840 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 890 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 885 and 803 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia and stations on Toronto Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to ADAM HILL, [illegible]

Don't neglect reading the WANT COLUMN If you want to rent or buy.

The Power of Truth

Lying, the Most Popular Vice of Humanity, Studied In Daily Life

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's

TRUTH is the rock foundation of every great character. It is loyalty to the right as we see it. It is courageous living of our lives in harmony with our ideals. It is always power.

Truth ever defies full definition. Like electricity, it can only be explained by noting its manifestation. It is the compass of the soul, the guardian of conscience, the final touchstone of right. Truth is the revelation of the ideal; but it is also an inspiration to realize that ideal, a constant impulse to live it.

Lying is one of the oldest vices in the world. It made its debut in the first recorded conversation in history—in a famous interview in the garden of Eden. Lying is the sacrifice of honor to create a wrong impression. It is masquerading in misfit virtues. Truth can stand alone, for it needs no chaperon or escort. Lies are cowardly, fearsome things that must travel in battalions. They are like a lot of drunken men—one vainly seeking to support another. Lying is the partner and accomplice of all the other vices. It is the cancer of moral degeneracy in an individual life.

Truth is the oldest of all the virtues. It antedated man; it lived before there was man to perceive it or to accept it. It is the unchangeable, the constant. Law is the eternal truth of nature—the unity that always produces identical results under identical conditions. When a man discovers a great truth in nature he has the key to the understanding of a million phenomena. When he grasps a great truth in morals he has in it the key to his spiritual recreation. For the individual there is no such thing as theoretic truth—a great truth that is not absorbed by our whole mind and life and has not become an inseparable part of our living is not a real truth to us. If we know the truth and do not live it, our life is a lie.

In speech, the man who makes truth his watchword is careful in his words; he seeks to be accurate, neither understating nor overcoloring. He never states as a fact that of which he is not sure. What he says has the ring of sincerity, the hall mark of pure gold. If he praises you, you accept his statement as "net;" you do not have to work out a problem in mental arithmetic on the side to see what discount you ought to make before you accept his judgment. His promise counts for something. You accept it as being as good as his bond. You know that no matter how much it may cost him to verify and fulfill his word by his deed he will do it. His honesty is not policy.

The man who is honest merely because it is "the best policy" is not really honest; he is only politic. Usually such a man would forsake his seeming loyalty to truth and would work overtime for the devil—if he could get better terms.

Truth means "that which one troweth or believes." It is living simply and squarely by our belief; it is the externalizing of a faith in a series of actions. Truth is ever strong, courageous, virile, though kindly, gentle, calm and restful. There is a vital difference between error and untruthfulness. A man may be in error and yet live bravely by it. He who is untruthful in his life knows the truth, but denies it. The one is loyal to what he believes; the other is traitor to what he knows.

The man who makes the acquisition of wealth the goal and ultimatum of his life, seeing it as an end rather than a means to an end, is not true. Why does the world usually make wealth the criterion of success and riches the synonym of attainment? Real success in life means the individual's conquest of himself; it means "how he has bettered himself," not "How has he bettered his fortune?" The great question of life is not "What have I?" but "What am I?"

Man is usually loyal to what he most desires. The man who lies to save a nickel merely proclaims that he esteems a nickel more than he does his honor. He who sacrifices his ideals, truth and character for mere money or position is weighing his conscience in one pan of a scale against a bag of gold in the other. He is loyal to what he finds the heavier, that which he desires the more—the money. But this is not truth. Truth is the heart's loyalty to abstract right made manifest in concrete instances.

The tradesman who lies, cheats, misleads and overcharges and then seeks to square himself with his anæmic conscience by saying "lying is absolutely necessary in business" is as untrue in his statement as he is in his acts. He justifies himself with the petty defense as the thief who says it is necessary to steal in order to live. The permanent business prosperity of an individual, a city or a nation rests finally on commercial integrity alone, despite all that the cynics may say or all the exceptions whose temporary success may mislead them. It is truth alone that lasts.

The politician who is vacillating, temporizing, shifting, constantly trimming his sails to catch every puff of wind of popularity, is a trickster who succeeds only until he is found out. A lie may live for a time; truth for all time. A lie never lives by its own vitality; it merely continues to exist because it simulates truth. When it is unmasked, it dies.

When each of four newspapers in one city puts forth the claim that its circulation is larger than all the others combined, there must be an error somewhere. Where there is untruth there is always conflict, discrepancy, impossibility. If all the truths of life and experience from the first second of time, or for any section of eternity, were brought together, there would be perfect harmony, perfect accord, union and unity, but if two lies come together they quarrel and seek to destroy each other.

It is in the trifles of daily life that truth should be our constant guide and inspiration. Truth is not a dress suit, consecrated to special occasions; it is the strong, well woven, durable home spun for daily living.

The man who forgets his promises is untrue. We rarely lose sight of those promises made to us for our individual benefit. These we regard as checks we always seek to cash at the earliest moment. "The miser never forgets where he hides his treasure," says one of the old philosophers. Let us cultivate that sterling honor that holds our word so supreme, so sacred, that to forget it would seem a crime, to deny it would be impossible.

The man who says pleasant things and makes promises which to him are light as air, but to some one else seem the rock upon which a life's hope is built, is cruelly untrue. He who does not regard his appointments, carelessly breaking them or ignoring them, is the thoughtless thief of another's time. It reveals selfishness, carelessness and lax business morals. It is untrue to the simplest justice of life.

Men who split hairs with their conscience, who mislead others by deft, shrewd phrasing which may be true in letter, yet lying in spirit and designedly uttered to produce a false impression, are untruthful in the most cowardly way. Such men would cheat even in solitaire. Like murderers, they forgive themselves their crime in congratulating themselves on the cleverness of their alibi.

The parent who preaches honor to his child and gives false statistics about the child's age to the conductor to save a nickel is not true.

The man who keeps his religion in camphor all week and who takes it out only on Sunday is not true. He who seeks to get the highest wages for the least possible amount of service is not true. The man who has to sing lullabies to his conscience before he himself can sleep is not true.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Chiseled Flattery on Tombstones

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN

There are more people in this world hungering for kindness, sympathy, comradeship and love than are hungering for bread. We often refrain from giving a hearty word of encouragement, praise or congratulation to some one, even where we recognize that our feelings are known, for fear of making him conceited or overconfident. Let us tear down these dikes of reserve, these walls of petty repression, and let in the flood of our feelings. There have been few monuments reared to the memory of those who have failed in life because of overpraise. There is more chiseled flattery on tombstones than was ever heard in life by the dead those stones now guard. Man does not ask for flattery, he does not long for fulsome praise; he wants the honest, ringing sound of recognition of what he has done, fair appreciation of what he is doing and sympathy with what he is striving to do.

Why is it that death makes us suddenly conscious of a hundred virtues in a man who seemed commonplace and faulty in life? Then we speak as though an angel had been living in our town for years and we had suddenly discovered him. If he could only have heard these words while living, if he could have discounted the eulogies at, say, even 60 per cent, they would have been an inspiration to him when weary, worn and worried by the problems of living. But now the ears are stilled to all earthly music, and even if they could hear our praise the words would be but useless messengers of love that came too late.

It is right to speak well of the dead, to remember their strength and to forget their weakness and to render to their memory the expressions of honor, justice, love and sorrow that fill our hearts. But it is the living, ever the living, that need it most. The dead have passed beyond the helpfulness. Our wildest cries of agony and regret bring no answering echo from the silences of the unknown. Those who are facing the battle of life, still seeking bravely to do and to be—they need our help, our companionship, our love, all that is best in us. Better is the smallest flower placed in our warm, living hands than mountains of roses banked round our casket.—From "The Power of Truth," Published by Brentano's.

Contagious Only.

"This fishin' fever seems to be contagious," said the stranger, noting the long row of anglers perched upon the creek bank.

"Yes, it's contagious, all right," said the man who had been fishing four hours without a nibble, "but not ketchin'."—Baltimore American.

CELERON'S LEAD PLATES

Journey of Brilliant Frenchman to Ohio Country.

LAID CLAIM TO WHOLE REGION.

Daring Trip Marked by Variety of Experiences—Buried Plates Found After Fifty Years by Boys Swimming in the Muskingum.

On the shore of Lake Chautauqua is a popular sumer resort known as Celeron. Its name is that of a brilliant Frenchman, a chevalier of St. Louis, Captain Celeron de Bienville, who in the summer of 1749 made a bold dash from Montreal to the Ohio country and back by order of the governor general, La Galissoniere. His object was to renew formal possession of the Ohio valley and warn off all English traders and land speculators whom he might find there. His party numbered 14 officers and cadets, 20 soldiers, 180 Canadians and a company of 30 Indians. He had a Jesuit chaplain. The journey was made in 23 large canoes.

Setting out from Montreal, Celeron pushed up the St. Lawrence and along Lake Ontario, stopping at the place now occupied by Ogdensburg to visit a Sulpitian priest there resident. Landing at the mouth of the Niagara he portaged around the great cataract and launched his canoes in Lake Erie. Skirting its southern shore he stopped near where now is located Portland, N. Y. Seven days of hard work were spent in carrying overland to Chautauqua lake, near Mayville. Thence the journey continued the length of that lake, through the outlet into Conewango creek, and down that stream to its junction with what the French then called the Oyo, or Ohio, now the Allegheny. This river was followed amid varied adventures as far as the mouth of the Miami, up which progress was made as far as Pickawillany, where ruled a Miami chief whom the French called La Demoiselle, but whom the English had named Old Britain. There the badly used canoes were destroyed and a long tramp was begun through the forests to a French fort on the Maumee. Boats were there provided by the garrison and Lake Erie was soon reached. Thence the return was made to Montreal, a few of the party going to Detroit.

On this daring trip Celeron met with a sufficient variety of experiences. At several points along the Ohio he buried leaden plates bearing the French arms and laying claim to the country. He is known to have buried plates at the mouth of Conewango creek, at a point four leagues below the mouth of French creek and at the mouths of Wheeling creek, the Great Kanawha, the Muskingum and the Miami. It has been asserted that he deposited a plate at the place afterwards famed as the site of Fort Duquesne, but this claim arose from a confusion in the mind of an early writer as to the location of certain places on the river and a misinterpretation of an Indian name.

Celeron met with several English traders during his progress. At "an ancient village of the Shawanese," whom he calls Chauenons, which was on the present site of Springdale, Pa., he fell in with six traders on their way to Philadelphia with 50 horses and 150 bales of furs. At Shannopin's Town, where is now Thirty-second street, Pittsburg, the Indians had all fled, leaving six English traders. This was then the home of Queen Alliquippa. All these intruding traders Celeron warned away. When he passed the Delaware town of Attique, now Kittanning, Pa., he found only deserted cabins, the people being in hiding. At Logstown he was received with a salute not altogether to his pleasure. The inhabitants lined the high river bank, firing their guns, forgetting in their enthusiasm to omit bullets in loading. The reception made things lively for the travelers for a little while. A threat by Celeron that he would fire on them recalled their wits. Fears that the English traders would inspire a night attack by the Indians caused great uneasiness among the Frenchmen. At the Shawanese town at the mouth of the Scioto the French advance flag was shot through, and the demonstration was so hostile that the expedition encamped on the opposite side of the river and posted guards. There were several English traders here, but Celeron deemed it prudent not to molest them. His efforts to seduce Old Britain and the Miamis from their English alliances met with no success.

Altogether the expedition was a failure, save as it formally laid claim to the region which was so soon to be so bitterly fought for. Practically it only made clear the fast friendship of the Ohio tribes for the English. Some of Celeron's famous plates have since come to light. After 50 years the one buried at the Muskingum was found by some boys who were swimming. They had melted half of it into bullets before the remained was rescued and given into the keeping of the American Antiquarian society. In 1846 a lad named Beale found the plate which was deposited at the Great Kanawha, at Point Pleasant, W. Va. The Ohio historian of the long ago, Mr. Atwater, left the statement on record that he had seen the plate which had been laid by Celeron under "the big flat rock opposite the barren mountain," below the mouth of French creek. Knowledge is had of one other, which was never buried. The Indians were suspicious of the Frenchman's plates with their "devilish writing," so they stole one from him and took it to Colonel William Johnson. He looked it over and translated the inscription in such manner as to increase the fears of the red men.

In spite of the hardships and the occasional uneasiness of the journey, this audacious expedition gave Celeron a summer jaunt so wonderful that he might well dwell on its memories to his latest days. Soon after he passed through it that great new land became the scene of turmoil and carnage which never ceased till the civilization which, in the summer of 1749 was represented by a few venturesome traders, had fought its way by arms and numbers till it overran the wilderness, drove out both French and Indians, and made the Ohio valley what it is today, the richest spot in the world. C. L. SMITH.

GENERAL PARSONS' FATE

Tragic Ending to Brilliant Career of Revolutionary Hero.

LAST RESTING PLACE UNKNOWN.

Interesting Early History of Ohio Valley—General and Helpless Companion Find Watery Grave in Beaver River.

The almost forgotten fate of one of America's ablest and best known Revolutionary leaders is a sad commentary on the brevity of fame. Major General Samuel H. Parsons of Connecticut, was one of Washington's trusted lieutenants in the dark years of the struggle with the mother country. In 1756 he was honorably graduated from Harvard college and began the practice of law. In 1776 congress made him a brigadier general. Three years later he succeeded General Israel Putnam as commander of the Connecticut line, and the following year was made a major general. His service continued to the end of the war and was such as to bring him great honor and esteem. In 1785 he was appointed to the very responsible post of commissioner to treat with the western Indians at Miami. Some time later President Washington made him one of the judges of the newly created Northwest territory, and he went to take up his residence at Marietta, O. His last public labor was to serve as a commissioner representing Connecticut in dealing with the Wyandots and other powerful tribes concerning lands along the shores of Lake Erie in what is now Northern Ohio. It was on his return from this service, in which he had acquitted himself with honor, that his tragic fate overtook him, the very fact of which has so nearly faded from human knowledge.

On his journey back to Marietta from the lake shore in the fall of 1789 the general had reached Pittsburg and was there staying in company with his old friend, General Richard Butler. Early in November one Captain Hart was sent out from Pittsburg to explore the communication by way of Beaver creek, as it was then called, to Cuyahoga and Lake Erie. With him went General Parsons on a pleasure jaunt to visit the famous salt springs. Their route lay along the Great Trail from Fort Pitt to the mouth of the Beaver, thence up the Beaver and Mahoning valleys. The salt springs lay along the left bank of the Mahoning near an old Indian town, which is marked in Heckewelder's and other eighteenth century maps, their location being a little distance above the point where the trail turned to the west, crossed the Mahoning, and led on to the Sandusky country. Having visited the springs, General Parsons set out to make the return journey down the Mahoning and the Beaver, and up the Ohio to Fort Pitt. He had his equipage on horses, with a man to care for them. To this man he gave directions as they entered the Beaver river to proceed to the block house below the falls of the Beaver and tell the commandant, Lieutenant McDowell, to expect him for dinner. Meantime the general set out to make the descent leisurely in a canoe, having in his company a man with a broken leg. A heavy snow so retarded the horses and their driver that they did not reach the block house till evening, it being Nov. 17. The general and his injured companion had not yet arrived. About noon of that day their canoe, very much broken, passed by the fort, and some articles which were recognized as the general's property floated by and were picked up by the soldiers. No trace of either of the men was ever found. Somewhere below Beaver Falls, probably in some sand bank where the eddying floods gave them sepulture, lie the bones of this ardent and able patriot hero, the close friend of Washington.

In a report by General Butler to General Irvine, now old and musty, the probable loss of General Parsons is mentioned, but the manner and place of his death have passed from popular memory. It is sad to think that within 50 years after it happened a historian on inquiry could find but two persons who had even hazy tradition of this tragedy. One had heard that at the falls of the Beaver a distinguished officer had been drowned. The other had been told that the victim was a British officer. What a striking instance of the uncertainty of reputation! In the midst of the teeming populations which now make the lower Beaver valley a hive of industry and wealth there should be, by the tumbling waters of the stream, a monument in honor of the faithful servant of liberty, who there, while caring for a helpless fellow, gave up his life in the icy flood. But one looks in vain for such memorial.

CHARLES L. SMITH.

THE SYSTEM LIVES ON GOOD RICH BLOOD

People Who Lack the Proper Quantity and Quality of Blood Fall Victims to Every Disease That's Prevalent.

Dr. A. W. CHASE NERVE PILLS

By Their Power to Make Good Rich, Red, Oxygen Carrying Blood Insures the Proper Nourishing of Every Tissue, Every Organ in the Body and an Absolute Immunity from Disease.

The blood is the medium through which every tissue, every organ is supplied with the material it feeds upon and rebuilds itself with. Take away that nourishment by letting the blood run down in quantity and quality and you take away the power of an organ or tissue to resupply waste or rebuilt itself. In other words the system starves, color, appetite, steadiness, energy, vigor, vitality are all lost and a condition of mental and physical prostration sets in. This condition the Dr. A. W. Chase Pills positively cure by their power to manufacture good rich, nutritious oxygen carrying blood, a blood that carries to every organ the very material it lives and thrives upon.

Miss Elsa Faiser, of No. 43 Main street, Oneonta, N. Y., says: "Last summer I was in bad shape—all run down in health—no appetite and poor digestion—I did not sleep well and felt tired and lanquid all day. I was pale and the circulation was poor—I doctored all summer with no improvement. Seeing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills recommended I got a box and used them and they thoroughly cured me—no more dullness or headaches—sleep sound and refreshing—appetite good—digestion perfect—blood rich—circulation good—color excellent, in fact, vigorous and strong in every way. I can't speak too highly of the medicine as it certainly is a grand one."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. Past experience with them led me to use the doctor's Nedve Pills. I got them at Larkins' drug store, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Beware of Imitations—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, 257 Washington street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALE OF BONDS.

Sealed bids will be received at the Town Building, Chester, West Virginia, until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, May 25, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the Town of Chester, at which time all bids received shall be opened publicly:

Bonds of the Town of Chester, W. Va., in the sum of $22,000.00.

These bonds will be dated May 1, 1903, and shall be numbered from one to twenty-two, and will be of the denomination of $1,000.00 each. All of said bonds shall be payable on the 1st day of May, 1907, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent., payable annually; principle and interest payable at the First National bank, East Liverpool, Ohio. The Town of Chester, reserves the right to redeem any or all of said bonds after May 1, 1953.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they pay for the bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money, or a certified check, payable to the Bond Commissioners, on some National Bank, in the sum of $1000.00, as a guaranty that the bid was made in good faith and if successful will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law. All money or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor or held by the Bond Commissioners subject to his recall, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds to be sold; but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the town of Chester, W. Va., and shall become the property of said town in compensation for said loss and expense attending the sale of bonds, and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bids, and no bid shall be received unless accompanied by check aforesaid.

The said Bond Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept the proposal within two weeks after opening bids. All proposals should be addressed to

G. DUNGRAM and O. O. ALLISON,
Bond Commissioners,
Chester, W. Va.

Published in the Evening News Review for five consecutive weeks commencing April 25, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICE.

William H. Cain, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1902, the undersigned filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from the said William H. Cain on the grounds of habitual drunkenness for more than three years, willful absence for more than three years, and gross neglect of duty for more than three years last past. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name may be restored, and for all proper relief.

Said case will be for hearing on and after June 2, 1903.

MARTHA CAIN.
BROOKES & THOMPSON,
Attorneys.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review for six consecutive weeks, commencing April 18, 1903.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

GOVERNOR'S VETO.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1903, to amend section 16, of article II, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with the rule. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived, or amended unless the new act contains the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Every bill passed by both houses of the general assembly shall, before said bill can become law, be presented to the governor. If he approves he shall sign said bill and thereupon said bill shall be law. If he object he shall not sign and shall return said bill, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the house wherein said bill originated, which house shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to repass said bill it shall be sent, together with said objection, to the other house, which shall enter at large upon its journal said objection and shall proceed to reconsider said bill. If, after said reconsideration, at least two-thirds of the members elect of that house vote to pass said bill it shall be law, otherwise it shall not be law. The votes for the repassage of said bill shall in each house respectively be no less than those given on the original passage. If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor is not signed and is not returned to the house wherein it originated and within ten days after being so presented, exclusive of Sunday and the day said bill was presented, said bill shall be law as in like manner as if signed, unless final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return, in which case shall be law, unless objected to by the governor and filed, together with his objection thereto in writing, by him in the office of the secretary of state within the prescribed ten days; and the secretary of state shall at once make public said fact and shall return said bill, together with said objection, upon the opening of the next following session of the general assembly, to the house wherein said bill originated, where it shall be treated in like manner as if returned within the prescribed ten days.

If any bill passed by both houses of the general assembly and presented to the governor contains two or more sections, or two or more items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of said sections or to one or more of said items of appropriation of money, and approve the other portion of said bill, in which case said approved portion may be signed and then shall be law, and such section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money objected to shall be returned within the time and in the manner prescribed for, and shall be separately reconsidered as in the case of a whole bill; but if final adjournment of the general assembly prevents such return the governor shall file said section or sections, item or items of appropriation of money, together with his objection thereto in writing, with the secretary of state as in the case of a whole bill, and the secretary of state shall then make public said fact, but shall not further act as in the case of a whole bill."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—yes;" and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Constitutional amendment—governor's veto—no."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Adopted May 2, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

MUNICIPAL CLASSIFICATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend article 13, section 6, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

"Article 13, Section 6. The general assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of cities, incorporated villages and hamlets and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power; provided, that the general assembly may divide cities into not more nor less than three classes, and if such division is made the classification shall be as follows and not otherwise: All cities having a population of more than one hundred thousand shall be cities of the first class; all cities having a population of not more than one hundred thousand nor less than twenty-five thousand shall be cities of the second class; all others shall be cities of the third class."

SECTION 2. At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, yes"; and those opposed to such amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words: "Municipal classification amendment, no."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted October 22, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

TAXATION.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 2 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall provide for the raising of revenue for all state and local purposes in such manner as it shall deem proper. The subjects of taxation for state and local purposes shall be classified, and the taxation shall be uniform on all subjects of the same class, and shall be just to the subject taxed. Only burying grounds, public schoolhouses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

At such election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment," "Yes;" and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "Taxation amendment" "No."

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January 1904.

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio: (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concurring therein), That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1903 to amend section 2, article 11, of the constitution of the state, so that it shall read as follows:

Section 2, Article 11.—Every county having a population equal to one-half of said ratio, shall be entitled to one representative; every county, containing said ratio, and three fourths over, shall be entitled to two representatives; every county containing three times said ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives; and so on, requiring after the first two, an entire ratio for each additional representative. Provided, however, that each county shall have one representative.

Section 2. At said election the voters in favor of the adoption of the amendment to section 2, article 11, shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—Yes," and those who do not favor the adoption of said amendment shall have placed upon their ballots the words, "Amendment to section 2, article 11, of constitution—No."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
F. B. ARCHER,
President of the Senate.

Passed May 6, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

STOCKHOLDERS' SINGLE LIABILITY.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly o, the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1903, to amend section 3 of article XIII, of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XIII.

Sec. 3. Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable otherwise than for the unpaid stock owned by him or her.

SECTION 2. At said election those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words, "For single liability amendment," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed on their ballots the words "Against single liability amendment."

W. S. McKINNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CARL L. NIPPERT,
President of the Senate.

Passed April 29, 1902.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, LEWIS C. LAYLIN, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1902, taken from the original rolls now on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

LEWIS C. LAYLIN,
Secretary of State.

EMIGRANTS ILL-USED

Italians Laborers in West Virginia Subjected to Brutal Treatment.

SOCIETY INVESTIGATED MATTERS

Secretary Speranza Reports to Italian Ambassador—Laborers Have Hands Tied and Then Hitched to a Mule to Force Them Back to Camp.

Washington, May 16.—Mr. Speranza, secretary of the society for the protection of Italian immigrants of New York, who has been in West Virginia for several days past investigating complaints of ill treatment made by a number of Italians who went to that state to work on a railroad, stopped in Washington on his way back to New York and acquainted Senor Mayor Des Planches, the Italian ambassador, in a general way of the facts ascertained. Mr. Speranza will prepare a statement of the facts as he found them and furnish the ambassador a copy shortly after his return to New York.

Mr. Speranza in all spent three weeks in various portions of West Virginia in which Italian laborers are employed, investigating complaints which have been received by the society, dating as far back as January last. The places visited by him included the Piney Creek district, in which the town of Beckley is located; Acme and Kayford, in the Deep Water district, and Wirt county, near Parkersburg.

In the Piney Creek district Mr. Speranza investigated allegations which have been brought to the attention of the Italian embassy at Washington to the effect that a number of Italian laborers who had been sent to work at railroad construction near Beckley had been subjected to cruel treatment. Mr. Speranza asserts that he has corroborative evidence to support the charges which have been made that six Italian laborers who had come to Beckley from the construction camp, and who refused to return there, had their hands tied and were then hitched to a mule and were about to be taken back to the camp when a justice of the peace interfered and cut the rope. He says the laborers' hands were tied in a grand jury room at Beckley and that this was done under the decision of a Mr. T. C. Harmon, a sub-contractor. The district attorney, he added, had promised to bring the matter to the attention of the grand jury.

In other places he had visited there were scattered charges of cruelty, some of them of excessive brutality, to laborers engaged in railroad construction, and Mr. Speranza says he has a number of affidavits to support the allegations that were made.

Mr. Speranza says the society in whose behalf he has been making the investigations will seek by publicity to aid intending immigrants and others who may arrive in this country. With the information he has gathered at hand they may be induced, he says, to avoid making contracts for labor in places where it is alleged brutalities prevail and seek localities where better conditions exist.

GUERILLA LEADER EXECUTED.

Lorenzo, the Indian Chief, Courtmartialed and Shot at Panama.

Panama, May 16.—Victoriano Lorenzo, the Indian chief who was a leader of the guerillas during the recent revolution and who was sentenced to death by a courtmartial on various charges of having committed serious crimes while in the field, was executed by shooting. Governor Mutis and the consular representatives petitioned General Briceno, the military commander on the Isthmus, to postpone the execution until the government at Bogota had had time to answer a cablegram sent it asking that the Indian's sentence be changed to life imprisonment. General Briceno refused this petition, saying an exemplary punishment was necessary.

The shooting of Lorenzo has created a profound impression here, as it is the first execution for a political crime to occur in Panama. Lorenzo died bravely. Before he was shot he said he had only been an accomplice and not the principal in the crimes of which he was accused.

Leiter Wants to Settle.

New York, May 16.—An attorney made the announcement that Joseph Leiter, who figured in the wheat corner of 1897 and 1898, has made a proposition to his creditors to settle their claims against him for 20 cents on the dollar. It is understod that Leiter's father will guarantee that this proposition will be carried out.

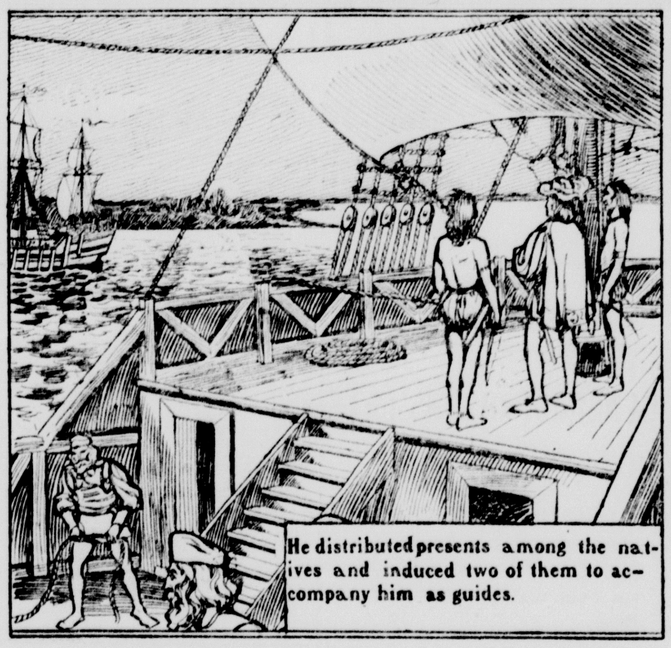
Forest Fires in Canada.

Kingston, Ont., May 16.—Destructive forest fires are raging north of here and the damage is great. The Roman Catholic church at Ardock has been burned. The buildings of the Boeurth gold mine, near Ardock, are in great danger, being surrounded by fire.

Massacre at Tirospol Denied.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The reports of a great Jewish massacre at Tirospol, Russia, are pronounced here to be without foundation.

THE TRAVELS OF COLUMBUS.



He distributed presents among the natives and induced two of them to accompany him as guides.

FIND SHIP'S BELL AND A HIDDEN SAILOR.

HARRIMAN HAS APPENDICITIS

Chicago Physicians Pronounce His Condition Not Serious—Leaves for New York.

Chicago, May 16.—Mr. Harriman arrived in Chicago and underwent an examination. The physicians pronounced his affliction a slight attack of appendicitis. His condition was found to be not serious, but he was advised to continue his journey to New York without delay. He was said to have spent a comfortable night

E. H. HARRIMAN.

and to be free from pain. Several prominent railroad officials entered his car and consulted him upon business topics during his brief stop.

His special train was switched from the Northwestern to the Lake Shore road and the journey to New York continued.

Mr. Harriman was able to leave his car and walked leisurely about the platform while his train was being made up. He flatly refused to answer any questions regarding his condition or anything else.

Buffalo, May 16.—E. H. Harriman's special train pased through Buffalo at 12:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Harriman's secretary said Mr. Harriman was resting comfortably and would undergo an operation in New York if it was considered necessary.

New Road for Indiana County.

Philadelphia, May 16.—The Pennsylvania and the New York Central Railroad companies are interested in the construction of a new line in Indiana county. For some time conferences have been held in reference to extending their lines into the bituminous coal region and it has been decided to build one line which is to be used by both companies. Some years ago the Pennsylvania surveyed a line from Cherry Tree to Homer. From Cherry Tree to Fleming Summit, a distance of six miles, it has been graded and it is understood that the line that far is to be constructed. The New York Central, through its Beech Creek branch, has a road to Burnside. A line from that place to Cherry Tree will be constructed, where a connection will be made with the Cambria and Clearfield branch.

Excesses Continue.

Sofia, May 16.—The government will again call the attention of the powers to the terrible excesses in Macedonia. It seems that in the remoter districts the Bashi-Bazouks are being allowed to celebrate a perfect carnival of vengeance and destruction. Villages in the neighborhood of Gabrovska and Planina are burning. The bishop of Nestrokop and all the Bulgarian nobilities of that district have been arrested and transported to some unknown destination. The blockade of Bansko and other villages continues. All communication between the towns in the interior is suspended.

Victoria Railroad Strike Ends.

Melbourne, Victoria, May 16.—Premier Irvine announced in the legislative assembly that he had received a letter from the officials of the engine drivers' association declaring the strike off and submitting unconditionally. The president of the association said the surrender was due to the drastic nature of the strike bill which was sure of adoption.

Mrs. Lorrillard Robbed of Jewels.

London, May 16.—It is said that Mrs. Pierre Lorrillard, of New York, was robbed of $50,000 worth of jewels while traveling from Paris to London.

Negro Church Wrecked by Dynamite.

Chicago, May 16.—Another negro church was wrecked by dynamite, when a bomb was exploded under the pulpit of the African Methodist church at Evanston. The interior was demolished and the front of the building blown out. Two motives are ascribed. The first is that certain colored people were incensed by a sermon preached by the pastor, who said this was the white man's country and the colored man might as well make up his mind to it now and get along the best he could. The other is that the members were incensed at the position taken by the pastor and a guest from Chicago who had spoken against "policy."

Site Purchased for Federal Building.

Wheeling, May 16.—The treasury department has bought a lot at Twelfth and Chapline streets as the site for the new federal public building. The price paid is $92,500.

Killed by Fall from Ladder.

Greensburg, Pa., May 16.—By the slipping of a ladder upon which he was working, Harry T. Gress fell to the ground and died without regaining consciousness. He was a son of Alexander Gress and was 23 years old.

Blasius Yecker Dead.

Lancaster, Pa., May 16.—Blasius Yecker, proprietor and manager of the Fulton opera house in this city from 1869 to 1898, died from cancer, aged 70 years.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 19

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment, as advocated by the "beauty doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood, which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New size trial bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. At all druggists.

ALVIN H. BULGER.

Very Low Rates to the West And The Health And Pleasure Resorts.

of Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California are quickly and comfortably reached via the Southern Pacific Company's SUNSET ROUTE. Daily through service from New Orleans to San Francisco via Houston, San Antonia, El Pasco, and Los Angeles Special daily service, SUNSET LIMITED from New Orleans, composed of Buffet Smoking Car, containing Bath Room and Barber Shop, Drowing Room Compartment Car, regular Pullman Sleepers, and Dining Car (meals a la carte) all of the latest design and most luxuriously appointed. Direct connections made at New Orleans from all points North and East. Detailed information cheerfully furnished by G. G. Herring, General Agent, 515 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEW FASHIONS.

Walking Suits Most Popular—Etamine Suits.

A walking suit, ankle length, will be found indispensable this summer. Black or navy blue, either in mixed or plain goods, is the most serviceable. The jacket should be blouse and the skirt strapped or plaited.

For afternoon wear nothing can be prettier than an etamine, either in

SPRING HAT.

white, cream or pale gray with touches of satin or panne and a little white about the neck and front.

Light crushed strawberry is admirable with black and pale blue and lends itself admirably to touches of ecru lace.

For cool days there are very effective flannel shirt waists with bands of embroidery which transform them, and for warm weather very smart linens and batistes embroidered in white. There is besides, of course, a full line of dainty sheer waists.

Skirts with yokes are just now very fashionable, and this is a very becoming style for the woman whose hips incline to plumpness.

The hat in the illustration is of red straw, trimmed with poppies.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Artistic Bits of Lace and Fringe Which "Make" a Gown.

Lace collars are greatly improved by touches of embroidery, and it is quite easy to find some large wheel or scroll which can be removed or altered to admit an embroidered medallion.

The very deep collar of Richelieu shape is extremely chic for present

EVENING DRESS.

wear and will appear on all the new coatees and boleros and on evening coats and carriage wraps. Everything will be done to give an air of novelty to these collars, and velvet tabs of various designs will be used and ribbons run in and out of the more open designs.

Fringe is used to give a good effect on smart wraps, and it is seen on dressy gowns of all kinds. It is dyed to match the gown with which it is used.

Dresses with the trimmings, even to the laces, dyed to match are a fad of the hour.

Utility dresses of black and white figured and checked foulards will be much seen this year. These gowns are made without any lace as trimming, and they are decorated simply with strappings, tiny pipings and fancy buttons.

The all black gown is, as a rule, very effective, particularly if the bodice be embroidered with really good jet or silver. Black lace robes with many ruffles around the bottom are trimmed with jet stripes or detached figures.

The picture shows an evening gown of cream mull over green silk. It is trimmed with medallions of black and white lace. JUDIC CHOLLET.

To know all there is to know about a Sarsaparilla, take Ayer's. Your doctor will say so, too. He knows.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"GEE! I'M GLAD I FOUND IT." ARCHIMEDES.

Nothing on earth quite so altogether right as

EUREKA BISCUIT

Look for the Aertite Seal—Means an absolutely fresh, crisp cracker

25 CRACKERS FOR 5 CENTS

McCLURG PGH. MAKES THEM YOUR GROCER SELLS THEM

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DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Private and Sexual Diseases of Men and Women. 25 Years in Ohio.

No Names used without Written Consent. Cures Guaranteed.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through early abuse or later excesses. Chas. Anderson was one of the victims, but was rescued in time. He says: "I learned an evil habit. A change soon came over me. I could feel it; my friends noticed it. I became nervous, despondent, gloomy, had no ambition, easily tired, evil forebodings, poor circulation, pimples on face, back weak, dreams and drains at night, tired and weak mornings, burning sensation. To make matters worse, I became reckless and contracted a blood disease. I tried many doctors and medical firms—all failed till Drs. Kennedy & Kergan took my case. In one week I felt better, and in a few weeks was entirely cured. They are the only reliable and honest Specialists in the country."

READER—We guarantee to cure you or no pay. You run no risk. We have a reputation and business at stake. Beware of frauds and impostors. We will pay $1,000 for any case we take that our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will not cure.

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Stricture, Weak Parts, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Consultation free. Books free. Call or write for Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN 247 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

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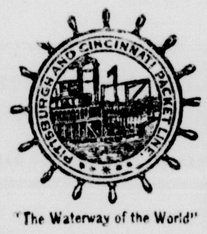

Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Line.

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallpolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot of Broadway, down as follows: Steamer Keystone State, Monday 9 p. m.; Queen City, Wednesday, 9 p. m.; Virginia, Saturday, 9 p. m. Up the river, Keystone State, Sunday, 2 p. m.; Queen City, Tuesday, 2 p. m.; Virginia, Friday, 2 p. m.

"The Waterway of the World"

Fare, East Liverpool to Cincinnati, $6.50; round trip, $11 and $13, meals and berth included. For freight or passage apply to Gus Martindill, Agt., Broadway wharf. Both phones 85. Jas. A. Henderson, Gen Mgr. Pittsburg.

LEGAL.

SALE OF BONDS.

Office of the City Clerk,
East Liverpool, Ohio, April 30, 1903.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m. of Monday, June 1, 1903, for the purchase of the following bonds of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, to-wit:

FOR TRENTVALE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1904	Amount $1864.00
Bond No. 2,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1905	Amount 1976.00
Bond No. 3,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1906	Amount 2095.00
Bond No. 4,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1907	Amount 2220.00
Bond No. 5,	dated April 1, 1903,	due April 1, 1908	Amount 2354.00

FOR PEACH ALLEY AND CHURCH ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $299.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 317.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 336.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 356.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 377.00

FOR COLLEGE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $470.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 498.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 528.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 560.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 593.00

FOR CALCUTTA STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1903	Amount $2349.00
Bond No. 2,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1904	Amount 2490.00
Bond No. 3,	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1905	Amount 2640.00
Bond No. 4,	dated June 1, 1902	due June 1, 1906	Amount 2798.00
Bond No. 5	dated June 1, 1902,	due June 1, 1907	Amount 2966.00

FOR DRURY LANE AND CHERRY ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $398.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 422.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 447.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 474.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 503.00

FOR BALDWIN ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $ 88.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 93.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 99.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 105.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 111.11

FOR SUGAR ALLEY IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $154.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 163.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 173.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 183.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 194.00

FOR SUMMIT LANE IMPROVEMENT.

Bond No. 1,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1904	Amount $179.00
Bond No. 2,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1905	Amount 188.00
Bond No. 3,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1906	Amount 201.00
Bond No. 4,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1907	Amount 213.00
Bond No. 5,	dated February 1, 1903,	due February 1, 1908	Amount 226.00

Said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, both principal and interest being payable at the office of the treasurer of the said city.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the accrued interest at the date of delivery, and no bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest at date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on some National bank for 5 per cent of the amount of the bid, check to be made payable to the order of the clerk of said city, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for when delivered, otherwise said deposit to be forfeited to said city.

The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to

WILLIS DAVIDSON, City Clerk.

Published in the Evening News Review for thirty days commencing April 30, 1903.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, Personals, not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time, 75 cents the month; clairvoyant, palmist, magnetic healers, and similar advertising, at one cent the word. Cash in advance, otherwise we charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Any one desiring a new or second hand sewing machine or wanting their machine repaired or any supplies for same will receive prompt attention by calling on T. W. Brooks, 214 Third street. 115-r

WANTED—At once, a handle maker and finisher. Apply at Standard pottery, or 212 Fifth street. 115-r

WANTED—A coat maker, sack coats $6 to $8. Steady position to right party. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring company. 115-r

WANTED—Girl to take off for dipper. Apply to French China company, Sebring, O. 114-r

WANTED—Capable girl for kitchen work. Inquire of Mrs. W. L. Thompson, No. 2 Thompson Place. 114-j

WANTED—Two steady glost kiln hands at once. Apply George Turner, Canonsburg Pottery company, Canonsburg, Pa. 113-r

WANTED—Handle maker, at Smith & McNicol pottery, Wellsville, Ohio. Inquire for John Dalton. 113-r

WANTED—A young man at Schlegle's Fish Market, 165 Market street; steady work and good pay. 112-j

WANTED—One rubber and one cutter. Inquire at Union pottery, or 284 Third street. 96-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Rare bargain to quick buyer. Six room house, nearly new, gas throughout, elegantly situated, commanding fine view, close to car line. Fine home for someone must be sold. Owner leaving town. Clifford Temple, Montgomery avenue, I. B. Pope's addition. 115-r

FOR SALE—House of six rooms and bath room; it has gas, water and heater; situated on Pleasant street; porch back and front and lawn; lot 40x118; street cars pass door; can be reached in 3 minutes from Diamond on either line. Inquire of John Reese, 290 Pleasant street, or C. C. 'phone 32.

FOR SALE—Desirable property, improved and unimproved, has been placed with me to dispose of. All in excellent locations. On easy payments. For residence or business locations; call and see what I have to offer before you buy. John J. Marshall, opposite Rock Springs park. 108-tf

FOR SALE—The well known M. M. Huston property situated on Broadway. Large brick building containing 10 rooms and a fine store room. Property in good repair. For price and terms inquire of E. D. Marshall, attorney, 183 Broadway. 106-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms suitable for light housekeeping, furnished of unfurnished. Apply at 164 Sixth street. 114-r

FOR RENT—Two houses, one of four rooms and one of five rooms. 282 Second street. Inquire of Mrs. T. W. Butler, Main street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, Wellsville. 114-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room, with privilege of bath; rent reasonable; reference required. 120 Oblique street, near Dresden pottery. 113-r

FOR RENT—Rechabite hall, for lodge purposes. For full information call at hall on Saturday evenign, or Frank Robinson, corner Lincoln avenue and Wall street. 113-r

FOR RENT—Two newly furnished rooms with privilege of bath. Best location in the city. Inquire 242 College street, between 6 and 7 in the evening. 104-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms in C. C. Thompson building, corner of Fourth and Market streets, occupied by Sirius club. Possession given May 1. Inquire of George C. Thompson. 96-tf

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. A Standard Remedy, sold for 25 years. 10,000 Testimonials. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. Ask your Druggist, or send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and Booklet for Ladies, by return Mail. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

C. T. LARKINS, Sixth and E. Market.

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1026 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURG, PA.